TOWN PLANNING BOARD GUIDELINES FOR USE/DEVELOPMENT WITHIN "INDUSTRIAL" ZONE

(Important Note:

The Guidelines are intended for general reference only.

Any enquiry on this pamphlet should be directed to the Secretariat of the Town Planning Board (15th Floor, North Point Government Offices (NPGO), 333 Java Road, Hong Kong – Tel. 2231 4810 or 2231 4835) or the Planning Enquiry Counters of the Planning Department (Hotline: 2231 5000) (17th Floor, NPGO and 14th Floor, Sha Tin Government Offices, 1 Sheung Wo Che Road, Sha Tin).

The Guidelines are subject to revision without prior notice.)

1. Introduction

1.1 The Town Planning Board (the Board) recognizes that with the structural changes in the industrial sector, industrial activities in Hong Kong are shifting from manufacturing and production-oriented to more diverse management/service-oriented and information-In recent years, there is particularly rapid development of information technology (IT) and telecommunications industries. The "Other Specified Uses (Business)" zone has been introduced by the Board to allow maximum flexibility in the use of existing industrial and industrial-office (I-O) buildings¹, as well as in the development of new buildings for both commercial and clean industrial uses. further facilitate development of IT and telecommunications industries, the Board sees the need to expand the scope of uses to be permitted in the "Industrial" ("I") zone to accommodate such industries. Although the planning intention of the "I" zone is to reserve land primarily for general industrial uses to ensure an adequate supply of industrial floor space, IT and telecommunications industries are considered compatible with industrial uses. Owing to their special requirements, such as uninterrupted power supply, heavy floor loading and high ceiling, there is a need for such industries to be located in industrial or I-O buildings in the "I" zone.

1.2 With the migration of manufacturing industries to the Mainland, there is also a need to cater for supporting industrial-related non-manufacturing activities which have an important role to play in Hong Kong's economy. To this end, the Board sees the need

An I-O Building is defined as a dual-purpose building in which every unit of the building, other than that in the purpose-designed non-industrial portion, can be used flexibly for both industrial and office purposes. In terms of building construction, the building must comply with all relevant building and fire regulations applicable to both industrial and office buildings, including floor loading, compartmentation, lighting, ventilation, provision of means of escape and sanitary fitments.

to relax the control on offices related to industrial uses and trading firms which require large storage space and frequent loading/unloading. These uses are already permitted in I-O buildings, and will now be permitted as of right in the "I" zone. However, general commercial and office uses will still be subject to planning control in the "I" zone.

2. Scope and Application

2.1 This set of Guidelines is intended to set out the revised definitions of some of the industrial and industrial-related use terms listed in the User Schedule of the "I" zone and explain in detail the uses that are permitted as of right within the "I" zone. It also sets out the main planning criteria for assessing planning applications for office buildings and commercial uses in industrial or I-O buildings within the "I" zone.

3. Definition of Terms

Industrial Use

- 3.1 **Industrial Use** means the use of any place, premises or structure for the manufacture, alteration, cleansing, repairing, ornamenting, finishing, adaptation for sale, breaking up, or demolishing or transformation of goods and materials; for the storage, loading, unloading or handling of goods and cargo; or for the training, research, design and development, quality control and packaging in relation to the above processes.
- 3.2 Heavy and obnoxious industries, which have special locational requirements and different traffic and environmental impacts from general industrial uses, should be directed to specially designated sites. The industrial uses permitted in the "I" zone therefore exclude uses of such nature which are large-scale and/or require free-standing purpose-designed premises, such as aircraft maintenance and repair plant, chemical and biochemical plant, cement manufacturing plant, electric power station, gas works, material recovery/recycling facility, mining and quarrying, oil depot, oil refinery and petrol-chemical plant, refuse disposal installation, resource recovery park and sand depot. These uses should be accommodated in special industrial areas or "Other Specified Uses" zones specifically designated for such uses.

Office Related to Industrial Use

3.3 **Office Related to Industrial Use** means any premises where the activities of a firm are in direct support of and complementary to an associated industrial operation, which may or may not be located in the same premises or building, or in the same general industrial

area.

IT and Telecommunications Industries

- 3.4 **IT and Telecommunications Industries** generally refers to establishments involved in the manufacture, design, development, production, operation, processing or assembly of, or research into, any of the following:
 - (a) electronic and micro-electronic systems, goods and components;
 - (b) IT products and services including any computer hardware and software, contents and applications; and
 - (c) telecommunications facilities and telecommunications services².
- 3.5 For the avoidance of doubt, activities involving direct provision of customer services, retail services or goods related to IT and telecommunications uses are excluded. General commercial/office uses are also excluded notwithstanding that these uses may adopt, in their process of working or operation, equipment or facilities that fall within those set out in paragraph 3.4.

Research, Design and Development Centre

3.6 **Research, Design and Development Centre** means any premises used for research and design of new or substantially modified products or industrial processes, and research and development of IT and telecommunications.

4. Permitted Uses/Developments in the "I" Zone

- 4.1 In general terms, in addition to general industrial uses, IT and telecommunications industries, office related to industrial use, research, design and development centre are permitted as of right in the "I" zone. However, because of fire safety consideration, only activities that do not attract a large number of visiting members of the public to the premises due to the direct provision of customer services or goods will be permitted.
- 4.2 IT and telecommunications facilities and equipment, such as gateways, exchanges, switching centres, radio base stations, paging centres, data centres, data processing/computer centres, telesites or carrier hotels are considered suitable to operate in industrial and I-O buildings. Hence, these uses are permitted as of right within the

² "telecommunications" and "telecommunications services" having the same definitions as defined in the

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"I" zone. However, any activities involving direct provision of customer services or goods related to IT and telecommunications uses are excluded.

- 4.3 Office related to industrial use is always permitted in both industrial and I-O buildings. There is no requirement for the related industrial operation to be located within the same premises or building, or in the same industrial area. Trading firm requiring frequent loading/unloading and large storage space of not less than 30% of the total usable floor area (UFA) of the firm within the same premises or building, which cannot normally be accommodated in conventional commercial/office buildings, will also be permitted.
- 4.4 Other commercial uses (such as eating place, office, and shop and services) as specified in the Notes will be permitted in the purpose-designed non-industrial portion on the lower floors of an existing building, provided that such uses are separated from the industrial uses located above by a buffer floor of non-hazardous occupancy, such as a parking or loading/unloading floor. For fire safety reason, no industrial uses will be permitted to co-exist with the commercial uses in the non-industrial portion.
- 4.5 Ancillary showroom use of up to 20% of the total UFA of an industrial firm in the same premises or building will be permitted without application. Motor-vehicle showroom use is also permitted as of right on the ground floor of an industrial building.
- 4.6 In accordance with the covering Notes to outline zoning plans, all uses ancillary and directly related to a permitted use, other than ancillary showroom use exceeding the 20% UFA threshold, are always permitted and no separate planning permission will be required.

5. Requirement for Planning Permission

5.1 Pure office building and commercial uses in an industrial building or on the upper floors of an I-O building, other than those specified in Column 1 of the Notes, will require planning permission from the Board under section 16 of the Town Planning Ordinance. Each application will be considered on its individual merits. These include general office use such as consultant firms and various types of agencies, and showroom use unrelated to any industrial operation in the same premises/building or exceeding the 20% UFA threshold.

6. Main Planning Criteria

- 6.1 The following main planning criteria are relevant in the consideration of proposed development of office building:
 - (a) Any proposal for the development of office building should demonstrate that there is a shortfall in the provision of office and other commercial floor space to serve the industrial activities in the area, and there are no suitable alternative sites to accommodate the proposed office building in the vicinity.
 - (b) The location of the proposed office building should be easily accessible to public transport facilities, in particular railway stations, to minimize the potential traffic generation.
 - (c) Favourable consideration may be given to proposed office development on sites within the part of an industrial area requiring renewal or restructuring, and the proposed development will induce significant improvement to the general amenity and environment of the area, or will alleviate existing interface problems by providing an environmental buffer between existing industrial and residential or other environmentally sensitive uses, such as school and community facilities.
 - (d) There should be an adequate provision of parking and loading/unloading facilities within the site in accordance with the Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines and to the satisfaction of the Transport Department.
- 6.2 For a proposed commercial use in an industrial building or on the upper floors of an I-O building, the following main planning criteria are relevant:
 - (a) It should be demonstrated that there is a genuine need for the proposed use under application and no suitable alternative accommodation can be found in the vicinity. The location and scale of the proposed use should be justified on operational grounds.
 - (b) Depending on the circumstances of individual cases and the availability of I-O or 'business' buildings in the vicinity at the time of application, the Board may grant temporary permission for ancillary showroom use exceeding 20% of the total UFA of an industrial firm in industrial buildings.
 - (c) Provided that other criteria could be met and with good justifications, favourable consideration would be given to applications for showrooms requiring large floor

area for the display of bulky goods and provision of adequate on-site loading/unloading facilities, which could not normally be accommodated in conventional commercial/office buildings.

- (d) There should be an adequate provision of parking and loading/unloading facilities within the site in accordance with the Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines and to the satisfaction of the Transport Department. The inclusion and operation of the proposed commercial use should not adversely affect the traffic conditions in the local road network.
- The Fire Services Department (FSD) should be satisfied on the risks likely to (e) arise or increase from the proposed commercial use under application. Owing to fire safety concern, the aggregate commercial floor areas³ on the ground floor of an existing industrial/I-O building with and without sprinkler systems should as a general principle not exceed 460m² and 230m² respectively. For any application which would result in a slight exceedance of the relevant floor area limit, the applicant has to demonstrate that the fire safety concern can be satisfactorily addressed, and each case will be considered by the Board on its own merits. above limits on commercial floor area do not apply to uses which are ancillary to or for the purposes of supporting the industrial activities and the routine activities of the workers in the industrial or I-O building. These uses include bank, fast food counter (sited at street level without seating accommodation and licensed as food factory), electrical shop (selling electrical accessories usually with repairing services and small in scale), local provisions store (selling cigarettes, drinks, canned food and other local convenience goods, and small in scale) and showroom in connection with the main industrial use. Any prospective applicant may check with the Planning Department on the aggregate commercial floor area figure in the concerned industrial or I-O building. Moreover, the 230m²/460m² criteria do not apply to cases involving conversion of the low zone of an existing industrial or I-O building for commercial uses if the commercial portion is completely separated from the industrial or I-O portion on the upper floors by a buffer floor of non-hazardous occupancy such as a car-parking floor. In all cases, separate means of escape should be available for the commercial portion. FSD will not support commercial uses in the basement(s) of an industrial or I-O building as the basement(s) are more susceptible to fire risk and pose more serious hazards when involved in fire.

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In calculating the floor area, staircases, common circulation areas, lift landings, lavatories, water closets and any space occupied by machinery for any lift, air-conditioning system or similar service provided for the building may be excluded.

- 7 -

7. Modification/Change of Use in Existing Industrial or I-O Buildings

7.1 Where there is a modification/change of use, say, from one type of industrial use to another, or from industrial to non-industrial, the proposed use must be permitted in terms of the extant statutory plan. Where partial conversion of an industrial or I-O building to any use requiring planning permission is proposed, it must be demonstrated that the proposed use would be acceptable in terms of fire safety, land use, traffic and environmental considerations.

7.2 There is no provision for planning application for partial conversion of an industrial building for place of entertainment, educational institution and religious institution due to fire safety and other planning considerations. Conversion of an industrial building in whole for these and other compatible uses may be permitted on application to the Board based on individual merits.

8. Other Statutory and Non-statutory Requirements

8.1 For all new development, redevelopment, conversion and modification/change of use, all other statutory and non-statutory requirements of relevant Government departments must also be met. These include the building structure, means of escape and fire safety requirements, which will be considered at the building plan submission stage.

TOWN PLANNING BOARD September 2007

Similar s.16 Application within the same "I" zone and "I" zone of the same industrial core of Tuen Mun on the draft Tuen Mun Outline Zoning Plan No. S/TM/34 since 2010

Approved applications

Application No.	Proposed Uses	Date of Consideration (RNTPC/TPB)	Approval Conditions
A/TM/403	Proposed wholesale conversion of	18.3.2011	(1) and (2)
	all industrial floor spaces to 'Shop	Approved with	
	and Services' use	conditions	
		By RNTPC	
A/TM/413	Proposed wholesale conversion	20.5.2011	(1) to (3)
	for office, eating place, and shop	Approved with	
	and services	conditions by RNTPC	
A/TM/420	Proposed wholesale conversion	19.8.2011	(1) to (3)
	for office, eating place, and shop	Approved with	
	and services	conditions by RNTPC	
A/TM/424	Proposed wholesale conversion of	20.1.2012	(1) and (2)
	all industrial floor spaces to office	Approved with	
	use	conditions by RNTPC	
A/TM/464	Proposed office cum shop &	19.6.2015	(1), (2) and
	services/ private club/ eating place	Approved with	(4)
	(Wholesale conversion of existing	conditions by RNTPC	
	industrial building)	•	
A/TM/478	Proposed office cum shop &	20.11.2015	(1), (2),
	services/ private club/ eating place	Approved with	(5) to (7)
	(Wholesale conversion of existing	conditions by RNTPC	
	industrial building)	•	
A/TM/481	Proposed eating place/shop and	5.2.2016	(1), (2), (11)
	services and office	Approved with	and (12)
	(Wholesale conversion of	conditions by RNTPC	
	existing building)	•	
A/TM/482	Proposed eating place / shop &	5.2.2016	(1), (2), (11)
	services (Wholesale conversion of	Approved with	and (12)
	existing building)	conditions by RNTPC	
A/TM/483	Proposed shop and services, office	8.1.2016	(1), (2),
	and eating place	Approved with	(8), (9) and
	(Wholesale conversion of an	conditions by RNTPC	(10)
	existing building)	·	

Approval Conditions

- (1) the submission and implementation of fire fighting and fire service installations to the satisfaction of the Director of Fire Services or of the TPB;
- (2) the design and provision of parking facilities, loading/unloading spaces and lay-bys for the proposed development to the satisfaction of the Commissioner for Transport or of the TPB;
- (3) the submission of an assessment on the public sewerage system and implementation of proposed mitigation measures identified in the assessment to the satisfaction of the Director

- of Drainage Services or of the TPB;
- (4) the submission and implementation of an upgrading proposal for the existing 225mm sewer at the applicants' cost, as proposed by the applicants, to the satisfaction of the Director of Drainage Services or of the TPB.
- (5) the submission of revised traffic impact assessment and implementation of the proposed junction improvement scheme at the applicants' own costs as proposed by the applicants to the satisfaction of the Commissioner for Transport or of the Town Planning Board;
- (6) the submission of revised sewerage impact assessment and the implementation of mitigation measures identified therein to the satisfaction of the Director of Environmental Protection or of the Town Planning Board;
- (7) the submission and implementation of the drainage proposal for the site to the satisfaction of the Director of Drainage Services or of the Town Planning Board.
- (8) the submission of revised traffic impact assessment to the satisfaction of the Commissioner for Transport or of the Town Planning Board;
- (9) the submission of revised sewerage impact assessment and the implementation of the proposed sewerage improvement works identified therein at the applicant's own costs as proposed by the applicant to the satisfaction of the Director of Drainage Services or of the Town Planning Board;
- (10) the submission and implementation of landscape proposal to the satisfaction of the Director of Planning or of the Town Planning Board; and
- (11) the submission and implementation of sewerage improvement proposal at the applicant's own costs as proposed by the applicant to the satisfaction of the Director of Drainage Services or of the Town Planning Board.

Advisory Clauses

- (a) the approval of the application does not imply that the proposed building design elements could fulfil the requirements under the relevant requirements under the lease, and that the proposed GFA concession for the proposed development will be approved / granted by the Building Authority. The applicant should approach the Buildings Department (BD) and the Lands Department (LandsD) direct to obtain the necessary approval. If the building design elements and the GFA concession are not approved / granted by the Building Authority and the Lands Authority and major changes to the current scheme are required, a fresh section 16 planning application to the Board may be required;
- (b) to note District Lands Officer/Tuen Mun (DLO/TM)'s comments that the proposed 'Office' and 'Shop and Services (Ground Floor only)' uses do not comply with the lease conditions. The applicant needs to apply to the LandsD for a lease modification or land exchange for the above proposal. The proposal will only be considered upon our receipt of formal application from the applicant. There is no guarantee that the application, if received by LandsD, will be approved and he reserves his comment on such. The application will be considered by LandsD acting in the capacity as the landlord at its sole discretion. In the event that the application is approved, it would be subject to such terms and conditions as the Government shall deem fit to do so, including, among others, charging of premium and administrative fee;
- (c) to note Chief Highway Engineer/New Territories West, Highways Department (CHE/NTW of HyD)'s comments that
 - (i) a run-in/out at the access point should be provided in accordance with the latest version of Highways Standard Drawing No. H1113 and H1114, or H5133, H5134 and H5135, whichever set is appropriate to match with existing adjacent pavement;
 - (ii) existing road gully, if any, to be affected by the proposed run-in should also be relocated away from the run-in to the satisfaction of HyD. The applicant shall submit the works proposals to HyD. No works shall start until the works proposal is accepted by HyD and an excavation permit is obtained from HyD; and
 - (iii) adequate drainage measures should be provided to prevent surface water running from the site to the nearby public roads and drains.
- (d) to note Chief Town Planner/ Urban Design and Landscape, Planning Department (CTP/UD&L, PlanD)'s comments that the site coverage of greenery should follow the requirements as stipulated in APP PNAP-152 and/or lease;
- (e) to note Chief Engineer/Mainland North, Drainage Services Department (CE/MN of DSD)'s comments that further Sewerage Impact Assessment should be conducted to review the actual site condition and the applicant should be responsible for any proposed upgrading works according to the existing and planned sewage flow estimation.

- (f) to note Director of Fire Services (D of FS)' comments that detailed fire services requirements will be formulated upon receipt of formal submission of general building plans;
- (g) to note Chief Building Surveyor/New Territories West, Buildings Department (CBS/NTW, BD)'s comments that carparking spaces, loading and unloading lay-by may be disregarded from GFA subject to the compliance with the requirements in PNAP APP-2 & 111, otherwise, it will be counted as non-domestic GFA. For the carpark installed with a double-deck carparking system, the GFA at the lower floor should be assessed as usual. The upper floor should be accountable for GFA. Other areas or voids outside the notional upper parking spaces might be disregarded from the GFA calculation. It is noted that the latest approved building plans for the site are for an industrial building. Before any building works are to be carried out on the application site, the prior approval and consent of the BD should be obtained, otherwise they are Unauthorized Building Works (UBW); and
- (h) to note the Director of Electrical and Mechanical Services (DEMS)' comments that in the interests of public safety and ensuring the continuity of electricity supply, the parties concerned with planning, designing, organizing and supervising any activity near the underground cable or overhead line under the application should approach the electricity supplier (i.e. CLP Power) for the requisition of cable plans (and overhead line alignment drawings, where applicable) to find out whether there is any underground cable and/or overhead line within and/or in the vicinity of the Site. The parties concerned should also be reminded to observe the Electricity Supply Lines (Protection) Regulation and the 'Code of Practice on Working near Electricity Supply Lines' established under the Regulation when carrying out works in the vicinity of the electricity supply lines.