

Appendix 3

Traffic Impact Assessment

Section 16 Planning Application for Proposed Flat with Permitted Hotel, Office and Shop & Services/Eating Place at 43 - 49A Hankow Road in Tsim Sha Tsui

Traffic Impact Assessment

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This report takes into account the particular instructions and requirements of our client.

It is not intended for and should not be relied upon by any third party and no responsibility is undertaken to any third party.

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

- 1.1.1** The application site, with an area of approximately 1,074.5 m², is situated within a street block in Tsim Sha Tsui, bounded by Haiphong Road to the north, Hankow Road to the east, Ichang Street to the south, and Ashley Road to the west. The site is zoned “Commercial” under the Draft Tsim Sha Tsui Outline Zoning Plan (“Draft OZP”) No. S/K1/29. The location of the application site is illustrated in **Figure 1.1**.
- 1.1.2** The Applicant intends to redevelop the application site into Proposed Flat with Permitted Hotel, Office and Shop & Services/Eating Place (“Proposed Development Scheme”). The Scheme will feature a 27-storey mixed-use building comprising 95 flats, 99 hotel rooms and a GFA of 4,228 m² designated for office, shop and services/eating place uses.
- 1.1.3** According to the Statutory Notes of the Draft OZP for the “Commercial” Zone, “Hotel”, “Office”, “Shop and Services” and “Eating Place” are Column 1 uses which are always permitted. “Flat” is a Column 2 use and requires permission from the Town Planning Board.
- 1.1.4** A Section 16 Planning Application no. A/K1/269 for Proposed Flat with Permitted Office, Shop and Services and Eating Place at the subject site was approved by the Town Planning Board in January 2024. In the above approved application, **nil internal transport provision** was proposed. In consideration of the site constraints and the given justification, the Transport Department had no comment on the nil internal Transport provision from traffic engineering viewpoint. Under the current application, the proposed development does not have any internal transport provisions.
- 1.1.5** Arup Hong Kong Limited (“Arup”) was commissioned to prepare a Traffic Impact Assessment (“TIA”) report in support of the Section 16 planning application for the application site.

1.2 Objectives of this Report

- 1.2.1** The principal objective of this report is to support the Proposed Development Scheme by addressing the traffic-related issues and ensuring that the Proposed Development Scheme would be feasible in traffic terms without causing adverse impact on the surrounding road network.

1.3 Scope of Study

1.3.1 The tasks for this TIA study are outlined as follows:

- Carry out traffic surveys at critical junctions to appreciate current traffic condition;
- Update the inventory regarding traffic circulation patterns, traffic conditions, as well as the constraints of the existing and future committed road network in the vicinity of the application site based on the latest information available;
- Provide justifications on nil internal transport facilities under the Proposed Development Scheme;
- Assess the volume of traffic likely to be generated by the Proposed Development Scheme;
- Set up the reference scenario without the Proposed Development Scheme;
- Identify the likely change in traffic generation should the application site be redeveloped under the Proposed Development Scheme;
- Assess future traffic condition, taking into account any future traffic growth, as well as the traffic generated by the Proposed Development Scheme and other planned / committed development, if any, to be built in the vicinity;
- Compare the above traffic scenarios for evaluation of the likely traffic impact, if any, associated with the Proposed Development Scheme;

1.4 Structure of the Report

1.4.1 The structure of this TIA report is as follows:

<u>Chapter</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Aims</u>
1	Introduction	Provide project background and scope of the Study
2	Existing Traffic Condition	Review and appreciate the existing traffic condition
3	The Subject Development	Provide information of the Proposed Development Scheme
4	Traffic Impact Assessment	Illustrate the results of Traffic Impact Assessment
5	Conclusion	Summarise the findings of this Study

2 EXISTING TRAFFIC CONDITONS

2.1 Site Characteristics

- 2.1.1** The application site is situated at Nos. 43–49A Hankow Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon. It is bounded by Haiphong Road to the north, Hankow Road to the east, Ichang Street to the south, and Ashley Road to the west.
- 2.1.2** The application site is currently under construction. Prior to demolition, it was occupied by a composite building with retail shops on the lower floors and approximately 90 flats on the upper floors.
- 2.1.3** The former building did not include any internal transport facilities. Loading/unloading activities associated with the premises were conducted along the general lay-bys on Hankow Road.

2.2 Existing Road Network

- 2.2.1** The application site is well-connected by a comprehensive road network, providing convenient access to and from all districts. Major roads in the vicinity of the application site include the following:
- **Hankow Road** is a local distributor of single carriageway standard. It connects Salisbury Road to the south and Haiphong Road to the north. The road section fronting the application site between Ichang Street and Haiphong Road is a one-way northbound carriageway with footpaths on both sides. At present, a general lay-by and 2 nos. on-street parking spaces designated for the disabled can be found along the western kerbside of the concerned Hankow Road section.
 - **Haiphong Road** is a one-way two-lane carriageway running at eastbound direction. It connects Canton Road to the west and Nathan Road to the east.
 - **Kowloon Park Drive** is a primary distributor of dual carriageway standard running in north-south direction. It connects Canton Road to the north and Salisbury Road to the south.
 - **Nathan Road** is a primary distributor and is one of the major vehicular corridors in Kowloon aligning north-south from Sham Shui Po to Tsim Sha Tsui. The section of Nathan Road between Austin Road and Salisbury Road is a dual two-lane carriageway running in north-south direction.

2.3 Public Transport Facilities

- 2.3.1** The application site is well-served by an extensive range of public transport services, including high-capacity railway systems and road-based modes of transport, as illustrated in **Figure 2.1**.
- 2.3.2** Tsim Sha Tsui MTR Station (Tsuen Wan Line) is located approximately 150m from the application site. East Tsim Sha Tsui MTR Station (Tuen Ma Line) is conveniently connected to Tsim Sha Tsui MTR Station via underground walkways within a comfortable walking distance. As such, the application site is well-served by a comprehensive railway network with a substantial passenger catchment.
- 2.3.3** In addition to the railway network, the application site is well-served by major public transport corridors, including Nathan Road, Kowloon Park Drive, and Canton Road. These corridors support an extensive range of franchised bus services (comprising over 70 bus routes) and Green Mini-bus (“GMB”) services. A taxi stand is also located to the south of the application site along Hankow Road, further enhancing accessibility.
- 2.3.4** In conclusion, the application site has convenient and comprehensive access to public transport services. A summary of the public transport services operating in the vicinity is provided in **Table 2.3.1**.

Table 2.3.1 Existing Franchised Bus & GMB Services*

Route No.	Origin	Destination
Franchised Bus Service		
1	Chui Yuen Estate	Star Ferry
1A	Sau Mau Ping (Central)	Star Ferry
1R	Hung Hom (Hung Luen Road)	Ngong Ping
2	Cheung Sha Wan (So Uk Estate)	Star Ferry
3X	Tsz Wan Shan (North)	China Ferry Terminal
6	Lai Chi Kok	Star Ferry
7	Lok Fu	Star Ferry
9	Choi Fook	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road)
12	Hoi Lai Estate	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road)
12P	Hoi Lai Estate	Hung Hom Station
13X	Po Tat	Tsim Sha Tsui East
14X	Yau Tong (Shung Tak Wai)	Tsim Sha Tsui (Circular)
20A	High Speed Rail West Kowloon Station	Kai Tak (Circular)
26	Shun Tin	Tsim Sha Tsui East
26X	Tsim Sha Tsui East	Shun Tin
35A	Kwai Chung (On Yam Estate)	Tsim Sha Tsui East
35X	Kwai Chung (On Yam Estate)	Tsim Sha Tsui East
36X	Lei Muk Shue	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road)
41A	Tsing Yi (Cheung On Estate)	Tsim Sha Tsui East
50	Tuen Mun (Ching Tin and Wo Tin)	Tsim Sha Tsui (Kowloon Station)
81C	Yiu On	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road)
87D	Kam Ying Court	Hung Hom Station

Route No.	Origin	Destination
87E	Nai Chun	Tsim Sha Tsui
98D	Hang Hau (North) (Tseung Kwan O Hospital)	Tsim Sha Tsui East
98P	Tsim Sha Tsui East	Hong Sing Garden
110	Shau Kei Wan	Tsim Sha Tsui (Circular)
203C	Sham Shui Po (Tai Hang Tung)	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road)
203S	Chak On Estate	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road)
208	Broadcast Drive	Tsim Sha Tsui East
213X	On Tai (South) (Hang Tai House)	Tsim Sha Tsui (Circular)
215P	Lam Tin (Kwong Tin Estate)	Kowloon Station
215X	Lam Tin (Kwong Tin Estate)	Kowloon Station
219X	Laguna City	Tsim Sha Tsui (Circular)
224X	Kai Yip	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Circular)
234P	Tsuen Wan (Bayview Garden)	Star Ferry
234X	Tsuen Wan (Bayview Garden)	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road)
242X	Tsing Yi (Cheung Han Estate)	Tsim Sha Tsui
260X	Tuen Mun (Po Tin Estate)	Hung Hom Station
261B	Sam Shing	Kowloon Station
268B	Long Ping Station	Hung Hom (Hung Luen Road)
269B	Tin Shui Wai Town Centre	Hung Hom (Hung Luen Road)
270A	Sheung Shui	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road)
270C	Fanling (Luen Wo Hui)	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road)
270S	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road)	Fanling (Luen Wo Hui)
271	Jordan (West Kowloon Station)	Tai Po (Fu Heng)
271B	Jordan (West Kowloon Station)	Tai Po (Fu Heng)
271P	Kau Lung Hang	Tsim Sha Tsui (Canton Road)
271S	Hung Hom Station	Tai Po (Tai Wo)
271X	Jordan (West Kowloon Station)	Tai Po (Fu Heng)
280X	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road)	Sui Wo Court
281A	Kwong Yuen	Kowloon Station
281B	Shek Mun Estate	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road)
281E	Hai Phong Road Tsim Sha Tsui	Kwong Yuen
281X	Yiu On	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road)
287D	Hung Hom Station	Kam Ying Court
296D	Sheung Tak	Kowloon Station
790	Oscar by the Sea	Tsim Sha Tsui (Mody Road)
796P	Tsim Sha Tsui (East)	Lohas Park
973	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road)	Stanley
A21	Hung Hom Station	Airport (via HZMB Hong Kong Port)
A25	Kai Tak	Airport
E21X	Tung Chung (Mun Tung Estate)	Hung Hom Station
H1	Tsim Sha Tsui	Central (Star Ferry)
H2	Tsim Sha Tsui	Central (Star Ferry)
N21	Tsim Sha Tsui (Star Ferry)	Airport (Ground Transportation Centre)
N21A	Tsim Sha Tsui (Star Ferry)	Airport

Route No.	Origin	Destination
N41X	Hung Hom Station	Tsing Yi (Cheung Wang Estate)
N213	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road)	On Tai (West)
N216	Yau Tong	Hung Hom Station
N241	Hung Hom Station	Tsing Yi (Cheung Wang Estate)
N271	Tai Po (Fu Heng)	Hung Hom Station
N281	Kam Ying Court	Hung Hom Station
N283	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road)	Wong Nai Tau
N287	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road)	Wu Kai Sha Station
N796	Lohas Park / Tseung Kwan O Station	Mongkok (via Tsim Sha Tsui)
T270	Fanling (Cheung Wah)	Tsim Sha Tsui East (Mody Road)
GMB Services		
3	Cosmopolitan Estates	Tsim Sha Tsui (Ashley Road)
8	Ho Man Tin (Sheung Wo Street)	Tsim Sha Tsui (Hankow Road)
8S	Ho Man Tin PTI	Tsim Sha Tsui (Hankow Road)
62S	Lam Tin (Kwong Tin Estate)	Tsim Sha Tsui
77M	Kowloon Station	East Tsim Sha Tsui (Circular)
78	Tak Kok Tsui (Island Harbourview) PTI	Tsim Sha Tsui (Peking Road) (Circular)
78A	Tak Kok Tsui (Island Harbourview) PTI	Tsim Sha Tsui (Peking Road)
606S	Tsim Sha Tsui (Mody Road)	Yuen Long (Fung Cheung Road)
610S	Tin Shui Wai (Tin Shui Estate)	Tsim Sha Tsui (Haipong Road)

* Source: Hong Kong eTransport (<https://www.hkemobility.gov.hk/>)
KMB (<http://search.kmb.hk/KMBWebSite/>)
CityBus & NWFB
(<http://www.nwstbus.com.hk/routesearch.aspx?t=1479712062077&intLangID=2>)
GMB (<http://www.16seats.net/>)

2.3.5 The high level of accessibility to public transport services is expected to encourage pedestrians associated with the application site to opt for public transport over private vehicle use.

2.4 Pedestrian Facilities

2.4.1 Footpaths are provided along the roads surrounding the application site, and at-grade pedestrian crossings are available at nearby junctions. These facilities offer safe and convenient pedestrian access, enabling easy connectivity between the application site, the surrounding public transport network, and other destinations within Tsim Sha Tsui.

2.5 Existing Junction Performance

2.5.1 To assess the existing traffic conditions, comprehensive classified traffic counts were conducted at key junctions identified in the vicinity of the application site. The surveyed junctions are listed below, and their respective locations are illustrated in **Figure 2.2**.

J1	-	Nathan Road / Granville Road	(Signalised Junction)
J2	-	Nathan Road / Humphreys Avenue	(Signalised Junction)
J3	-	Hankow Road / Haiphong Road	(Signalised Junction)
J4	-	Hankow Road / Middle Road	(Signalised Junction)
J5	-	Kowloon Park Drive / Peking Road	(Signalised Junction)
J6	-	Kowloon Park Drive / Middle Road	(Signalised Junction)
J7	-	Nathan Road / Peking Road	(Signalised Junction)
J8	-	Salisbury Road / Kowloon Park Drive	(Signalised Junction)

2.5.2 The manual traffic count surveys were conducted in April 2025 on one weekday, during the periods of 07:30-10:30 and 17:00-20:00; and one Saturday, during the period of 17:00-20:00.

2.5.3 Based on the survey findings, the weekday peak hours were identified as 09:00–10:00 in the morning and 17:45–18:45 in the evening. The weekend peak hour was identified as 18:00–19:00. The observed traffic flows during these peak hours are illustrated in **Figure 2.3**.

2.5.4 Junction capacity analyses were conducted at the identified key junctions. The results of the assessment are summarised in **Table 2.5.1**, while detailed calculation sheets are provided in **Appendix A**.

Table 2.5.1 Year 2025 Existing Junction Performance

Junction		Type	Performance ⁽¹⁾		
			AM	PM	Weekend
J1	Nathan Road / Granville Road	Signalised	>100%	>100%	>100%
J2	Nathan Road / Humphreys Avenue	Signalised	>100%	>100%	>100%
J3	Hankow Road / Haiphong Road	Signalised	>100%	>100%	>100%
J4	Hankow Road / Middle Road	Signalised	>100%	>100%	>100%
J5	Kowloon Park Drive / Peking Road	Signalised	93%	60%	71%
J6	Kowloon Park Drive / Middle Road	Signalised	>100%	>100%	>100%
J7	Nathan Road / Peking Road	Signalised	>100%	>100%	>100%
J8	Salisbury Road / Kowloon Park Drive	Signalised	49%	58%	73%

Note:

(1) Figures shown represent “Reserve Capacity” (“RC”) in % for signalised junctions.

2.5.5 The assessment results indicate that all identified junctions are currently operating with spare capacity during both weekday and weekend peak hours.

2.6 Transport Inventory Surveys

2.6.1 To gather the necessary data for the traffic study, a series of transport inventory surveys was conducted on a typical weekday. The findings are summarised in the following sections.

Travel Behaviour Survey

2.6.2 To better understand the travel behaviour of future pedestrians associated with the application site, a travel behaviour survey was conducted at the Hong Kong Pacific Centre, a commercial building with retail use on the lower floors, located opposite the application site at No. 28 Hankow Road. Face-to-face interviews were carried out with pedestrians exiting the surveyed site to identify their modes of arrival. The survey results are summarised in **Table 2.6.1**.

Table 2.6.1 Arrival Transport Modes of Hong Kong Pacific Centre

Mode of Transport	Proportion
Railway	60%
Bus / GMB	25%
Taxi / On foot	10%
Private Car	5%
Total	100%

- 2.6.3** As shown in **Table 2.6.1**, approximately 85% of pedestrians accessed the Hong Kong Pacific Centre via railway or road-based public transport. This indicates a high level of accessibility to public transport services in the vicinity of the application site.

Parking Utilisation Survey

- 2.6.4** To assess the current availability of private car parking spaces at nearby public car parks, a parking utilisation survey was conducted at four public car parks located in the vicinity of the application site between 07:00–24:00. Details of the surveyed car parks are provided in **Table 2.6.2**, and their locations are shown in **Figure 2.4**.

Table 2.6.2 Private Car Parking Inventories of Surveyed Car Parks

Development	Number of Private Car Parking Spaces	Approximate Distance from the Application site
[A] - Lippo Sun Centre	90	160m
[B] - One Peking	130	210m
[C] - Ocean Terminal	1200	380m
[D] - H Zentre	470	340m

- 2.6.5** The survey results are summarised in **Table 2.6.3**.

Table 2.6.3 Availability of Private Car parking Spaces in Surveyed Car Parks

Survey Period	Available Number of Car Parking Spaces				Total
	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]	
07:00 – 08:00	75	95	880	215	1265
08:00 – 09:00	70	85	860	205	1220
09:00 – 10:00	60	80	815	180	1135
10:00 – 11:00	50	65	755	150	1020
11:00 – 12:00	40	60	700	145	945
12:00 – 13:00	35	55	565	125	780
13:00 – 14:00	25	55	380	110	570
14:00 – 15:00	25	45	380	105	555
15:00 – 16:00	15	40	375	110	540
16:00 – 17:00	25	45	415	85	570
17:00 – 18:00	30	50	460	90	630
18:00 – 19:00	40	45	435	65	585
19:00 – 20:00	55	55	420	45	575
20:00 – 21:00	60	75	385	25	545
21:00 – 22:00	70	70	615	75	830
22:00 – 23:00	70	85	700	115	970
23:00 – 24:00	70	90	840	175	1175

2.6.6 As shown in **Table 2.6.3**, the overall peak occupancy of the surveyed car parks, i.e. the lowest availability of private car parking spaces, occurred between 15:00–16:00. During this peak hour, 540 parking spaces were available. Additionally, the survey recorded over 1,000 overnight parking spaces across the car parks.

Trip Generation and Vehicle Type Survey at Hotels with less than 100 guest rooms

2.6.7 To estimate the trip generation of the proposed hotel developments, a trip generation and vehicle type survey was conducted at two hotels in Tsim Sha Tsui, namely Hotel Pravo and Xi Hotel, each with fewer than 100 guest rooms. The survey was carried out between 07:00–19:00. A summary of the survey results is presented in **Table 2.6.4**. As these hotels do not have internal transport facilities, the survey recorded the frequency of vehicles performing roadside pick-up/drop-off and loading/unloading activities associated with the hotels.

Table 2.6.4 Summary of Trip Generation and Vehicle Type Survey at Hotel Pravo and Xi Hotel

Survey Period	Hotel Pravo (92 guest rooms)				Xi Hotel (64 guest rooms)			
	Private Car	Taxi	Light Goods Vehicle	Total	Private Car	Taxi	Light Goods Vehicle	Total
07:00 – 08:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
08:00 – 09:00	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
09:00 – 10:00	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0
10:00 – 11:00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11:00 – 12:00	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	1
12:00 – 13:00	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	2
13:00 – 14:00	2	1	0	3	0	1	0	1
14:00 – 15:00	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1
15:00 – 16:00	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1
16:00 – 17:00	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	2
17:00 – 18:00	1	2	0	3	0	0	1	1
18:00 – 19:00	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
Total	5	10	1	16	6	3	1	10
Average Number of Trips per Hour	1.3				1			
Number of Trips at Peak Hours	AM Peak: 2 trips, PM Peak: 3 trips				AM Peak: 0 trips, PM Peak: 2 trips			

2.6.8 According to the survey results shown in **Table 2.6.4**, pick-up/drop-off activities by private light bus or coach were not observed.

Goods Vehicle Trip Generation Survey

2.6.9 To assess the goods loading and unloading demand of commercial, residential, and hotel developments in Tsim Sha Tsui, a goods vehicle trip generation survey was conducted at three commercial sites, three residential sites, and two hotels (refer to **Section 2.6.7**) between 09:00–18:00. As these sites do not have internal loading/unloading facilities, the survey recorded the frequency of goods vehicles performing roadside loading/unloading activities and delivering goods to the respective sites.

2.6.10 Details of the surveyed sites are provided in **Table 2.6.5**, and their locations are shown in **Figure 2.5**.

Table 2.6.5 Survey Sites of Goods Vehicle Trip Generation Survey

Surveyed Site	Development Parameters (About)	Distance from the Application Site (About)
Type of Development: Commercial		
[A] - Kowloon Centre	12,710 m ² GFA	60m
[B] - Yue Hwa International Building	7,365 m ² GFA	140m
[C] - Hong Kong Pacific Centre	16,470 m ² GFA	70m
Type of Development: Residential		
[D] – Passkon Court	63 flats	630m
[E] – Shun Fai Building	68 flats	610m
[F] – Hart Avenue Court	64 flats	420m
Type of Development: Hotel		
[G] – Hotel Pravo	92 guest rooms	100m
[H] – Xi Hotel	64 guest rooms	310m

2.6.11 The survey results are summarised in **Table 2.6.6**. All observed goods vehicles were either light vans or light goods vehicles; no heavy goods vehicles were recorded during the survey.

Table 2.6.6 Observed nos. of Goods Vehicle Trips Associated with the Surveyed Sites at Roadside

Survey Period	Observed Goods Vehicle Trips (no.)							
	Survey Sites							
	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]	[E]	[F]	[G]	[H]
09:00 – 10:00	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
10:00 – 11:00	4	3	2	0	0	1	0	0
11:00 – 12:00	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
12:00 – 13:00	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	0
13:00 – 14:00	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
14:00 – 15:00	3	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
15:00 – 16:00	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0
16:00 – 17:00	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
17:00 – 18:00	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Total	22	11	12	1	1	2	1	1
Average Number of Trips per Hour	2.4	1.2	1.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1
Average Dwelling Time for each trip (min)	5.5	5.9	5.7	5.8	5.1	5.5	5.0	4.0
Average Goods Vehicle Trip Generation Rate								
(Trip/hour/1,000m ² GFA)	0.19	0.17	0.08	---	---	---	---	---
(Trip/hour/100 flats)	---	---	---	0.18	0.16	0.35	---	---
(Trip/hour/100 guest rooms)	---	---	---	---	---	---	0.11	0.16

Kerbside Utilisation Survey

- 2.6.12** To assess current kerbside activity patterns and utilisation at the general lay-by adjacent to the application site, a kerbside activity survey was conducted at the concerned lay-by along Hankow Road between 09:00–18:00. The survey recorded the types of vehicles and the duration of their kerbside activities. The location of the surveyed lay-by is illustrated in **Figure 2.6**, and the survey findings are summarised in **Tables 2.6.7**.

Table 2.6.7 Kerbside Activity Pattern and Utilization of the Surveyed Lay-by at Hankow Road

Survey Period	Observed No. of Vehicle (vehicle/hour)	Average Occupied Length ⁽¹⁾ (m)	Length of general lay-by (m)	Average Utilization Rate
09:00 – 10:00	16	55	70	79%
10:00 – 11:00	15	52	70	74%
11:00 – 12:00	15	60	70	86%
12:00 – 13:00	17	52	70	74%
13:00 – 14:00	22	53	70	76%
14:00 – 15:00	20	55	70	79%
15:00 – 16:00	18	61	70	87%
16:00 – 17:00	15	57	70	81%
17:00 – 18:00	18	60	70	86%

Note:

- (1) It was observed that lay-by sections B and C, with a combined length of 34m as shown in **Figure 2.6** were occupied by construction vehicles, a construction waste container, and the construction vehicular access for the construction site at Nos. 31–37 Hankow Road during the survey period. As a conservative assumption, these lay-by sections are considered fully occupied as reflected in the table above. The kerbside utilisation at the surveyed lay-by is expected to improve upon completion of the construction works at the site.

2.6.13 The survey results presented in **Table 2.6.6** indicate that the surveyed lay-by at Hankow Road was not operating at full capacity.

3 THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT SCHEME

3.1 Development Schedule and Proposed Layout Plan

3.1.1 The key development parameters of the Proposed Development Scheme are summarised in **Table 3.1.1**, while the proposed ground floor layout plan is illustrated in **Figure 3.1**.

Table 3.1.1 Key Development Parameters of the Proposed Development Scheme

Key Development Parameters	Proposed Development Scheme
Site Area	About 1,074.5 m ²
Total Plot Ratio (PR)	About 12
• Domestic PR	About 3.4
• Non-domestic PR	About 8.6
Total Gross Floor Area (GFA)	About 12,894 m ²
• Domestic GFA	About 3,683 m ²
• Non-domestic GFA <i>(For Office, Shop and Services/Eating Place)</i> <i>Hotel</i>	About 4,228 m ² 99 guest rooms
No. of Block	1
No. of Storeys	27 nos. storeys ⁽¹⁾
Total No. of Flat	95
Flat Size	FS ≤ 40m ² : 90 Flats 40 m ² < FS ≤ 70 m ² : 3 Flats 100 m ² < FS ≤ 130 m ² : 2 Flats
Tentative Completion Year	2029

Note:

(1) According to the section plan submitted with this application, G/F – 2/F will be used for retail / shop / F&B; 3/F – 7/F will be used for retail / shop / F&B / office; 8/F – 17/F will be used for hotel, 18/F will be used for clubhouse / flat; and 19/F - 29/F will be used for flats.

3.2 Provision of Internal Transport Facilities

HKPSG Requirements on Internal Transport Provision

- 3.2.1** In accordance with the Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines (“HKPSG”), the required provisions for internal transport facilities, based on the development parameters of the Proposed Development Scheme, are summarised in **Table 3.2.1**.

Table 3.2.1 HKPSG Required Internal Transport Provisions under the Proposed Development Scheme

Facilities (L x W x H)	Use	HKPSG Requirement			HKPSG Required Provision		
					Low-end	High-end	
Private Car Parking Space (5m x 2.5m x 2.4m)	Private Housing (95 flats, incl. $FS \leq 40m^2$: 90 Flats $40 m^2 < FS \leq 70 m^2$: 3 Flats, $100 m^2 < FS \leq 130 m^2$: 2 Flats, 1 block)	Ancillary Parking Space			7	11	
		Global Parking Standard (GPS)		1 car space per 4-7 flats			
		Demand Adjustment Ratio (R1)	Flat Size (FS) (m ² GFA)	FS≤40			0.5
				40<FS≤70			1.2
				70<FS≤100			2.4
				100<FS≤130			4.1
				130<FS≤160			5.5
			FS>160	7.0			
		Accessibility Adjustment Ratio (R2)	Within a 500m-radius of rail station				0.75
			Outside a 500m-radius of rail station				1.00
Development Intensity Adjustment Ratio (R3)	Domestic Plot Ratio (PR)	0.00<PR≤1.00	1.30				
		1.00<PR≤2.00	1.10				
		2.00<PR≤5.00	1.00				
		5.00<PR≤8.00	0.90				
	PR>8.00	0.75					
Parking Requirement = GPS x R1 x R2 x R3							
Visitor Parking Space: 5 visitor spaces per block in addition to the recommendations, or as determined by the Authority.			5				
Retail ⁽¹⁾ (4,228 m ² GFA)	1 car space per 150 - 300m ² GFA			14	28		
Hotel (99 guest rooms)	1 car space per 100 rooms (the proposed hotel has less than 100 rooms)			0	0		
	Total			26 (incl. Accessible Car Parking Space)	44 (incl. Accessible Car Parking Space)		
Accessible Car Parking Space (5m x 3.5m x 2.4m)	1 space for 1-50 total number of car parking spaces in the lot;			1	1		
Motorcycle Parking Space (2.4m x 1m x 2.4m)	Private Housing (95 flats, 1 block)	1 space per 100-150 flats excluding non-residential elements.		1	1		
	Retail ⁽¹⁾ (4,228 m ² GFA)	5% - 10% of private cars provision for non-residential developments with respect to each type of development		1	3		
	Hotel (99 guest rooms)	5% - 10% of private cars provision for non-residential developments with respect to each type of development		0	0		
	Total		2	4			

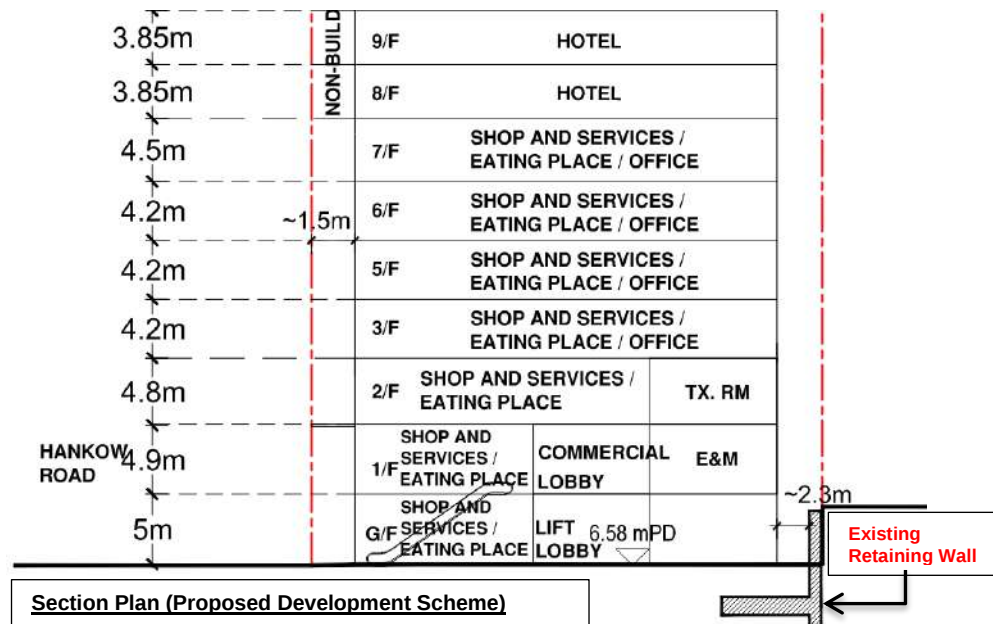
Facilities (L x W x H)	Use	HKPSG Requirement	HKPSG Required Provision	
			Low-end	High-end
Loading / Unloading Bay for Goods Vehicles LGV (7m x 3.5m x 3.6m) HGV (11m x 3.5m x 4.7m)	Private Housing (95 flats, 1 block)	Minimum of 1 L/UL bay for goods vehicles within the site for every 800 flats or part thereof, subject to a minimum of 1 bay for each housing block or as determined by the Authority	1 (HGV)	
	Retail ⁽¹⁾ (4,228 m ² GFA)	1 L/UL bay per 800 – 1,200m ² GFA, including 65% LGV and 35% HGV	4 (3 LGV + 1 HGV)	6 (4 LGV + 2 HGV)
	Hotel (99 guest rooms)	0.5 - 1 L/UL bay per 100 rooms (the proposed hotel has less than 100 rooms)	0	0
	Total		5 (3 LGV + 2 HGV)	7 (4 LGV + 3 HGV)
Lay-by for Taxi and Private Car (5m x 2.5m x 2.4m)	Hotel (99 guest rooms)	Minimum of 2 lay-bys for hotel with fewer than 299 rooms	2	2
Lay-by for Single-deck Tour Bus (12m x 3.5m x 3.8m)	Hotel (99 guest rooms)	Minimum of 1 lay-by for hotel with fewer than 299 rooms	1	1

Note:

- (1) To adopt a conservative approach in the calculation, it is assumed that the GFA designated for office use will be treated as retail use. This is because under the HKPSG high-end requirements, retail use shares the same private car parking provision standard as office use (i.e., 1 space per 150 m² GFA), but requires a greater provision of loading/unloading bays (i.e., 1 space per 800 m² GFA).

Feasibility on Internal Transport Provision

- 3.2.2** Based on the ground floor layout plan, the usable floor area is constrained due to the presence of essential architectural elements, including structural columns, staircases, lift lobbies, escalators, and E&M rooms.
- 3.2.3** At present, an “L”-shaped retaining wall structure is situated along the western boundary of the application site to provide soil stabilisation. Notably, the toe of this retaining structure extends into the underground level of the application site, as illustrated in the section plan diagram below.



- 3.2.4** Should a basement level be incorporated, a minimum setback of 6m is recommended to preserve the integrity of the existing retaining structure and prevent any adverse impact on soil stability. This requirement further limits the usable basement floor area, in addition to the space already occupied by essential architectural features.
- 3.2.5** In view of the above constraints, a feasibility study has been carried out from a traffic engineering perspective to assess the potential for providing internal transport facilities under the Proposed Development Scheme.
- 3.2.6** For the purpose of this feasibility study, it is assumed that the parking spaces will be accommodated within the basement levels, accessed via car ramps or car lifts. Goods vehicle loading/unloading bays and lay-bys for private and taxi are proposed to be located on the ground floor. The proposed vehicular run-in/out is planned along the eastern boundary, fronting Hankow Road.

Scenario A - Car Parking Space Provision at Basement via Car Ramp

- 3.2.7** According to PNAP APP-111 issued by the Buildings Department, the maximum gradient for a helical ramp serving private cars is 1:8. Based on an assumed floor-to-floor height of 4m, the minimum ramp length required to connect the ground floor to the basement would be about 32m. The proposed car ramp, designed to accommodate two-way movement of private cars, is shown on the ground floor plan and illustrated in **Figure 3.2**.

- 3.2.8** As shown in **Figure 3.2**, the proposed car ramp would conflict with the structural columns and wall. Consequently, the proposed ground floor layout incorporating a car ramp to access basement-level parking under *Scenario A* is deemed unfeasible.

Scenario B - Car Parking Space Provision at Basement via Car Lift

- 3.2.9** Based on the available usable area at the ground floor, the proposed layout can accommodate 2 car lifts, 1 waiting space and 2 lay-bys for private car and taxi, along with the essential manoeuvring space for vehicles, as illustrated in **Figure 3.3**. According to the car lift assessment based on the parameters of (i) 2 car lifts, (ii) 1 waiting space and (iii) an estimated arrival rate of 6 vehicle/peak 15-min, this configuration can serve up to 2 basement parking levels. Additional waiting spaces would be required to serve more basement levels. Details of the car lift assessment are included in **Appendix B**.

- 3.2.10** Each typical basement floor can accommodate 7 private car parking spaces, as shown in **Figure 3.4**. Based on this configuration, a total of 14 private car parking spaces can be provided across two basement levels with the use of 2 car lifts. However, this provision falls short of the low-end requirements of 26 private car parking spaces as stipulated in HKPSG. Therefore, due to the identified site constraints, it is considered that the parking facilities would not be adequate under *Scenario B* within the current development parameters.

Scenarios C & D - Goods Vehicle Loading / Unloading Bay Provision

- 3.2.11** To minimise the manoeuvring space required for goods vehicles and accessing the ground floor, the use of a turntable is proposed. For reference, the typical diameters required to accommodate a heavy goods vehicle (HGV) and a light goods vehicle (LGV) are approximately 12.6m and 8m, respectively.
- 3.2.12** Based on the current ground floor layout, it is not feasible to install a 12.6m diameter turntable without encroaching upon structural columns or walls, as illustrated in **Figures 3.5** under *Scenario C*.
- 3.2.13** Alternatively, the proposed layout can accommodate an 8m diameter turntable along with 4 LGV loading/unloading bays, as shown in **Figure 3.6** under *Scenario D*. Nonetheless, this falls short of the low-end requirements of 5 loading/unloading bays (3 LGV + 2 HGV) as stipulated in HKPSG. Therefore, due to the identified site constraints, it is considered that the loading/unloading facilities would not be adequate under *Scenario D* within the current development parameters.

3.3 Justifications for Nil Internal Transport Facilities for the Proposed Development Scheme

3.3.1 In view of the site constraints outlined in **Chapter 3.2**, it is proposed that no internal transport facilities be provided under the Proposed Development Scheme. Accordingly, a relaxation of the requirement for internal transport provision would be required.

3.3.2 The justifications for not providing internal transport facilities under the Proposed Development Scheme are outlined below:

Justification 1 – Site constraints

3.3.3 Based on the ground floor plan, the usable floor area is significantly constrained due to the presence of essential architectural elements, including structural columns, staircases, lift lobbies, escalators, and E&M rooms. In addition, maintaining the existing “L”-shaped retaining wall structure along the western boundary of the application site would impact the available basement floor area, if a basement is to be provided.

Justification 2 – Good accessibility to public transport services

3.3.4 The application site is situated in Tsim Sha Tsui, an area well-served by high-capacity public transport, including extensive services along Nathan Road and Kowloon Park Drive. The MTR Tsim Sha Tsui Station entrance/exit is approximately 100m from the application site, equivalent to less than a two-minute walk. Given this high level of accessibility, it is expected that the majority of visitors, office workers, and residents associated with the proposed development will rely on public transport rather than private vehicles. This expectation is supported by interview survey results on pedestrian arrival modes for a commercial building located opposite the application site (refer to **Table 2.6.1**), which indicate a strong preference for public transport. Therefore, the demand for car parking spaces under the Proposed Development Scheme is anticipated to be minimal.

3.3.5 Furthermore, a taxi stand is located near the application site on Hankow Road. This added accessibility is likely to further reduce reliance on private vehicles, thereby lowering the demand for car parking spaces.

Justification 3 – Observed spare capacity on the car parks located in the vicinity

3.3.6 According to the parking utilisation survey results for car parks in the vicinity of the application site (refer to **Table 2.6.3**), there is a surplus of approximately 540 car parking spaces during weekday peak hours, and over 1,000 spaces available during midnight hours. Therefore, the existing surrounding car parks are capable of accommodating the limited parking demand anticipated under the Proposed Development Scheme.

Justification 4 – low demand for goods vehicle loading / unloading bay

- 3.3.7** A survey was conducted at commercial, residential and hotel developments in Tsim Sha Tsui to assess the actual demand for goods loading/unloading facilities. Based on the peak hour goods vehicle trip generation rates derived from the traffic survey (refer to **Table 2.6.6**), the estimated demand under the Proposed Development Scheme is approximately 2 goods vehicle trips per hour. (*Commercial*: $4,128\text{m}^2 / 1,000\text{m}^2 \times 0.19$ + *Residential*: 95 flats / 100 flats $\times 0.35$ + *Hotel*: 99 guest rooms / 100 rooms $\times 0.16$). Therefore, the demand of goods loading / unloading bays of the Proposed Development Scheme is expected to be low.

Justification 5 – On-street activities are permitted at the general lay-bys outside the application site

- 3.3.8** At present, on-street activities are permitted at the general lay-by outside the application site on Hankow Road.
- 3.3.9** Under the Proposed Development Scheme, goods vehicle activity is estimated at an average of approximately 2 trips per hour, with each trip having an average dwell time of less than six minutes. Utilisation surveys of the relevant lay-by (refer to **Table 2.6.7**) indicate that it is not fully occupied during peak periods. Therefore, the anticipated loading/unloading activities can be accommodated within the existing lay-by without adversely affecting traffic flow along Hankow Road.

Justification 6 – Minimal demand for lay-by for single deck tour bus at referenced hotel developments with less than 100 rooms

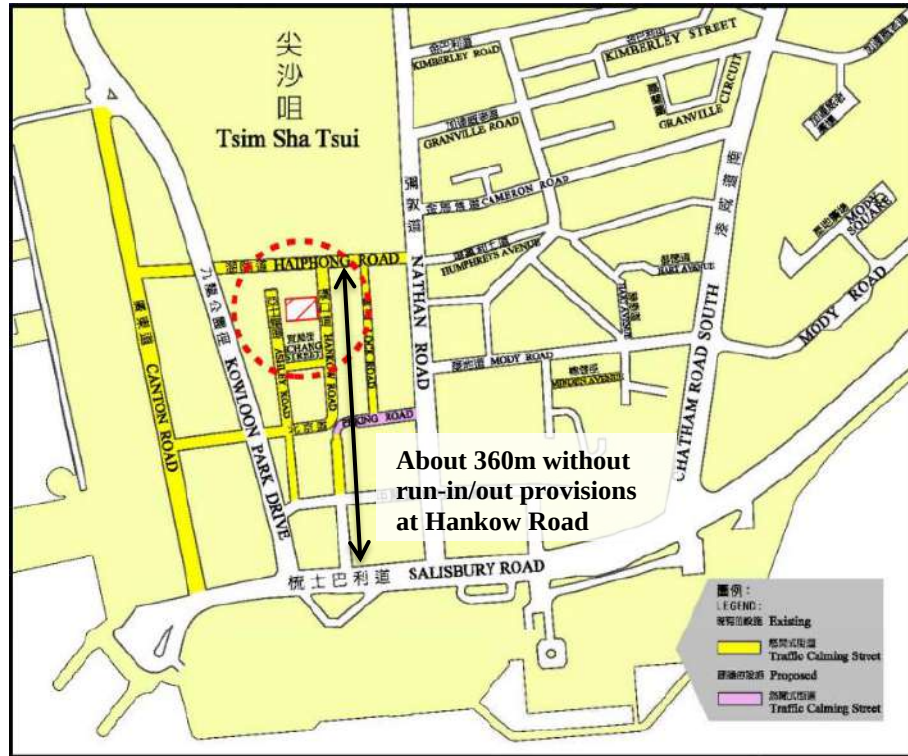
- 3.3.10** According to the survey results (refer to **Table 2.6.4**) from the referenced hotel developments, namely Hotel Pravo and Xi Hotel in Tsim Sha Tsui, pick-up/drop-off activities by private light bus or coach were not observed. This suggests that the demand for lay-by for single-deck tour bus is minimal for hotels of a similar scale within the locality.

Justification 7 – The provision of run-in / out is not desirable from pedestrian viewpoint

- 3.3.11** Under existing conditions, a significant volume of pedestrian activity is observed along the footpaths on both sides of Haiphong Road and Hankow Road surrounding the application site, as illustrated in the site photos below.



- 3.3.12** The section of Hankow Road fronting the application site is designated as a “Traffic Calming Street” under the current pedestrian schemes implemented by the Transport Department as part of the Area Improvement Plan for Tsim Sha Tsui (refer to the diagram below). The primary objective of the traffic calming measures is to enhance pedestrian comfort and safety by prioritizing pedestrian use of the road space.



Source:

https://www.td.gov.hk/en/transport_in_hong_kong/pedestrians/pedestrianisation/tsim_sha_tsui/index.html

- 3.3.13** At present, the entire section of Hankow Road between Haiphong Road and Salisbury Road is approximately 360m long without any run-in/out provisions. The former building on the application site did not include a run-in/out. Introducing such a facility under the Proposed Development Scheme would create a new conflict point between vehicular traffic and pedestrians along the western footpath of this section of Hankow Road, which is considered undesirable from a pedestrian safety perspective.

Justification 8 – The provision of run-in / out would be located in close proximity to the nearby signalised junction

- 3.3.14** According to TPDM Vol. 2 Ch. 3.6.2.3, run-ins should not normally be sited within 60m of the stop line on the major road or within 45m on the minor road, on either the approach or exit roads. Assuming a conceptual run-in/out is proposed along the eastern boundary of the application site fronting Hankow Road with consideration of the layout of essential architectural facilities at ground floor, the distance between the run-in/out and the existing stop line on the Hankow Road approach

is approximately 21m, as illustrated in **Figure 3.7**. This proposed location does not comply with the relevant design guidelines.

3.3.15 Furthermore, vehicles exiting the site would immediately encounter a signalised pedestrian crossing point at the Hankow Road approach. On-site observations indicate that some pedestrians tend to jaywalk in this area. Given the proximity of the proposed run-in/out to the stop line, along with the restricted sightline for motorists turning left, this arrangement poses a potential safety hazard for pedestrians, as illustrated in **Figure 3.8**.

3.3.16 Therefore, the provision of a run-in/out at this location is considered undesirable due to its insufficient separation from the nearby signalised junction and the associated pedestrian safety concerns.

Justification 9 – The provision of run-in / out is not desirable from local traffic viewpoint

3.3.17 At present, there is an approximately 70m long general lay-by fronting the application site along Hankow Road. To accommodate the manoeuvring space required for vehicles entering and exiting the site, and to achieve the recommended visibility distance of 60m as stipulated in TPDM Vol. 2, Ch. 3.6.3.2, the existing general lay-by would be significantly affected.

3.3.18 As shown in the swept path analysis for 7m long LGV in **Figure 3.9**, approximately 21m of the existing general lay-by would need to be removed to accommodate the required manoeuvring space for LGVs accessing the site.

3.3.19 Based on the sightline assessment illustrated in **Figure 3.10**, an additional section of approximately 45m (comprising 15m + 20m + 10m) of the general lay-by falls within the required visibility splay. Any vehicles, particularly goods vehicles, conducting loading/unloading activities within this section would obstruct the sightline of motorists exiting the site when looking to the right for oncoming traffic. If such an obstruction occurs, the available sight distance for motorists at the conceptual run-in/out would be reduced to approximately 10m, posing a significant traffic safety risk.

3.3.20 In view of the above, a total of 66m of the general lay-by would need to be removed. This removal equates to approximately 9 LGV loading/unloading bays that would otherwise be available for public use. In other words, the proposed arrangement would result in a significant reduction in loading/unloading capacity within the local area.

3.3.21 A comparison of the net gain and loss of internal transport facilities (both private and public) under *Scenarios B* and *D* is presented in **Figure 3.11** for reference.

Justification 10 – Approved Planning Application with Nil Internal transport Provision

- 3.3.22 According to the approved planning application no. A/K1/269, which pertains to the same location as the current application site, the provision of nil internal transport facilities was permitted.
- 3.3.23 The approved development under the aforementioned application comprised 110 flats and approximately 9,211 m² GFA for office/retail use (the “Approved Scheme”). The total required low-end provisions under the Approved Scheme are compared with those under the Proposed Development Scheme, as summarised in **Table 3.3.2**.

Table 3.3.2 Comparison of Required Internal Transport Facilities Provision under HKPSG Low-end Requirements Between Approved Scheme and Proposed Development Scheme

Facility	[A]: Approved Scheme	[B]: Proposed Development Scheme	Net Difference: [B] – [A]
Private Car Parking Space	44	26	-18
Goods Vehicle Loading / Unloading Bay	9	5	-4
Lay-by for Taxi and Private Car	Nil	2	+2
Lay-by for Single-deck tour bus	Nil	1	+1

- 3.3.24 As shown in **Table 3.3.2**, the Proposed Development Scheme requires 16 fewer private car parking spaces and 3 fewer goods vehicle loading/unloading bays compared to the Approved Scheme. Although it requires 2 lay-bys for taxi and private car, and 1 lay-by for single-deck tour bus, the overall demand for internal transport facilities under both schemes is considered broadly comparable.

- 3.3.25** Given that the Proposed Development Scheme shares similar characteristics and site constraints with the Approved Scheme, it is believed that the provision of nil internal transport facilities under the Proposed Development Scheme is deemed acceptable from a traffic engineering perspective.

Conclusion

- 3.3.26** In view of the above justifications, the provision of nil internal transport facilities under the Proposed Development Scheme is considered acceptable from a traffic engineering viewpoint.

4 TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT

4.1 Trip Generation and Attraction of Proposed Development Scheme

- 4.1.1 The anticipated traffic generation and attraction of the proposed residential and retail/office development were estimated based on i) 'Traffic Rates for Residential Development at 95% Confidence Level', and ii) 'Traffic Rates for Non-Residential Development at 95% Confidence Level' as outlined in TPDM Vol. 1 Annex C Tables 1 and 2. The adopted traffic generation rates and the corresponding trip estimates are summarised in **Table 4.1.1**.

Table 4.1.1 Trip Generation and Attraction of the Proposed Residential and Retail/Office Development

Proposed Use		AM Peak		PM Peak	
		GEN	ATT	GEN	ATT
Residential Flat nos. = 95	Traffic Rate (pcu/hr/flat)	0.0718	0.0425	0.0286	0.0370
	Trip Generation (pcu/hr)	7	5	3	4
Retail/Office ⁽¹⁾ GFA = 4,128 m ²	Traffic Rate (pcu/hr/100m ² GFA)	0.2296	0.2434	0.3100	0.3563
	Trip Generation (pcu/hr)	10	11	13	15

Note:

- (1) To adopt a conservative approach in the calculation, it is assumed that the GFA designated for office use will be treated as retail use, as retail developments have higher two-way traffic generation and attraction rates compared to office use according to TPDM.

- 4.1.2 The anticipated traffic generation and attraction of the proposed hotel development were estimated using the surveyed trip rates from Hotel Pravo, a nearby hotel located on Peking Road, Tsim Sha Tui. The adopted trip rates and corresponding trip estimates are summarised in **Table 4.1.2**.

Table 4.1.2 Adopted Trip Rates and Corresponding Trip Estimated for Proposed Hotel Development

Proposed Hotel Development (99 guest rooms)	AM Peak		PM Peak	
	Generation	Attraction	Generation	Attraction
Adopted Trip Rate (pcu/hr/guest room)	0.0217	0.0217	0.0326	0.0326
Estimated Vehicular Trips (pcu/hr)	3	3	4	4

- 4.1.3 In view of the above, the corresponding traffic generation and attraction of the Proposed Development are estimated as shown in **Table 4.1.3**.

Table 4.1.3 Traffic Generation and Attraction of the Proposed Development (pcu/hr)

Development Use	Development Parameters	AM Peak		PM Peak	
		Generation	Attraction	Generation	Attraction
Residential	95 Flats	7	5	3	4
Retail/Office	4,128 m ² GFA	10	11	13	15
Hotel	99 guest rooms	3	3	4	4
Total (pcu/hr)		20	19	20	23

- 4.1.4 As shown in **Table 4.1.3**, the proposed development is expected to generate approximately **39 pcu/hr** and **43 pcu/hr** (two-way) during the morning and evening peak periods, respectively. Since the TPDM does not provide weekend trip rates, the weekday evening peak hour trip generation figures from **Table 4.1.3** have been applied to represent the weekend peak hour generation.

4.2 Trip Generation and Attraction of Development under the Approved Scheme

- 4.2.1 As mentioned in **Chapter 3.3**, the Approved Scheme comprised 110 flats and approximately 9,211 m² GFA for office/retail use. The anticipated traffic generation and attraction for this development were estimated using a similar methodology, with reference to traffic rates provided in TPDM. A comparison of the trip generation under the Approved Scheme and the Proposed Development Scheme is presented in **Table 4.2.1**.

Table 4.2.1 Net Difference of Trip Generation and Attraction between Proposed Development Scheme and Approved Scheme (pcu/hr)

Proposed Use	AM Peak			PM Peak		
	GEN	ATT	Two-way	GEN	ATT	Two-way
[A]: Development under Approved Scheme	30	28	58	33	38	71
[B]: Proposed Development Scheme	20	19	39	20	23	43
Net Difference: [B] – [A]	-10	-9	-19 (-33%)	-13	-15	-28 (-39%)

- 4.2.2 As shown in **Table 4.2.1**, the overall two-way traffic generation during the morning and evening peak hours under the Proposed Development Scheme is lower than that of the Approved Scheme. As a result, the traffic impact on the surrounding road network is expected to be lower under the Proposed Development Scheme.

4.3 Adjacent Developments

- 4.3.1 In addition to the development flow, the traffic generated and attracted by adjacent major planned/committed developments, as shown in **Table 4.3.1**, were taken into account in the traffic forecast.

Table 4.3.1 Adjacent Planned/Committed Developments

Development	Type	Parameters
Proposed Hotel Redevelopment of Mariners' Club at Middle Road	Hotel Development	About 500 guest rooms ⁽¹⁾
Proposed Expansion of Hong Kong Science Museum and Hong Kong Museum of History	GIC Development	About 66,438 m ² GFA ⁽²⁾
Proposed Redevelopment at No. 21 Ashley Road	Commercial Development	About 100,000 ft ² GFA ⁽³⁾
Proposed Redevelopment at Nos. 31-37 Hankow Road	Commercial Development	About 115,300 ft ² GFA ⁽⁴⁾

Note:

- (1) Source: <https://egh.com.hk/news/empire-group-wins-tender-for-mariners-club-redevelopment.html>
(2) Refer to approved planning application no.: A/K1/267.
(3) Source: https://21ashley.com.hk/wp-content/uploads/2023/01/21-Ashley_Brochure-2.pdf
(4) Source: <https://www.28hse.com/en/news/九展再有新進展-擬重建4商廈獲批-59433>

4.4 Future Traffic Growth

- 4.4.1 The tentative completion year for the Proposed Development Scheme is Year 2029. To assess the traffic impact of the development-related traffic on the adjacent road network, Year 2032 (i.e. 3 years after the anticipated completion) has been adopted as the design year for this study.

Annual Traffic Census

- 4.4.2 Reference was made to Annual Traffic Census (“ATC”) on annual average daily traffic (“AADT”) at counting stations in the vicinity of the Proposed Development Scheme and the corresponding traffic flows are summarised in **Table 4.4.1** below.

Table 4.4.1 Annual Average Growth Rate by ATC

Station No.	2019 AADT	2020 AADT	2021 AADT	2022 AADT	2023 AADT	Annual Average Growth Rate from 2019 to 2023
3021	15,130	14,410	11,350	12,090	12,930	-
3207	27,440	25,690	26,780	25,520	22,640	
3410	49,380	42,720	44,540	42,440	44,780	
3413	29,540	23,760	24,770	23,610	24,910	
3414	15,370	15,650	16,310	15,540	16,400	
3446	10,180	10,570	11,020	10,500	11,080	
3606	52,260	48,970	42,140	40,150	42,360	
3609	26,270	26,320	26,310	25,070	26,450	
3811	36,220	33,900	40,380	40,290	42,510	
4009	36,020	33,710	35,150	36,350	40,380	
4614	5,490	5,570	5,960	4,880	7,080	
4654	11,290	10,610	8,260	10,520	10,080	
4655	2,580	2,670	2,340	2,310	2,680	
Total	317,170	294,550	295,310	289,270	304,280	-1.0%

4.4.3 The ATC historic data indicates an average reduction of traffic in recent years in the region with around -1.0% p.a.

Territorial Population and Employment Data Matrix (TPEDM)

- 4.4.4 Reference was made to 2021-based TPEDM published by Planning Department. **Table 4.4.2** below summarises the estimated and projected population and employment data as well as their respective annual average growth rates of Yau Tsim Mong in 2021, 2026 and 2031.

Table 4.4.2 Annual Average Growth Rate by TPEDM (Yau Tsim Mong)

Year	2021	2026	2031
Population	310,650	291,700	267,100
Annual Average Growth Rate	-1.50% (from 2021 to 2031)	-1.75% (from 2026 to 2031)	---
Employment	413,950	439,300	428,850
Annual Average Growth Rate	+0.35% (from 2021 to 2031)	-0.48% (from 2026 to 2031)	---

- 4.4.5 Based on the table above, the annual growth rates for the periods from 2021 to 2031 and 2026 to 2031 are as follows:

- i) -1.50% and -1.75%, respectively, based on population data; and
- ii) +0.35% and -0.48%, respectively, based on employment data.

- 4.4.6 For conservative purposes, an annual growth rate of **+0.50%** has been adopted to project traffic forecasts for the period from 2025 to 2032.

4.5 Assessment Scenarios

- 4.5.1 To assess the potential traffic impact associated with the Proposed Development Scheme, two scenarios were analysed and compared:

- *Scenario 1 – Year 2032 Reference Scenario:* Assumes traffic conditions without the redevelopment.
- *Scenario 2 – Year 2032 Design Scenario:* Assumes redevelopment in accordance with the Proposed Development Scheme.

Scenario 1 (Reference Case)

Year 2032 Reference Scenario

= Year 2025 existing traffic flows × growth factor during the period of year 2025-2032

Plus traffic generations of other planned/committed developments in the vicinity

Scenario 2 (Design Case)

Year 2032 Design Scenario

= Year 2032 Reference Scenario

Plus trips generated and attracted by the Proposed Development Scheme

- 4.5.2 The forecasted traffic flows for the two scenarios described above are illustrated in **Figures 4.1** and **4.2**, respectively.

4.6 Junction Capacity Assessment

- 4.6.1 Junction capacity assessments were carried out at the identified key junctions under the Year 2032 Reference and Design scenarios. A summary of the assessment results is provided in **Table 4.6.1** below, while detailed calculation sheets are included in **Appendix A**.

Table 4.6.1 Year 2032 Future Junction Performance

Junction	Type	Junction Performance ⁽¹⁾					
		Year 2032 Reference			Year 2032 Design		
		AM	PM	Weekend	AM	PM	Weekend
J1	Nathan Road / Granville Road	Signalised	>100%	>100%	>100%	>100%	>100%
J2	Nathan Road / Humphreys Avenue	Signalised	>100%	>100%	>100%	>100%	>100%
J3	Hankow Road / Haiphong Road	Signalised	>100%	>100%	>100%	>100%	>100%
J4	Hankow Road / Middle Road	Signalised	>100%	>100%	>100%	>100%	>100%
J5	Kowloon Park Drive / Peking Road	Signalised	80%	51%	61%	79%	50%
J6	Kowloon Park Drive / Middle Road	Signalised	>100%	>100%	>100%	>100%	>100%
J7	Nathan Road / Peking Road	Signalised	>100%	>100%	>100%	>100%	>100%
J8	Salisbury Road / Kowloon Park Drive	Signalised	39%	47%	61%	39%	47%

Notes:

(1) Figures shown represent “Reserve Capacity” (RC) in % for signalised junctions.

- 4.6.2 As shown in **Table 4.6.1**, the assessment results indicate that the identified key junctions are expected to operate within capacity under the Proposed Development Scheme. Therefore, it is anticipated that the Proposed Development Scheme will not impose any significant traffic impact on the surrounding road network.

5 CONCLUSION

5.1 Summary

- 5.1.1** The application site is located at Nos. 43 – 49A Hankow Road with a site area of approximately 1,074.5m². It is currently zoned as “Commercial” under the Draft Tsim Sha Tsui Outline Zoning Plan No. S/K1/29.
- 5.1.2** The Applicant intends to redevelop the application site into Proposed Flat with Permitted Hotel, Office and Shop & Services/Eating Place (“Proposed Development Scheme”). The Proposed Development Scheme will comprise a 27-storey mixed-use building with 95 flats, 99 hotel rooms and 4,228m² GFA designated for office, shop and services/eating place uses.
- 5.1.3** A Traffic Impact Assessment (TIA) study was conducted to evaluate the potential traffic implications associated with the Proposed Development, in support of the Section 16 planning application for the application site.
- 5.1.4** Due to the limited floor area available at the ground and basement levels, it is proposed that no internal transport facilities be provided under the Proposed Development Scheme. This proposal is supported by the following justifications:
- 1) Site constraints;
 - 2) Good accessibility to public transport services;
 - 3) Observed spare capacity on the car parks located in the vicinity;
 - 4) low demand for goods vehicle loading / unloading bay;
 - 5) On-street activities are permitted at the general lay-bys outside the application site;
 - 6) Minimal demand for lay-by for single deck tour bus at referenced hotel developments with fewer than 100 rooms;
 - 7) The existing Hankow Road is a traffic calming street which prioritises pedestrian use of the road space. Hence, the provision of run-in/out is not desirable from pedestrian viewpoint;
 - 8) The provision of run-in/out would be located in close proximity to the nearby signalised junction, which raises road safety concerns.
 - 9) Due to the sightline issues, the provision of run-in/out would result in significant reduction of significantly reduce the length of the existing general lay-by, which is considered undesirable from a local traffic viewpoint; and

10) A Section 16 Planning Application no. A/K1/269 for Proposed Flat with Permitted Office, Shop and Services and Eating Place at the subject site was approved by the Town Planning Board in January 2024. The Approved Scheme did not include any internal transport provisions, which is consistent with the current application.

5.1.5 In view of the above justifications, the provision of nil internal transport facilities under the Proposed Development Scheme is considered acceptable from a traffic engineering perspective.

5.1.6 The identified key junctions in the vicinity were assessed with respect to the traffic generated by the Proposed Development Scheme in the design year 2032 (i.e. three years after the target completion year of 2029). The assessment also considered traffic generation from major planned developments in the surrounding area.

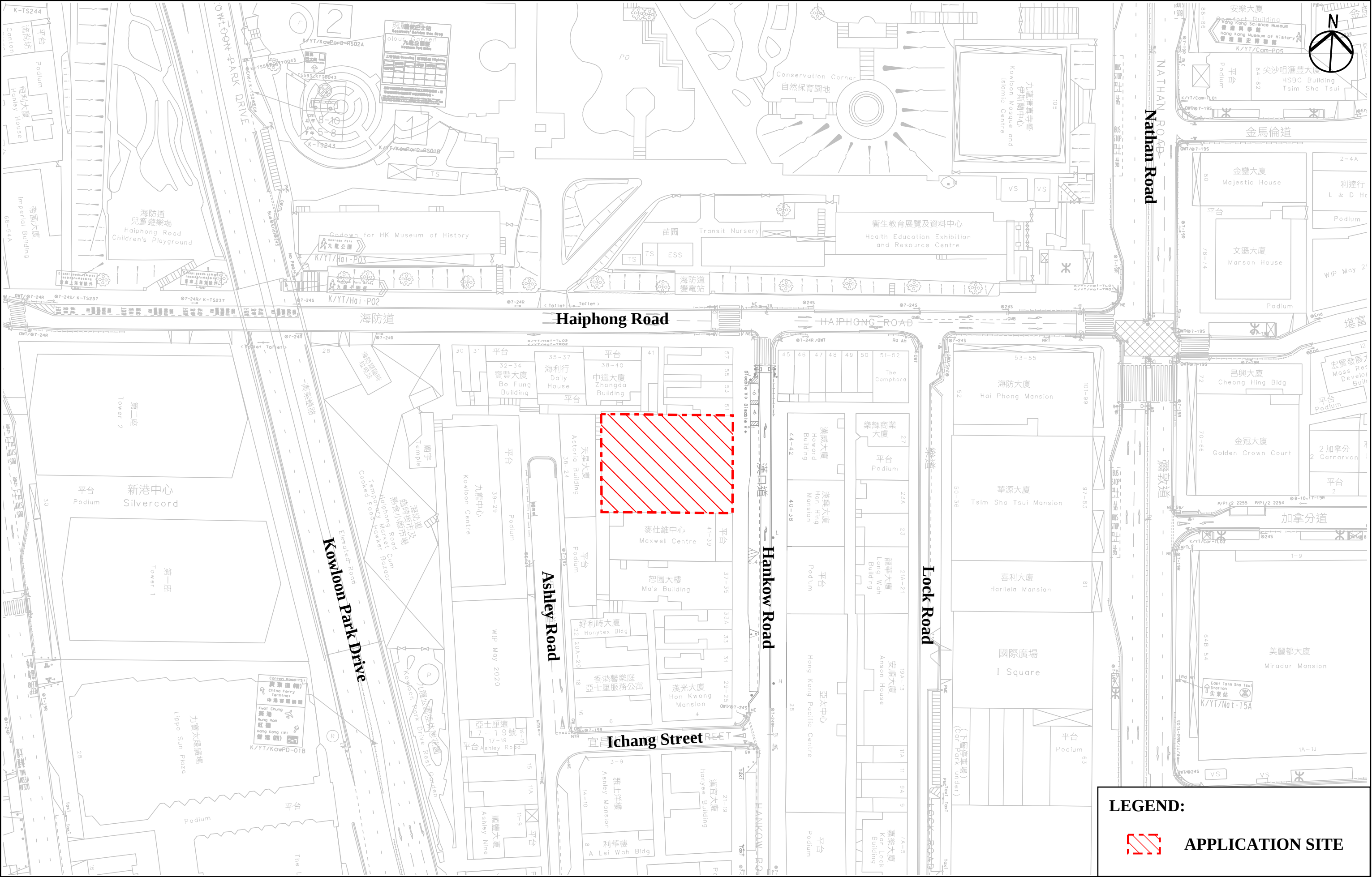
5.1.7 Traffic impact assessment scenarios were set up under the Proposed Development. The first scenario assumed the traffic conditions without the redevelopment, i.e. *Year 2032 Reference Scenario*. The second scenario assumed redevelopment in accordance with the Proposed Development Scheme, i.e. *Year 2032 Design Scenario*.

5.1.8 The assessment results indicate that traffic conditions under the Reference and Design Scenarios in Year 2032 would be broadly similar. Therefore, the Proposed Development Scheme is not expected to generate any significant traffic impact on the surrounding road network.

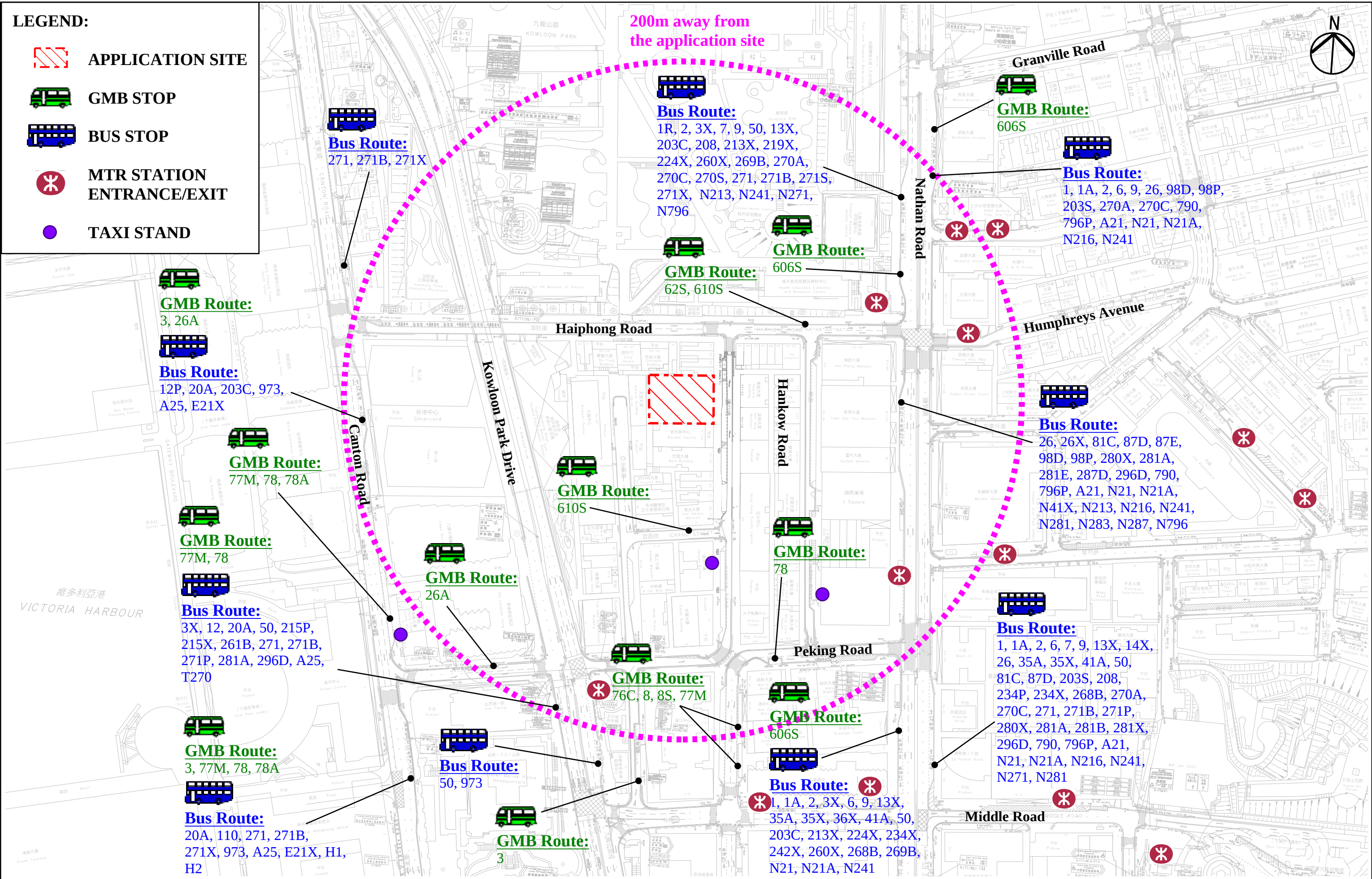
5.2 Conclusion

5.2.1 It is concluded that the Proposed Development Scheme will not impose any adverse traffic impact on the surrounding road network and is therefore considered feasible from a traffic engineering perspective.

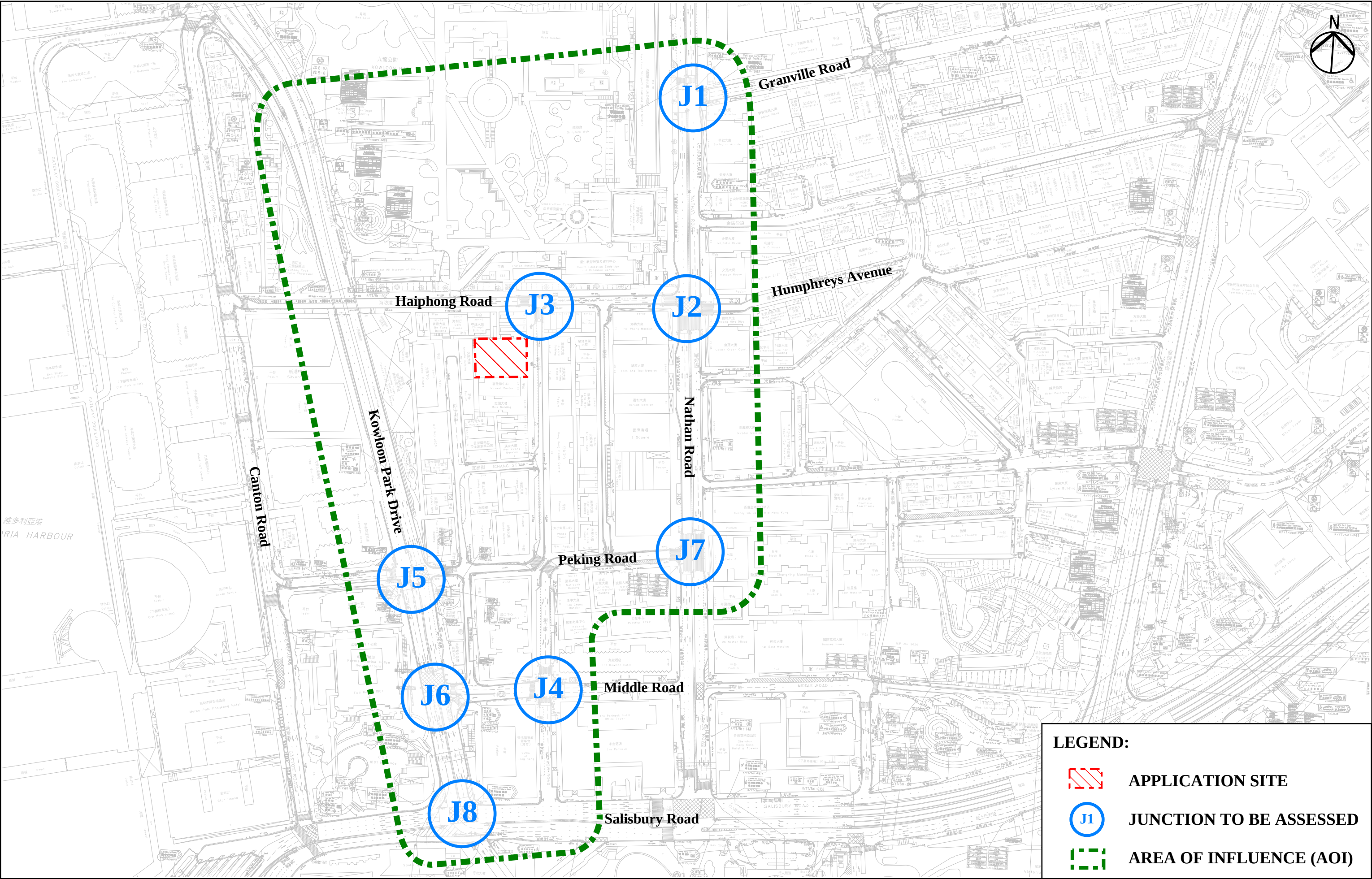
Figures



Job Title			SECTION 16 PLANNING APPLICATION FOR PROPOSED FLAT WITH PERMITTED HOTEL, OFFICE AND SHOP & SERVICES/EATING PLACE AT NO. 43 - 49A HANKOW ROAD IN TSIM SHA TSUI			FIGURE 1.1
Date	Scale	Drawing Title				ARUP
05/2025	1:1,000 (A3)					
Drawn	Job No.	LOCATION OF THE APPLICATION SITE AND ITS ENVIRONS				
WYJL	294680-02					



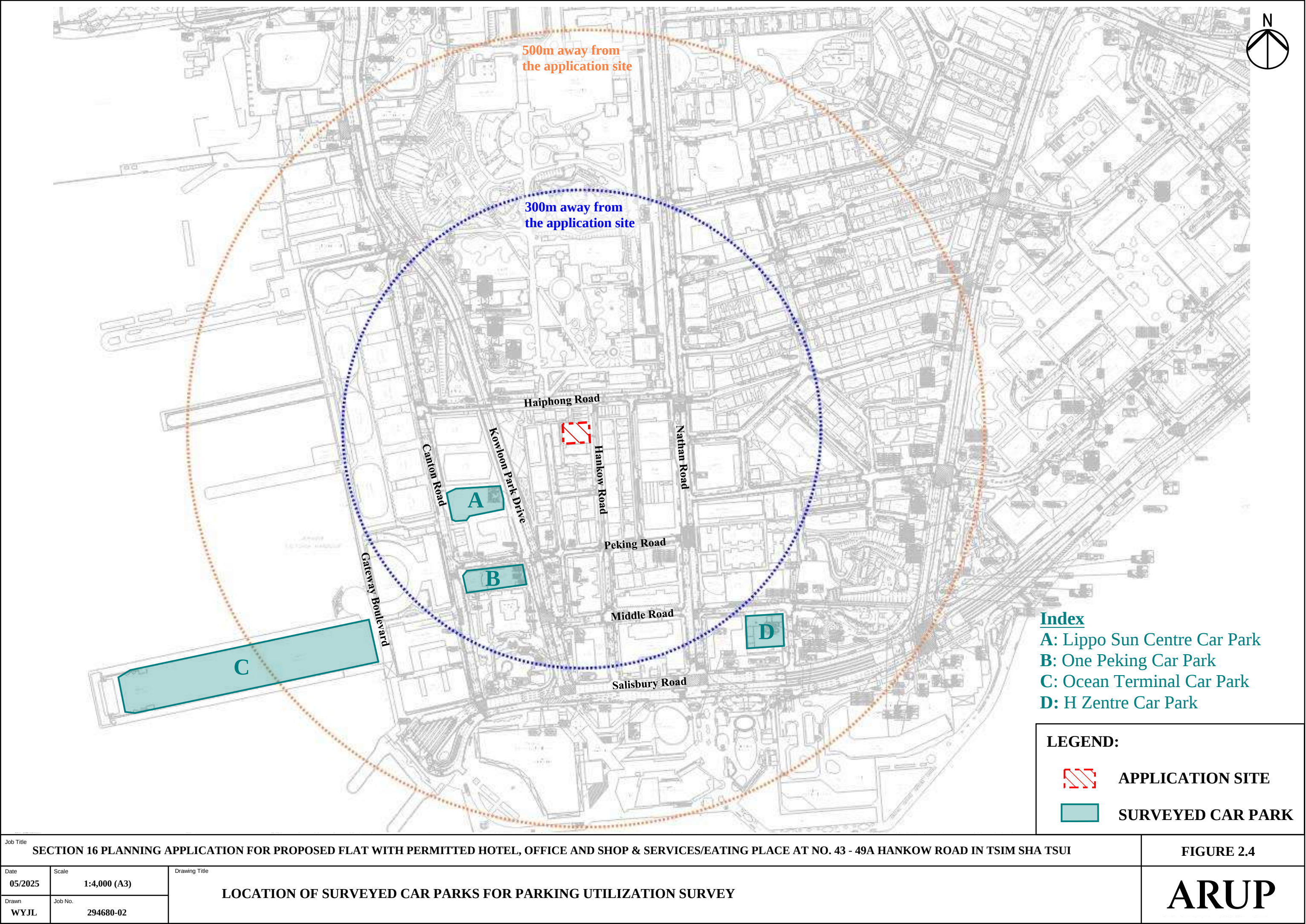
Job Title			SECTION 16 PLANNING APPLICATION FOR PROPOSED FLAT WITH PERMITTED HOTEL, OFFICE AND SHOP & SERVICES/EATING PLACE AT NO. 43 - 49A HANKOW ROAD IN TSIM SHA TSUI			FIGURE 2.1	
Date	Scale	Drawing Title					ARUP
05/2025	1:2,000 (A3)						
Drawn	Job No.						
WYJL	294680-02	EXISTING PUBLIC TRANSPORT SERVICES IN THE VICINITY					

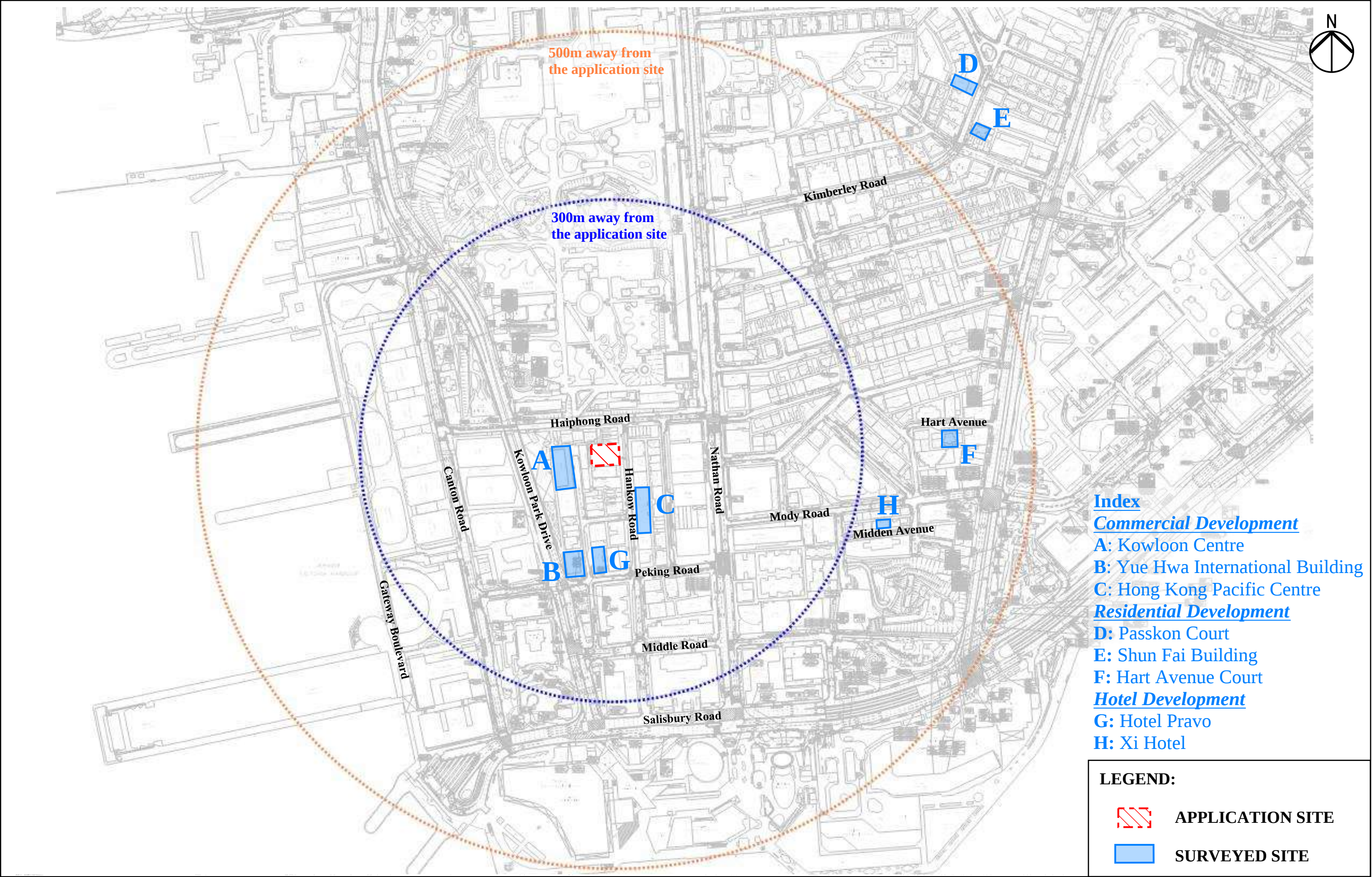


Job Title			SECTION 16 PLANNING APPLICATION FOR PROPOSED FLAT WITH PERMITTED HOTEL, OFFICE AND SHOP & SERVICES/EATING PLACE AT NO. 43 - 49A HANKOW ROAD IN TSIM SHA TSUI		
Date	Scale	Drawing Title			
05/2025	1:2,500 (A3)				
Drawn	Job No.				
WYJL	294680-02	IDENTIFIED JUNCTIONS TO BE ASSESSED			

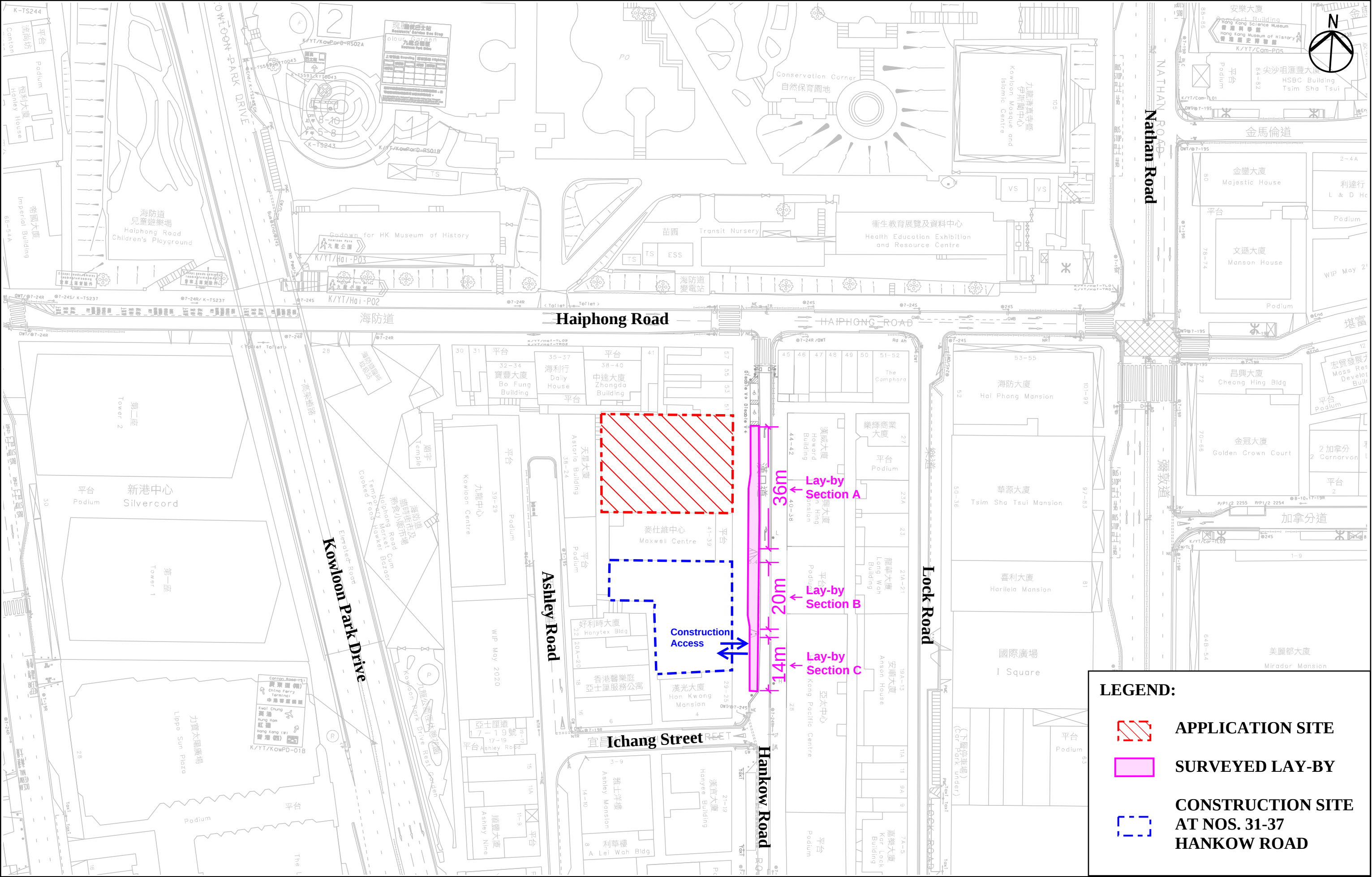
FIGURE 2.2

ARUP





Job Title SECTION 16 PLANNING APPLICATION FOR PROPOSED FLAT WITH PERMITTED HOTEL, OFFICE AND SHOP & SERVICES/EATING PLACE AT NO. 43 - 49A HANKOW ROAD IN TSIM SHA TSUI			FIGURE 2.5
Date 05/2025	Scale 1:4,000 (A3)	Drawing Title LOCATION OF SURVEYED SITES FOR GOODS VEHICLE TRIP GENERATION SURVEY	ARUP
Drawn WYJL	Job No. 294680-02		



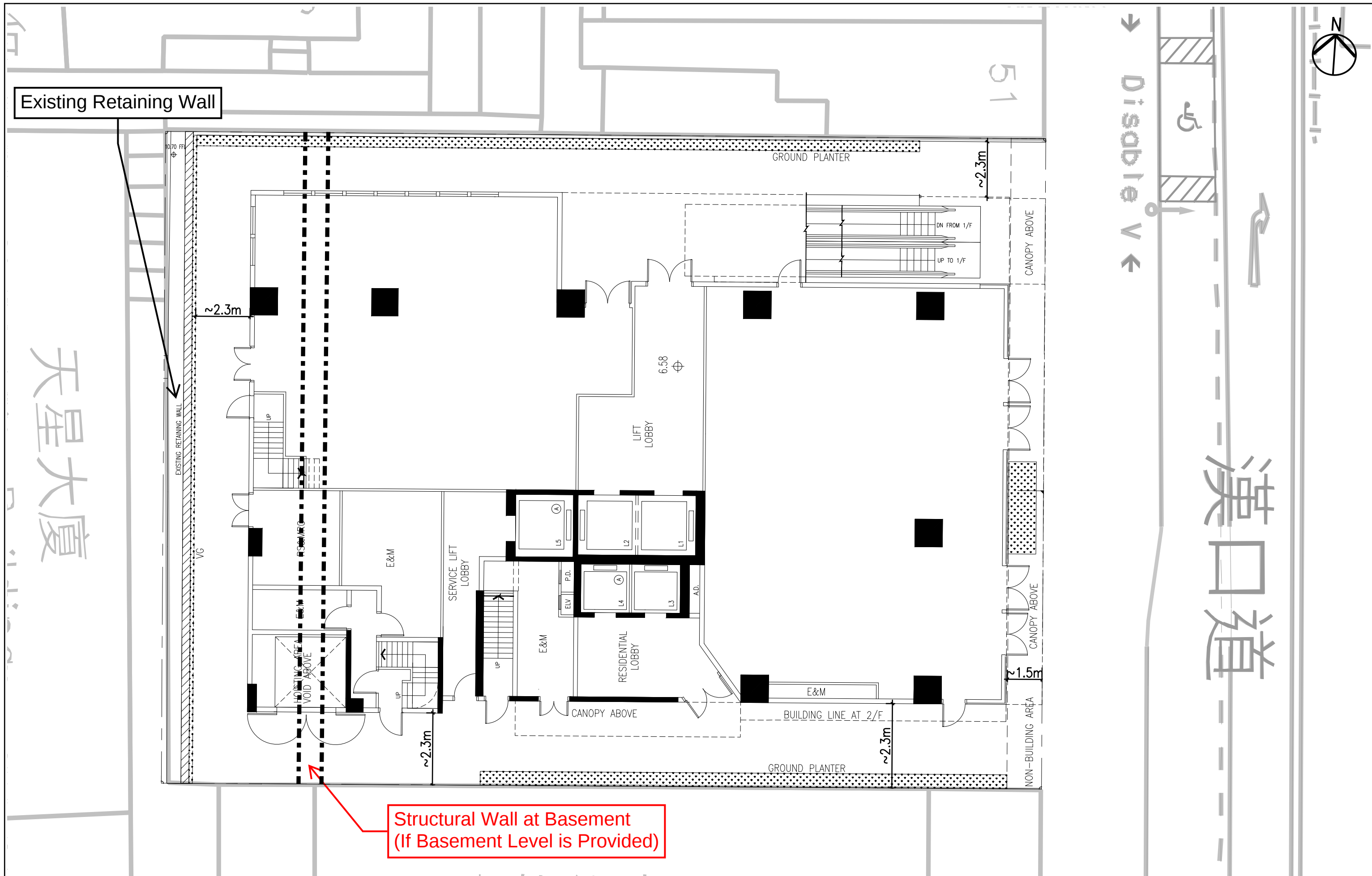
LEGEND:

 **APPLICATION SITE**

 **SURVEYED LAY-BY**

 **CONSTRUCTION SITE AT NOS. 31-37 HANKOW ROAD**

Job Title			SECTION 16 PLANNING APPLICATION FOR PROPOSED FLAT WITH PERMITTED HOTEL, OFFICE AND SHOP & SERVICES/EATING PLACE AT NO. 43 - 49A HANKOW ROAD IN TSIM SHA TSUI			FIGURE 2.6
Date	Scale	Drawing Title				ARUP
05/2025	1:1,000 (A3)					
Drawn	Job No.	LOCATION OF SURVEYED LAY-BYS FOR KERBSIDE UTILIZATION SURVEY				
WYJL	294680-02					



Job Title			SECTION 16 PLANNING APPLICATION FOR PROPOSED FLAT WITH PERMITTED HOTEL, OFFICE AND SHOP & SERVICES/EATING PLACE AT NO. 43 - 49A HANKOW ROAD IN TSIM SHA TSUI		FIGURE 3.1	
Date	Scale	Drawing Title				ARUP
05/2025	1:150 (A3)					
Drawn	Job No.					
WYJL	294680-02					

HKPSG Requirement for the Proposed Development

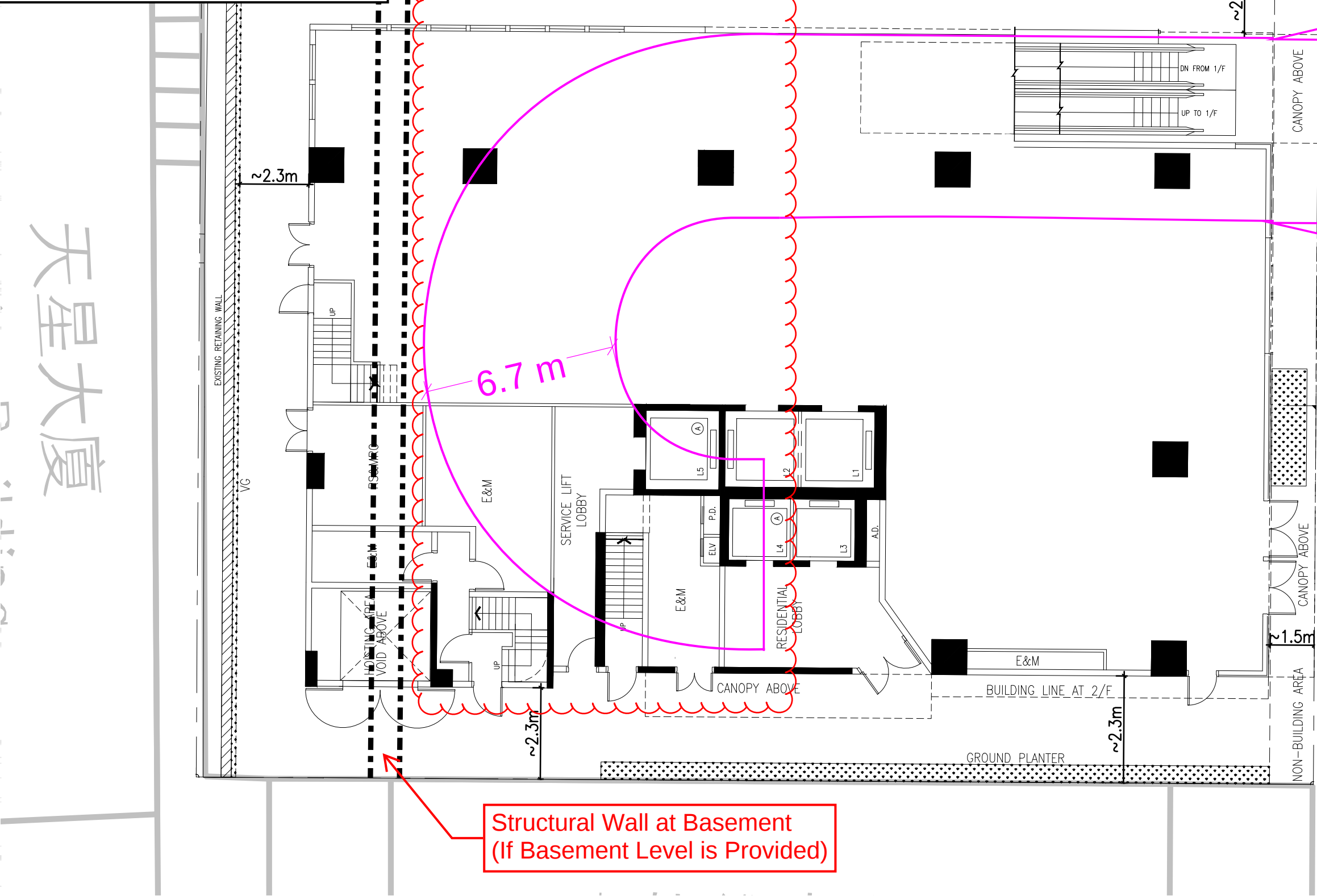
Private parking space: **26 - 44 nos.**

Motorcycle parking space: **2 - 4 nos.**

L/UL bay: **5 - 7 nos. (min: 3 LGV + 2 HGV)**

Lay-by for private car/taxi: **2 nos.**

Lay-by for single-deck tour bus: **1 no.**



LEGEND:

 TWO-WAY CAR RAMP

SECTION 16 PLANNING APPLICATION FOR PROPOSED FLAT WITH PERMITTED HOTEL, OFFICE AND SHOP & SERVICES/EATING PLACE AT NO. 43 - 49A HANKOW ROAD IN TSIM SHA TSUI

FIGURE 3.2

Date
05/2025

Scale
1:150 (A3)

Drawing Title

SCENARIO A - PROVISION OF TWO-WAY CAR RAMP AT CONCEPTUAL GROUND FLOOR

Drawn
WYJL

Job No.
294680-02

ARUP

HKPSG Requirement for the Proposed Development

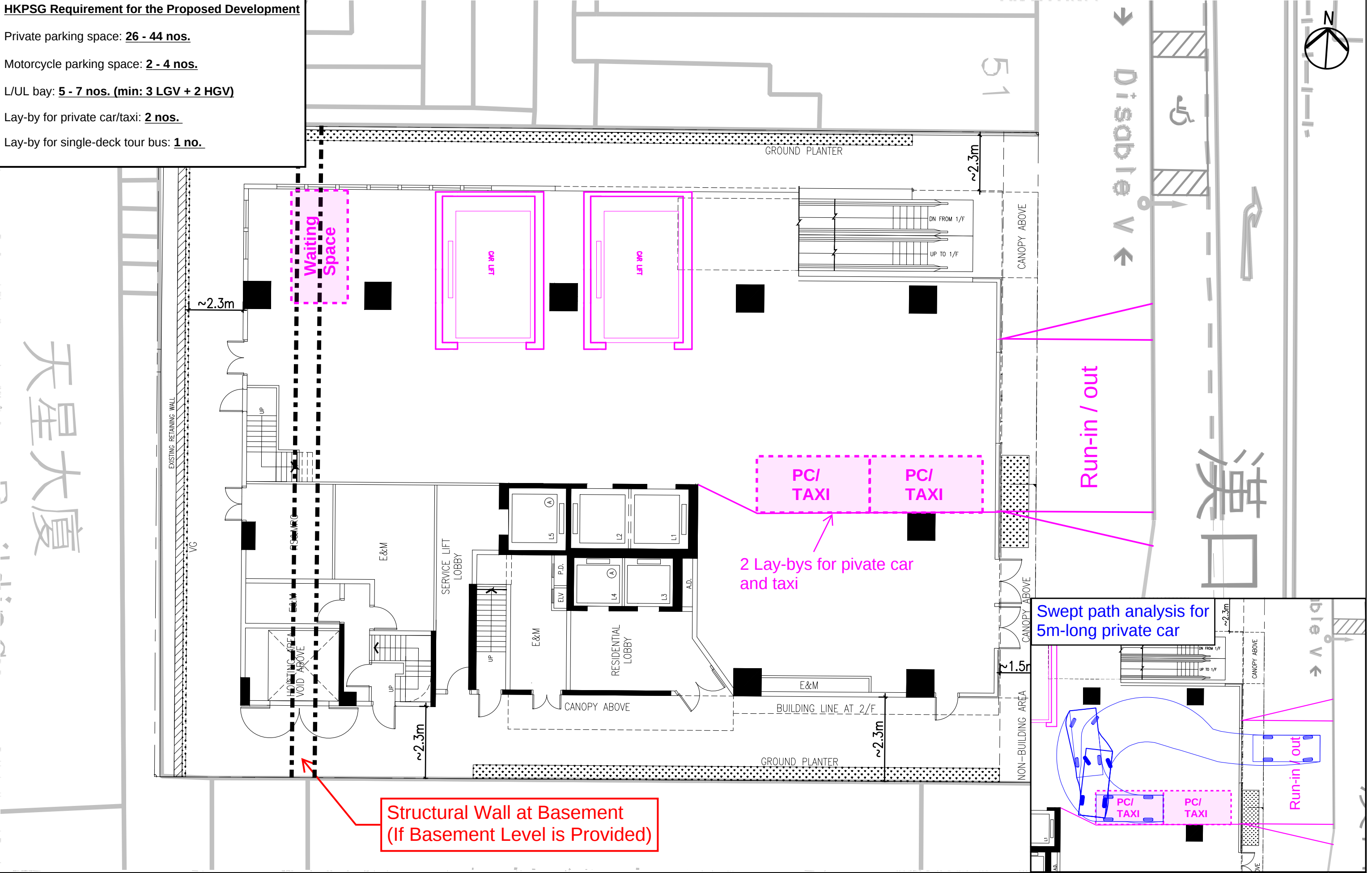
Private parking space: **26 - 44 nos.**

Motorcycle parking space: **2 - 4 nos.**

L/UL bay: **5 - 7 nos. (min: 3 LGV + 2 HGV)**

Lay-by for private car/taxi: **2 nos.**

Lay-by for single-deck tour bus: **1 no.**



Job Title			SECTION 16 PLANNING APPLICATION FOR PROPOSED FLAT WITH PERMITTED HOTEL, OFFICE AND SHOP & SERVICES/EATING PLACE AT NO. 43 - 49A HANKOW ROAD IN TSIM SHA TSUI		FIGURE 3.3
Date	Scale	Drawing Title			ARUP
05/2025	1:150 (A3)				
Drawn	Job No.				
WYJL	294680-02	SCENARIO B - PROVISION OF CAR LIFT SYSTEM AT CONCEPTUAL GROUND FLOOR			

HKPSG Requirement for the Proposed Development

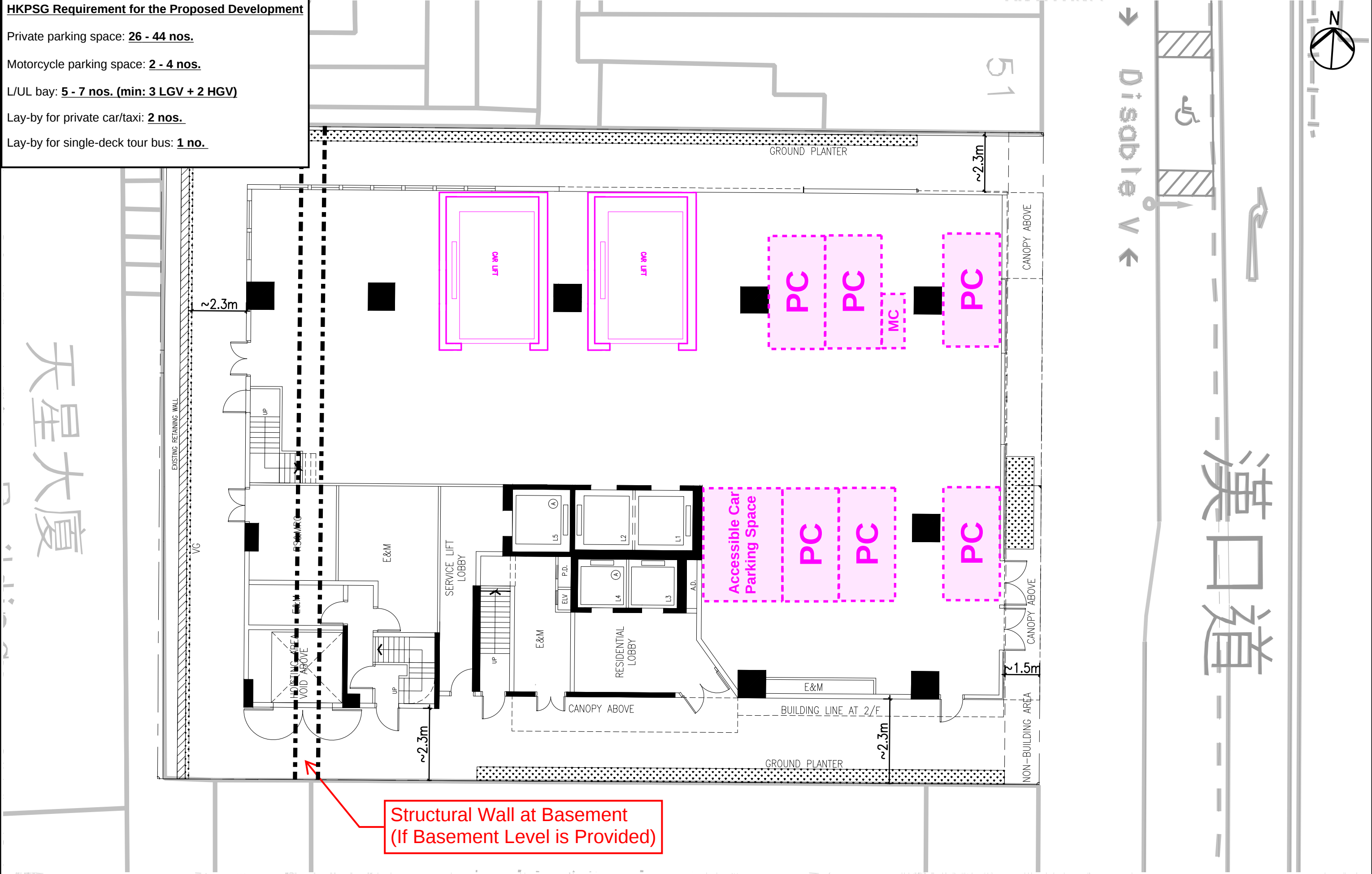
Private parking space: **26 - 44 nos.**

Motorcycle parking space: **2 - 4 nos.**

L/UL bay: **5 - 7 nos. (min: 3 LGV + 2 HGV)**

Lay-by for private car/taxi: **2 nos.**

Lay-by for single-deck tour bus: **1 no.**



Job Title			SECTION 16 PLANNING APPLICATION FOR PROPOSED FLAT WITH PERMITTED HOTEL, OFFICE AND SHOP & SERVICES/EATING PLACE AT NO. 43 - 49A HANKOW ROAD IN TSIM SHA TSUI			FIGURE 3.4
Date	Scale	Drawing Title				ARUP
05/2025	1:150 (A3)					
Drawn	Job No.					
WYJL	294680-02	SCENARIO B - PROVISION OF CAR LIFT SYSTEM AT CONCEPTUAL BASEMENT FLOOR				

HKPSG Requirement for the Proposed Development

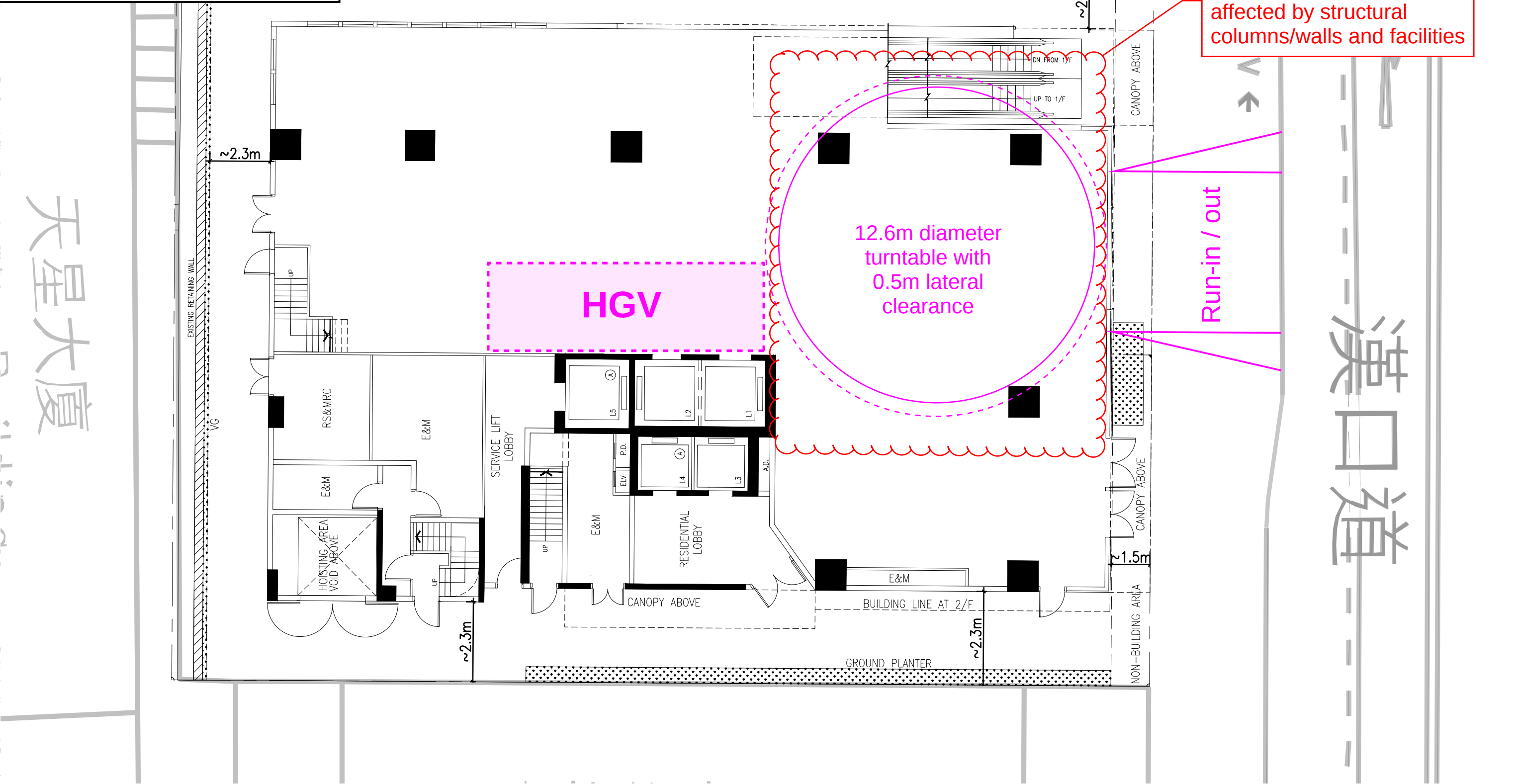
Private parking space: **26 - 44 nos.**

Motorcycle parking space: **2 - 4 nos.**

L/UL bay: **5 - 7 nos. (min: 3 LGV + 2 HGV)**

Lay-by for private car/taxi: **2 nos.**

Lay-by for single-deck tour bus: **1 no.**



Job Title			SCENARIO C - PROVISION OF HEAVY GOODS VEHICLE LOADING / UNLOADING BAY WITH TURNTABLE AT CONCEPTUAL GROUND FLOOR
SECTION 16 PLANNING APPLICATION FOR PROPOSED FLAT WITH PERMITTED HOTEL, OFFICE AND SHOP & SERVICES/EATING PLACE AT NO. 43 - 49A HANKOW ROAD IN TSIM SHA TSUI			
Date	Scale		
05/2025	1:150 (A3)		
Drawn	Job No.		
WYJL	294680-02		

HKPSG Requirement for the Proposed Development

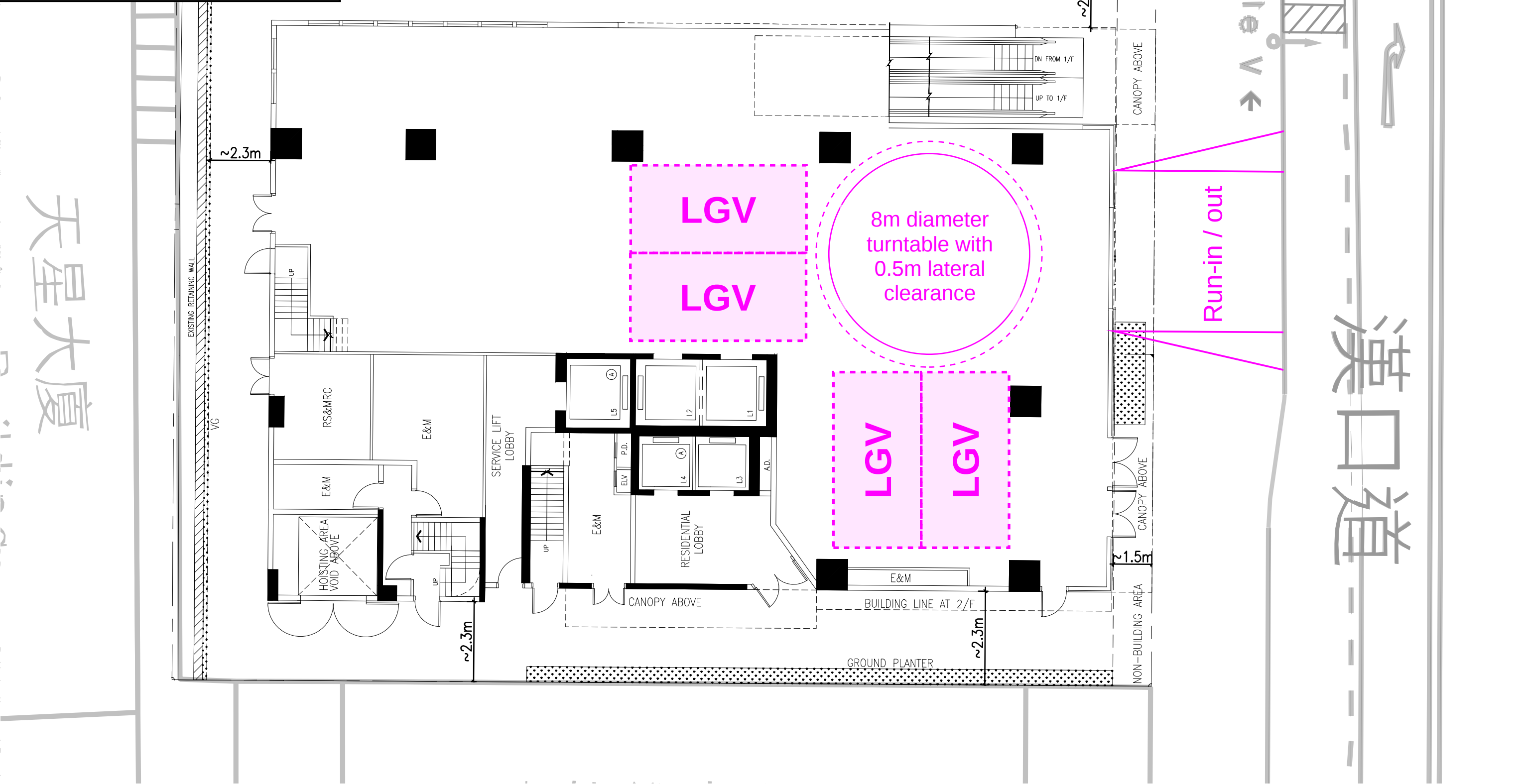
Private parking space: **26 - 44 nos.**

Motorcycle parking space: **2 - 4 nos.**

L/UL bay: **5 - 7 nos. (min: 3 LGV + 2 HGV)**

Lay-by for private car/taxi: **2 nos.**

Lay-by for single-deck tour bus: **1 no.**



SECTION 16 PLANNING APPLICATION FOR PROPOSED FLAT WITH PERMITTED HOTEL, OFFICE AND SHOP & SERVICES/EATING PLACE AT NO. 43 - 49A HANKOW ROAD IN TSIM SHA TSUI

FIGURE 3.6

Date
05/2025

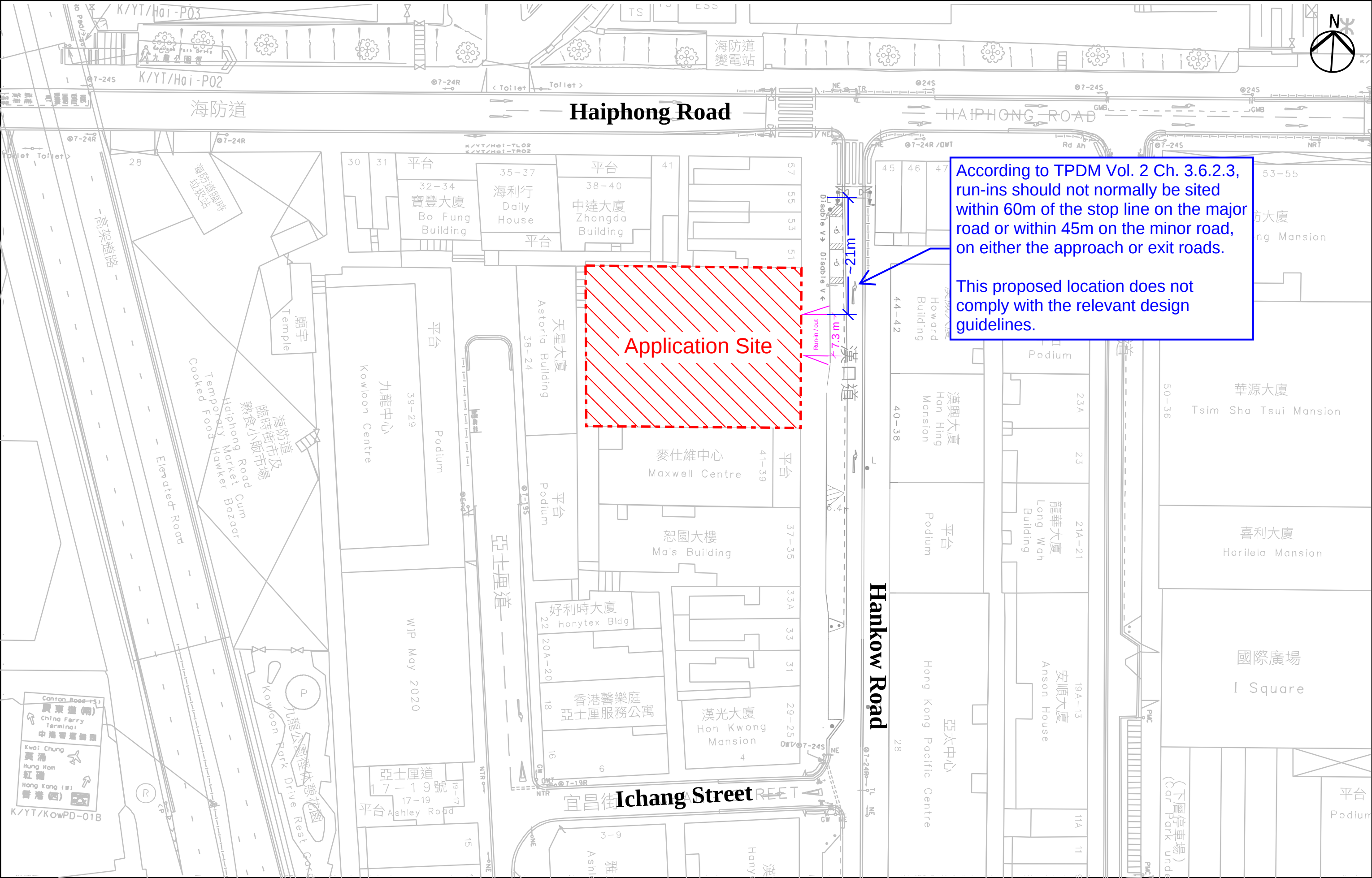
Scale
1:150 (A3)

Drawn
WYJL

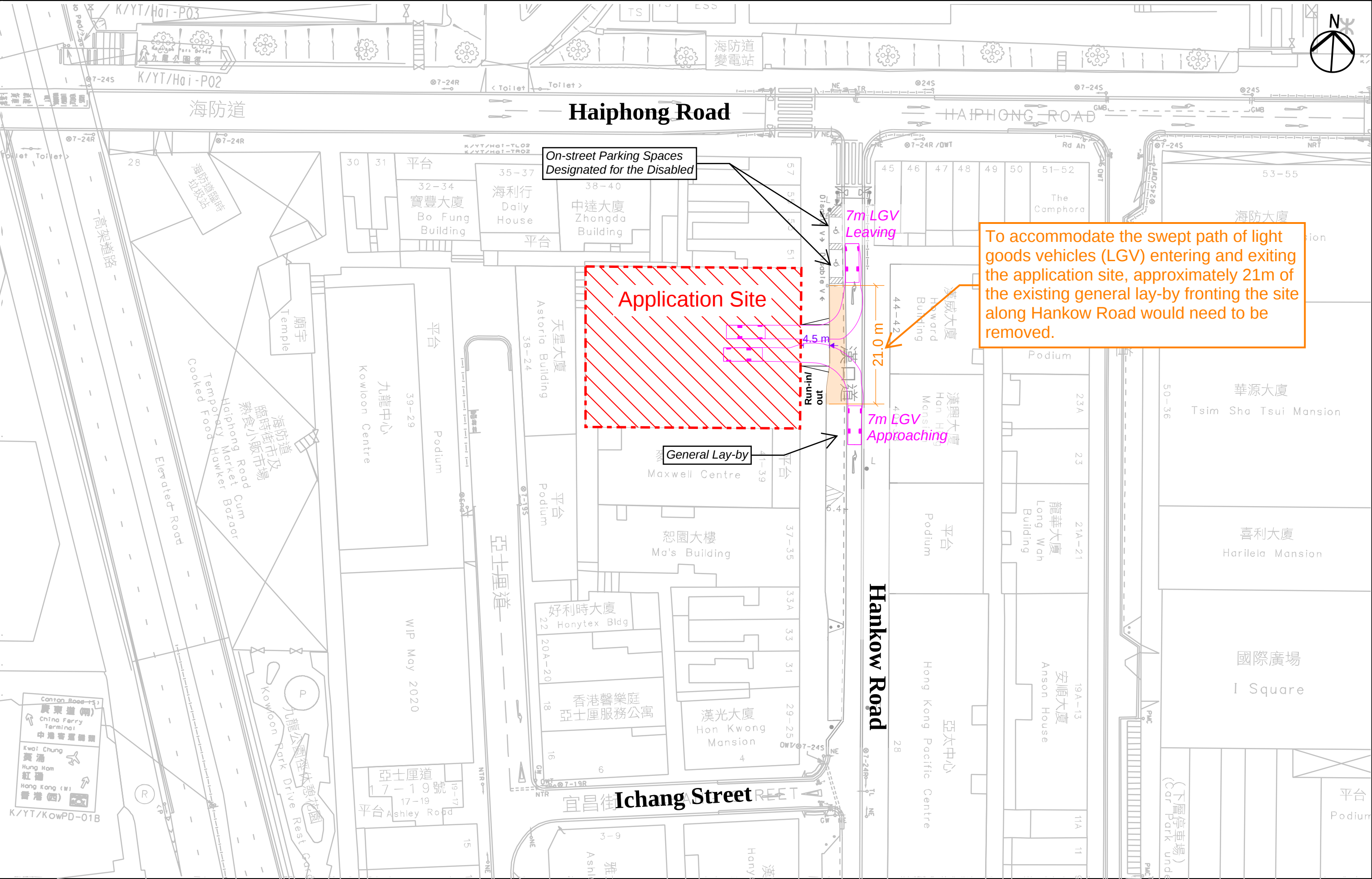
Job No.
294680-02

SCENARIO D - PROVISION OF LIGHT GOODS VEHICLE LOADING / UNLOADING BAYS WITH TURNTABLE
AT CONCEPTUAL GROUND FLOOR

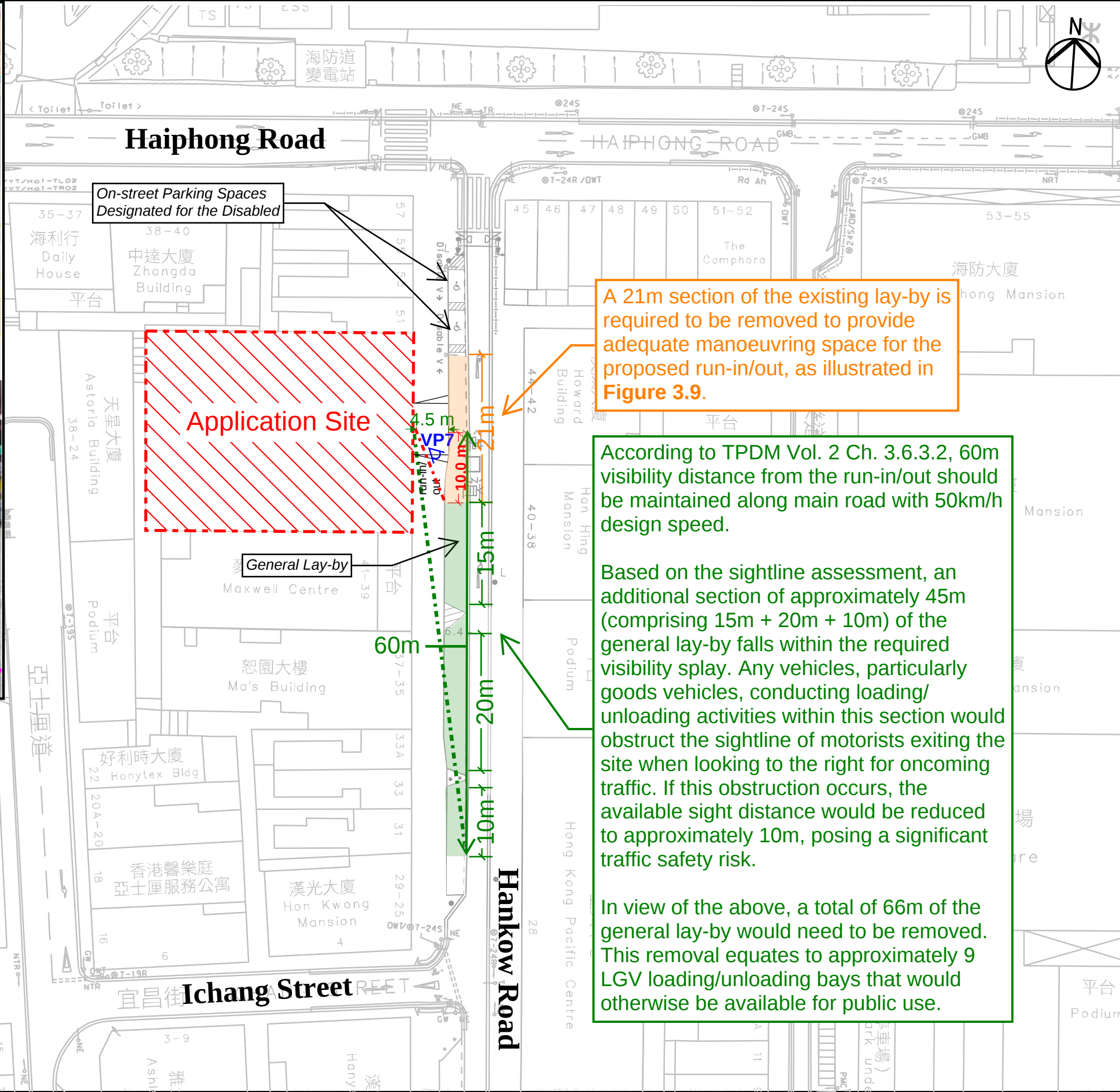
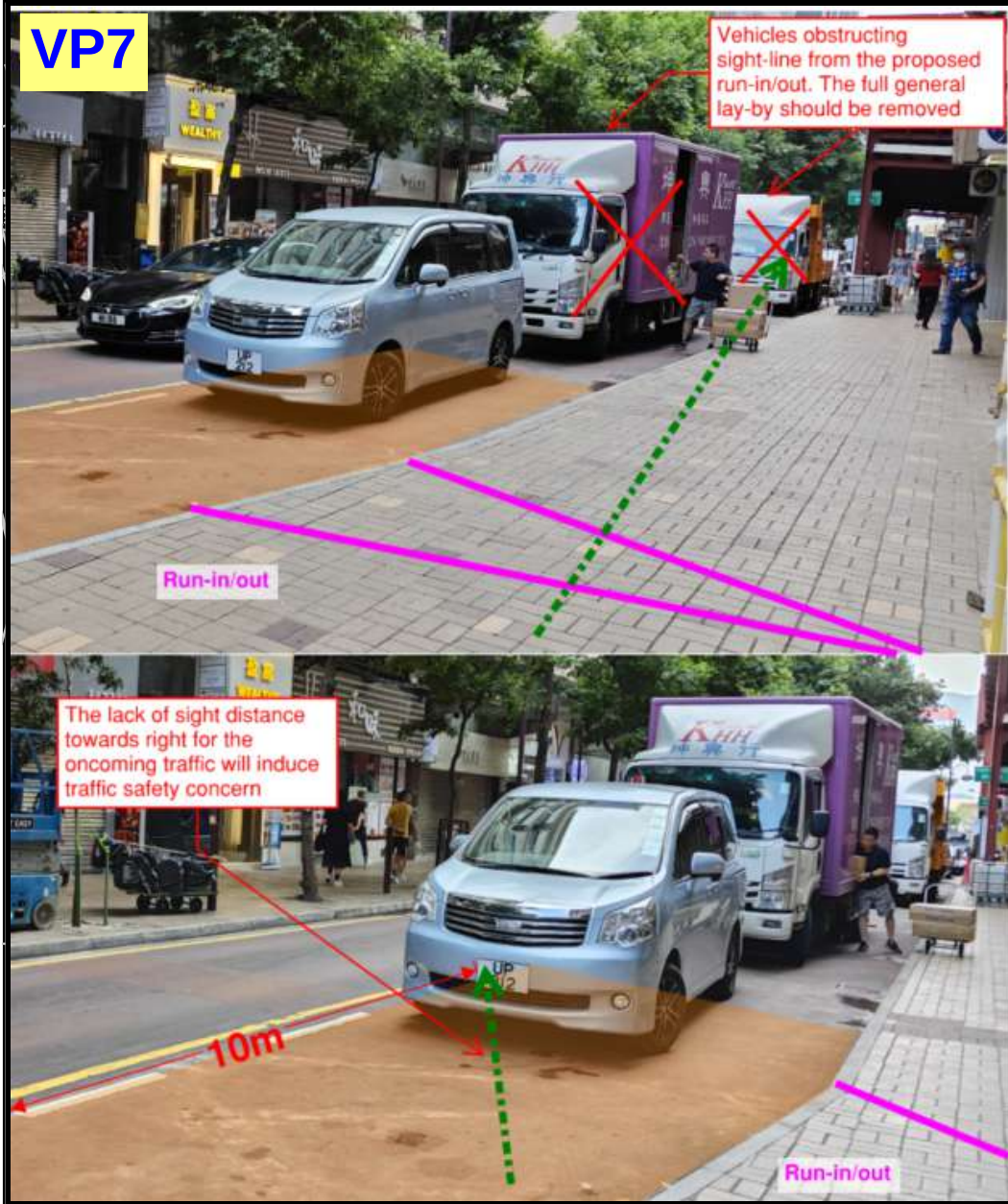
ARUP

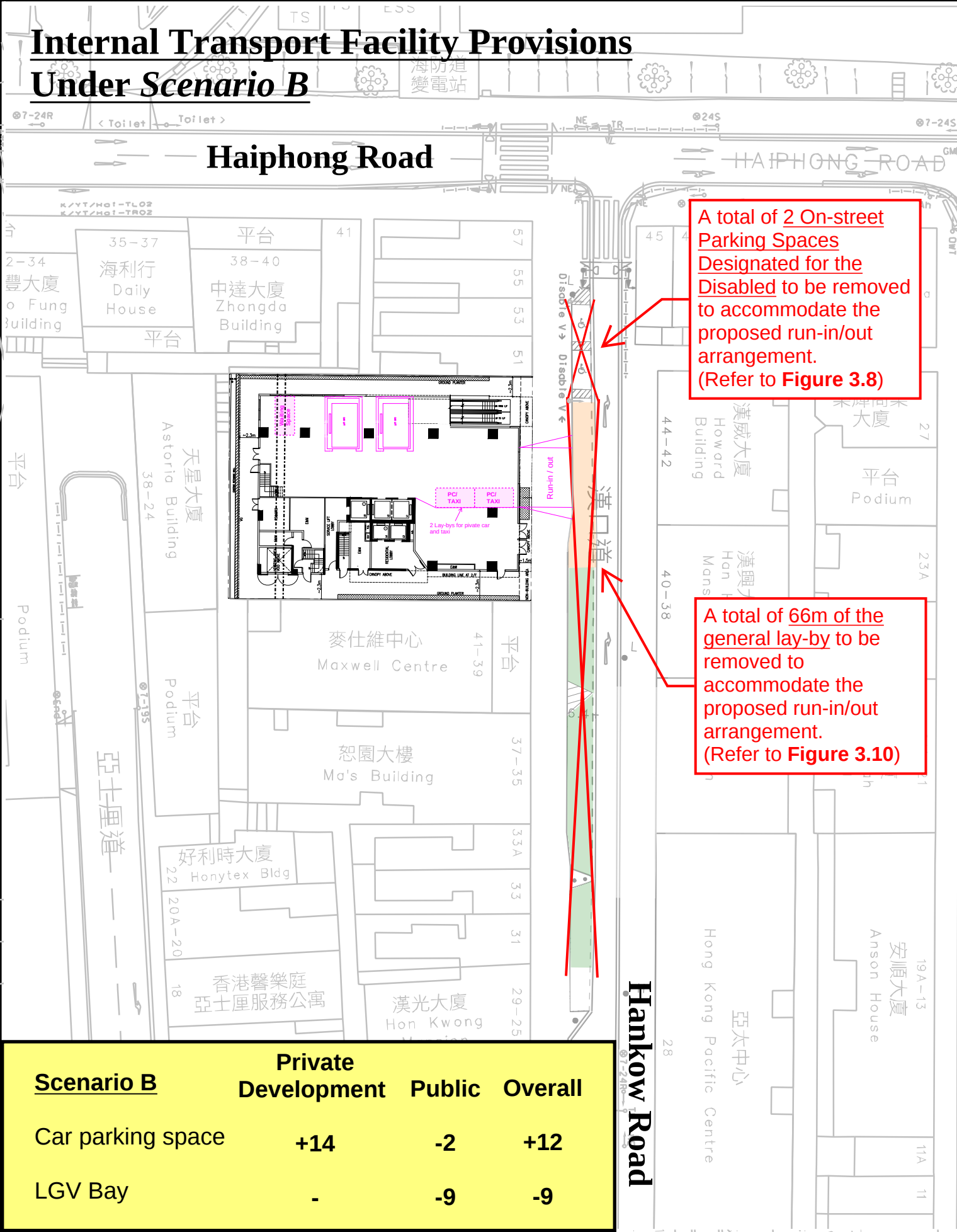


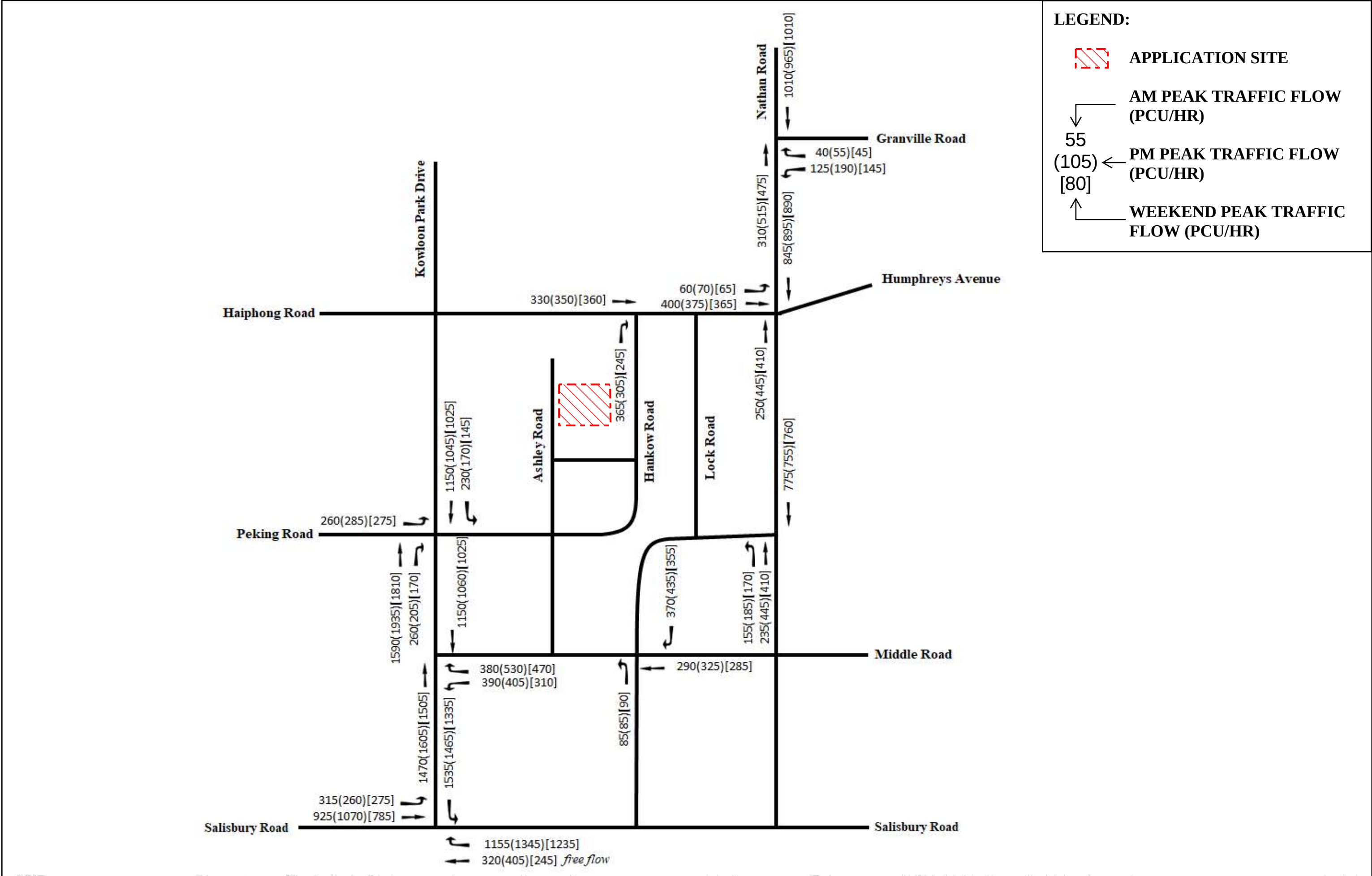
Job Title			SECTION 16 PLANNING APPLICATION FOR PROPOSED FLAT WITH PERMITTED HOTEL, OFFICE AND SHOP & SERVICES/EATING PLACE AT NO. 43 - 49A HANKOW ROAD IN TSIM SHA TSUI		FIGURE 3.7	
Date	Scale	Drawing Title				ARUP
05/2025	1:600 (A3)					
Drawn	Job No.					
WYJL	294680-02	ASSESSMENT ON THE LOCATION OF THE CONCEPTUAL RUN-IN / OUT FROM THE EXISTING SIGNALISED JUNCTION (1 OF 2)				



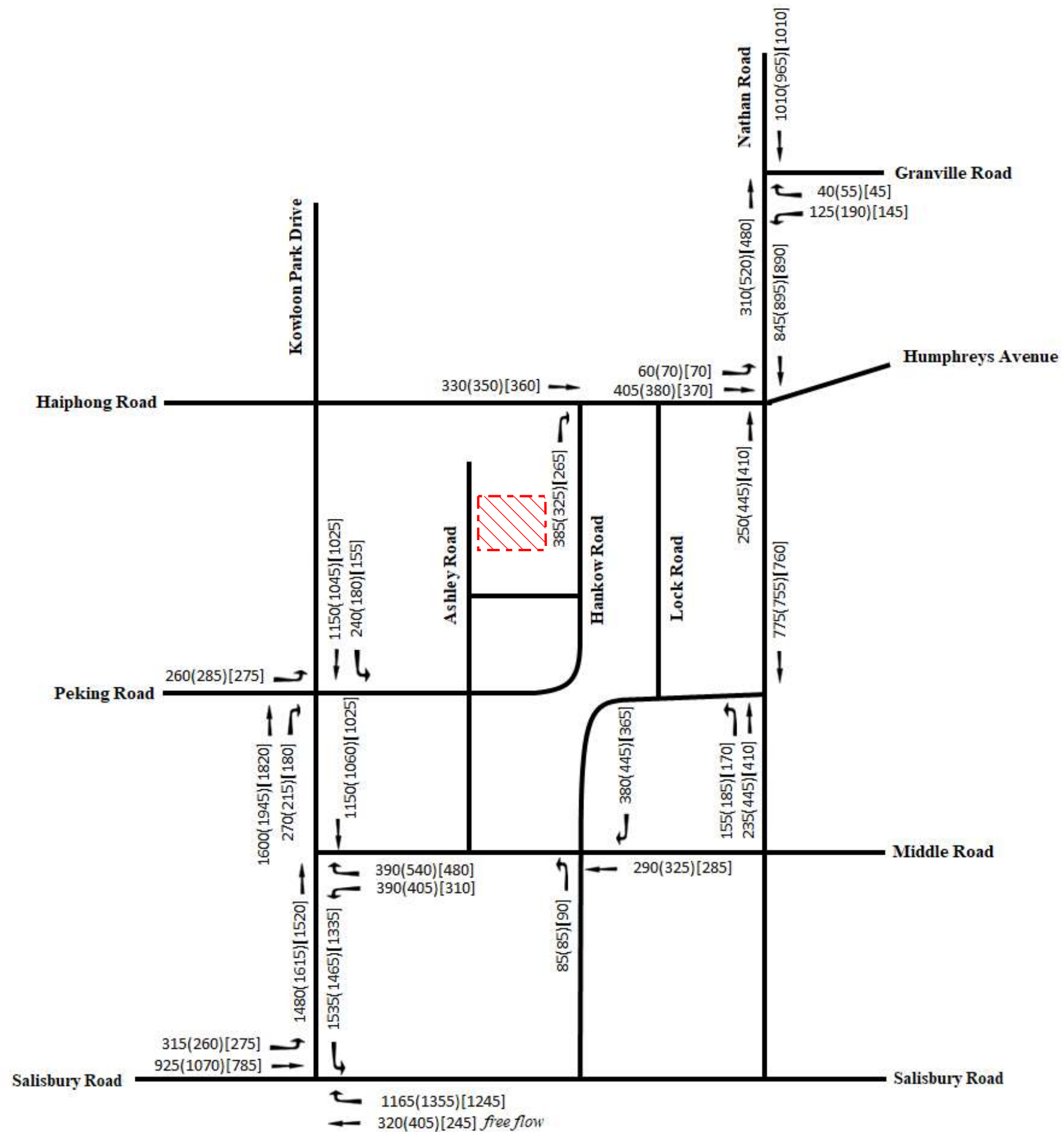
Job Title			SECTION 16 PLANNING APPLICATION FOR PROPOSED FLAT WITH PERMITTED HOTEL, OFFICE AND SHOP & SERVICES/EATING PLACE AT NO. 43 - 49A HANKOW ROAD IN TSIM SHA TSUI		FIGURE 3.9
Date	Scale	Drawing Title			ARUP
05/2025	1:600 (A3)				
Drawn	Job No.				
WYJL	294680-02	SWEPT PATH ANALYSIS FOR 7M LONG LIGHT GOODS VEHICLES ENTERING AND EXITING THE APPLICATION SITE			







Job Title			FIGURE 4.1
SECTION 16 PLANNING APPLICATION FOR PROPOSED FLAT WITH PERMITTED HOTEL, OFFICE AND SHOP & SERVICES/EATING PLACE AT NO. 43 - 49A HANKOW ROAD IN TSIM SHA TSUI			
Date	Scale	Drawing Title	ARUP
05/2025	N.T.S		
Drawn	Job No.		
WYJL	294680-02	YEAR 2032 REFERENCE TRAFFIC FLOW	



Job Title			SECTION 16 PLANNING APPLICATION FOR PROPOSED FLAT WITH PERMITTED HOTEL, OFFICE AND SHOP & SERVICES/EATING PLACE AT NO. 43 - 49A HANKOW ROAD IN TSIM SHA TSUI		FIGURE 4.2	
Date	Scale	Drawing Title				ARUP
05/2025	N.T.S					
Drawn	Job No.					
WYJL	294680-02	YEAR 2032 DESIGN TRAFFIC FLOW				

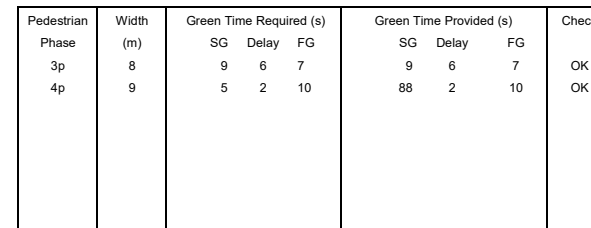
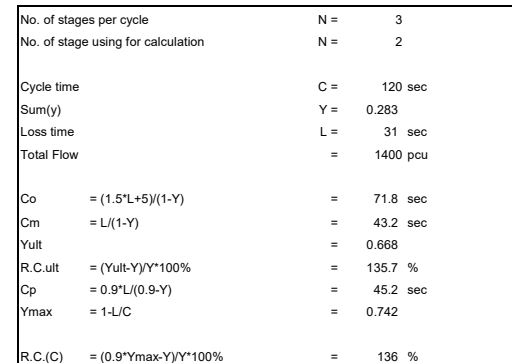
Appendix A

Junction Calculation Sheets

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J1
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FILENAME :

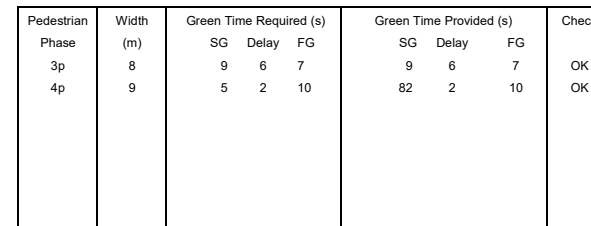
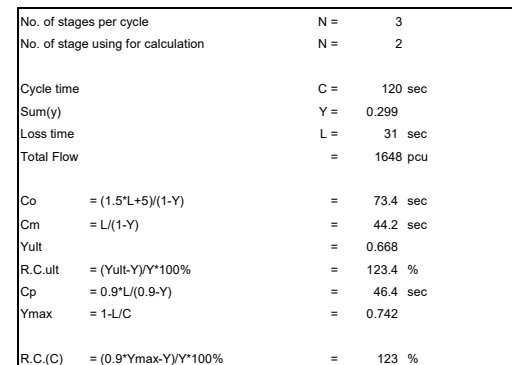


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

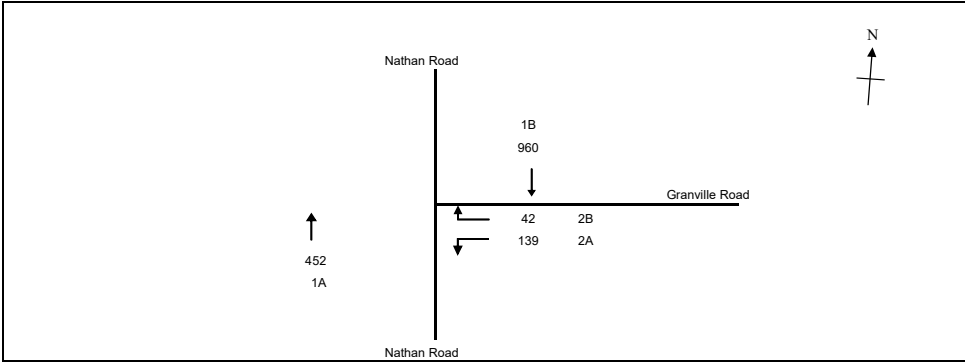
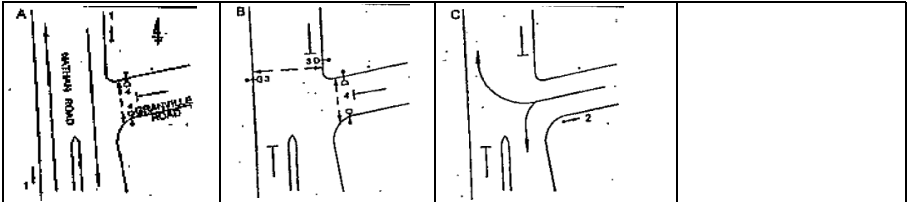
TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J1
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FILENAME :



NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

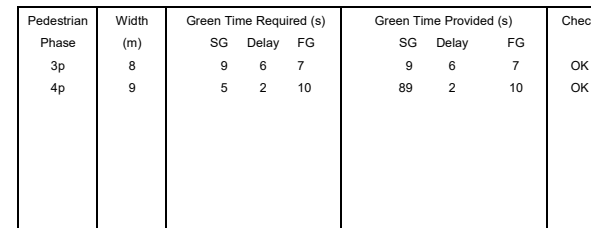
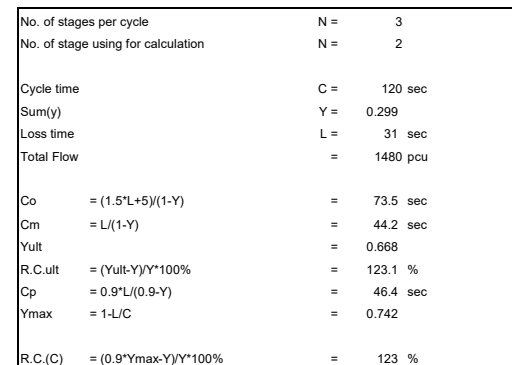
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS										TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION																																																																													
S.16 Planning Application for Proposed Flat with Permitted Hotel, Office and Shop & Service/Eating Place at 43 - 49A Hankow Road in Tsim Sha Tsui										PROJECT NO:	294680-02		JUNCTION NO: J1																																																																										
Nathan Road / Granville Road					2025 Existing Weekend Peak					DATE :	28-May-25		FILENAME :																																																																										
										<table> <tr> <td>No. of stages per cycle</td><td colspan="2">N =</td><td colspan="2">3</td></tr> <tr> <td>No. of stage using for calculation</td><td colspan="2">N =</td><td colspan="2">2</td></tr> <tr> <td>Cycle time</td><td colspan="2">C =</td><td colspan="2">120 sec</td></tr> <tr> <td>Sum(y)</td><td colspan="2">Y =</td><td colspan="2">0.293</td></tr> <tr> <td>Loss time</td><td colspan="2">L =</td><td colspan="2">31 sec</td></tr> <tr> <td>Total Flow</td><td colspan="2"></td><td colspan="2">= 1594 pcu</td></tr> <tr> <td>Co</td><td colspan="2">= (1.5*L+5)/(1-Y)</td><td colspan="2">= 72.8 sec</td></tr> <tr> <td>Cm</td><td colspan="2">= L/(1-Y)</td><td colspan="2">= 43.8 sec</td></tr> <tr> <td>Yult</td><td colspan="2"></td><td colspan="2">= 0.668</td></tr> <tr> <td>R.C.ult</td><td colspan="2">= (Yult-Y)/Y*100%</td><td colspan="2">= 128.1 %</td></tr> <tr> <td>Cp</td><td colspan="2">= 0.9*L/(0.9-Y)</td><td colspan="2">= 45.9 sec</td></tr> <tr> <td>Ymax</td><td colspan="2">= 1-L/C</td><td colspan="2">= 0.742</td></tr> <tr> <td>R.C.(C)</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="2">= (0.9*Ymax-Y)/Y*100%</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="3">= 128 %</td></tr> </table>													No. of stages per cycle	N =		3		No. of stage using for calculation	N =		2		Cycle time	C =		120 sec		Sum(y)	Y =		0.293		Loss time	L =		31 sec		Total Flow			= 1594 pcu		Co	= (1.5*L+5)/(1-Y)		= 72.8 sec		Cm	= L/(1-Y)		= 43.8 sec		Yult			= 0.668		R.C.ult	= (Yult-Y)/Y*100%		= 128.1 %		Cp	= 0.9*L/(0.9-Y)		= 45.9 sec		Ymax	= 1-L/C		= 0.742		R.C.(C)	= (0.9*Ymax-Y)/Y*100%		= 128 %	
No. of stages per cycle	N =		3																																																																																				
No. of stage using for calculation	N =		2																																																																																				
Cycle time	C =		120 sec																																																																																				
Sum(y)	Y =		0.293																																																																																				
Loss time	L =		31 sec																																																																																				
Total Flow			= 1594 pcu																																																																																				
Co	= (1.5*L+5)/(1-Y)		= 72.8 sec																																																																																				
Cm	= L/(1-Y)		= 43.8 sec																																																																																				
Yult			= 0.668																																																																																				
R.C.ult	= (Yult-Y)/Y*100%		= 128.1 %																																																																																				
Cp	= 0.9*L/(0.9-Y)		= 45.9 sec																																																																																				
Ymax	= 1-L/C		= 0.742																																																																																				
R.C.(C)	= (0.9*Ymax-Y)/Y*100%		= 128 %																																																																																				
										<table> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Pedestrian Phase</th><th rowspan="2">Width (m)</th><th colspan="3">Green Time Required (s)</th><th colspan="3">Green Time Provided (s)</th><th rowspan="2">Check</th></tr> <tr> <th>SG</th><th>Delay</th><th>FG</th><th>SG</th><th>Delay</th><th>FG</th></tr> <tr> <td>3p</td><td>8</td><td>9</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>9</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>OK</td></tr> <tr> <td>4p</td><td>9</td><td>5</td><td>2</td><td>10</td><td>87</td><td>2</td><td>10</td><td>OK</td></tr> </table>													Pedestrian Phase	Width (m)	Green Time Required (s)			Green Time Provided (s)			Check	SG	Delay	FG	SG	Delay	FG	3p	8	9	6	7	9	6	7	OK	4p	9	5	2	10	87	2	10	OK																																
Pedestrian Phase	Width (m)	Green Time Required (s)			Green Time Provided (s)			Check																																																																															
		SG	Delay	FG	SG	Delay	FG																																																																																
3p	8	9	6	7	9	6	7	OK																																																																															
4p	9	5	2	10	87	2	10	OK																																																																															
STAGE A		INT= 5		STAGE B		INT= 0		STAGE C		INT= 6		STAGE D		INT=																																																																									
Move-ment	Stage	Lane Width m.	Phase	No. of lane	Radius m.	O	N	Straight-Ahead Sat. Flow	Flow			Total Flow pcu/h	Proportion of Turning Vehicles	Sat. Flow pcu/h	Uphill Gradient %	Short lane Effect pcu/h	Revised Sat. Flow pcu/h	y	Greater y	L sec	g (required) sec	g (input) sec	Degree of Saturation X	Queuing Length m.																																																															
									Left pcu/h	Straight pcu/h	Right pcu/h																																																																												
1A	A	3.00	1	2			N	3970		452		452	0.00	3970			3970	0.114	0.240	9	35	73	0.187	18																																																															
1B	A	3.20	1	2			N	4010		960		960	0.00	4010			4010	0.240			73	73	0.394	38																																																															
2A	C	3.10	3	1	8		N	1925	86			86	1.00	1621			1621	0.053	0.053		16	16	0.398	15																																																															
2A,2B	C	3.10	3	1	10			2065	53		42	95	1.00	1796			1796	0.053			16	16	0.398	17																																																															
PED	B		2																22																																																																				

NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J1
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FILENAME :

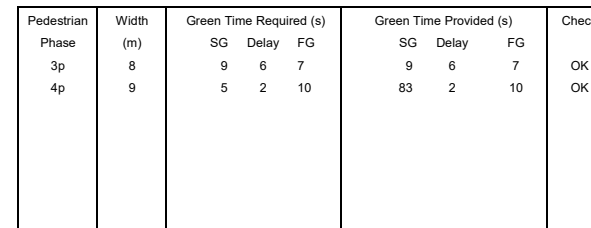
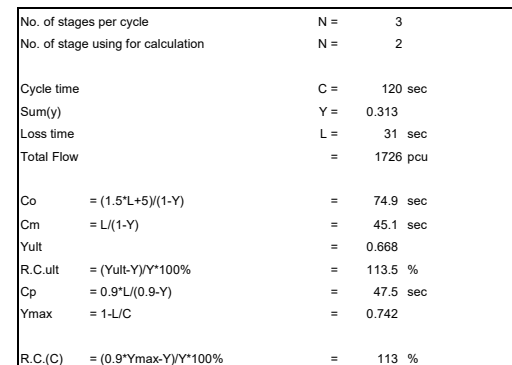


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J1
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FILENAME :

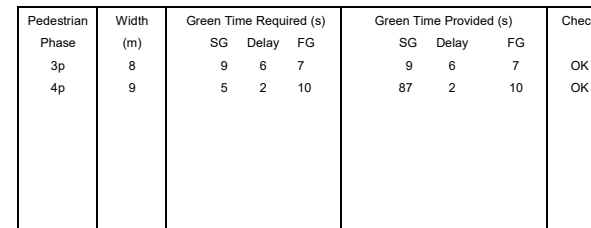
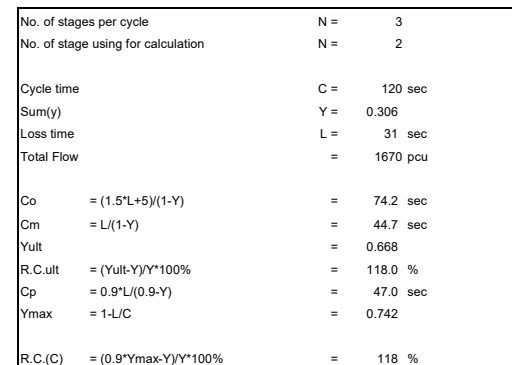


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J1
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FILENAME :

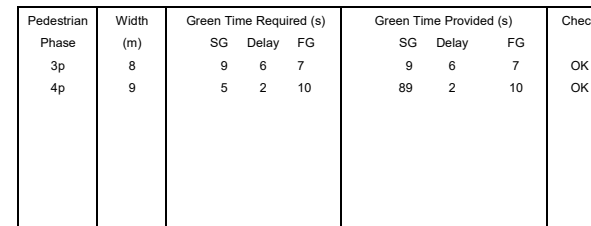
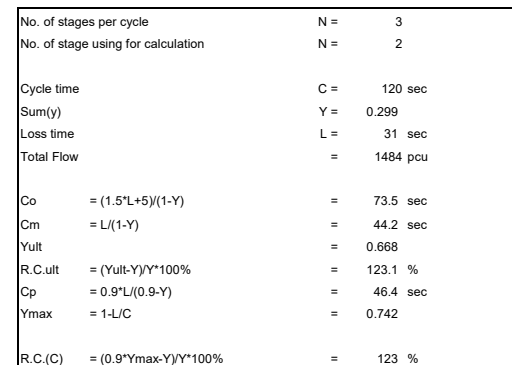


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J1
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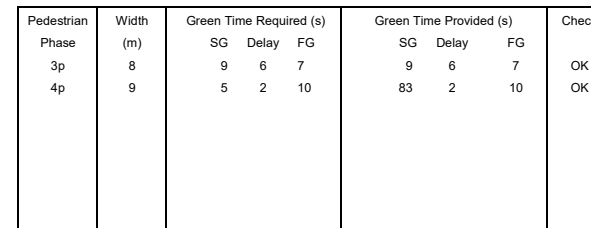
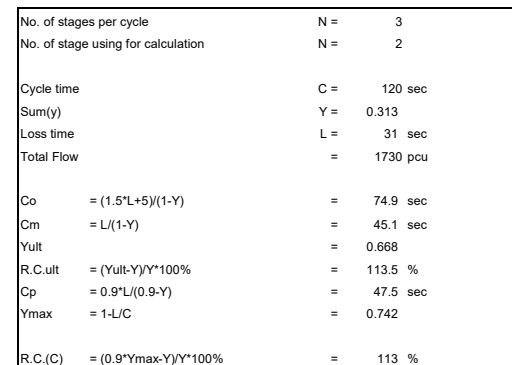


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J1
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FILENAME :

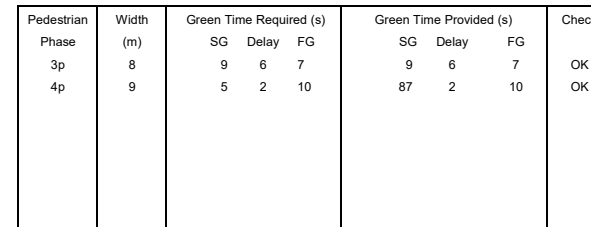
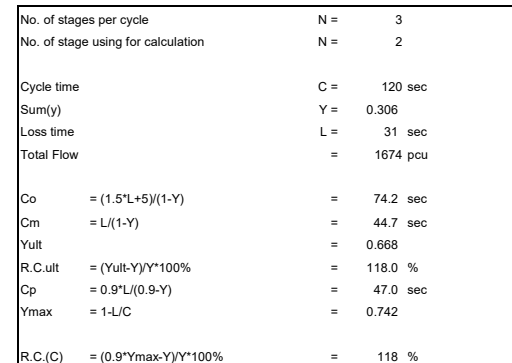


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J1
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FILENAME :

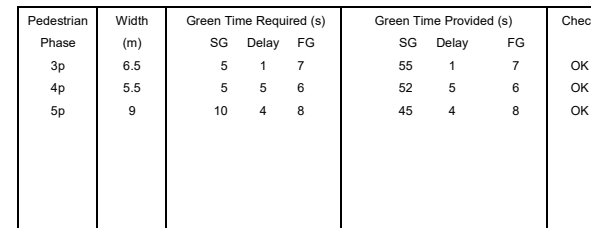
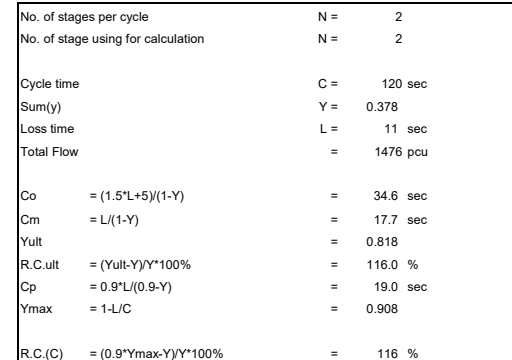


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J2
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FILENAME :

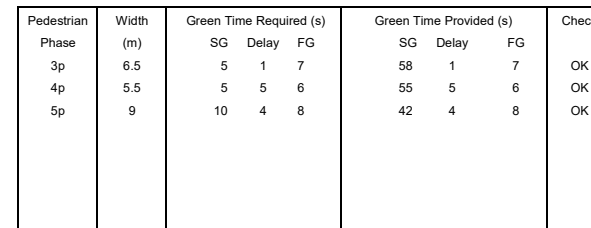
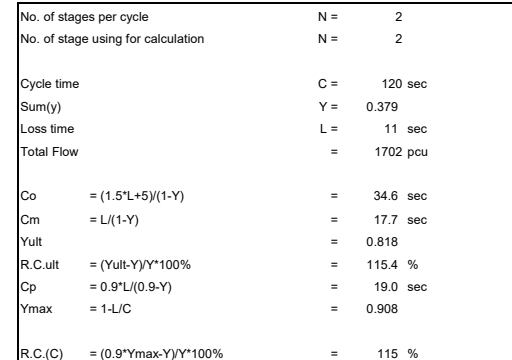


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J2

FILENAME :

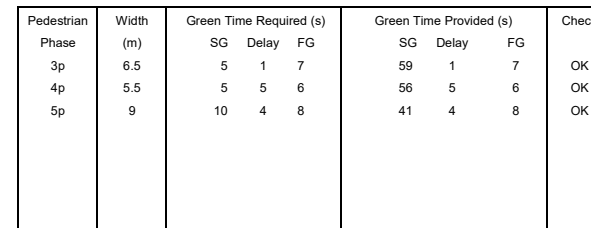
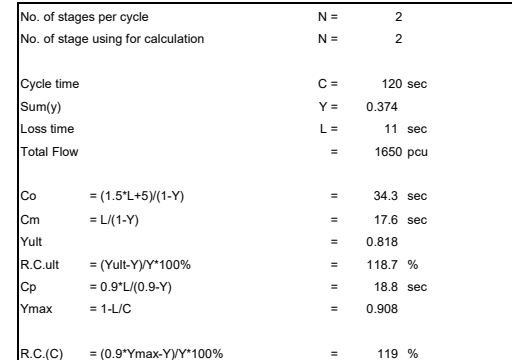


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J2
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FILENAME :

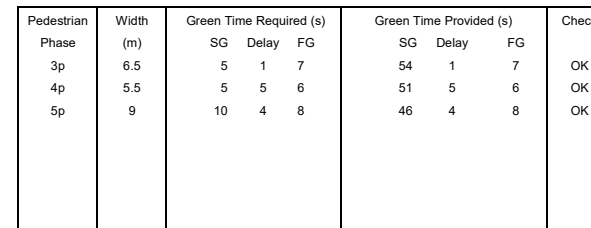
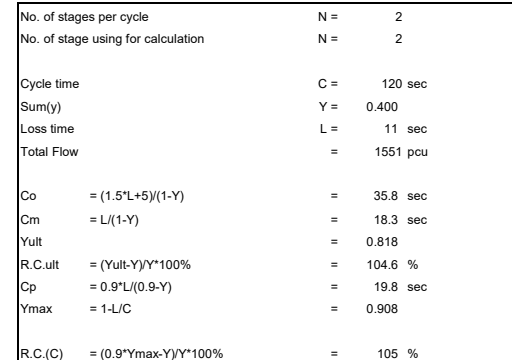


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J2

FILENAME :



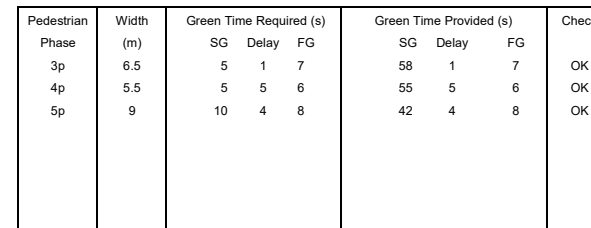
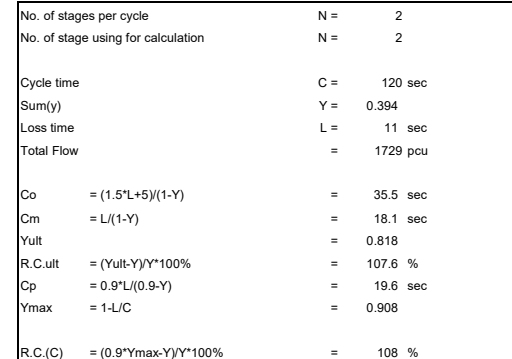
NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

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TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J2

FILENAME :

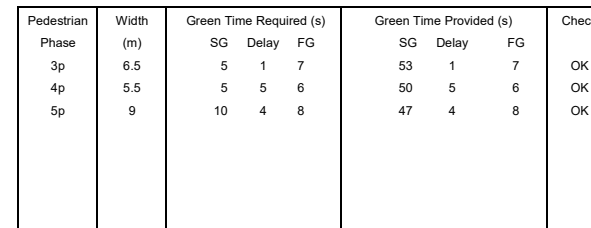
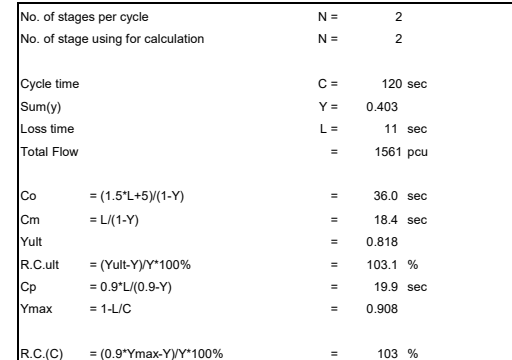


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J2
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FILENAME :

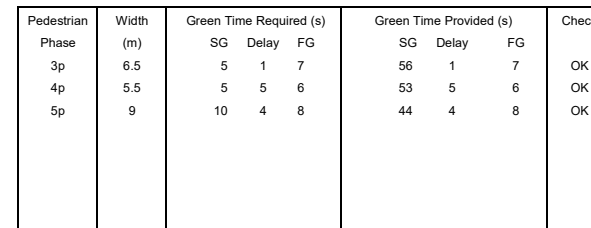
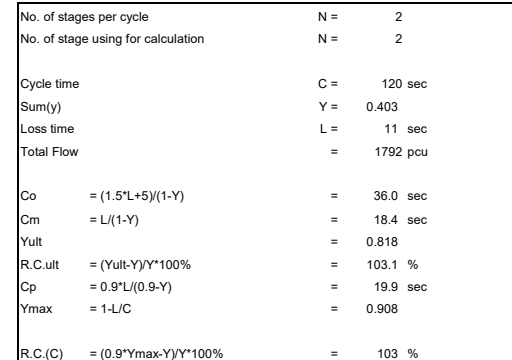


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J2
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FILENAME :



NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

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OVE ARUP & PARTNERS										TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION									
S.16 Planning Application for Proposed Flat with Permitted Hotel, Office and Shop & Service/Eating Place at 43 - 49A Hankow Road in Tsim Sha Tsui										PROJECT NO: 294680-02					JUNCTION NO: J3				
Hankow Road / Haiphong Road					2025 Existing AM Peak					DATE : 28-May-25					FILENAME :				

No. of stages per cycle	N = 2
No. of stage using for calculation	N = 2
Cycle time	C = 120 sec
Sum(y)	Y = 0.254
Loss time	L = 8 sec
Total Flow	= 638 pcu
Co	= (1.5*L+5)/(1-Y) = 22.8 sec
Cm	= L/(1-Y) = 10.7 sec
Yult	= 0.840
R.C.ult	= (Yult-Y)/Y*100% = 230.4 %
Cp	= 0.9*L/(0.9-Y) = 11.1 sec
Ymax	= 1-L/C = 0.933
R.C.(C)	= (0.9*Ymax-Y)/Y*100% = 230 %

A	B		
STAGE A	INT= 5	STAGE B	INT= 5
STAGE C	INT=	STAGE D	INT=

Pedestrian Phase	Width (m)	Green Time Required (s)			Green Time Provided (s)			Check
		SG	Delay	FG	SG	Delay	FG	
3p	4	5	3	5	31	3	5	OK
4p	6	5	3	7	71	3	7	OK

Move-ment	Stage	Lane Width m.	Phase	No. of lane	Radius m.	O	N	Straight-Ahead Sat. Flow	Flow			Total Flow pcu/h	Proportion of Turning Vehicles	Sat. Flow pcu/h	Uphill Gradient %	Short lane Effect pcu/h	Revised Sat. Flow pcu/h	y	Greater y	L sec	g (required) sec	g (input) sec	Degree of Saturation X	Queuing Length m.
									Left pcu/h	Straight pcu/h	Right pcu/h													
1	A	3.20	1	2			N	4010		321		321	0.00	4010			4010	0.080	0.080	8	35	35	0.274	23
2	B	4.00	2	1	14		N	2015		317		317	1.00	1820			1820	0.174	0.174		77	77	0.271	23

NOTE : O - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS										TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION									
S.16 Planning Application for Proposed Flat with Permitted Hotel, Office and Shop & Service/Eating Place at 43 - 49A Hankow Road in Tsim Sha Tsui										PROJECT NO: 294680-02					JUNCTION NO: J3				
Hankow Road / Haiphong Road					2025 Existing PM Peak					DATE : 28-May-25					FILENAME :				

No. of stages per cycle	N =	2
No. of stage using for calculation	N =	2
Cycle time	C =	120 sec
Sum(y)	Y =	0.230
Loss time	L =	8 sec
Total Flow	=	602 pcu
Co	= (1.5*L+5)/(1-Y)	= 22.1 sec
Cm	= L/(1-Y)	= 10.4 sec
Yult	=	0.840
R.C.ult	= (Yult-Y)/Y*100%	= 265.3 %
Cp	= 0.9*L/(0.9-Y)	= 10.7 sec
Ymax	= 1-L/C	= 0.933
R.C.(C)	= (0.9*Ymax-Y)/Y*100%	= 265 %

A	B		
STAGE A	INT= 5	STAGE B	INT= 5
STAGE C	INT=	STAGE D	INT=

Pedestrian Phase	Width (m)	Green Time Required (s)			Green Time Provided (s)			Check
		SG	Delay	FG	SG	Delay	FG	
3p	4	5	3	5	37	3	5	OK
4p	6	5	3	7	65	3	7	OK

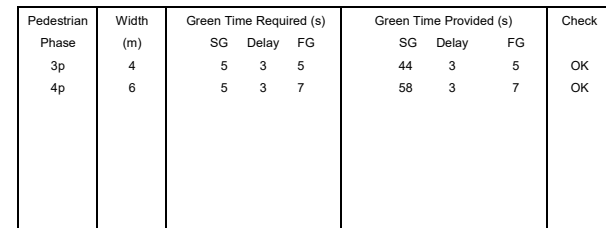
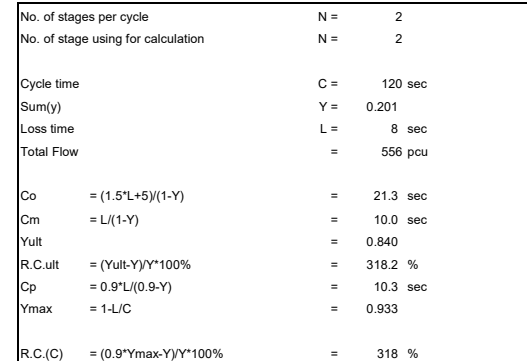
Move-ment	Stage	Lane Width m.	Phase	No. of lane	Radius m.	O	N	Straight-Ahead Sat. Flow	Flow			Total Flow pcu/h	Proportion of Turning Vehicles	Sat. Flow pcu/h	Uphill Gradient %	Short lane Effect pcu/h	Revised Sat. Flow pcu/h	y	Greater y	L sec	g (required) sec	g (input) sec	Degree of Saturation X	Queuing Length m.
									Left pcu/h	Straight pcu/h	Right pcu/h													
1	A	3.20	1	2			N	4010				336	0.00	4010			4010	0.084	0.084	8	41	41	0.246	22
2	B	4.00	2	1	14		N	2015				266	1.00	1820			1820	0.146	0.146		71	71	0.247	22

NOTE : O - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J3

FILENAME :



NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS										TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION														
S.16 Planning Application for Proposed Flat with Permitted Hotel, Office and Shop & Service/Eating Place at 43 - 49A Hankow Road in Tsim Sha Tsui										PROJECT NO: 294680-02					JUNCTION NO: J3									
Hankow Road / Haiphong Road										2032 Reference AM Peak					DATE : 28-May-25					FILENAME :				

No. of stages per cycle	N = 2
No. of stage using for calculation	N = 2
Cycle time	C = 120 sec
Sum(y)	Y = 0.282
Loss time	L = 8 sec
Total Flow	= 696 pcu
Co	= (1.5*L+5)/(1-Y) = 23.7 sec
Cm	= L/(1-Y) = 11.1 sec
Yult	= 0.840
R.C.ult	= (Yult-Y)/Y*100% = 197.4 %
Cp	= 0.9*L/(0.9-Y) = 11.7 sec
Ymax	= 1-L/C = 0.933
R.C.(C)	= (0.9*Ymax-Y)/Y*100% = 197 %

A	B		
STAGE A	INT= 5	STAGE B	INT= 5

Pedestrian Phase	Width (m)	Green Time Required (s)			Green Time Provided (s)			Check
		SG	Delay	FG	SG	Delay	FG	
3p	4	5	3	5	29	3	5	OK
4p	6	5	3	7	73	3	7	OK

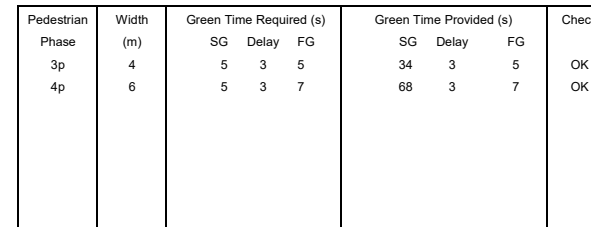
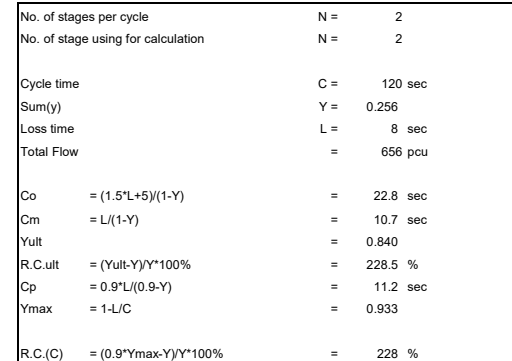
Move-ment	Stage	Lane Width m.	Phase	No. of lane	Radius m.	O	N	Straight-Ahead Sat. Flow	Flow			Total Flow pcu/h	Proportion of Turning Vehicles	Sat. Flow pcu/h	Uphill Gradient %	Short lane Effect pcu/h	Revised Sat. Flow pcu/h	y	Greater y	L sec	g (required) sec	g (input) sec	Degree of Saturation X	Queuing Length m.
									Left pcu/h	Straight pcu/h	Right pcu/h													
1	A	3.20	1	2			N	4010		332		332	0.00	4010			4010	0.083	0.083	8	33	33	0.301	24
2	B	4.00	2	1	14		N	2015		363		363	1.00	1820			1820	0.200	0.200		79	79	0.303	25

NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J3

FILENAME :



NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS										TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION									
S.16 Planning Application for Proposed Flat with Permitted Hotel, Office and Shop & Service/Eating Place at 43 - 49A Hankow Road in Tsim Sha Tsui										PROJECT NO: 294680-02					JUNCTION NO: J3				
Hankow Road / Haiphong Road					2032 Reference Weekend Peak					DATE : 28-May-25					FILENAME :				

No. of stages per cycle	N = 2
No. of stage using for calculation	N = 2
Cycle time	C = 120 sec
Sum(y)	Y = 0.226
Loss time	L = 8 sec
Total Flow	= 607 pcu
Co	= (1.5*L+5)/(1-Y) = 22.0 sec
Cm	= L/(1-Y) = 10.3 sec
Yult	= 0.840
R.C.ult	= (Yult-Y)/Y*100% = 272.4 %
Cp	= 0.9*L/(0.9-Y) = 10.7 sec
Ymax	= 1-L/C = 0.933
R.C.(C)	= (0.9*Ymax-Y)/Y*100% = 272 %

A	B		
STAGE A	INT= 5	STAGE B	INT= 5
STAGE C	INT=	STAGE D	INT=

Pedestrian Phase	Width (m)	Green Time Required (s)			Green Time Provided (s)			Check
		SG	Delay	FG	SG	Delay	FG	
3p	4	5	3	5	41	3	5	OK
4p	6	5	3	7	61	3	7	OK

Move-ment	Stage	Lane Width m.	Phase	No. of lane	Radius m.	O	N	Straight-Ahead Sat. Flow	Flow			Total Flow pcu/h	Proportion of Turning Vehicles	Sat. Flow pcu/h	Uphill Gradient %	Short lane Effect pcu/h	Revised Sat. Flow pcu/h	y	Greater y	L sec	g (required) sec	g (input) sec	Degree of Saturation X	Queuing Length m.
									Left pcu/h	Straight pcu/h	Right pcu/h													
1	A	3.20	1	2			N	4010				361	0.00	4010			4010	0.090	0.090	8	45	45	0.240	23
2	B	4.00	2	1	14		N	2015				247	1.00	1820			1820	0.136	0.136		67	67	0.243	22

NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS										TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION														
S.16 Planning Application for Proposed Flat with Permitted Hotel, Office and Shop & Service/Eating Place at 43 - 49A Hankow Road in Tsim Sha Tsui										PROJECT NO: 294680-02					JUNCTION NO: J3									
Hankow Road / Haiphong Road										2032 Design AM Peak					DATE : 28-May-25					FILENAME :				

No. of stages per cycle	N =	2
No. of stage using for calculation	N =	2
Cycle time	C =	120 sec
Sum(y)	Y =	0.293
Loss time	L =	8 sec
Total Flow	=	716 pcu
Co	= (1.5*L+5)/(1-Y)	= 24.1 sec
Cm	= L/(1-Y)	= 11.3 sec
Yult	=	0.840
R.C.ult	= (Yult-Y)/Y*100%	= 186.2 %
Cp	= 0.9*L/(0.9-Y)	= 11.9 sec
Ymax	= 1-L/C	= 0.933
R.C.(C)	= (0.9*Ymax-Y)/Y*100%	= 186 %

A	B		
STAGE A	INT= 5	STAGE B	INT= 5
STAGE C	INT=	STAGE D	INT=

Pedestrian Phase	Width (m)	Green Time Required (s)			Green Time Provided (s)			Check
		SG	Delay	FG	SG	Delay	FG	
3p	4	5	3	5	28	3	5	OK
4p	6	5	3	7	74	3	7	OK

Move-ment	Stage	Lane Width m.	Phase	No. of lane	Radius m.	O	N	Straight-Ahead Sat. Flow	Flow			Total Flow pcu/h	Proportion of Turning Vehicles	Sat. Flow pcu/h	Uphill Gradient %	Short lane Effect pcu/h	Revised Sat. Flow pcu/h	y	Greater y	L sec	g (required) sec	g (input) sec	Degree of Saturation X	Queuing Length m.
									Left pcu/h	Straight pcu/h	Right pcu/h													
1	A	3.20	1	2			N	4010		332		332	0.00	4010			4010	0.083	0.083	8	32	32	0.311	24
2	B	4.00	2	1	14		N	2015		383		383	1.00	1820			1820	0.211	0.211		80	80	0.316	26

NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS										TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION														
S.16 Planning Application for Proposed Flat with Permitted Hotel, Office and Shop & Service/Eating Place at 43 - 49A Hankow Road in Tsim Sha Tsui										PROJECT NO: 294680-02					JUNCTION NO: J3									
Hankow Road / Haiphong Road										2032 Design PM Peak					DATE : 28-May-25					FILENAME :				

No. of stages per cycle	N =	2
No. of stage using for calculation	N =	2
Cycle time	C =	120 sec
Sum(y)	Y =	0.267
Loss time	L =	8 sec
Total Flow	=	676 pcu
Co	= (1.5*L+5)/(1-Y)	= 23.2 sec
Cm	= L/(1-Y)	= 10.9 sec
Yult	=	0.840
R.C.ult	= (Yult-Y)/Y*100%	= 214.9 %
Cp	= 0.9*L/(0.9-Y)	= 11.4 sec
Ymax	= 1-L/C	= 0.933
R.C.(C)	= (0.9*Ymax-Y)/Y*100%	= 215 %

A	B		
STAGE A	INT= 5	STAGE B	INT= 5

Pedestrian Phase	Width (m)	Green Time Required (s)			Green Time Provided (s)			Check
		SG	Delay	FG	SG	Delay	FG	
3p	4	5	3	5	32	3	5	OK
4p	6	5	3	7	70	3	7	OK

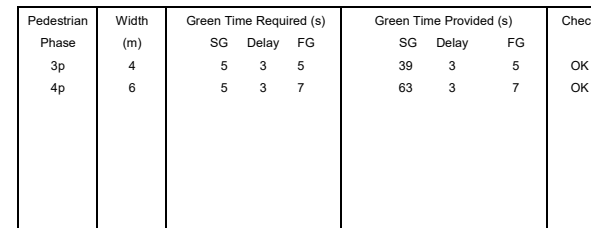
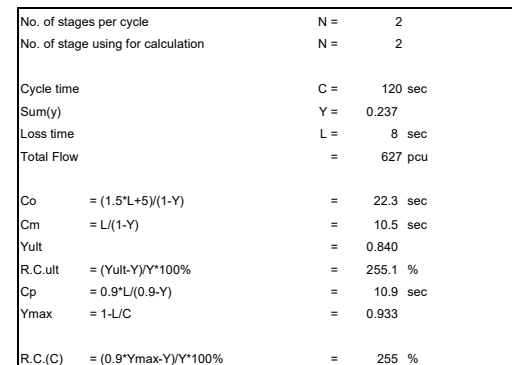
Move-ment	Stage	Lane Width m.	Phase	No. of lane	Radius m.	O	N	Straight-Ahead Sat. Flow	Flow			Total Flow pcu/h	Proportion of Turning Vehicles	Sat. Flow pcu/h	Uphill Gradient %	Short lane Effect pcu/h	Revised Sat. Flow pcu/h	y	Greater y	L sec	g (required) sec	g (input) sec	Degree of Saturation X	Queuing Length m.
									Left pcu/h	Straight pcu/h	Right pcu/h													
1	A	3.20	1	2			N	4010		348		348	0.00	4010			4010	0.087	0.087	8	36	36	0.290	24
2	B	4.00	2	1	14		N	2015		327		327	1.00	1820			1820	0.180	0.180		76	76	0.284	24

NOTE : O - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J3

FILENAME :

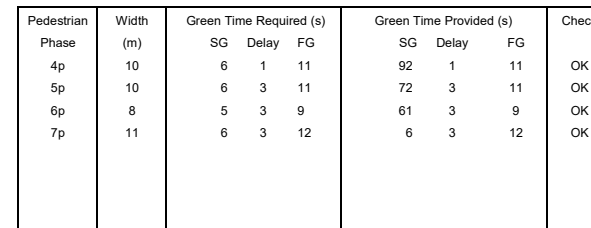
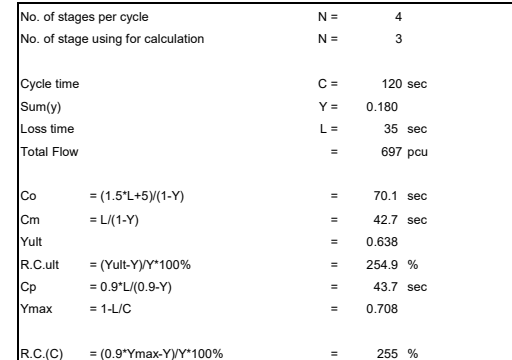


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J4

FILENAME :	
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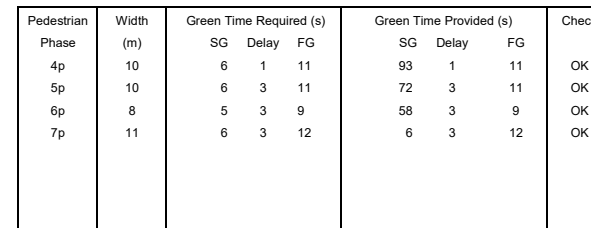
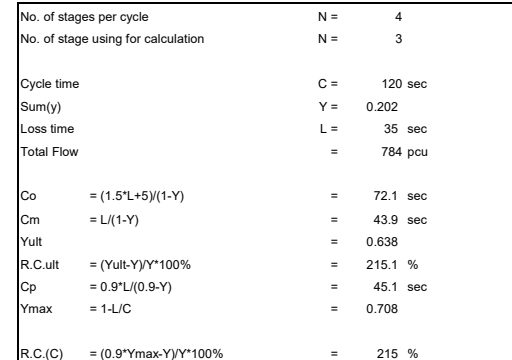


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J4

FILENAME :	
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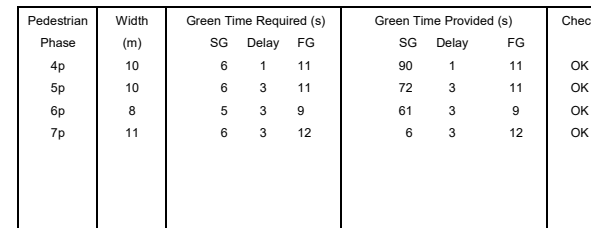
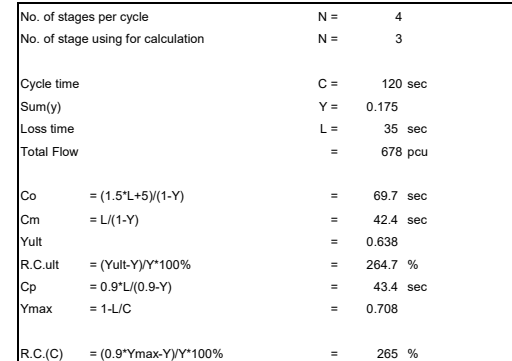


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J4

FILENAME :	
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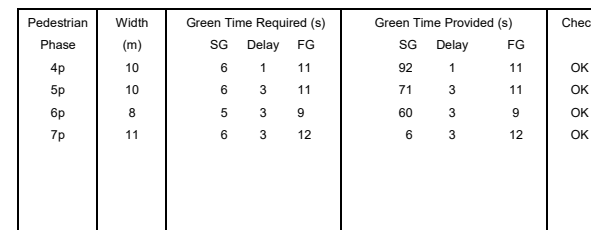
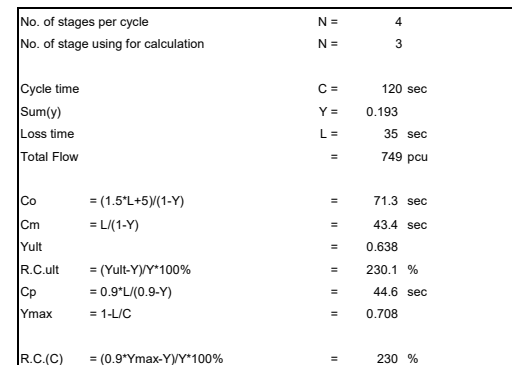


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J4

FILENAME :

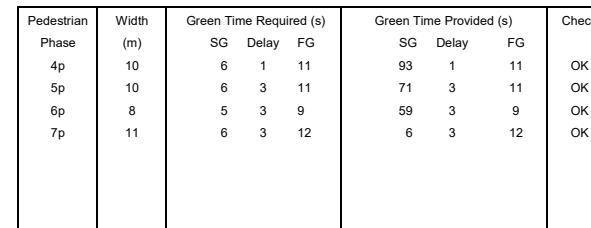
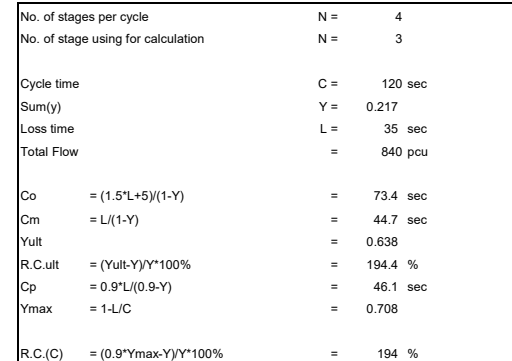


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J4

FILENAME :	
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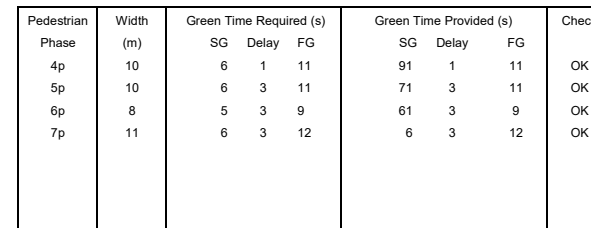
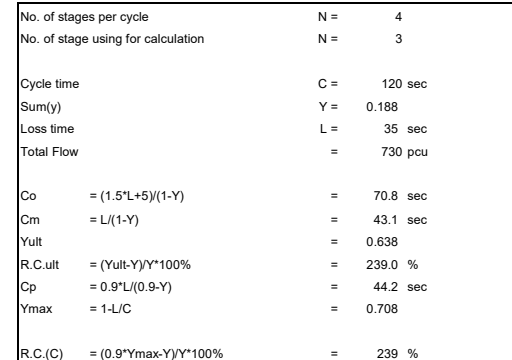


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J4

FILENAME :	
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NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

S.16 Planning Application for Proposed Flat with Permitted Hotel, Office and Shop & Service/Eating Place at 43 - 49A Hankow Road in Tsim Sha Tsui

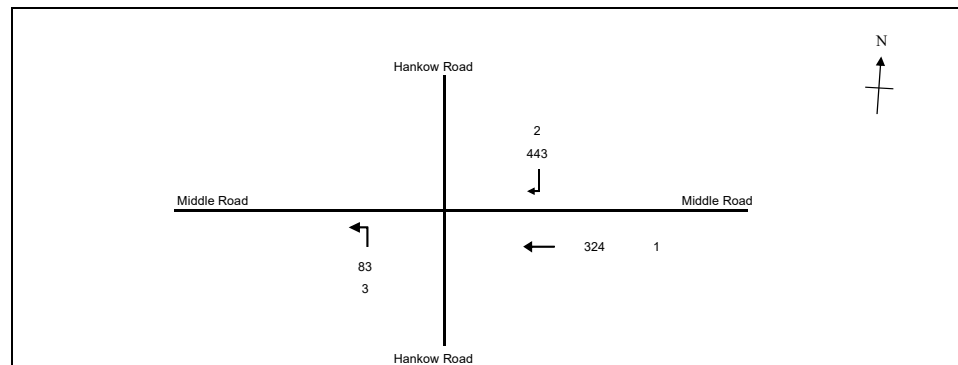
PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J4
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Hankow Road / Middle Road

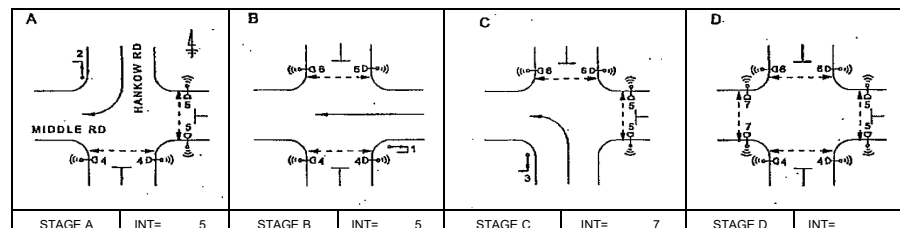
2032 Design PM Peak

DATE :	28-May-25
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FILENAME :



No. of stages per cycle	N =	4
No. of stage using for calculation	N =	3
Cycle time	C =	120 sec
Sum(y)	Y =	0.219
Loss time	L =	35 sec
Total Flow	=	850 pcu
Co	= $(1.5 \cdot L + 5) / (1 - Y)$	= 73.6 sec
Cm	= $L / (1 - Y)$	= 44.8 sec
Yult	=	0.638
R.C.ult	= $(Yult - Y) / Y \cdot 100\%$	= 190.8 %
Cp	= $0.9 \cdot L / (0.9 - Y)$	= 46.3 sec
Ymax	= $1 - L / C$	= 0.708
R.C.(C)	= $(0.9 \cdot Ymax - Y) / Y \cdot 100\%$	= 191 %



Pedestrian Phase	Width (m)	Green Time Required (s)			Green Time Provided (s)			Check
		SG	Delay	FG	SG	Delay	FG	
4p	10	6	1	11	93	1	11	OK
5p	10	6	3	11	72	3	11	OK
6p	8	5	3	9	58	3	9	OK
7p	11	6	3	12	6	3	12	OK

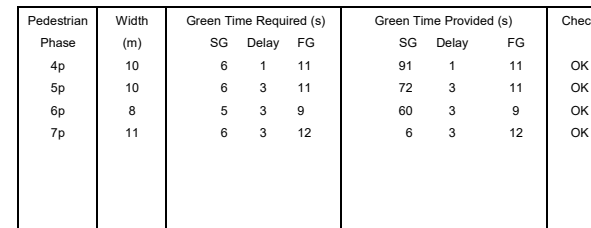
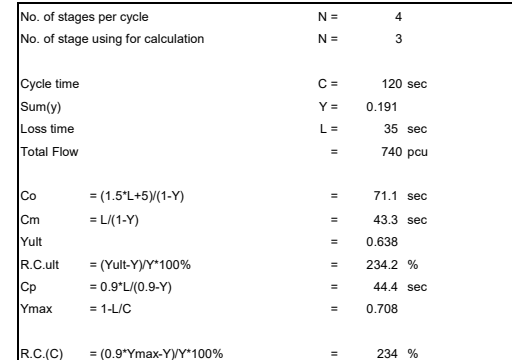
Move- ment	Stage	Lane Width m.	Phase	No. of lane	Radius m.	O	N	Straight- Ahead Sat. Flow	Flow			Total Flow pcu/h	Proportion of Turning Vehicles	Sat. Flow pcu/h	Uphill Gradient %	Short lane Effect pcu/h	Revised Sat. Flow pcu/h	y	Greater y	L sec	g (required) sec	g (input) sec	Degree of Saturation X	Queue Length m.
									Left pcu/h	Straight pcu/h	Right pcu/h													
2	A	3.60	1	2	16		N	4090			443	443	1.00	3739			3739	0.118	0.118	14	46	46	0.309	27
1	B	3.30	2	2			N	4030		324		324	0.00	4030	115		4145	0.078	0.078		30	30	0.313	24
3	C	2.60	3	2	16			4030	83			83	1.00	3685			3685	0.022	0.022		9	9	0.300	8
PED	D		4																21					

NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J4

FILENAME :

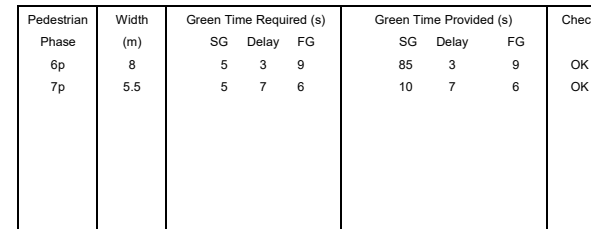
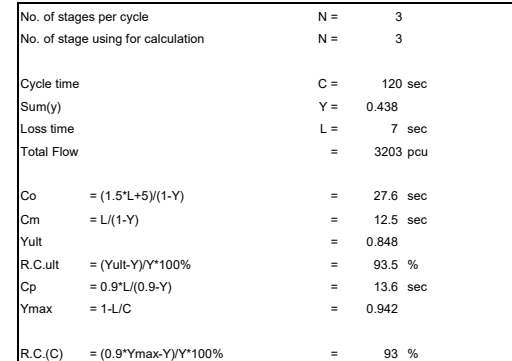


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J5

FILENAME :

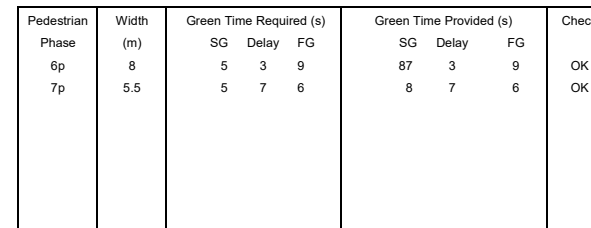
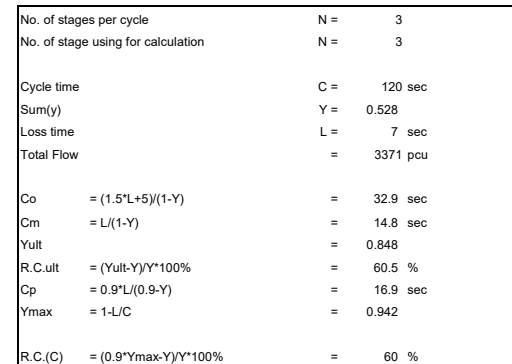


NOTE : 'O - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J5

FILENAME :	
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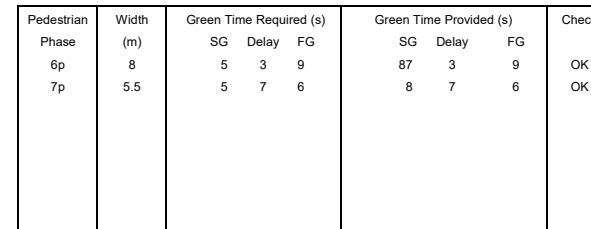
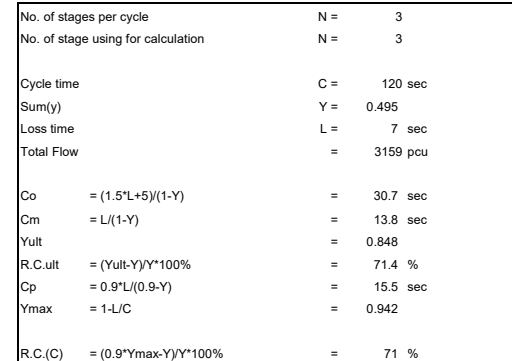


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J5

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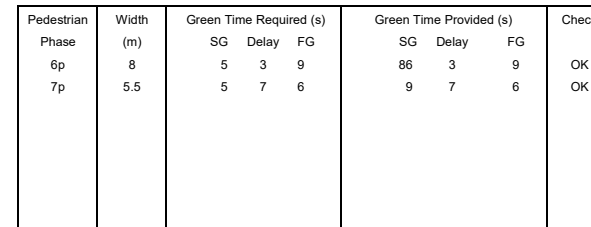
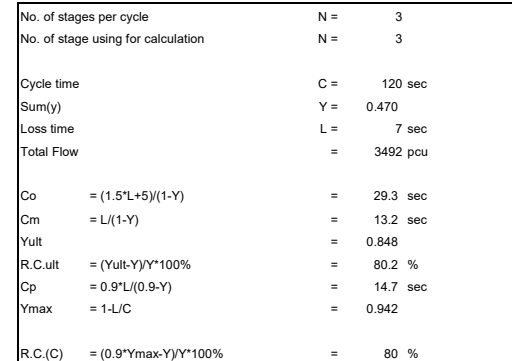


NOTE : 'O - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J5

FILENAME :	
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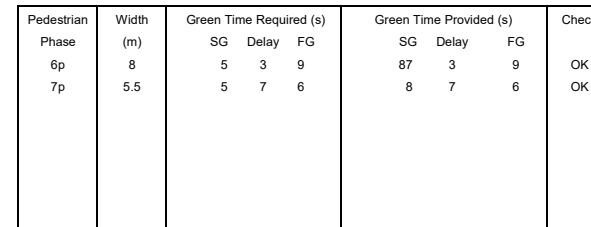
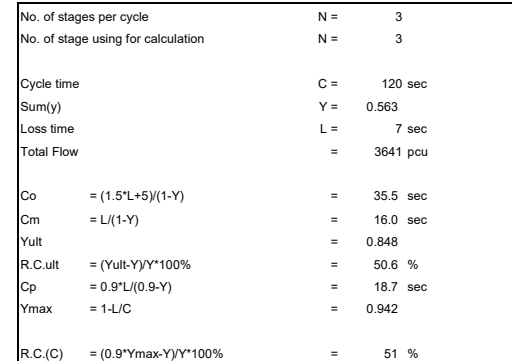


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J5

FILENAME :	
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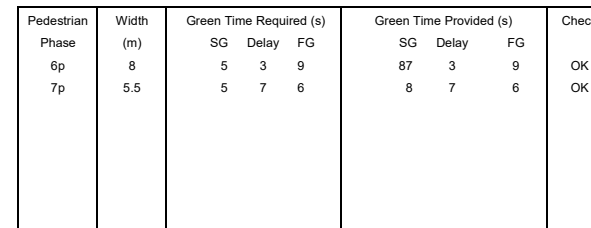
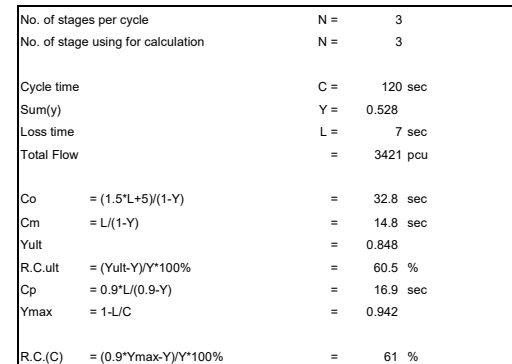


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J5

FILENAME :	
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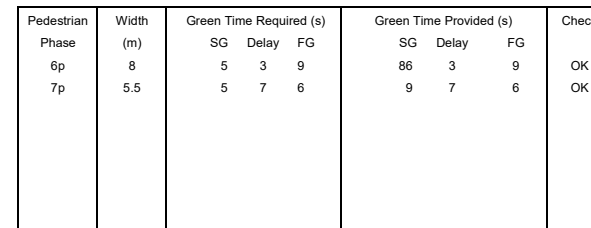
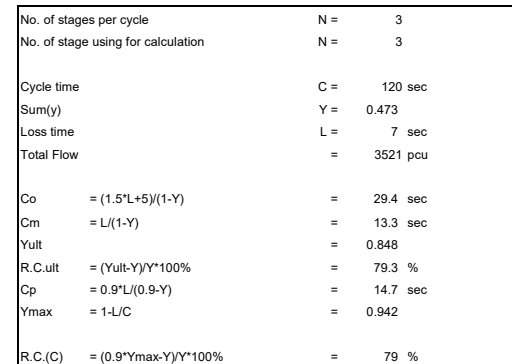


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J5

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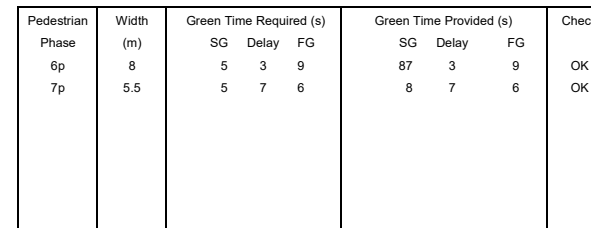
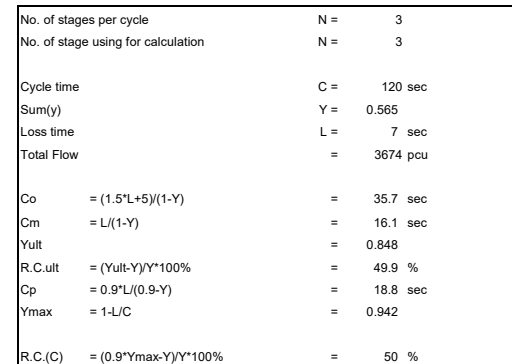


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J5

FILENAME :	
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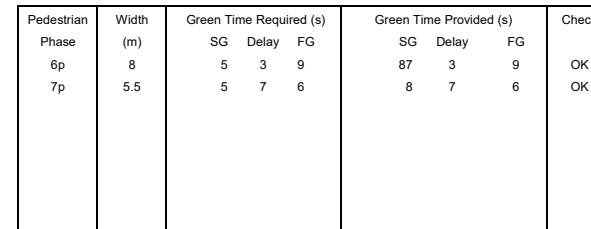
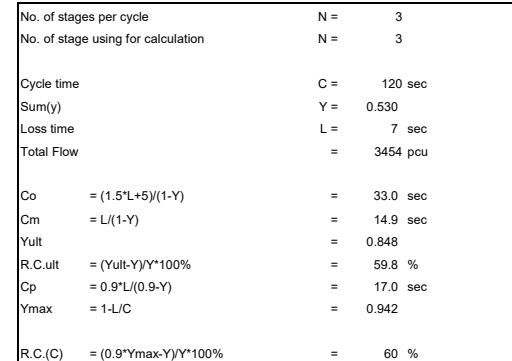


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J5

FILENAME :

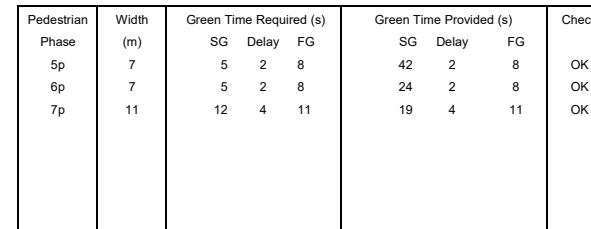
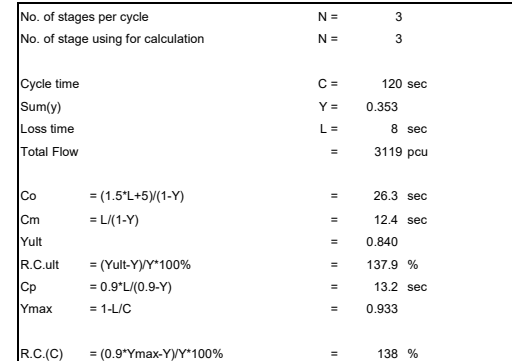


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J6

FILENAME :

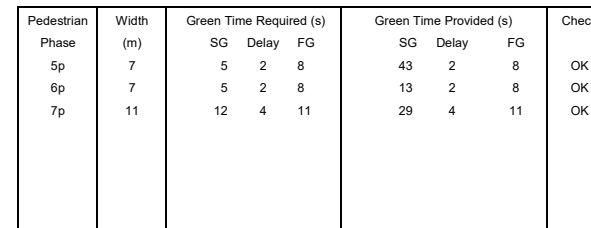
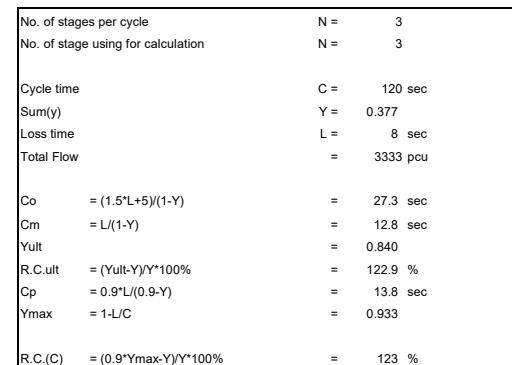


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J6
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FILENAME :

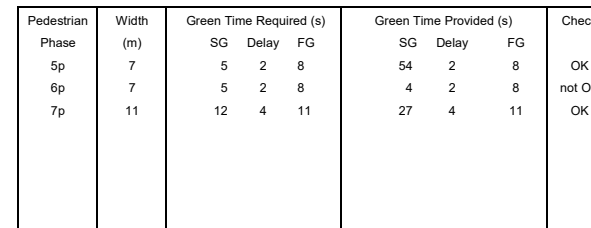
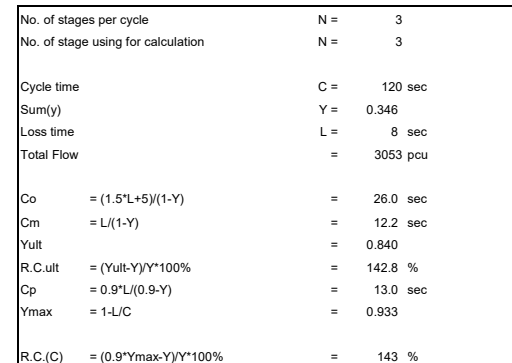


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J6

FILENAME :	
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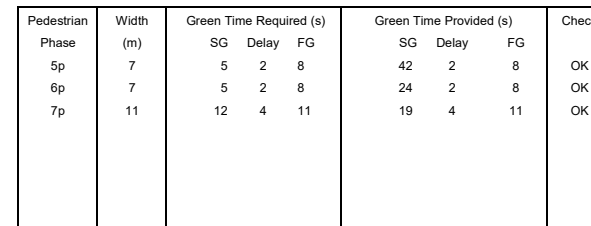
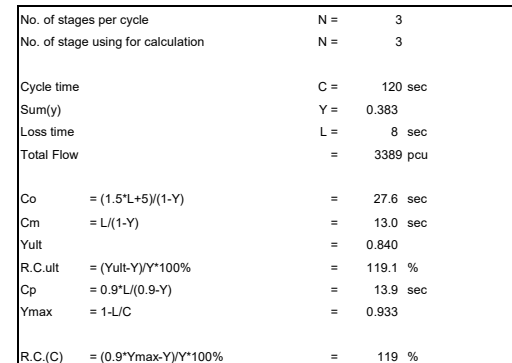


NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J6
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FILENAME :

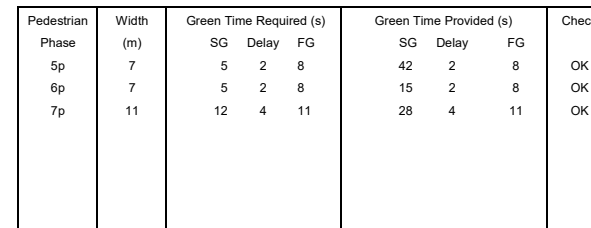
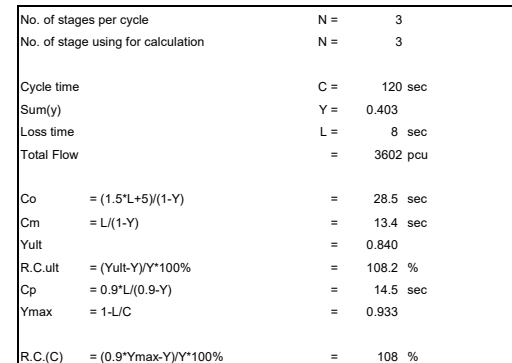


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TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J6

FILENAME :	
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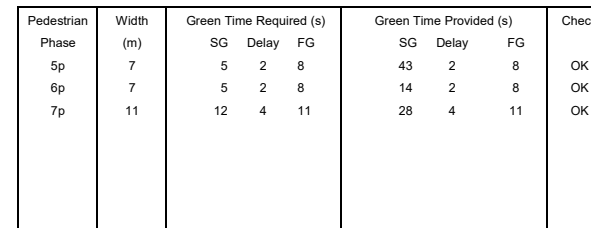
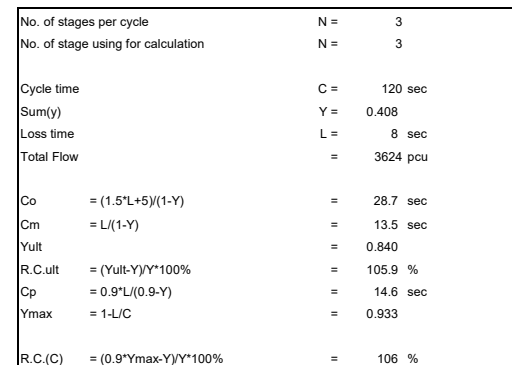


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TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J6

FILENAME :



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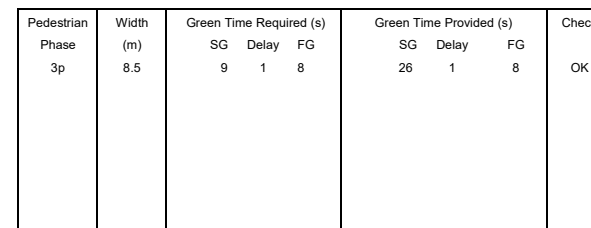
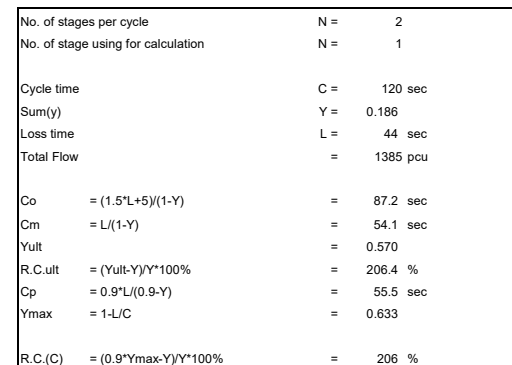
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OVE ARUP & PARTNERS										TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION														
S.16 Planning Application for Proposed Flat with Permitted Hotel, Office and Shop & Service/Eating Place at 43 - 49A Hankow Road in Tsim Sha Tsui										PROJECT NO: 294680-02					JUNCTION NO: J7									
Nathan Road / Peking Road										2025 Existing PM Peak					DATE : 28-May-25					FILENAME :				
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TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J7

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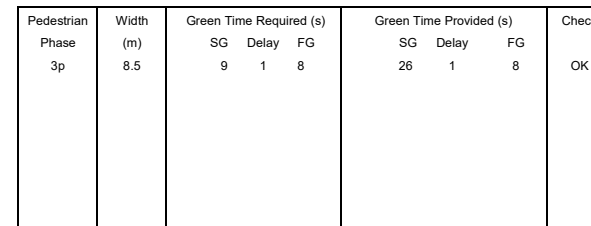
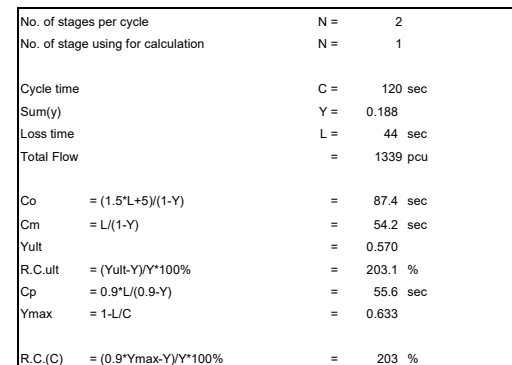


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TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J7
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FILENAME :



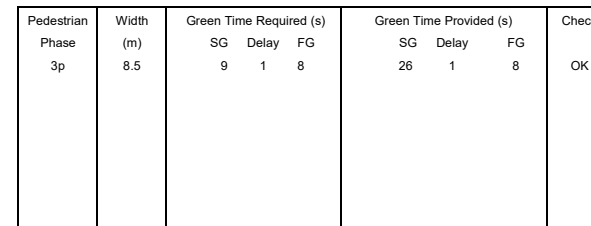
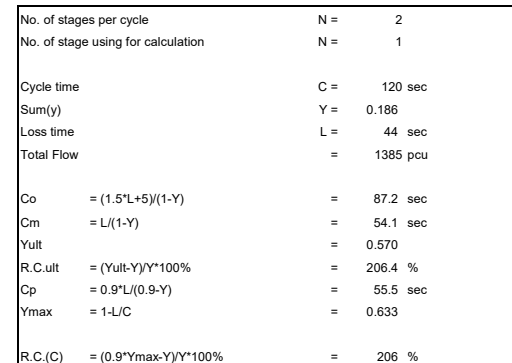
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S.16 Planning Application for Proposed Flat with Permitted Hotel, Office and Shop & Service/Eating Place at 43 - 49A Hankow Road in Tsim Sha Tsui										PROJECT NO: 294680-02					JUNCTION NO: J7									
Nathan Road / Peking Road										2032 Design AM Peak					DATE : 28-May-25					FILENAME :				
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TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J7

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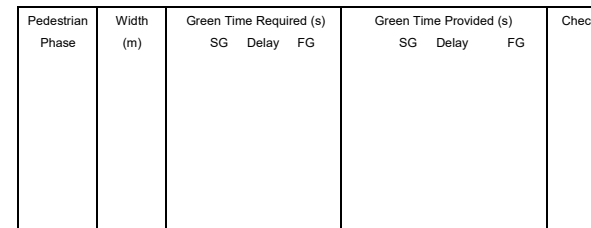
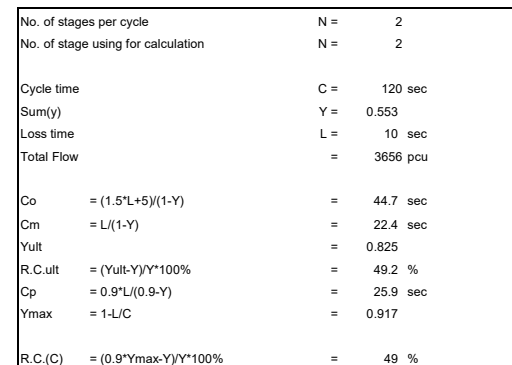
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S.16 Planning Application for Proposed Flat with Permitted Hotel, Office and Shop & Service/Eating Place at 43 - 49A Hankow Road in Tsim Sha Tsui										PROJECT NO: 294680-02					JUNCTION NO: J7									
Nathan Road / Peking Road										2032 Design Weekend Peak					DATE : 28-May-25					FILENAME :				
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TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J8
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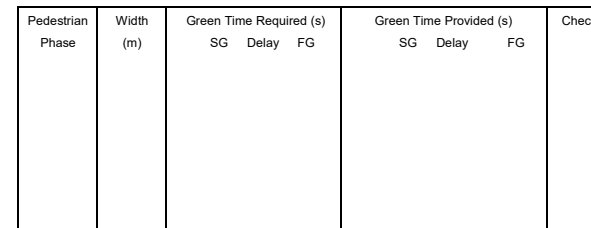
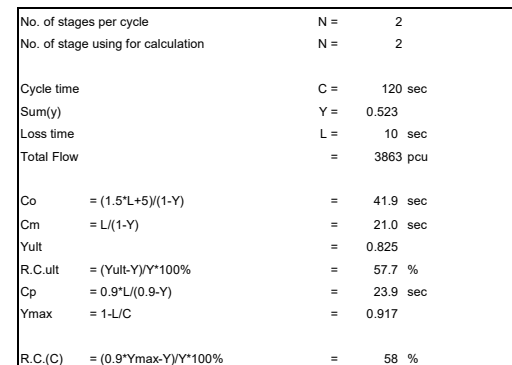


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TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

JUNCTION NO: J8

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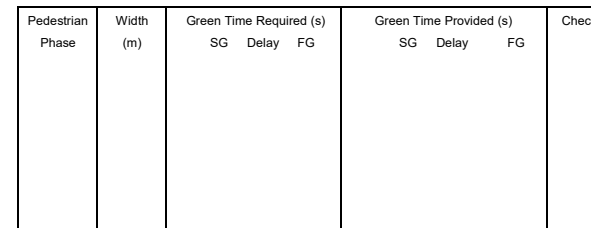
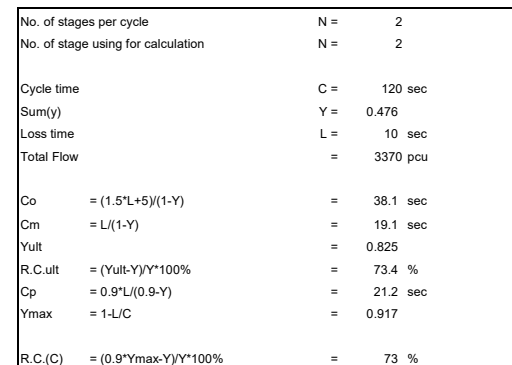


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TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J8
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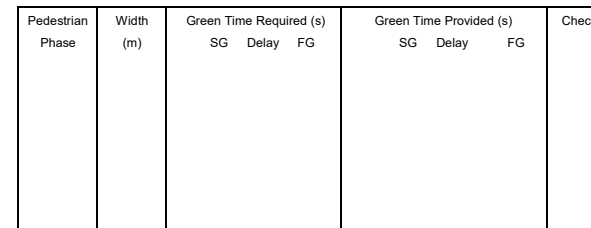
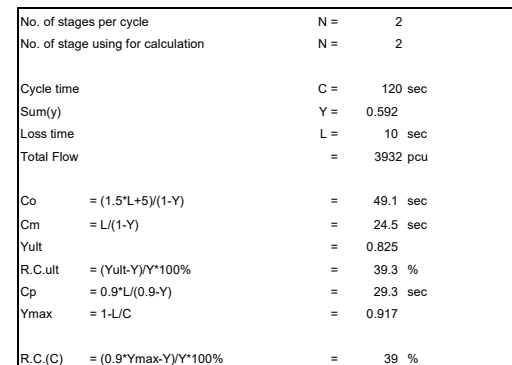


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TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

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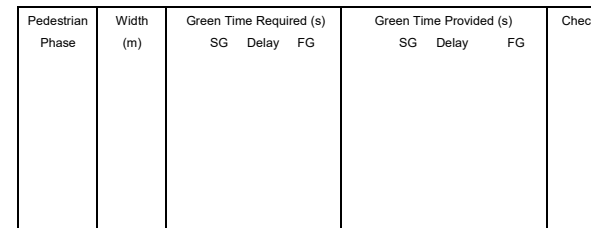
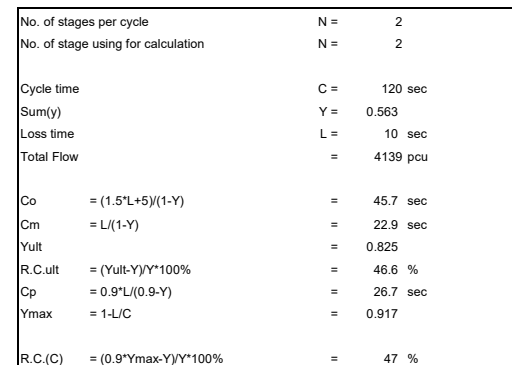


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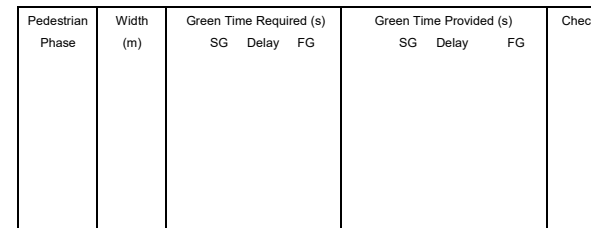
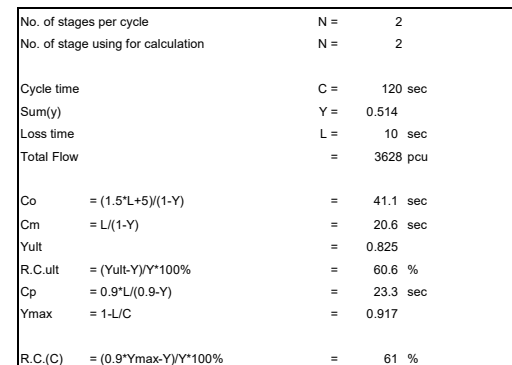


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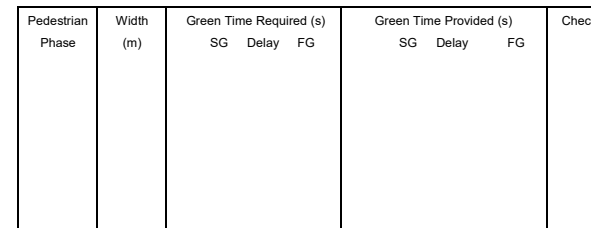
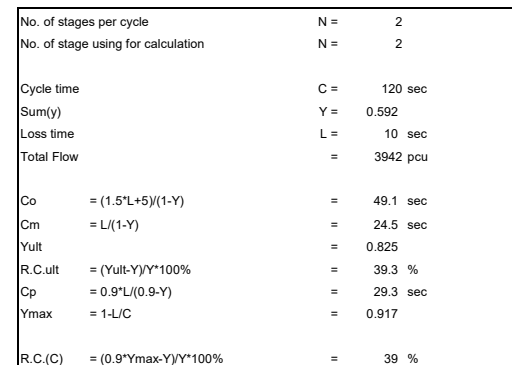


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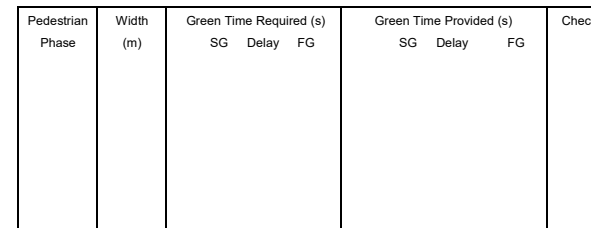
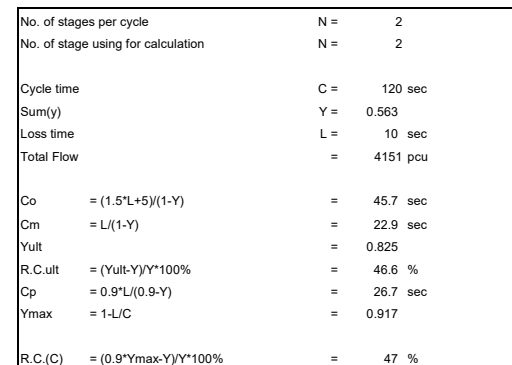


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TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

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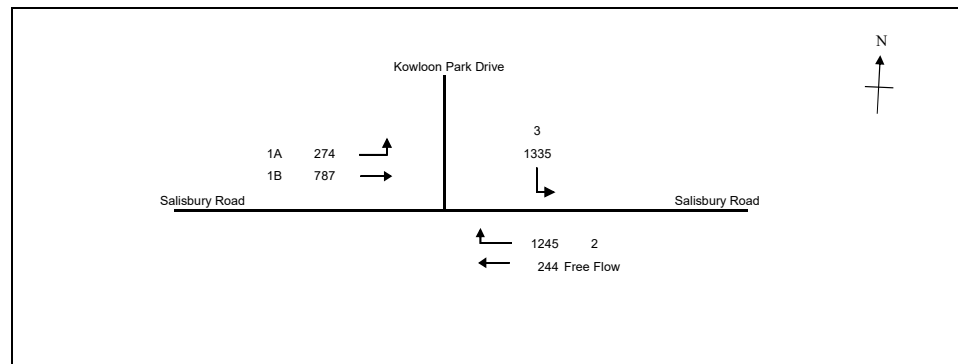


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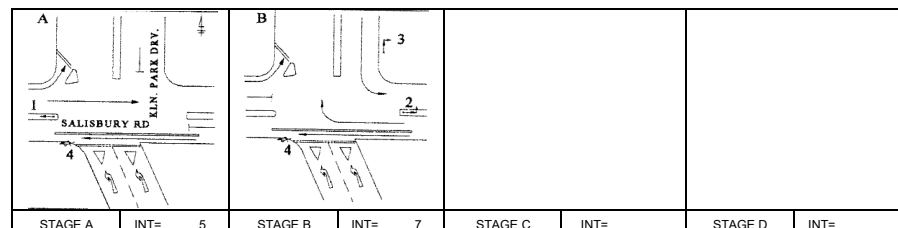
TRAFFIC SIGNAL CALCULATION

PROJECT NO:	294680-02	JUNCTION NO: J8
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DATE :	28-May-25	FILENAME :
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No. of stages per cycle	N =	2
No. of stage using for calculation	N =	2
Cycle time	C =	120 sec
Sum(y)	Y =	0.514
Loss time	L =	10 sec
Total Flow	=	3640 pcu
Co	= $(1.5 \cdot L + 5) / (1 - Y)$	= 41.1 sec
Cm	= $L / (1 - Y)$	= 20.6 sec
Yult	=	0.825
R.C.ult	= $(Yult - Y) / Y \cdot 100\%$	= 60.6 %
Cp	= $0.9 \cdot L / (0.9 - Y)$	= 23.3 sec
Ymax	= $1 - L / C$	= 0.917
R.C.(C)	= $(0.9 \cdot Ymax - Y) / Y \cdot 100\%$	= 61 %

[illegible]

Move- ment	Stage	Lane Width m.	Phase	No. of lane	Radius m.	O	N	Straight- Ahead Sat. Flow	Flow			Total Flow pcu/h	Proportion of Turning Vehicles	Sat. Flow pcu/h	Uphill Gradient %	Short lane Effect pcu/h	Revised Sat. Flow pcu/h	y	Greater y	L sec	g (required) sec	g (input) sec	Degree of Saturation X	Queue Length m.
									Left pcu/h	Straight pcu/h	Right pcu/h													
1A,1B	A	3.30	1	1	20		N	1945	274	0		274	1.00	1809			1809	0.151	0.151	10	32	32	0.567	40
1B	A	3.30	1	3				6255		787		787	0.00	6255			6255	0.126			27	32	0.472	38
2	B	3.30	2	2	20			4170			1245	1245	1.00	3879			3879	0.321			69	78	0.494	44
3	B	3.40	2	2	15		N	4050	1335			1335	1.00	3682			3682	0.362	0.362		78	78	0.558	47

NOTE : 'O' - OPPOSING TRAFFIC N - NEAR SIDE LANE SG - STEADY GREEN FG - FLASHING GREEN PEDESTRIAN WALKING SPEED = 0.9m/s QUEUING LENGTH = AVERAGE QUEUE * 6m

Appendix B

Car Lift Assessment

Car Lift Assessment for Scenario B

(assuming 2 basement floors)

Vertical Travelling Distance	=	6.60 Metres (to basement floor)
No. of Car Lifts (N)	=	2
Travelling Speed of Car Lift	=	0.5 metre/second
Maximum Arrival Rate in Peak 15 minutes	=	6 vehicles

Car Lift Round Trip Time Estimate:		
Door Opening time at G/F	=	4.0 Seconds
Manoeuvring Time	=	35.0 Seconds
Safety Margin before door closes	=	4.0 Seconds
Door Closing time at G/F	=	4.0 Seconds
Travelling Time from G/F to B2/F	=	13.2 Seconds
Door opening time at B2/F	=	4.0 Seconds
Manoeuvring Time	=	35.0 Seconds
Safety Margin before door closes	=	4.0 Seconds
Door Closing time at B2/F	=	4.0 Seconds
Travelling Time from B2/F to G/F	=	13.2 Seconds
Total (Round Trip Time)	=	120.4 Seconds
Note:		
1. Based on specifications provided by OTIS Elevator Co.		

Average Servicing Time ($1/\mu$)	=	120.4 Seconds
Average Servicing Rate (μ)	=	0.50 vehicles/minute
Average Servicing Rate (μ) per 15 minutes	=	7.48 vehicles/15 minutes
With 2 car lifts available, (M/M/N) model is used.		
No. of vehicles arrived at peak 15 minutes (r)	=	6 vehicles
$q = r/\mu$	=	0.8027

	P(x=n)	P(x<=n)	P(Queue)
Probability of No Car Lift and No Waiting Space In Use, P(0)	42.721%		
Probability of One Car Lift and No Waiting Space In Use, P(1)	34.291%	77.012%	22.988%
Probability of Two Car Lift and No Waiting Space In Use, P(2)	13.762%	90.774%	9.226%
Probability of Two Car Lift and One Waiting Space In Use, P(3)	5.523%	96.297%	3.703%
Probability of Two Car Lift and Two Waiting Spaces In Use, P(4)	2.217%	98.514%	1.486%
Probability of Two Car Lift and Three Waiting Spaces In Use, P(5)	0.890%	99.404%	0.596%
Probability of Two Car Lift and Four Waiting Spaces In Use, P(6)	0.357%	99.761%	0.239%
Probability of Two Car Lift and Five Waiting Spaces In Use, P(7)	0.143%	99.904%	0.096%
Probability of Two Car Lift and Six Waiting Spaces In Use, P(8)	0.058%	99.961%	0.039%
Probability of Two Car Lift and Seven Waiting Spaces In Use, P(9)	0.023%	99.985%	0.015%
Probability of Two Car Lift and Eight Waiting Spaces In Use, P(10)	0.009%	99.994%	0.006%
Probability of Two Car Lift and Nine Waiting Spaces In Use, P(11)	0.004%	99.998%	0.002%
Probability of Two Car Lift and Twn Waiting Spaces In Use, P(12)	0.001%	99.999%	0.001%
Probability of Two Car Lift and Eleven Waiting Spaces In Use, P(13)	0.001%	100.000%	0.000%
Probability of Two Car Lift and Twelve Waiting Spaces In Use, P(14)	0.000%	100.000%	0.000%
Probability of Two Car Lift and Thirteen Waiting Spaces In Use, P(15)	0.000%	100.000%	0.000%

Acceptance criteria

Probability of queueing outside building, P(Queue) < 5.0%

No. of waiting spaces required	=	1
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