

Attachment 1

discovered, including Late Neolithic / Early Bronze Age coarse ware, Qing dynasty pottery and evidence of stone working in the form of chipped stone, stone ring cores and fragments.

6.2.9 Two Test Pits (namely Test Pit A and Test Pit B) with 1m x 1m were excavated at the southern end of the coastal hill within the Tong Fuk Miu Wan SAI (**Figure 6.1** refers). The survey findings of the two Test Pits are as the followings:-

- Test Pit A: It contained dark deposit described as ironpan in 1985 and the artefacts recovered included Bronze age pottery and stone working debitage; and
- Test Pit B: It contained coarse pebbles, stone debitage a single Bronze age sherd and Bronze age pottery.

6.2.10 From the survey, artefacts were found in Test Pits A and B. However, taking the consideration to the Survey Area is located about 150m away from the Site and the excavation of Test Pits were at the top of the hill on the opposite side of the valley and separated by a hill and a stream, it is likely that these artefacts would be drifted to the Survey Area and it is unlikely that any in situ archaeological remains will be found in the current nearby Site. Therefore, the survey findings can only be used as a reference.

Archaeological Survey in 2012¹¹

6.2.11 A Baseline Archaeological Survey was conducted by DSD in 2012, covering the Tong Fuk Miu Wan SAI. Referring to the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Report for Outlying Islands Sewerage Stage 2 – South Lantau Sewerage Works approved in 2017, the location of the proposed Shui Hau SPS, in which the location is identical to that of the Proposed Centre, is considered of **low archaeological potential**.

6.2.12 With reference to Para. 3.5.2 of Annex 11B – Final Site Investigation, Surveys and Testings Report (Volume 2 – Environmental, Part 3) by DSD, one red coarse pottery sherd was retrieved from the sandy layer at Test Pit TFT6¹², dating to the Neolithic period (**Figure 6.1** refers). Only one artefact was discovered, which is considered a small quantity and not significant. It was assumed the found pottery sherd had drifted over and accumulated on the Site, which was not originally from this area and considered a secondary deposit. **Through the surface scan, auger testing and test pit excavation in the Tong Fuk Miu Wan SAI, it was concluded that the Site has a low archaeological potential.** Given the Test Pit TFT6 is located about 10m to northeast of the Site, the potential for finding similar artefacts within the Site is also relatively low. However, the Applicant will implement the recommended mitigation measures as outlined in the Approved EIA.

6.2.13 Based on the latest survey and the close proximity of this test pit, there are no additional in-situ archaeological materials, features or deposits found nearby. It is observed the Site and the surrounding had undergone some land works between 80s to 90s, including farming, terracing activities, and stone working. The remnants of the previous disturbances can be seen in the aerial photo (Photo No.: 04063) dated 31.05.1973 and is reproduced in **Figure 6.2**. In this connection, the Site of the Proposed Centre within the Tong Fuk Miu Wan SAI has low archaeological potential.

¹¹ Drainage Services Department. (2012). Site Investigation, Surveys and Testings Report (Volume 2 – Environmental, Part 3) of Outlying Islands Sewerage Stage 2 – South Lantau Sewerage Works – Investigation.

¹² The location of TFT6 was newly proposed by DSD due to the original location of test pit and auger hole of PT28 was identified having near 2m thick layer of modern fill of stone boulders.