

Your Ref.: A/YL-KTS/1084

Our Ref.: P25012/TL25453

24 December 2025

The Secretary
Town Planning Board
15/F., North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong

By E-mail

tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

Dear Sir,

Submission of Further Information (FI)

**Proposed Temporary Warehouse (excluding Dangerous Goods Godown)
With Ancillary Office and Associated Filling of Land for a Period of 3 Years in
“Agriculture” Zone, Lots 1012 S.B, 1012 S.C, 1013, 1014 RP, 1015 S.A, 1015 S.B,
1015 RP, 1016 (Part), 1018, 1034 (Part) and 1035 in D.D.113,
Kam Tin, Yuen Long, New Territories
(Application No. A/YL-KTS/1084)**

We write to submit FI in response to departmental comment(s) conveyed by the Planning Department for the captioned application.

Yours faithfully,
For and on behalf of
Goldrich Planners & Surveyors Ltd.



Francis Lau

Encl.

c.c.

DPO/FS&YLE, PlanD (Attn.: Mr. Thomas LAU)

Further Information for Planning Application No. A/YL-KTS/1084
Response-to-Comments

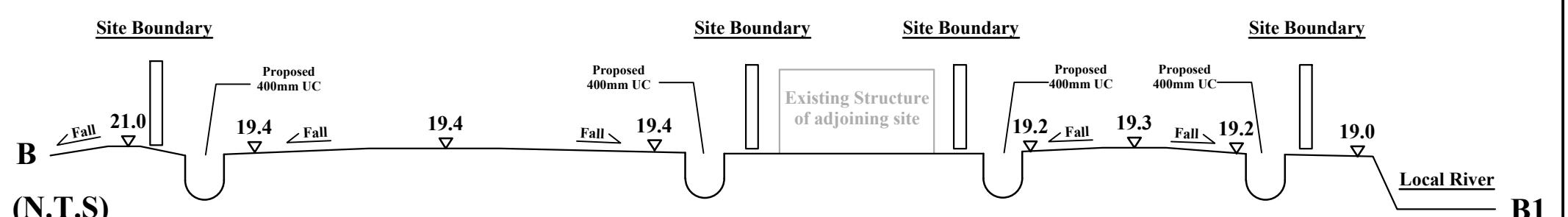
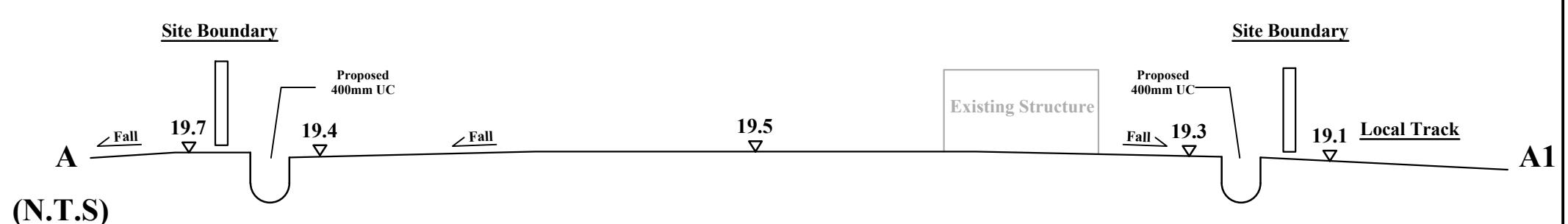
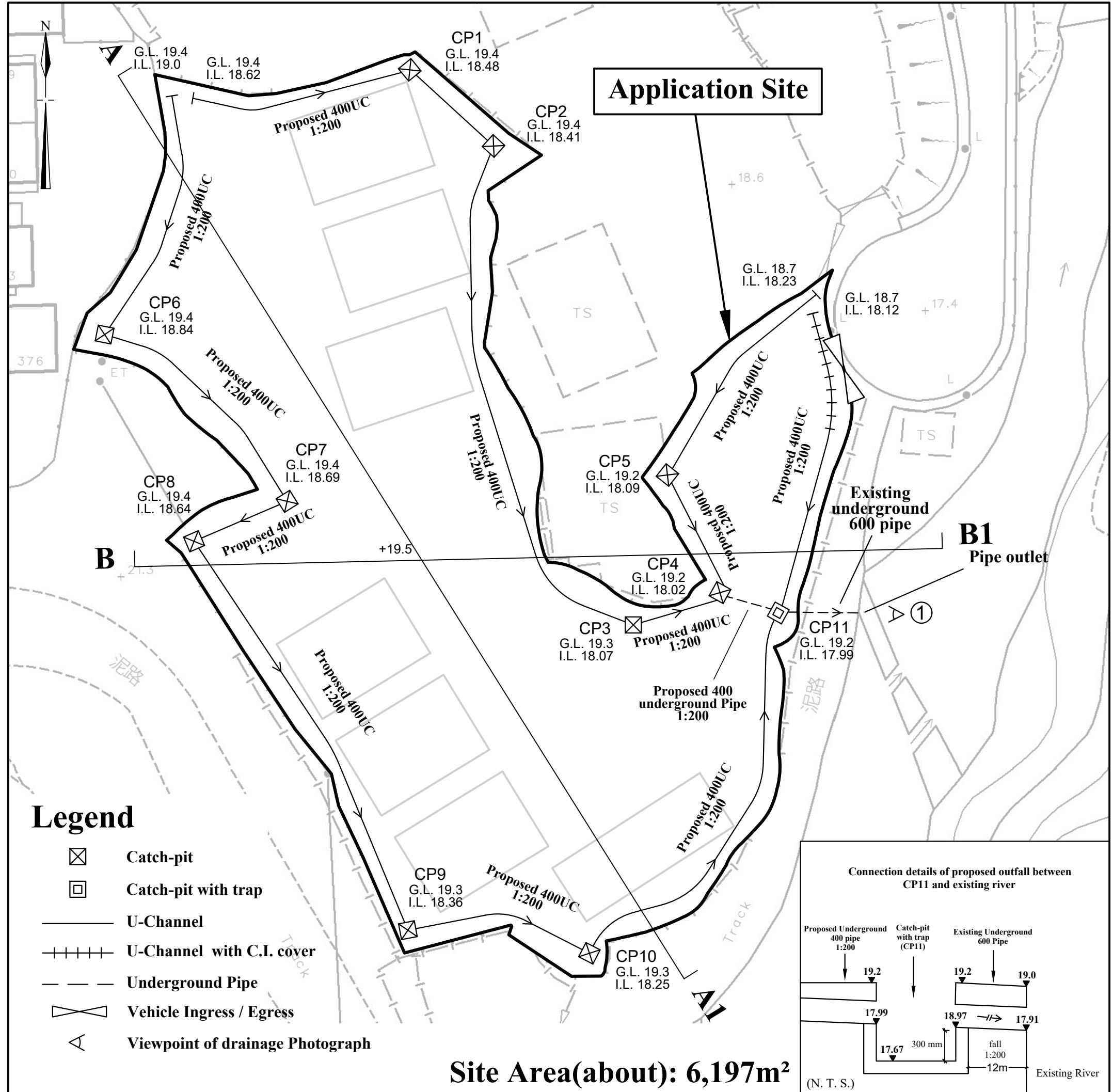
Comments from the Drainage Services Department

Contact person: Mr. Kenneth CHAN (Tel.: 2300 1257)

I.	Comments	Responses
1.	Please review the catchment area and include the catchment area in the south-western side of the application site for the design calculation.	We have reviewed the catchment area. Please refer to Plan 6.2a and hydraulic calculations.
2.	Please provide drainage channel near the entrance to avoid surface runoff discharge outside the side boundary. The G.L. of the roundabout outside the application site is +17.4mPD. However, the G.L. of the entrance shown in Plan 6.1 is about +19.2mPD. Please check and clarify.	We have revised the G.L. of the entrance shown in Plan 6.1 and provided drainage channel near the entrance. Please refer to Plan 6.1a.
3.	Land filling works will be carried out under this application. Please ensure that the overland flow from the adjacent lands should not be affected.	Noted.
4.	Colour photos to indicate the current conditions of the existing drainage facilities (in particular the existing 600mm pipe outlet) should be included in the submission. The photos taken locations and angles should be shown on the layout plan.	Please refer to Viewpoint Photo 1.
5.	Where walls or hoarding are erected or laid along the site boundary, adequate opening should be provided to intercept the existing overland flow passing through the site.	Hoardings with 100mm opening will be provided to intercept the existing overland flow passing through the site.
6.	The natural stream of the proposed discharge point is not maintained by this Department, consent from the concerned departments/maintenance parties/owners should be obtained for the proposed connections to their drainage systems.	Noted.
7.	The applicant shall resolve any conflict/disagreement with relevant lot owner(s) and seek LandsD's permission for laying new drains/channels and/or modifying/upgrading existing ones in other private lots or on Government land outside the application site.	Noted.

Viewpoint Photo 1





1:500 (A3)

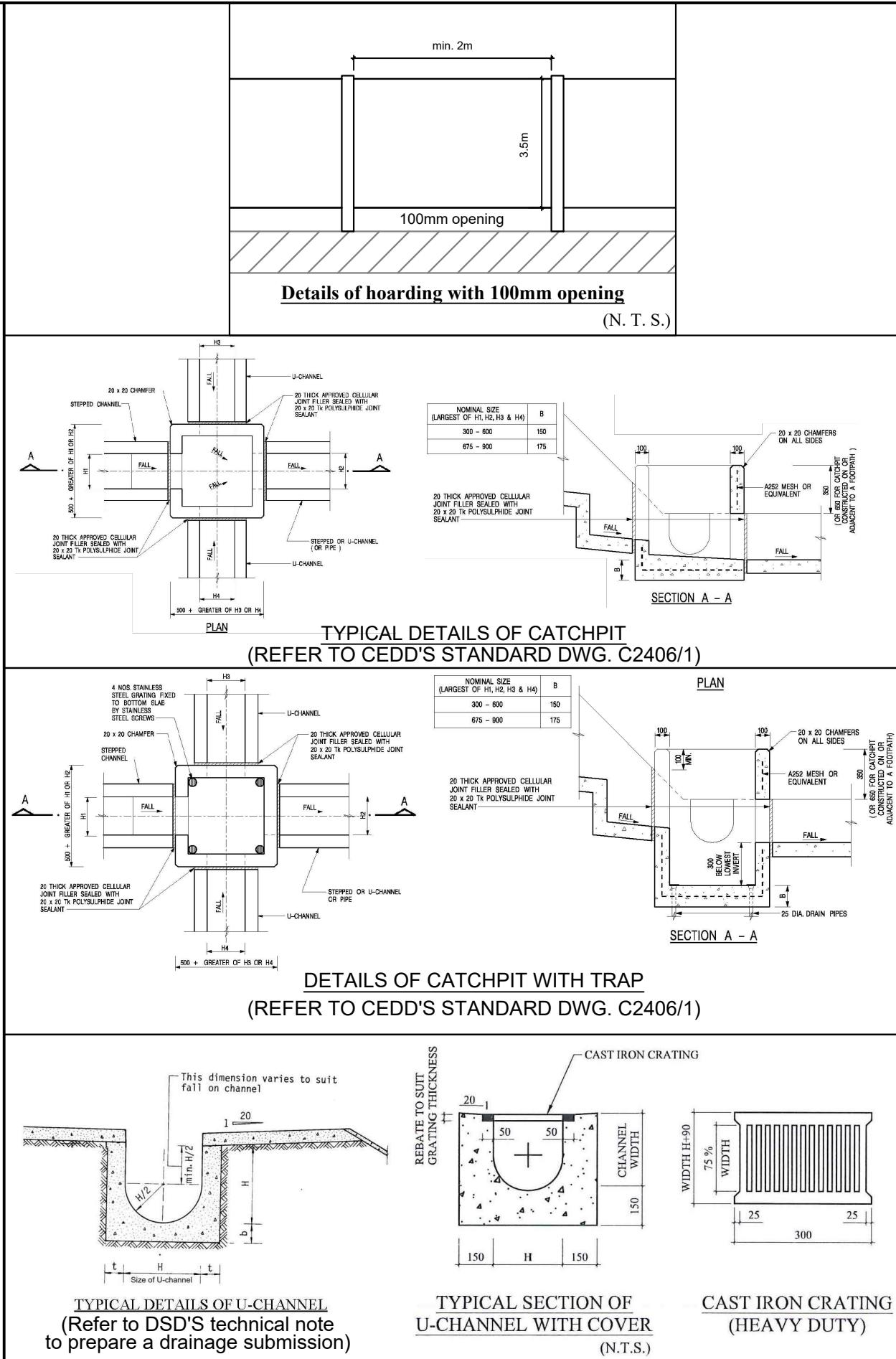
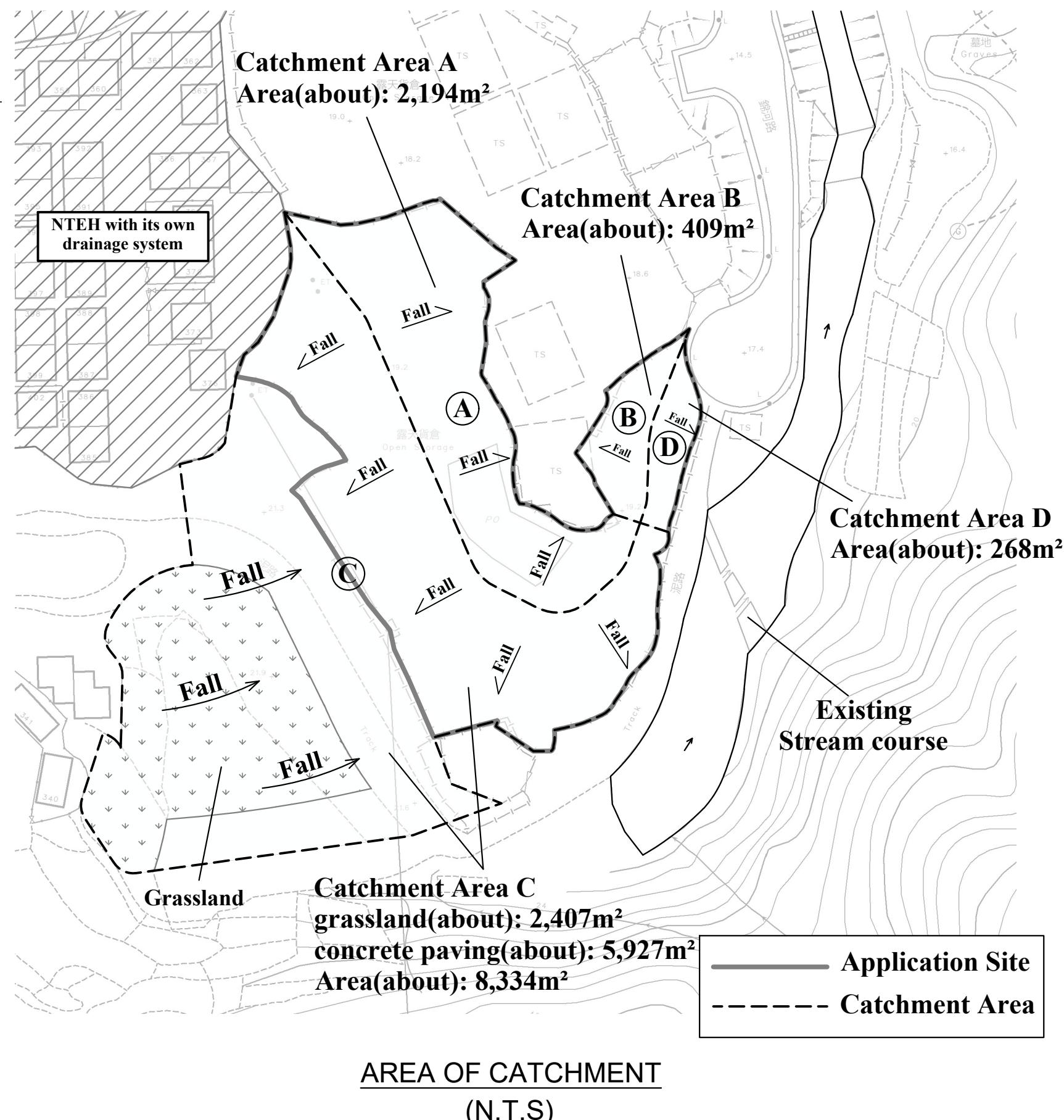
Drainage Proposal

Goldrich Planners & Surveyors Ltd.

December 2025

**Lots 1012 S.B, 1012 S.C, 1013, 1014RP, 1015 S.A, 1015 S.B,
1015 RP, 1016(part), 1018, 1034(part) and 1035 in D.D. 113
Yuen Long, N.T.**

Plan 6.1a (P 25012)



N.T.S

December 2025

Drainage Proposal

Lots 1012 S.B, 1012 S.C, 1013, 1014RP, 1015 S.A, 1015 S.B,
1015 RP, 1016(part), 1018, 1034(part) and 1035 in D.D. 113
Yuen Long, N.T.

Goldrich Planners &
Surveyors Ltd.

Plan 6.2a
(P 25012)

1 For Catchment Area A

Ref.

Area, A =	2194 m ²	
Average slope, H =	0.1 m per 100m	
Distance on the line of natural flow, L =	22 m	
Time of concentration, t _o =	$0.14465L / (H^{0.2}A^{0.1})$	$= 0.14465 (22) / (0.1^{0.2} \cdot 2194^{0.1})$
	=	2.3 min

SDM 7.5.2 (d)

2 For Proposed UC in Catchment Area A

	From	To
Ground level (mPD)	19.40	19.20
Invert level (mPD)	18.62	18.02

Width of u-channel, w =	400 mm	
Length of u-channel, L _c =	119.4 m	
Depth of vertical part of u-channel, d =	980 mm	
Gradient of u-channel, S _f =	$(18.62 - 18.02) / 119.4 = 0.005$	

Cross-Section Area, a =	$0.5 \pi r^2 + w d = 0.5 \times 3.14 \times 200^2 + 400 \times 980$	
	= 0.455 m ²	
Wetted Perimeter, p =	$\pi r + 2 d = 3.14 \times 200 + 2 \times 980$	
	= 2.588 m	
Hydraulic radius, R =	a / p	
	= 0.176 m	

SDM 8.2.1

3 Use Manning Equation for estimating velocity of stormwater

Take n =	0.016	for concrete lined channels:-	SDM Table 13
Allowable velocity, v =	$R^{1/6} \times (RS_f)^{1/2} / n = (0.176)^{1/6} \times (0.176 \times 0.005)^{1/2} / 0.016$		SDM Table 12
	= 1.39 m/s		
Time of flow, t _f =	1.4 min		

4 Use "Rational Method" for calculation of design flow

Design intensity, i =	$a / (t_o + t_f + b)^c$		SDM 4.3.2
	$= 505.5 / (2.3 + 1.4 + 3.29)^{0.355}$ for return period T = 50 years		Corrigendum 1/2024
	= 253		SDM Table 3a

Type of surface	Runoff Coefficient C	Catchment Area A (m ²)	C x A	
Flat Grassland(heavy soil)	0.25	0.0	0.0	SDM 7.5.2 (b)
Concrete Paving	0.95	2194.0	2084.3	
			SUM = 2084.3	

Upstream flow, Q_u = 0 m³/s

Design flow, Q _d =	$1.16 \times 0.278i \sum C_i A_i + Q_u$ where A _i is in km ²	
	$= 1.16 \times 0.278 \times 253 \times 2084.3 / 1000000 + 0$	
	= 0.170 m ³ /s	

SDM 7.5.2 (a)
Corrigendum 1/2022

Allowable flow, Q _a =	$a \times v$	
	$= 0.455 \times 1.39$	
	= 0.632 m ³ /s	

> Q_d (O.K.)

Reference was made to Stormwater Drainage Manual (SDM) by DSD

Scale: NA

Hydraulic Calculation

Goldrich Planners & Surveyors Ltd.

December 2025

Lots 1012 S.B, 1012 S.C, 1013, 1014 RP, 1015 S.A, 1015 S.B, 1015 RP, 1016 (Part), 1018, 1034 (Part) and 1035 in D.D.113, Kam Tin, Yuen Long, New Territories

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1 For Catchment Area B

Ref.

Area, A =	409 m ²	
Average slope, H =	0.1 m per 100m	
Distance on the line of natural flow, L =	12 m	
Time of concentration, t_o =	$0.14465L / (H^{0.2}A^{0.1})$	$= 0.14465 (12) / (0.1^{0.2} \cdot 409^{0.1})$
	=	1.5 min

SDM 7.5.2 (d)

2 For Proposed UC in Catchment Area B

	From	To
Ground level (mPD)	18.70	19.20
Invert level (mPD)	18.23	18.02

Width of u-channel, w =	400 mm
Length of u-channel, L_c =	42.5 m
Depth of vertical part of u-channel, d =	980 mm
Gradient of u-channel, S_f =	$(18.23 - 18.02) / 42.5 = 0.005$

Cross-Section Area, a =	$0.5 \pi r^2 + w d = 0.5 \times 3.14 \times 200^2 + 400 \times 980$
	= 0.455 m ²
Wetted Perimeter, p =	$\pi r + 2 d = 3.14 \times 200 + 2 \times 980$
	= 2.588 m
Hydraulic radius, R =	a / p
	= 0.176 m

SDM 8.2.1

3 Use Manning Equation for estimating velocity of stormwater

Take n =	0.016	for concrete lined channels:-	SDM Table 13
Allowable velocity, v =	$R^{1/6} \times (RS_f)^{1/2} / n = (0.176)^{1/6} \times (0.176 \times 0.005)^{1/2} / 0.016$		SDM Table 12
	= 1.38 m/s		
Time of flow, t_f =	0.5 min		

4 Use "Rational Method" for calculation of design flow

Design intensity, i =	$a / (t_o + t_f + b)^c$		SDM 4.3.2
	= $505.5 / (1.5 + 0.5 + 3.29)^{0.355}$ for return period T = 50 years		Corrigendum 1/2024
	= 279		SDM Table 3a

Type of surface	Runoff Coefficient C	Catchment Area A (m ²)	C x A	SDM 7.5.2 (b)
Flat Grassland(heavy soil)	0.25	0.0	0.0	
Concrete Paving	0.95	409.0	388.6	
		SUM =	388.6	

$$\text{Upstream flow, } Q_u = 0 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Design flow, } Q_d &= 0.278i \sum C_i A_i + Q_u \quad \text{where } A_i \text{ is in km}^2 \\ &= 1.16 \times 0.278 \times 279 \times 388.55 / 1000000 + 0 \\ &= 0.035 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

SDM 7.5.2 (a)
Corrigendum 1/2022

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Allowable flow, } Q_a &= a \times v \\ &= 0.455 \times 1.38 \\ &= 0.627 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

> Q_d (O.K.)

Reference was made to Stormwater Drainage Manual (SDM) by DSD

Scale: NA

Hydraulic Calculation

Goldrich Planners & Surveyors Ltd.

December 2025

Lots 1012 S.B, 1012 S.C, 1013, 1014 RP, 1015 S.A, 1015 S.B, 1015 RP, 1016 (Part), 1018, 1034 (Part) and 1035 in D.D.113, Kam Tin, Yuen Long, New Territories

Page 2
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1 For Connection between CP4 and CP11		Ref.																								
Area, A = 0 m ² Average slope, H = 0.1 m per 100m Distance on the line of natural flow, L = 0 m																										
Time of concentration, t_o = $0.14465L / (H^{0.2}A^{0.1})$ = $0.14465 (0) / (0.1^{0.2}0^{0.1})$ = 0.0 min		SDM 7.5.2 (d)																								
2 For Proposed Pipe after CP4																										
Size(Diameter) w = 400 mm Length of Pipe = 6 m. Design the pipe to 9/10 full bore capacity, then Area of ventilated portion = 0.1 of pipe area $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta - \frac{1}{2}r^2\sin(\theta)$ = $0.1\pi r^2$ $\theta - \sin(\theta)$ = 0.2π θ = 1.63 rad = 93.4° (By trial and error)																										
Area A = $0.9\pi r^2$ = $0.9 \times 3.14 \times 400^2$ = 452160 mm ² = 0.452 m ²		SDM 8.2.1																								
Wetted Perimeter P = $2\pi r - r\theta$ = 1861 mm Hydraulic radius R = A/P = 242.9 mm																										
3 Use Manning Equation for estimating velocity of stormwater																										
Fall S = 1: 200 Take n = 0.016 for concrete lined channels:- Allowable velocity, v = $R^{1/6} \times (RS)^{1/2}/n$ = $(0.243)^{1/6} \times (0.243/200)^{1/2} / 0.016$ = 1.72 m/s Time of flow, t_f = 0.06 min		SDM Table 13 SDM Table 12																								
4 Use "Rational Method" for calculation of design flow																										
Design intensity, i = $a / (t_o + t_f + b)^c$ = $505.5 / (0.0 + 0.06 + 3.29)^{0.355}$ for return period T = 50 years = 329		SDM 4.3.2 Corrigendum 1/2024 SDM Table 3a																								
<table> <thead> <tr> <th>Type of surface</th> <th>Runoff Coefficient C</th> <th>Catchment Area A (m²)</th> <th>C x A</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Flat Glassland(heavy soil)</td> <td>0.25</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concrete Paving</td> <td>0.95</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Macadam Roadways</td> <td>0.425</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Wooded Areas</td> <td>0.105</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"></td><td>SUM =</td><td>0.0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Type of surface	Runoff Coefficient C	Catchment Area A (m ²)	C x A	Flat Glassland(heavy soil)	0.25	0.0	0.0	Concrete Paving	0.95	0.0	0.0	Macadam Roadways	0.425	0.0	0.0	Wooded Areas	0.105	0.0	0.0			SUM =	0.0	SDM 7.5.2 (b)
Type of surface	Runoff Coefficient C	Catchment Area A (m ²)	C x A																							
Flat Glassland(heavy soil)	0.25	0.0	0.0																							
Concrete Paving	0.95	0.0	0.0																							
Macadam Roadways	0.425	0.0	0.0																							
Wooded Areas	0.105	0.0	0.0																							
		SUM =	0.0																							
Upstream flow, Q_u = 0.205 m ³ /s																										
Design flow, Q_d = $0.278i \sum C_i A_i + Q_u$ where A_i is in km ² = $1.16 \times 0.278 \times 329 \times 0 / 1000000 + 0.205$ = 0.205 m ³ /s		SDM 7.5.2 (a) Corrigendum 1/2022																								
Allowable flow, Q_a = $a \times v$ = 0.45×1.72 = 0.778 m ³ /s > Q_d (O.K.)																										
Reference was made to Stormwater Drainage Manual (SDM) by DSD																										
Scale: NA	Hydraulic Calculation	Goldrich Planners & Surveyors Ltd.																								
December 2025	Lots 1012 S.B, 1012 S.C, 1013, 1014 RP, 1015 S.A, 1015 S.B, 1015 RP, 1016 (Part), 1018, 1034 (Part) and 1035 in D.D.113, Kam Tin, Yuen Long, New Territories	Page 3 (P25012)																								

1 For Catchment Area C

Ref.

Area, A =	8334 m ²	
Average slope, H =	0.1 m per 100m	
Distance on the line of natural flow, L =	35 m	
Time of concentration, t_o =	$0.14465L / (H^{0.2}A^{0.1})$ = $0.14465 (35) / (0.1^{0.2} \cdot 8334^{0.1})$	SDM 7.5.2 (d)
	3.3 min	

2 For Proposed UC in Catchment Area C

	From	To
Ground level (mPD)	19.40	19.20
Invert level (mPD)	19.00	17.99

Width of u-channel, w =	400 mm	
Length of u-channel, L_c =	203 m	
Depth of vertical part of u-channel, d =	1010 mm	
Gradient of u-channel, S_f =	$(19-17.99)/203 = 0.005$	
Cross-Section Area, a =	$0.5 \pi r^2 + w d = 0.5 \times 3.14 \times 200^2 + 400 \times 1010$	
	0.467 m ²	
Wetted Perimeter, p =	$\pi r + 2 d = 3.14 \times 200 + 2 \times 1010$	
	2.648 m	
Hydraulic radius, R =	a / p	SDM 8.2.1
	0.176 m	

3 Use Manning Equation for estimating velocity of stormwater

Take n =	0.016	for concrete lined channels:-	SDM Table 13
Allowable velocity, v =	$R^{1/6} \times (RS_f)^{1/2} / n = (0.176)^{1/6} \times (0.176 \times 0.005)^{1/2} / 0.016$	SDM Table 12	
	1.39 m/s		
Time of flow, t_f =	2.4 min		

4 Use "Rational Method" for calculation of design flow

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Design intensity, } i &= a / (t_o + t_f + b)^c \\ &= 505.5 / (3.3 + 2.4 + 3.29)^{0.355} \text{ for return period T = 50 years} \\ &= 232 \end{aligned}$$

SDM 4.3.2
Corrigendum 1/2024
SDM Table 3a

Type of surface	Runoff Coefficient C	Catchment Area A (m ²)	C x A
Flat Grassland(heavy soil)	0.25	2407.0	601.8
Concrete Paving	0.95	5927.0	5630.7
SUM =			6232.4

$$\text{Upstream flow, } Q_u = 0 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Design flow, } Q_d &= 0.278i \sum C_i A_i + Q_u \quad \text{where } A_i \text{ is in km}^2 \\ &= 1.16 \times 0.278 \times 232 \times 6232.4 / 1000000 + 0 \\ &= 0.466 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

SDM 7.5.2 (a)
Corrigendum 1/2022

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Allowable flow, } Q_a &= a \times v \\ &= 0.467 \times 1.39 \\ &= 0.647 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

> Q_d (O.K.)

Reference was made to Stormwater Drainage Manual (SDM) by DSD

Scale: NA

Hydraulic Calculation

Goldrich Planners & Surveyors Ltd.

December 2025

Lots 1012 S.B, 1012 S.C, 1013, 1014 RP, 1015 S.A, 1015 S.B, 1015 RP, 1016 (Part), 1018, 1034 (Part) and 1035 in D.D.113, Kam Tin, Yuen Long, New Territories

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1 For Catchment Area D

Area, A =	268 m ²	Ref.
Average slope, H =	0.1 m per 100m	
Distance on the line of natural flow, L =	10 m	
Time of concentration, t_o = $0.14465L / (H^{0.2}A^{0.1})$	= $0.14465 (10) / (0.1^{0.2} \cdot 268^{0.1})$	SDM 7.5.2 (d)
	= 1.3 min	

2 For Proposed UC in Catchment Area D

	From	To
Ground level (mPD)	18.70	19.20
Invert level (mPD)	18.12	17.99

Width of u-channel, w =	400 mm	SDM 8.2.1
Length of u-channel, L_c =	25.2 m	
Depth of vertical part of u-channel, d =	1010 mm	
Gradient of u-channel, S_f =	$(18.12 - 17.99) / 25.2 = 0.005$	
Cross-Section Area, a =	$0.5 \pi r^2 + w d = 0.5 \times 3.14 \times 200^2 + 400 \times 1010$	
	= 0.467 m ²	
Wetted Perimeter, p =	$\pi r + 2d = 3.14 \times 200 + 2 \times 1010$	
	= 2.648 m	
Hydraulic radius, R =	a / p	
	= 0.176 m	

3 Use Manning Equation for estimating velocity of stormwater

Take n =	0.016	for concrete lined channels:-	SDM Table 13 SDM Table 12
Allowable velocity, v =	$R^{1/6} \times (RS_f)^{1/2} / n = (0.176)^{1/6} \times (0.176 \times 0.005)^{1/2} / 0.016$		
	= 1.41 m/s		
Time of flow, t_f =	0.3 min		

4 Use "Rational Method" for calculation of design flow

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Design intensity, } i &= a / (t_o + t_f + b)^c \\ &= 505.5 / (1.3 + 0.3 + 3.29)^{0.355} \text{ for return period T = 50 years} \\ &= 288 \end{aligned}$$

SDM 4.3.2
Corrigendum 1/2024
SDM Table 3a

Type of surface	Runoff Coefficient C	Catchment Area A (m ²)	C x A	SDM 7.5.2 (b)
Flat Grassland/heavy soil	0.25	0.0	0.0	
Concrete Paving	0.95	268.0	254.6	
		SUM =	254.6	

$$\text{Upstream flow, } Q_u = 0 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Design flow, } Q_d &= 0.278i \sum C_i A_i + Q_u \quad \text{where } A_i \text{ is in km}^2 \\ &= 1.16 \times 0.278 \times 288 \times 254.6 / 1000000 + 0 \\ &= 0.024 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

SDM 7.5.2 (a)
Corrigendum 1/2022

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Allowable flow, } Q_a &= a \times v \\ &= 0.467 \times 1.41 \\ &= 0.659 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

$$> Q_d \text{ (O.K.)}$$

Reference was made to Stormwater Drainage Manual (SDM) by DSD

Scale: NA	Hydraulic Calculation	Goldrich Planners & Surveyors Ltd.
December 2025	Lots 1012 S.B, 1012 S.C, 1013, 1014 RP, 1015 S.A, 1015 S.B, 1015 RP, 1016 (Part), 1018, 1034 (Part) and 1035 in D.D.113, Kam Tin, Yuen Long, New Territories	Page 5 (P25012)

1 For Connection between CP11 to existing river		Ref.																							
<p>Area, A = 0 m² Average slope, H = 0.1 m per 100m Distance on the line of natural flow, L = 0 m</p> <p>Time of concentration, t_o = $0.14465L / (H^{0.2}A^{0.1})$ = $0.14465 (0) / (0.1^{0.2}0^{0.1})$ = 0.0 min</p>	SDM 7.5.2 (d)																								
2 For Pipe after Cp11																									
<p>Size(Diameter) w = 600 mm Length of Pipe = 12 m</p> <p>Design the pipe to 9/10 full bore capacity, then Area of ventilated portion = 0.1 of pipe area $\frac{1}{2}r^2\theta - \frac{1}{2}r^2\sin(\theta) = 0.1\pi r^2$ $\theta - \sin(\theta) = 0.2\pi$ $\theta = 1.63$ rad = 93.4° (By trial and error)</p> <p>Area A = $0.9\pi r^2$ = $0.9 \times 3.14 \times 600^2$ = 1017360 mm² = 1.017 m²</p> <p>Wetted Perimeter P = $2\pi r - r\theta$ = 2792 mm Hydraulic radius R = A/P = $1.017 / 2.25$ mm = 364.4 mm</p>	SDM 8.2.1																								
3 Use Manning Equation for estimating velocity of stormwater																									
<p>Fall S = 1: 200 Take n = 0.016 for concrete lined channels:- Allowable velocity, v = $R^{1/6} \times (RS)^{1/2}/n = (0.364)^{1/6} \times (0.364/200)^{1/2} / 0.016$ = 2.25 m/s Time of flow, t_f = 0.089 min</p>	SDM Table 13 SDM Table 12																								
4 Use "Rational Method" for calculation of design flow																									
<p>Design intensity, i = $a / (t_o + t_f + b)^c$ = $505.5 / (0.0 + 0.09 + 3.29)^{0.355}$ for return period T = 50 years = 328</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type of surface</th> <th>Runoff Coefficient C</th> <th>Catchment Area A (m²)</th> <th>C x A</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Flat Glassland(heavy soil)</td> <td>0.25</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concrete Paving</td> <td>0.95</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Macadam Roadways</td> <td>0.425</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Wooded Areas</td> <td>0.105</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">SUM =</td><td>0.0</td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Type of surface	Runoff Coefficient C	Catchment Area A (m ²)	C x A	Flat Glassland(heavy soil)	0.25	0.0	0.0	Concrete Paving	0.95	0.0	0.0	Macadam Roadways	0.425	0.0	0.0	Wooded Areas	0.105	0.0	0.0	SUM =		0.0		SDM 4.3.2 Corrigendum 1/2024 SDM Table 3a
Type of surface	Runoff Coefficient C	Catchment Area A (m ²)	C x A																						
Flat Glassland(heavy soil)	0.25	0.0	0.0																						
Concrete Paving	0.95	0.0	0.0																						
Macadam Roadways	0.425	0.0	0.0																						
Wooded Areas	0.105	0.0	0.0																						
SUM =		0.0																							
<p>Upstream flow, Q_u = 0.695 m³/s</p> <p>Design flow, Q_d = $0.278i \sum C_i A_i + Q_u$ where A_i is in km² = $1.16 \times 0.278 \times 328 \times 0 / 1000000 + 0.695$ = 0.695 m³/s</p> <p>Allowable flow, Q_a = $a \times v$ = 1.02×2.25 = 2.294 m³/s</p> <p>> Q_d (O.K.)</p>	SDM 7.5.2 (a) Corrigendum 1/2022																								
Reference was made to Stormwater Drainage Manual (SDM) by DSD																									
Scale: NA	Hydraulic Calculation	Goldrich Planners & Surveyors Ltd.																							
December 2025	Lots 1012 S.B, 1012 S.C, 1013, 1014 RP, 1015 S.A, 1015 S.B, 1015 RP, 1016 (Part), 1018, 1034 (Part) and 1035 in D.D.113, Kam Tin, Yuen Long, New Territories	Page 6 (P25012)																							