

Appendix 6

Traffic Impact Assessment

**Proposed ‘Social Welfare Facility’
(Residential Care Home for Persons with
Disabilities) (“RCHD”) and Proposed
Excavation of Land associated with the
Proposed RCHD in “Village Type
Development” Zone, at portion of Former
Wa Fung School (華封學校) and adjoining
Government Land, Lam Hau Tsuen, Yuen
Long, New Territories**

Traffic Impact Assessment (TIA) Report

August 2025

Joyful House (Rehabilitation Dormitory) Limited

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Traffic Impact Assessment (TIA) Report (Rev. A)

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Contents

1	INTRODUCTION	1
1.1	Background	1
1.2	Study Objectives	1
1.3	Structure of this Report	1
2	PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT	3
2.1	Development Parameters	3
2.2	Parking Provision	3
2.3	Vehicular Access Arrangements	3
3	EXISTING TRAFFIC CONDITIONS	4
3.1	Existing Road Network	4
3.2	Baseline Traffic Survey	4
3.3	Baseline Junction Assessment	4
3.4	Baseline Public Transport Facilities	5
4	TRAFFIC FORECAST AND ASSESSMENT	6
4.1	Forecasting Methodology	6
4.2	Planned/Committed Developments	7
4.3	Development Traffic	7
4.4	Traffic Impact Assessment	8
5	SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION	10
5.1	Summary	10
5.2	Conclusion	11

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1.1	Location Plan
Figure 2.1	Layout of Parking
Figure 2.2	Swept Path Analysis of 7m Light Goods Vehicle for the Proposed Vehicular Access
Figure 2.3	Swept Path Analysis of 7m Emergency Vehicle for the Proposed Emergency Vehicular Access
Figure 3.1	Area of Influence and Key Junctions
Figure 3.2	Existing Public Transport Facilities in the Vicinity

APPENDICES

Appendix A	Traffic Flow Diagrams
Appendix B	Junction Calculation Sheets

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

1.1.1 The Applicant intends to convert part of the former Wa Fung School and its adjoining government land into a Residential Care Home for Persons with Disabilities ("RCHD") with a maximum of 90 beds. The former Wa Fung School site is located at Lam Hau Tsuen, Yuen Long (hereinafter referred to as "the Site").

1.1.2 The location plan of the Site is shown in **Figure 1.1**.

1.1.3 Mott MacDonald Hong Kong Limited (hereinafter referred to as "MOTT") has been commissioned as the traffic consultant on behalf of the Applicant to conduct a traffic impact assessment (TIA) to support this planning application.

1.2 Study Objectives

1.2.1 The objectives of this TIA study are listed below:

- a) To review and recommend the provision of parking spaces and loading/unloading facilities for the proposed development;
- b) To review the internal traffic circulation and vehicular access for the proposed development;
- c) To conduct a traffic survey to reveal the baseline traffic situation within the study area during the appropriate period;
- d) To review the baseline traffic situation and identify the prevailing public transport facilities in the vicinity of the Site;
- e) To estimate the traffic generation and attraction of the proposed development and the future traffic by adopting the growth factor method; and
- f) To assess the traffic and transport impacts arising from the proposed development within the study area and recommend mitigation measures if necessary.

1.3 Structure of this Report

1.3.1 This TIA report contains the following sections in addition to this introduction (Section 1):

- **Section 2 – Proposed Development**
Describes the proposed development parameters, parking provision and vehicular access arrangements.
- **Section 3 – Existing Traffic Conditions**
Discusses the existing road network, baseline traffic survey, baseline junction assessment and baseline public transport facilities.

- **Section 4 – Traffic Forecast and Assessment**
Describes the traffic forecasting methodology and discusses the assessment results of the Reference Scenario and Design Scenario.
- **Section 5 – Summary and Conclusion**
Presents the key findings of this TIA study.

2 PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

2.1 Development Parameters

- 2.1.1 The proposed RCHD will provide a maximum of 90 beds and is tentatively scheduled for operation in 2027.

2.2 Parking Provision

- 2.2.1 There are no specific guidelines on the parking provision in accordance with the requirements set out in HKPSG for the proposed type of development.
- 2.2.2 The proposed parking provisions are summarized in **Table 2.1**, and the layout of parking is shown in **Figure 2.1**.

Table 2.1: Proposed Parking and Loading/Unloading Bay Provisions

Type of Parking Space	Proposed Provision
Private Car Parking Space (5m x 2.5m)	2 nos.
Light Goods Vehicles (LGV) Loading and Unloading bay (7m x 3.5m)	1 no.

- 2.2.3 The above provision of parking spaces is considered adequate for the proposed operational needs due to its special operational nature, and under normal circumstances, visiting is not allowed during the operational phase.

2.3 Vehicular Access Arrangements

- 2.3.1 The proposed vehicular access is located on the western part of the Site which connects to the local access road that branches directly off Shan Ha Road.
- 2.3.2 Swept path analysis in **Figure 2.2** demonstrates the safe and smooth manoeuvring of the design vehicles (i.e. 7m LGV) accessing from/to the adjacent road at the concerned development site.
- 2.3.3 For the road serving as an Emergency Vehicular Access (EVA), a minimum 6.0m wide access road will be provided. Swept path analysis in **Figure 2.3** demonstrates the safe and smooth manoeuvring of the emergency vehicles (i.e. 7m light fire appliance) accessing from/to the adjacent road at the concerned development site.

3 EXISTING TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

3.1 Existing Road Network

- 3.1.1 The local access road connecting the Site to Shan Ha Road is an unnamed access road with a width varying from 3m to 6m.
- 3.1.2 Shan Ha Road is a single two-way carriageway connecting to the Tong Yan San Tsuen Interchange which serves as a key junction linking several district and local roads, including Yuen Long Highway, Long Tin Road, Castle Peak Road – Ping Shan, Lam Yu Road and Town Park Road North.
- 3.1.3 The Area of Influence (AOI) covers the key junctions in the vicinity of the Site, as shown in **Figure 3.1**.

3.2 Baseline Traffic Survey

Vehicular Survey

- 3.2.1 To appreciate the existing traffic conditions, traffic counts were carried out on a normal weekday (without the school summer vacation/long holidays and adverse weather condition) in March 2025 during the period of 07:00 to 20:00.
- 3.2.2 For the local road network, the AM and PM peak hours were identified as 08:00–09:00 and 17:30–18:30 respectively.
- 3.2.3 The observed traffic flows for the concerned junctions during peak periods are presented in **Appendix A**.

3.3 Baseline Junction Assessment

- 3.3.1 The base year capacity assessment of key junctions was conducted for the AM and PM peak periods, and the assessment results are summarized in **Table 3.1**.

Table 3.1: 2025 Base Year Capacity Assessment of Key Junctions for Peak Hours

No.	Junction	Type	DFC ⁽¹⁾	
			AM	PM
J1	Shan Ha Road / Unnamed Access Road	Priority	0.05	0.03
J2	Shan Ha Road / Tong Yan San Tsuen Interchange	Priority	1.02	1.11
J3	Slip Road from Shan Ha Road / Slip Road from Long Tin Road SB	Priority	0.70	0.43

Note:

- (1) DFC refers to design flow to capacity ratio, which is an indicator of the operational performance at a roundabout/priority junction.

- 3.3.2 The base year capacity assessment of key junctions as enclosed in **Appendix B** indicates that J2 operates marginally beyond its capacities during the AM and PM peak periods, while J1 and J3 operate within their capacities during the AM and PM peak periods.

3.4 Baseline Public Transport Facilities

- 3.4.1 The existing public transport facilities in the vicinity are shown in Figure 3.2. Within a 500m radius of the Site, there is the Shan Ha Tsuen Minibus Terminus, currently served GMB 604. Additionally, a red minibus route operates between Pak Sha Tsuen and Long Ping Station provide service, with pick-up and drop-off points at Lam Yu Road and Lam Hi Road.
- 3.4.2 Staff who are expeted to reside in proximity of the proposed RCHD can commute to/from the Site via this route between Shan Ha Tsuen and Yuen Long Town Centre. No visitors are allowed.

4 TRAFFIC FORECAST AND ASSESSMENT

4.1 Forecasting Methodology

4.1.1 The proposed development is anticipated to commence in 2027. A design year is set at 3 years after the commencement (i.e. 2030) to assess the traffic impact on the identified junctions upon completion of the development.

4.1.2 The traffic forecast on traffic growth within the study area is conducted based on:

- The available traffic data published in the Annual Traffic Census (ATC) report by Transport Department (TD); and/or
- The available planning data published in the 2019-based Territorial Population and Employment Data Matrix (TPEDM) from Planning Department (PlanD) Website.

Traffic Data

4.1.3 Historical traffic data for the surrounding road links are based on the Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) figures extracted from the ATC. The relevant AADT data from 2019 to 2023 are summarized in **Table 4.1**.

Table 4.1: AADT at Counting Stations Extracted from ATC for 2019-2023

Station No.	Road Name	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
5894	Yuen Long Highway (Shap Pat Heung INT to Tong Yan San Tsuen INT)	86,540	82,380	86,740	90,880	96,570
6095	Yuen Long Highway (Tong Yan San Tsuen INT to Hung Tin Rd INT)	92,140	87,710	91,980	99,080	108,420
Total		178,680	170,090	178,720	189,960	204,990
Overall Growth Rate (% p.a.)		+3.49%				

Planning Data

4.1.4 Population and employment data are extracted from the 2021-based TPEDM. The relevant planning data/forecasts from 2021 to 2031 are summarized in **Table 4.2**.

Table 4.2: TPEDM Population and Employment Forecast

District/Year		2021	2026	2031
Yuen Long	Population + Employment	820,950	923,500	1,018,800
Annual Growth Rate (%)		+2.38%		+1.98%

Adopted Growth Rate

- 4.1.5 Upon reviewing the AADT traffic data from the ATC and the planning data forecast from the TPEDM, it is proposed to adopt an annual growth rate of +3.49% p.a. from 2025 to 2030 for the future year traffic forecast, as a conservative approach.

4.2 Planned/Committed Developments

- 4.2.1 The planned/committed developments within/adjacent to the AOI have been included in the assessment for the cumulative traffic impact at the design year.
- 4.2.2 A list of the existing and other proposed major developments/infrastructures in the vicinity are provided in **Table 4.3**.

Table 4.3: Summary of Planned/Committed Developments in the Vicinity

Development	No. of Flats	Completion Year
Proposed Public Housing Development at Long Bin, Yuen Long (Phase 1)	About 3,080	2025

- 4.2.3 The forecasted traffic flows for the concerned junctions under the Reference Scenario are presented in **Appendix A**.

4.3 Development Traffic

- 4.3.1 The anticipated traffic flows generated from/ attracted to the proposed development are based on the Applicant's practical operational experience and are summarized in **Table 4.4**.

Table 4.4: Anticipated Trips from Proposed Development on Weekdays

Time Period	Anticipated Trips
AM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Staff private car to proposed RCHD Shuttle bus departs from proposed RCHD to sheltered workshop & hospital and returns to proposed RCHD
PM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Shuttle bus departs from proposed RCHD to sheltered workshop & hospital and returns to proposed RCHD Staff private car departs from proposed RCHD

- 4.3.2 For conservative purposes, the anticipated traffic flows generated from/ attracted to the proposed development are taken as 5 pcu (one-way) during peak hours.
- 4.3.3 Apart from the vehicle trips listed in **Table 4.4**, no additional traffic is expected to be generated from/ attracted to the proposed development under normal operating practices as no visitors are allowed. It is also not expected that traffic flows will be generated from/ attracted to the proposed development on weekends.

4.4 Traffic Impact Assessment

Future Year Capacity Assessment of Key Junctions

- 4.4.1 The future year capacity assessment of key junctions was conducted for both the Reference Scenario and Design Scenario during the AM and PM peak periods, and the assessment results are summarized in **Table 4.5**.

Table 4.5: 2030 Future Year Capacity Assessment of Key Junctions for Peak Hours

No.	Junction	Type			DFC ⁽¹⁾			
					2030 Reference		2030 Design	
					AM Peak	PM Peak	AM Peak	PM Peak
J1	Shan Ha Road / Unnamed Access Road	Priority	0.06	0.05	0.07		0.07	
J2	Shan Ha Road / Tong Yan San Tsuen Interchange	Priority	1.27	1.35	1.27		1.35	
J3	Slip Road from Shan Ha Road / Slip Road from Long Tin Road SB	Priority	0.83	0.52	0.84		0.52	

Note:

- (1) DFC refers to design flow to capacity ratio, which is an indicator of the operational performance at a roundabout/priority junction.

- 4.4.2 The future year capacity assessment of key junctions as enclosed in **Appendix B** indicates that under both the Reference Scenario and Design Scenario, J1 and J3 will operate satisfactorily within their capacities while J2 will operate beyond its capacity.
- 4.4.3 With comparison of the assessment results of the Reference Scenario (without development traffic) and Design Scenario (with development traffic), it is revealed that there will be a minimal reduction in capacity for the assessed junctions including J2. The reduction in junction capacity for J2, as compared to the baseline condition, is mainly attributed to the growth in background traffic instead of the traffic induced by the proposed development.

Review on Situation of Yuen Long South Development in the Vicinity

- 4.4.4 It is also noted from the information available in the public domain that Yuen Long South Development will carry out a series of road upgrading works at Shan Ha Road and Tong Yan San Tsuen Interchange. According to Legco Paper PWSC (2022-23) 6, the mentioned road upgrading works are covered under the "First Phase Development" (Stage 1 and Stage 2A Works), for which the programme of completion is yet to be confirmed.
- 4.4.5 At the same time, the proposed developments (other than roadworks for Tong Yan San Tsuen Interchange and Shan Ha Road) at Yuen Long South in the vicinity of the Site are under the "Third Phase Development", which is being studied under an intensification review.

- 4.4.6 As such, it is anticipated that in case the Yuen Long South's roadworks in the vicinity have been completed by the assessment year 2030, the traffic conditions of J1, J2 and J3 will be better than that assessed in **Table 4.5** (based on the existing road configuration). In such case, the traffic impact of the proposed development will still be acceptable from a traffic engineering viewpoint.

5 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

5.1 Summary

Proposed Development

- 5.1.1 The Applicant proposes to develop a Residential Care Home for Persons with Disabilities (RCHD) with a maximum of 90 beds.
- 5.1.2 There are no specific guidelines on the provision of parking spaces in accordance with the HKPSG for the proposed type of development. A total of 2 private car parking spaces and 1 loading and unloading bay for LGV are proposed to meet the operational needs.

Existing Traffic Conditions

- 5.1.3 The base year capacity assessment of key junctions indicates that J1 and J3 operate within their capacities while J2 operates beyond its capacity during the AM and PM peak periods.

Proposed Operational Traffic Arrangements

- 5.1.4 Taking account of the nature of the proposed RCHD, the traffic induced by the development is daily operational trips generated by and attracted to the proposed development, including the staff private car and shuttle bus to/ from the Site.

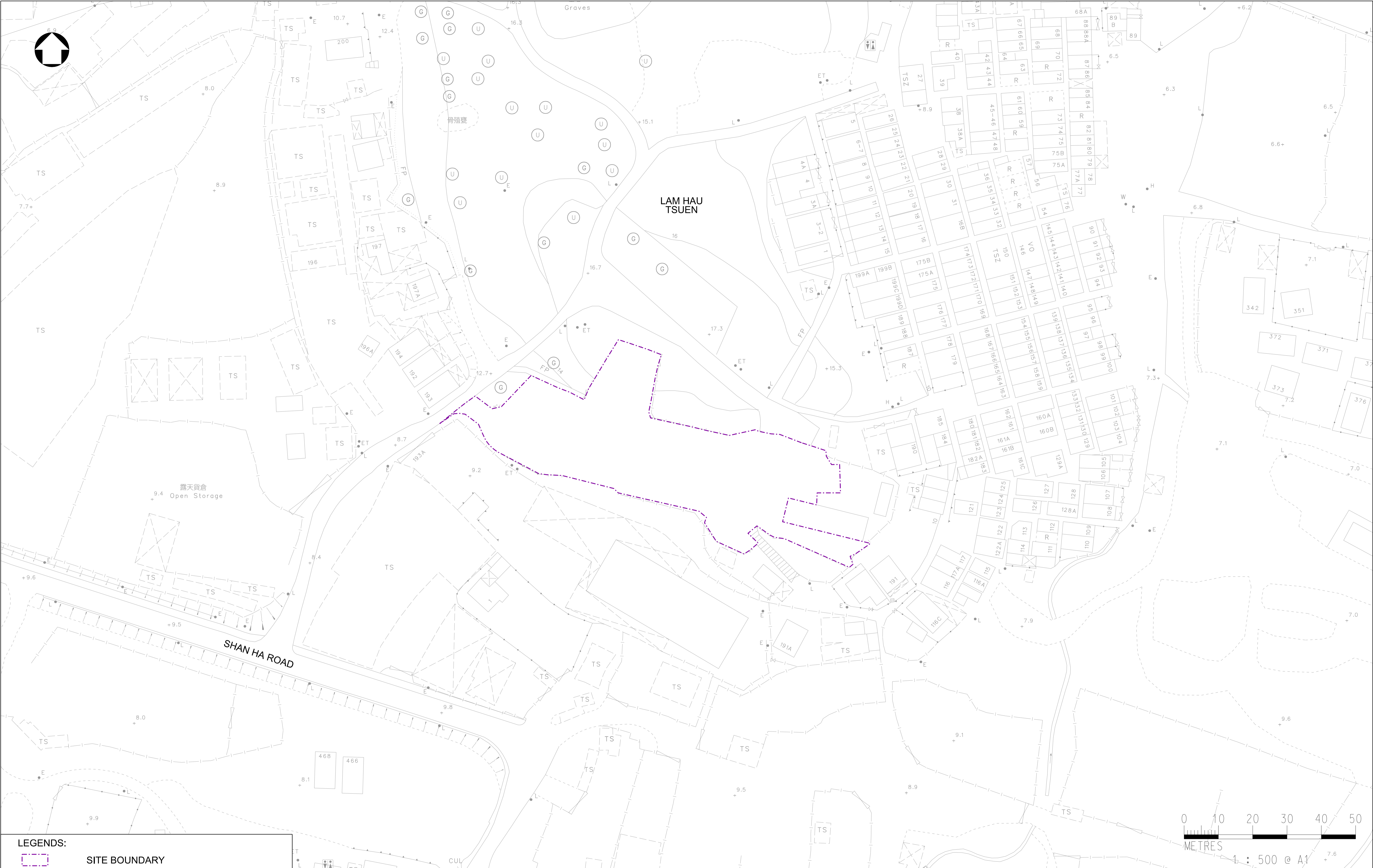
Traffic Forecast and Assessment

- 5.1.5 It is anticipated that the Site will be fully developed by 2027. A design year is set at 2030 (i.e. 3 years after the completion) for the traffic forecast.
- 5.1.6 A set of traffic forecasts on the following has been prepared:
- traffic growth within the study area (traffic growth factor with reference to the ATC reports);
 - traffic generated by the existing and other proposed major developments/infrastructures within the study area;
 - traffic generated from the development.
- 5.1.7 For the assessment of the cumulative traffic impact at the design year, the anticipated traffic flows generated from/ attracted to the proposed development are taken as 5 pcu (one-way) during peak hours.
- 5.1.8 The assessment results indicate that under both the Reference Scenario and Design Scenario, J1 and J3 will operate within their capacities while J2 will operate beyond its capacity.
- 5.1.9 Traffic induced by the proposed development is expected to cause minimal reduction in the capacity of all assessed junctions.

5.2 Conclusion

- 5.2.1 The findings of this TIA study suggest that the negligible development traffic will not cause adverse traffic impact on the local road network.
- 5.2.2 The proposed development is therefore supported from a traffic engineering viewpoint at this stage.

Figures



LEGENDS:

SITE BOUNDARY

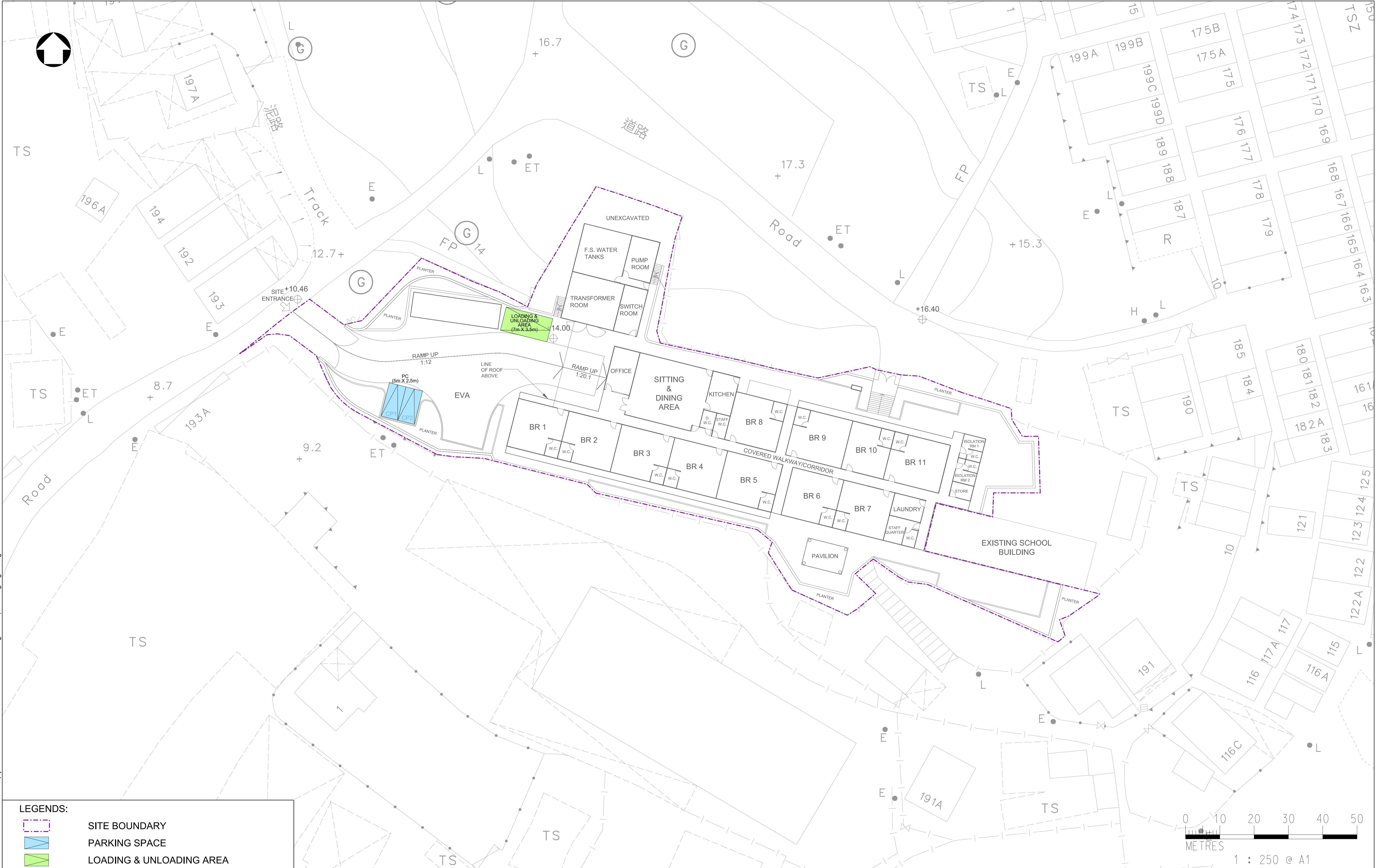
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Date	Scale	Drawing Title	LOCATION PLAN		
MAR 2025	1 : 500 @ A1				
Drawn	Job No.				
WTL	601100775				

Drawing no.

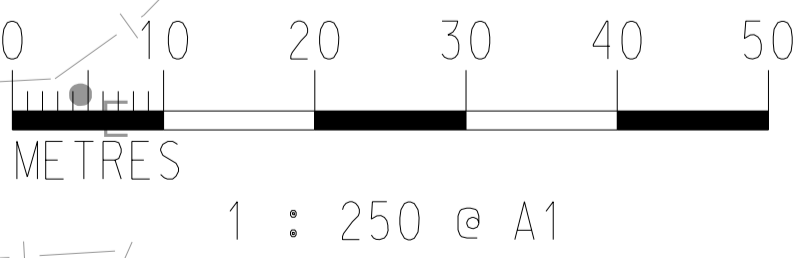
FIGURE 1.1

M

MOTT
MACDONALD

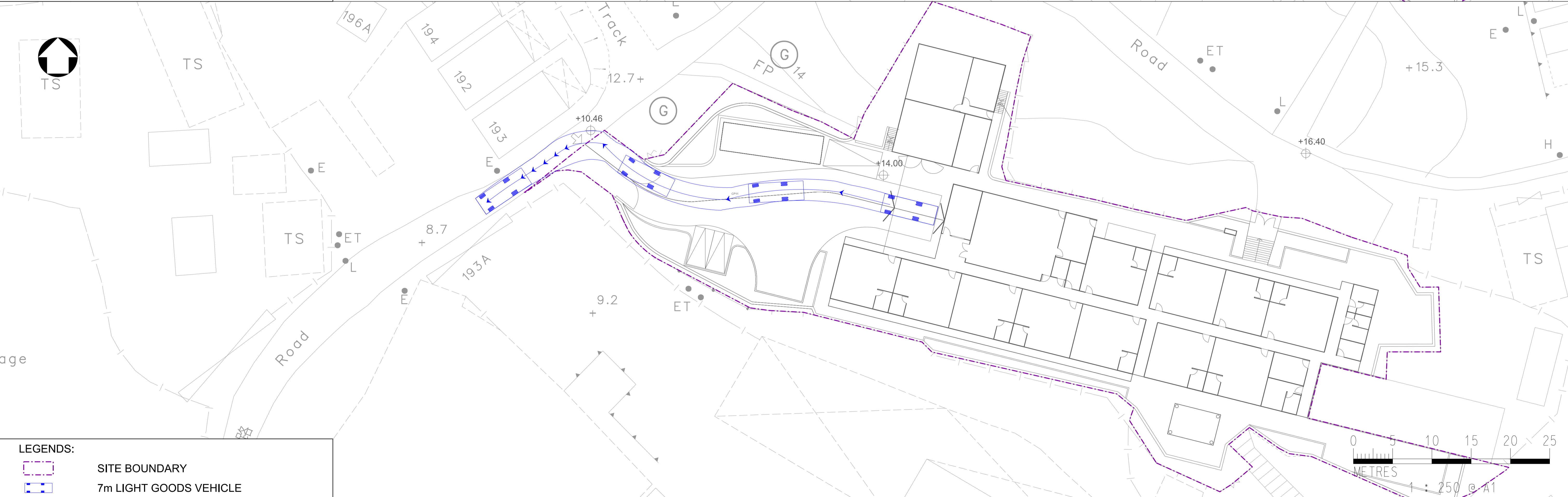
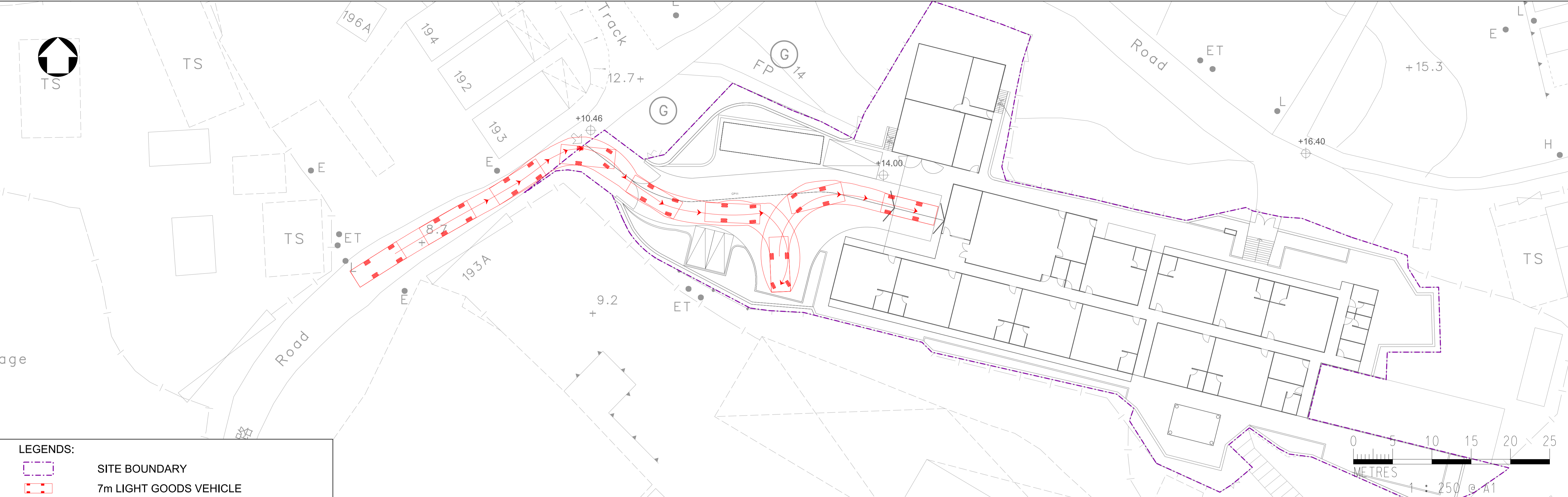


- LEGENDS:
- SITE BOUNDARY
 - PARKING SPACE
 - LOADING & UNLOADING AREA



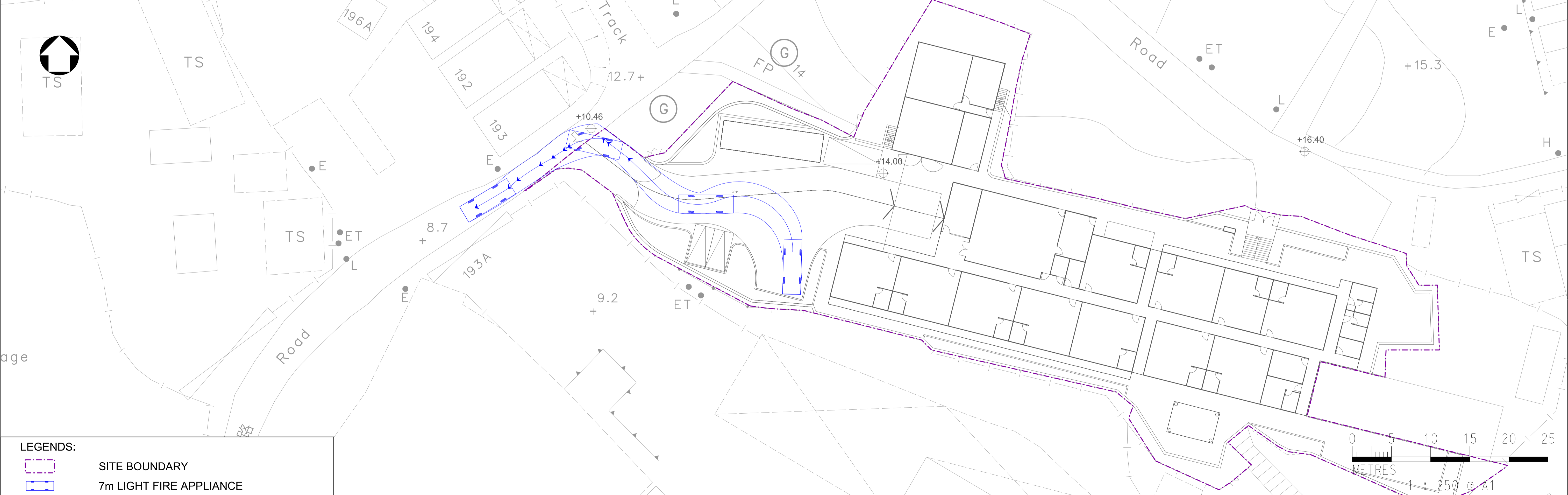
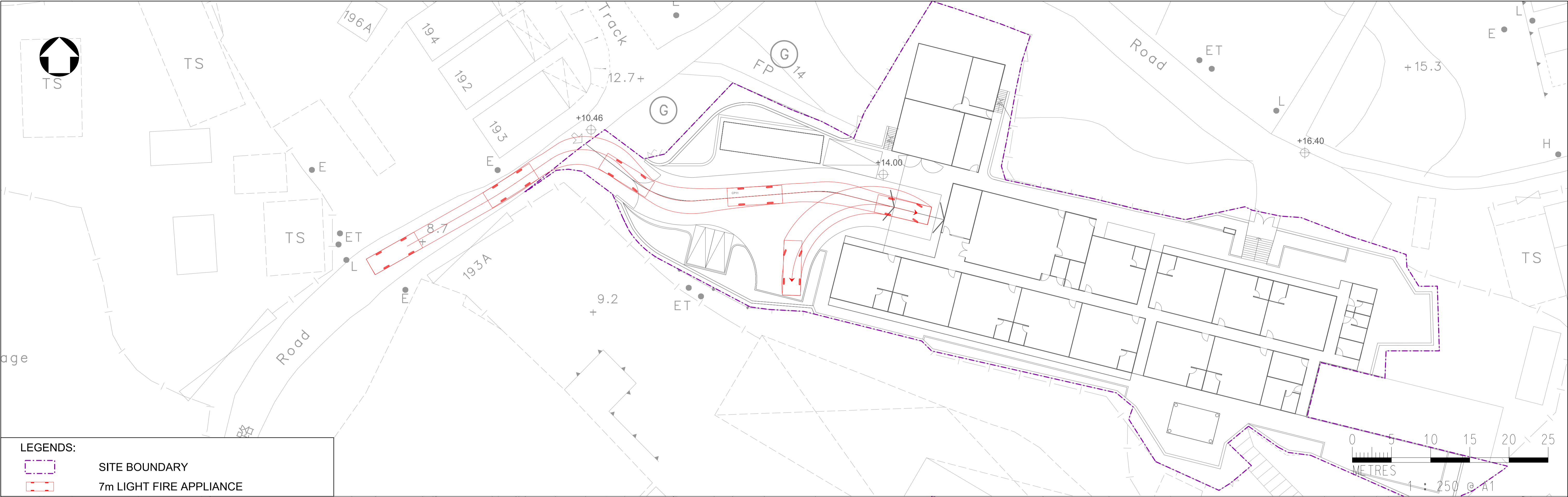
Job Title PROPOSED RCHD (RESIDENTIAL CARE HOME FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES) AT FORMER WA FUNG SCHOOL, LAM HAU TSUEN, YUEN LONG, NEW TERRITORIES			Drawing no. FIGURE 2.1
Date MAR 2025	Scale 1 : 250 @ A1	Drawing Title LAYOUT OF PARKING AND LGV LOADING & UNLOADING SPACE	<div>M</div> <div>M</div> <div>MOTT MACDONALD</div>
Drawn WTL	Job No. 601100775		

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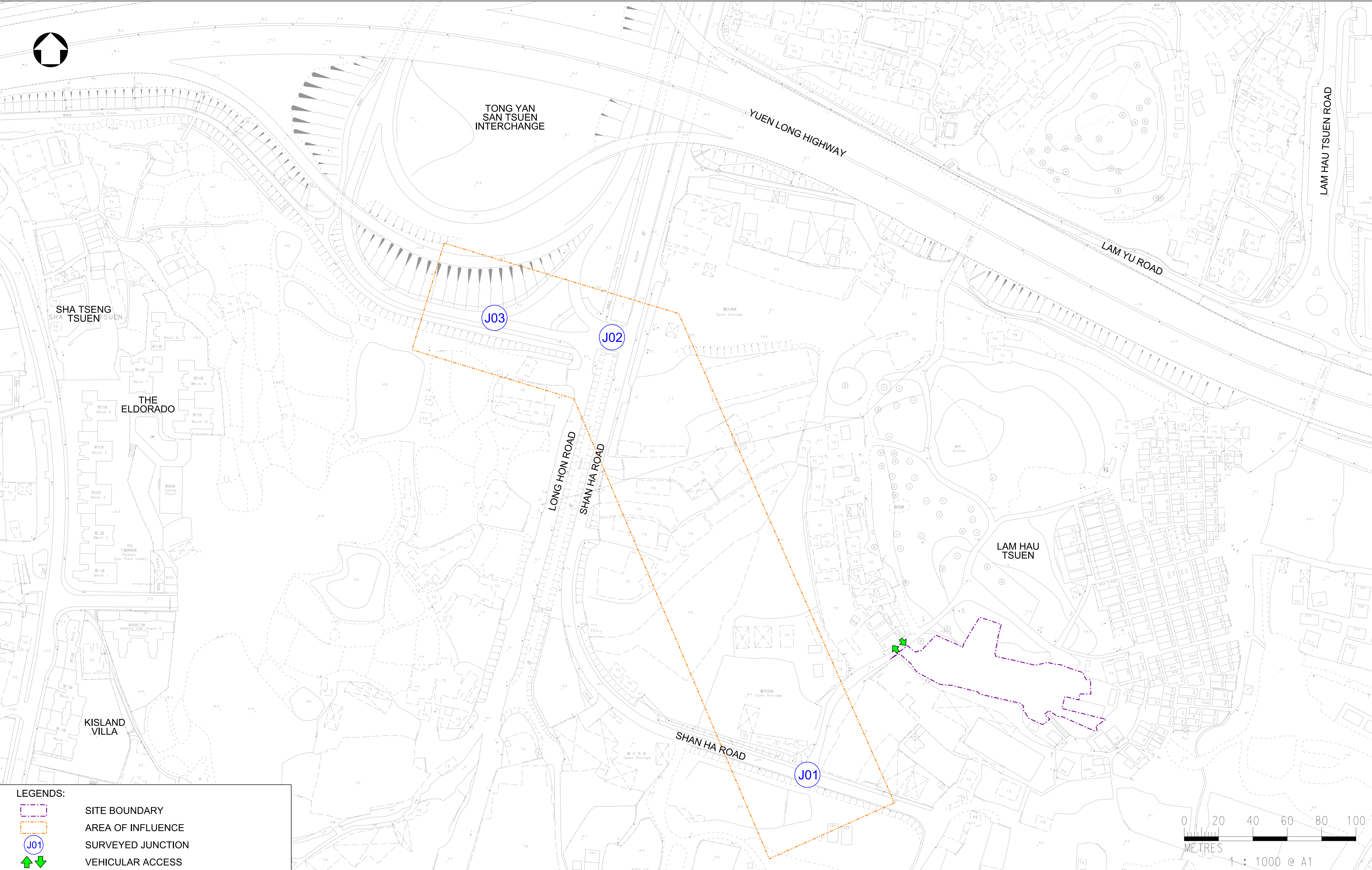
Job Title PROPOSED RCHD (RESIDENTIAL CARE HOME FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES) AT FORMER WA FUNG SCHOOL, LAM HAU TSUEN, YUEN LONG, NEW TERRITORIES			Drawing no. FIGURE 2.2
Date MAR 2025	Scale 1 : 250 @ A1	Drawing Title SWEPT PATH ANALYSIS OF 7m LIGHT GOODS VEHICLE FOR THE PROPOSED VEHICULAR ACCESS	<div><div>M</div><div>M</div><div>MOTT MACDONALD</div></div>
Drawn WTL	Job No. 601100775		

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Job Title			Drawing no.	
PROPOSED RCHD (RESIDENTIAL CARE HOME FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES) AT FORMER WA FUNG SCHOOL, LAM HAU TSUEN, YUEN LONG, NEW TERRITORIES			FIGURE 2.3	
Date	Scale	Drawing Title	<div>M</div> <div>M</div> <div>MOTT MACDONALD</div>	
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Drawn	Job No.			
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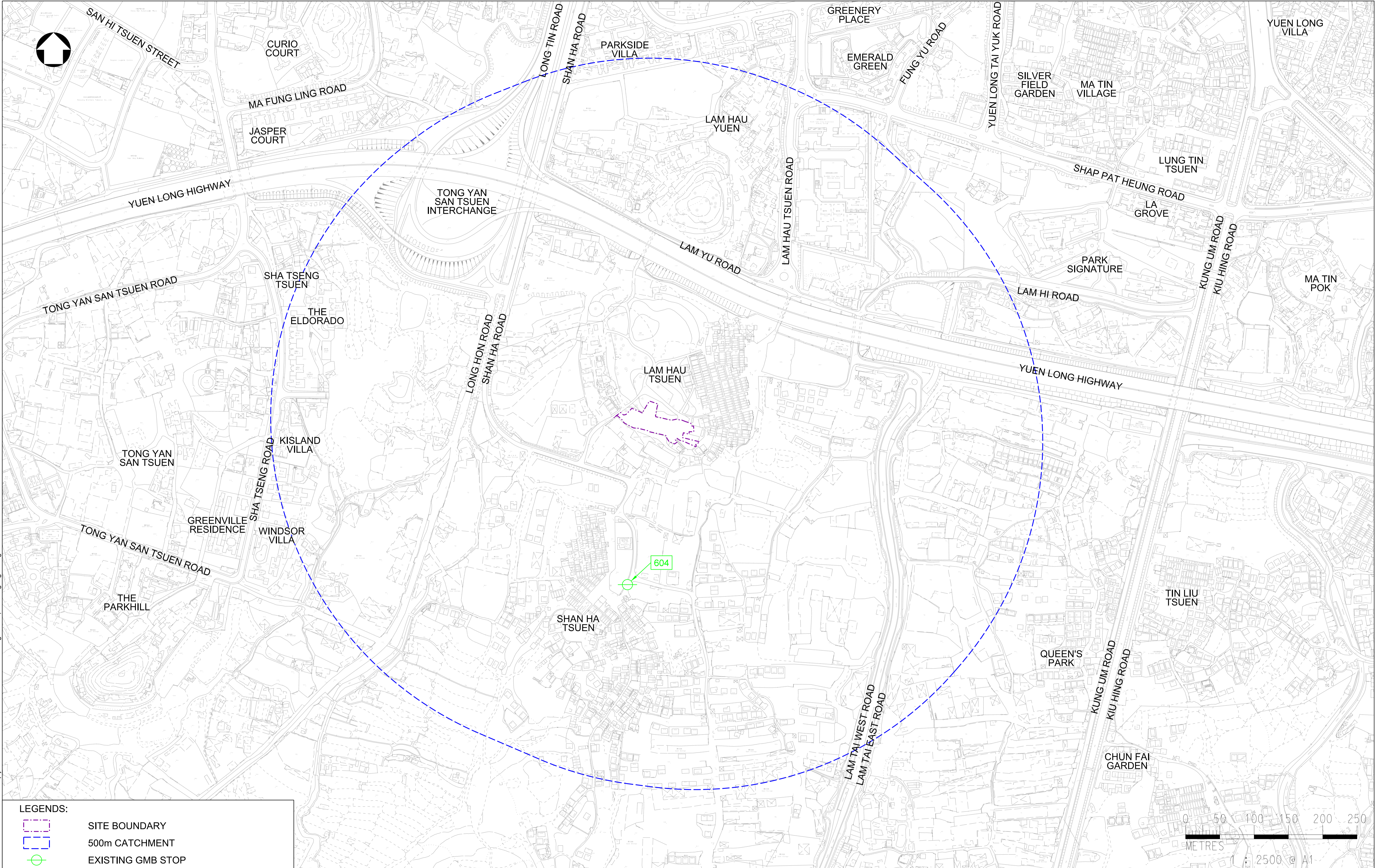
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- LEGENDS:
- SITE BOUNDARY
 - AREA OF INFLUENCE
 - SURVEYED JUNCTION
 - VEHICULAR ACCESS

Job Title PROPOSED RCHD (RESIDENTIAL CARE HOME FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES) AT FORMER WA FUNG SCHOOL, LAM HAU TSUEN, YUEN LONG, NEW TERRITORIES			Drawing no. FIGURE 3.1
Date MAR 2025	Scale 1 : 1000 @ A1	Drawing Title AREA OF INFLUENCE AND KEY JUNCTIONS	
Drawn WTL	Job No. 601100775		

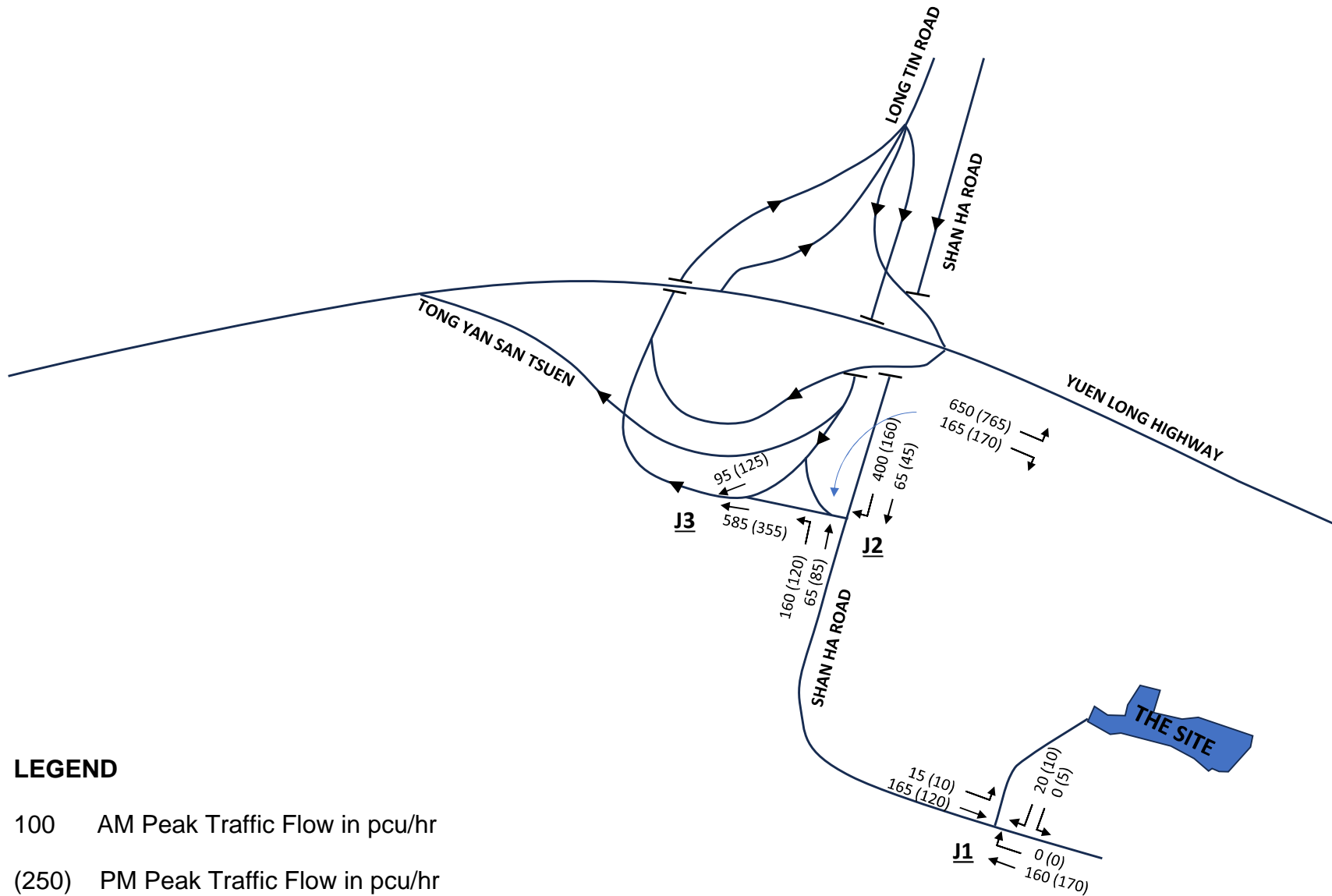
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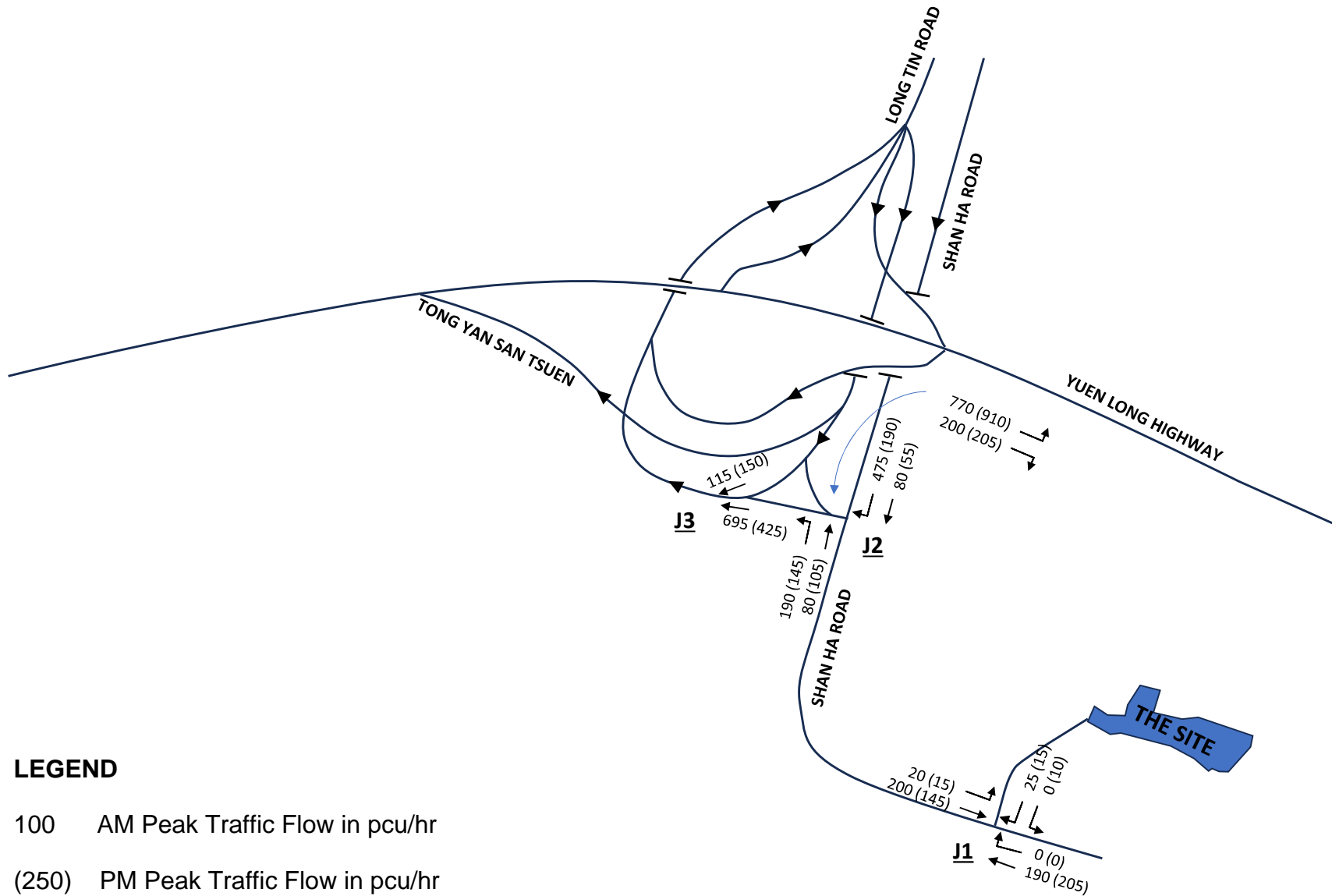
Appendix A

Traffic Flow Diagrams

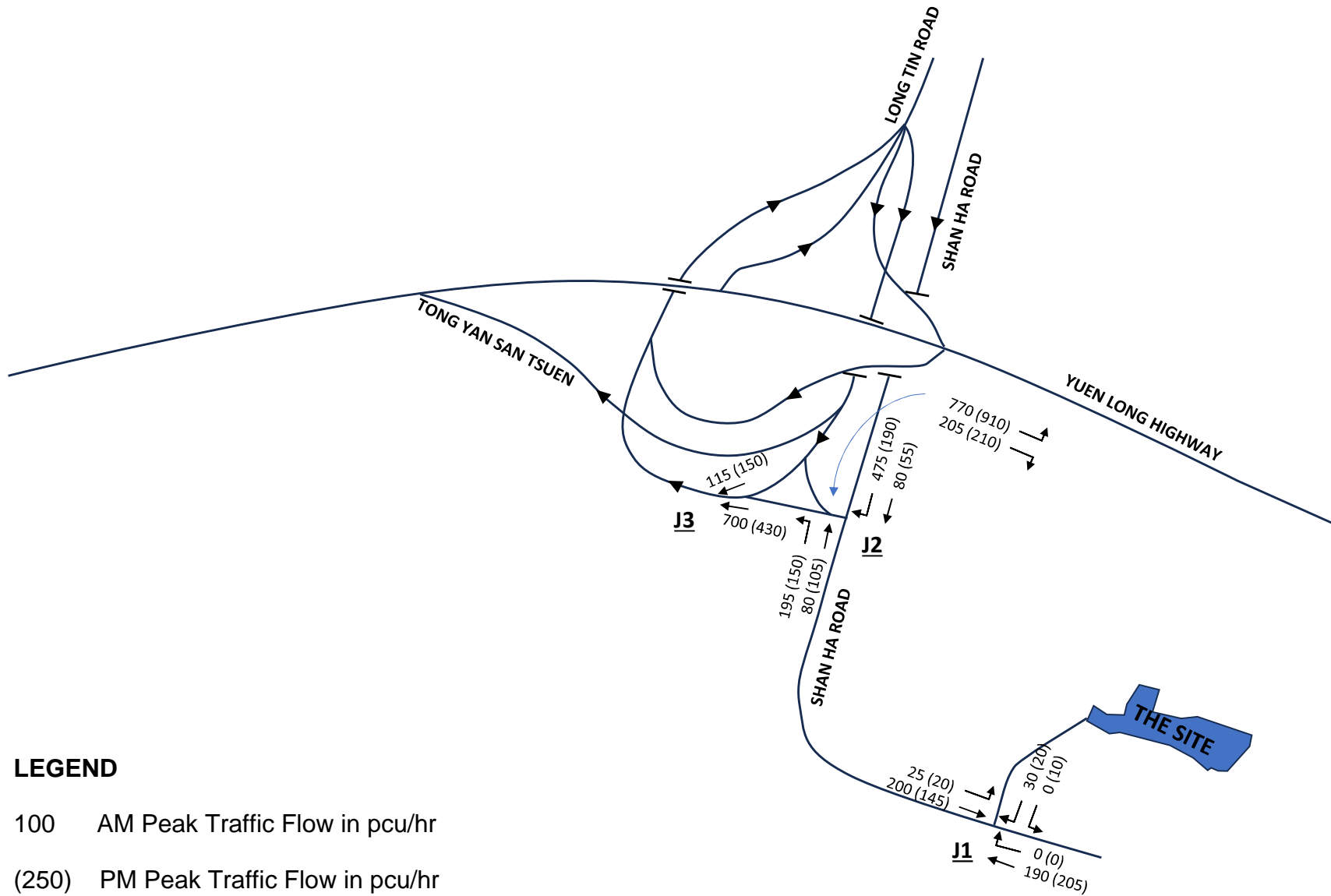
Appendix A - 2025 Observed Traffic Flows (Peak)



Appendix A - 2030 Reference Traffic Flows (Peak)



Appendix A - 2030 Design Traffic Flows (Peak)



LEGEND

- 100 AM Peak Traffic Flow in pcu/hr
- (250) PM Peak Traffic Flow in pcu/hr

Appendix B

Junction Calculation Sheets

DESIGN SHEET - PRIORITY JUNCTION CAPACITY

Job No.: _____

Junction: J1 - Shan Ha Road / Unnamed Access Road

Design Year: 2025

Description: 2025 Baseline Traffic Condition (Peak)

Designed By:

Checked By:

Approach Arms

- Arm A : Shan Ha Road EB
Arm B : Unnamed Access Road
Arm C : Shan Ha Road WB

Design Flow

	AM Peak	PM Peak
q_{A-C}	= 165	120
q_{A-B}	= 15	10
q_{B-A}	= 20	10
q_{B-C}	= 0	5
q_{C-A}	= 160	170
q_{C-B}	= 0	0

Geometric Configurations

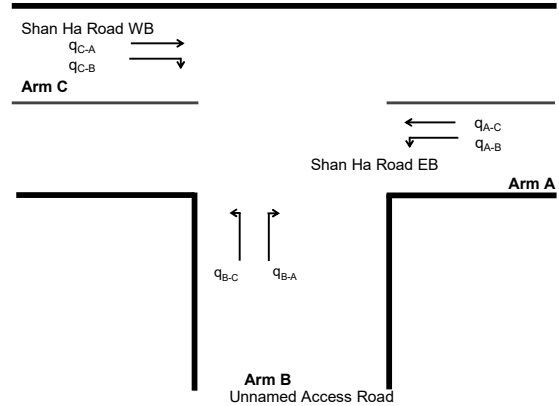
W = major road width	=	6
W_{CR} = central reserve width	=	0
W_{B-A} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream B-A	=	2.5
W_{B-C} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream B-C	=	2.5
W_{C-B} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream C-B	=	0
V_{rB-A} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream B-A	=	30
V_{rB-C} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream B-C	=	30
V_{rC-B} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream C-B	=	30
V_{lB-A} = visibility to the left for vehicles waiting in stream B-A	=	25

Capacity Assessment

$D = [1 + 0.094(W_{B-A} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{rB-A} - 120)] [1 + 0.0006(V_{lB-A} - 150)]$	=	0.76
$E = [1 + 0.094(W_{B-C} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{rB-C} - 120)]$	=	0.82
$F = [1 + 0.094(W_{C-B} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{rC-B} - 120)]$	=	0.60
$Y = (1 - 0.0345W)$	=	0.79
f = proportion of minor road traffic turning left	=	AM Peak 0.00 PM Peak 0.33
$Q_{B-A} = D [627 + 14W_{CR} - Y (0.364q_{A-C} + 0.144q_{A-B} + 0.229q_{C-A} + 0.52q_{C-B})]$	=	416 425
$RFC_{B-A} = q_{B-A}/Q_{B-A}$	=	0.05 0.02
$Q_{B-C} = E [745 - Y(0.364q_{A-C} + 0.144q_{A-B})]$	=	570.20 581
$RFC_{B-C} = q_{B-C}/Q_{B-C}$	=	N/A 0.01
$Q_{C-B} = F [745 - 0.364Y(q_{A-C} + q_{A-B})]$	=	418.38 427.10
$RFC_{C-B} = q_{C-B}/Q_{C-B}$	=	N/A N/A
$Q_{B-AC} = (Q_{B-C})(Q_{B-A})/[(1-f)(Q_{B-C}) + f](Q_{B-A})]$	=	416 467
$RFC_{B-AC} = (q_{B-A} + q_{B-C}) / Q_{B-AC}$	=	0.05 0.03

Results Summary

	AM	PM
RFC_{B-A}	= 0.05	0.02
RFC_{B-C}	= N/A	0.01
RFC_{C-B}	= N/A	N/A
RFC_{B-AC}	= 0.05	0.03



Date:
MAY, 2025

Junction:
Shan Ha Road / Unnamed Access Road

J1

DESIGN SHEET - PRIORITY JUNCTION CAPACITY

Junction: J2 - Shan Ha Road / Tong Yan San Tsuen Interchange
Description: 2025 Baseline Traffic Condition (Peak)

Job No.: _____

Design Year: 2025

Designed By:

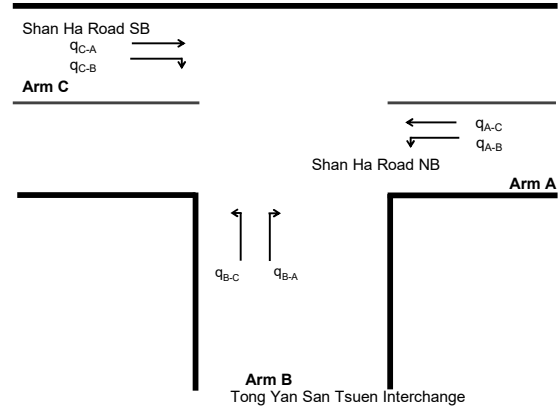
Checked By:

Approach Arms

- Arm A : Shan Ha Road NB
Arm B : Tong Yan San Tsuen Interchange
Arm C : Shan Ha Road SB

Design Flow

	AM Peak	PM Peak
q_{A-C}	= 65	85
q_{A-B}	= 160	120
q_{B-A}	= 165	170
q_{B-C}	= 650	765
q_{C-A}	= 65	45
q_{C-B}	= 400	160



Geometric Configurations

W = major road width	=	7
W_{CR} = central reserve width	=	0
W_{B-A} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream B-A	=	6
W_{B-C} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream B-C	=	6
W_{C-B} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream C-B	=	3.5
V_{B-A} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream B-A	=	150
V_{B-C} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream B-C	=	150
V_{C-B} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream C-B	=	40
V_{B-A} = visibility to the left for vehicles waiting in stream B-A	=	250

Capacity Assessment

$D = [1 + 0.094(W_{B-A} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{B-A} - 120)] [1 + 0.0006(V_{B-A} - 150)]$	=	1.33
$E = [1 + 0.094(W_{B-C} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{B-C} - 120)]$	=	1.25
$F = [1 + 0.094(W_{C-B} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{C-B} - 120)]$	=	0.91
$Y = (1 - 0.0345W)$	=	0.76
f = proportion of minor road traffic turning left	=	AM Peak 0.80 PM Peak 0.82
$Q_{B-A} = D [627 + 14W_{CR} - Y (0.364q_{A-C} + 0.144q_{A-B} + 0.229q_{C-A} + 0.52q_{C-B})]$	=	562 690
$RFC_{B-A} = q_{B-A}/Q_{B-A}$	=	0.29 0.25
$Q_{B-C} = E [745 - Y (0.364q_{A-C} + 0.144q_{A-B})]$	=	889.71 888
$RFC_{B-C} = q_{B-C}/Q_{B-C}$	=	0.73 0.86
$Q_{C-B} = F [745 - 0.364Y(q_{A-C} + q_{A-B})]$	=	624.78 629.83
$RFC_{C-B} = q_{C-B}/Q_{C-B}$	=	0.64 0.25
$Q_{B-AC} = (Q_{B-C})(Q_{B-A})/[(1-f)(Q_{B-C}) + (f)(Q_{B-A})]$	=	796 844
$RFC_{B-AC} = (q_{B-A} + q_{B-C}) / Q_{B-AC}$	=	1.02 1.11

Results Summary

	AM	PM
RFC_{B-A}	= 0.29	0.25
RFC_{B-C}	= 0.73	0.86
RFC_{C-B}	= 0.64	0.25
RFC_{B-AC}	= 1.02	1.11

Date:
MAY, 2025

Junction:
Shan Ha Road / Tong Yan San Tsuen Interchange

J2

DESIGN SHEET - PRIORITY JUNCTION CAPACITY

Job No.: _____

Junction: J3 - Slip Road from Shan Ha Road / Slip Road from Long Tin Road SB
Description: 2025 Baseline Traffic Condition (Peak)

Design Year: 2025

Designed By:

Checked By:

Approach Arms

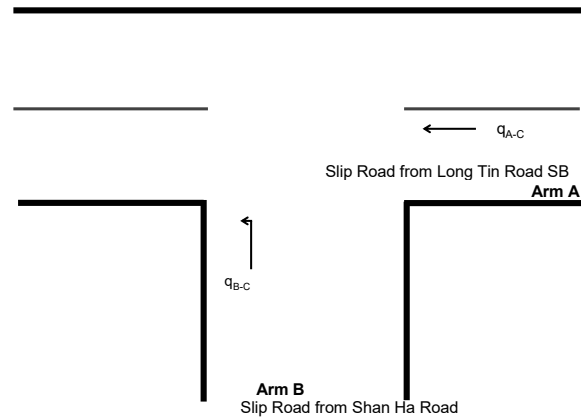
Arm A : Slip Road from Long Tin Road SB

Arm B : Slip Road from Shan Ha Road

Design Flow

q_{A-C} = **AM Peak** 95 **PM Peak** 125

q_{B-C} = 585 355



Geometric Configurations

W = major road width	=	5.5
W_{CR} = central reserve width	=	0
W_{B-A} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream B-A	=	0
W_{B-C} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream B-C	=	5.5
W_{C-B} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream C-B	=	0
V_{B-A} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream B-A	=	120
V_{B-C} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream B-C	=	120
V_{C-B} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream C-B	=	0
V_{B-A} = visibility to the left for vehicles waiting in stream B-A	=	0

Capacity Assessment

$D = [1 + 0.094(w_{B-A} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{B-A} - 120)] [1 + 0.0006(V_{B-A} - 150)]$	=	0.60
$E = [1 + 0.094(w_{B-C} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{B-C} - 120)]$	=	1.17
$F = [1 + 0.094(w_{C-B} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{C-B} - 120)]$	=	0.59
$Y = (1 - 0.0345W)$	=	0.81
f = proportion of minor road traffic turning left	=	AM Peak 1.00 PM Peak 1.00
$Q_{B-A} = D [627 + 14W_{CR} - Y (0.364q_{A-C} + 0.144q_{A-B} + 0.229q_{C-A} + 0.52q_{C-B})]$	=	358 353
$RFC_{B-A} = q_{B-A}/Q_{B-A}$	=	N/A N/A
$Q_{B-C} = E [745 - Y(0.364q_{A-C} + 0.144q_{A-B})]$	=	841.66 831
$RFC_{B-C} = q_{B-C}/Q_{B-C}$	=	0.70 0.43
$Q_{C-B} = F [745 - 0.364Y(q_{A-C} + q_{A-B})]$	=	420.12 414.93
$RFC_{C-B} = q_{C-B}/Q_{C-B}$	=	N/A N/A
$Q_{B-AC} = (Q_{B-C})(Q_{B-A})/[(1-f)(Q_{B-C})+(f)(Q_{B-A})]$	=	842 831
$RFC_{B-AC} = (q_{B-A} + q_{B-C}) / Q_{B-AC}$	=	0.70 0.43

Results Summary

	AM	PM
RFC_{B-A} =	N/A	N/A
RFC_{B-C} =	0.70	0.43
RFC_{C-B} =	N/A	N/A
RFC_{B-AC} =	0.70	0.43

Date:
MAY, 2025

Junction:
Slip Road from Shan Ha Road / Slip Road from Long Tin Road SB

J3

DESIGN SHEET - PRIORITY JUNCTION CAPACITY

Job No.: _____

Junction: J1 - Shan Ha Road / Unnamed Access Road

Design Year: 2025

Description: 2030 Reference Scenario (Peak)

Designed By:

Checked By:

Approach Arms

- Arm A : Shan Ha Road EB
Arm B : Unnamed Access Road
Arm C : Shan Ha Road WB

Design Flow

	AM Peak	PM Peak
q_{A-C}	= 200	145
q_{A-B}	= 20	15
q_{B-A}	= 25	15
q_{B-C}	= 0	10
q_{C-A}	= 190	205
q_{C-B}	= 0	0

Geometric Configurations

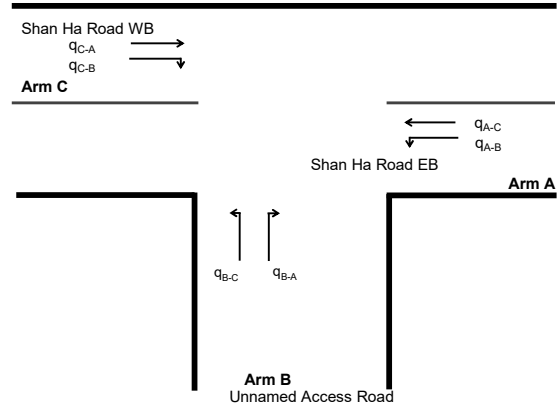
W = major road width	=	6
W_{CR} = central reserve width	=	0
W_{B-A} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream B-A	=	2.5
W_{B-C} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream B-C	=	2.5
W_{C-B} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream C-B	=	0
V_{B-A} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream B-A	=	30
V_{B-C} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream B-C	=	30
V_{C-B} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream C-B	=	30
V_{B-A} = visibility to the left for vehicles waiting in stream B-A	=	25

Capacity Assessment

$D = [1 + 0.094(W_{B-A} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{B-A} - 120)] [1 + 0.0006(V_{B-A} - 150)]$	=	0.76
$E = [1 + 0.094(W_{B-C} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{B-C} - 120)]$	=	0.82
$F = [1 + 0.094(W_{C-B} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{C-B} - 120)]$	=	0.60
$Y = (1 - 0.0345W)$	=	0.79
f = proportion of minor road traffic turning left	=	AM Peak 0.00 PM Peak 0.40
$Q_{B-A} = D [627 + 14W_{CR} - Y (0.364q_{A-C} + 0.144q_{A-B} + 0.229q_{C-A} + 0.52q_{C-B})]$	=	404 414
$RFC_{B-A} = q_{B-A}/Q_{B-A}$	=	0.06 0.04
$Q_{B-C} = E [745 - Y(0.364q_{A-C} + 0.144q_{A-B})]$	=	561.45 575
$RFC_{B-C} = q_{B-C}/Q_{B-C}$	=	N/A 0.02
$Q_{C-B} = F [745 - 0.364Y(q_{A-C} + q_{A-B})]$	=	411.41 421.87
$RFC_{C-B} = q_{C-B}/Q_{C-B}$	=	N/A N/A
$Q_{B-AC} = (Q_{B-C})(Q_{B-A})/[(1-f)(Q_{B-C}) + f(Q_{B-A})]$	=	404 466
$RFC_{B-AC} = (q_{B-A} + q_{B-C}) / Q_{B-AC}$	=	0.06 0.05

Results Summary

	AM	PM
RFC_{B-A}	= 0.06	0.04
RFC_{B-C}	= N/A	0.02
RFC_{C-B}	= N/A	N/A
RFC_{B-AC}	= 0.06	0.05



Date:
MAY, 2025

Junction:
Shan Ha Road / Unnamed Access Road

J1

DESIGN SHEET - PRIORITY JUNCTION CAPACITY

Job No.: _____

Junction: J2 - Shan Ha Road / Tong Yan San Tsuen Interchange

Design Year: 2025

Description: 2030 Reference Scenario (Peak)

Designed By:

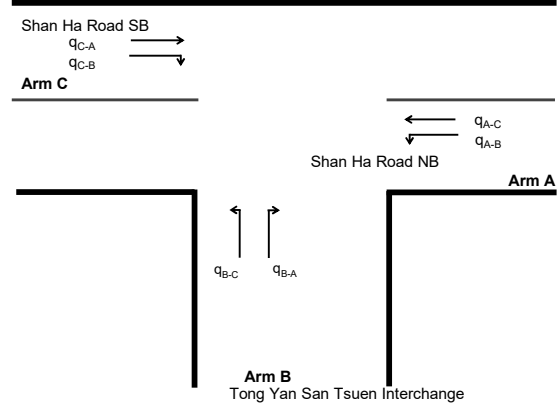
Checked By:

Approach Arms

- Arm A : Shan Ha Road NB
Arm B : Tong Yan San Tsuen Interchange
Arm C : Shan Ha Road SB

Design Flow

	AM Peak	PM Peak
q_{A-C}	= 80	105
q_{A-B}	= 190	145
q_{B-A}	= 200	205
q_{B-C}	= 770	910
q_{C-A}	= 80	55
q_{C-B}	= 475	190

**Geometric Configurations**

W = major road width	=	7
W_{CR} = central reserve width	=	0
W_{B-A} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream B-A	=	6
W_{B-C} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream B-C	=	6
W_{C-B} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream C-B	=	3.5
V_{B-A} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream B-A	=	150
V_{B-C} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream B-C	=	150
V_{C-B} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream C-B	=	40
V_{B-A} = visibility to the left for vehicles waiting in stream B-A	=	250

Capacity Assessment

$D = [1 + 0.094(W_{B-A} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{B-A} - 120)] [1 + 0.0006(V_{B-A} - 150)]$	=	1.33
$E = [1 + 0.094(W_{B-C} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{B-C} - 120)]$	=	1.25
$F = [1 + 0.094(W_{C-B} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{C-B} - 120)]$	=	0.91
$Y = (1 - 0.0345W)$	=	0.76
f = proportion of minor road traffic turning left	=	AM Peak 0.79, PM Peak 0.82
$Q_{B-A} = D [627 + 14W_{CR} - Y (0.364q_{A-C} + 0.144q_{A-B} + 0.229q_{C-A} + 0.52q_{C-B})]$	=	509, 661
$RFC_{B-A} = q_{B-A}/Q_{B-A}$	=	0.39, 0.31
$Q_{B-C} = E [745 - Y(0.364q_{A-C} + 0.144q_{A-B})]$	=	880.41, 878
$RFC_{B-C} = q_{B-C}/Q_{B-C}$	=	0.87, 1.04
$Q_{C-B} = F [745 - 0.364Y(q_{A-C} + q_{A-B})]$	=	613.41, 618.46
$RFC_{C-B} = q_{C-B}/Q_{C-B}$	=	0.77, 0.31
$Q_{B-AC} = (Q_{B-C})(Q_{B-A})/[(1-f)(Q_{B-C}) + f(Q_{B-A})]$	=	765, 828
$RFC_{B-AC} = (q_{B-A} + q_{B-C}) / Q_{B-AC}$	=	1.27, 1.35

Results Summary

	AM	PM
RFC_{B-A}	= 0.39	0.31
RFC_{B-C}	= 0.87	1.04
RFC_{C-B}	= 0.77	0.31
RFC_{B-AC}	= 1.27	1.35

Date:
MAY, 2025Junction:
Shan Ha Road / Tong Yan San Tsuen Interchange

J2

DESIGN SHEET - PRIORITY JUNCTION CAPACITY

Job No.: _____

Junction: J3 - Slip Road from Shan Ha Road / Slip Road from Long Tin Road SB
Description: 2030 Reference Scenario (Peak)

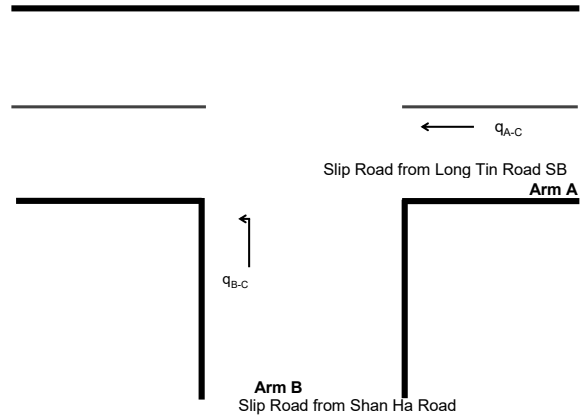
Design Year: 2025
Designed By: _____
Checked By: _____

Approach Arms

Arm A : Slip Road from Long Tin Road SB
Arm B : Slip Road from Shan Ha Road

Design Flow

		AM Peak	PM Peak
q_{A-C}	=	115	150
q_{B-C}	=	695	425



Geometric Configurations

W = major road width	=	5.5
W_{CR} = central reserve width	=	0
W_{B-A} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream B-A	=	0
W_{B-C} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream B-C	=	5.5
W_{C-B} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream C-B	=	0
V_{B-A} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream B-A	=	120
V_{B-C} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream B-C	=	120
V_{C-B} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream C-B	=	0
V_{B-A} = visibility to the left for vehicles waiting in stream B-A	=	0

Capacity Assessment

$D = [1 + 0.094(w_{B-A} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{B-A} - 120)] [1 + 0.0006(V_{B-A} - 150)]$	=	0.60
$E = [1 + 0.094(w_{B-C} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{B-C} - 120)]$	=	1.17
$F = [1 + 0.094(w_{C-B} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{C-B} - 120)]$	=	0.59
$Y = (1 - 0.0345W)$	=	0.81
f = proportion of minor road traffic turning left	=	AM Peak 1.00 PM Peak 1.00
$Q_{B-A} = D [627 + 14W_{CR} - Y (0.364q_{A-C} + 0.144q_{A-B} + 0.229q_{C-A} + 0.52q_{C-B})]$	=	355 348
$RFC_{B-A} = q_{B-A}/Q_{B-A}$	=	N/A N/A
$Q_{B-C} = E [745 - Y(0.364q_{A-C} + 0.144q_{A-B})]$	=	834.74 823
$RFC_{B-C} = q_{B-C}/Q_{B-C}$	=	0.83 0.52
$Q_{C-B} = F [745 - 0.364Y(q_{A-C} + q_{A-B})]$	=	416.66 410.61
$RFC_{C-B} = q_{C-B}/Q_{C-B}$	=	N/A N/A
$Q_{B-AC} = (Q_{B-C})(Q_{B-A})/[(1-f)(Q_{B-C})+(f)(Q_{B-A})]$	=	835 823
$RFC_{B-AC} = (q_{B-A} + q_{B-C}) / Q_{B-AC}$	=	0.83 0.52

Results Summary

	AM	PM
RFC_{B-A}	N/A	N/A
RFC_{B-C}	0.83	0.52
RFC_{C-B}	N/A	N/A
RFC_{B-AC}	0.83	0.52

Date: MAY, 2025

Junction: Slip Road from Shan Ha Road / Slip Road from Long Tin Road SB

J3

DESIGN SHEET - PRIORITY JUNCTION CAPACITY

Junction: J1 - Shan Ha Road / Unnamed Access Road
 Description: 2030 Design Scenario (Peak)

Job No.: _____

Design Year: 2025

Designed By:

Checked By:

Approach Arms

Arm A : Shan Ha Road EB
 Arm B : Unnamed Access Road
 Arm C : Shan Ha Road WB

Design Flow

	AM Peak	PM Peak
q_{A-C}	= 200	145
q_{A-B}	= 25	20
q_{B-A}	= 30	20
q_{B-C}	= 0	10
q_{C-A}	= 190	205
q_{C-B}	= 0	0

Geometric Configurations

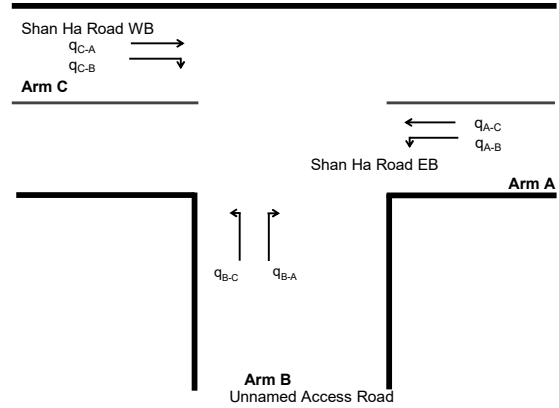
W = major road width	=	6
W_{CR} = central reserve width	=	0
W_{B-A} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream B-A	=	2.5
W_{B-C} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream B-C	=	2.5
W_{C-B} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream C-B	=	0
V_{rB-A} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream B-A	=	30
V_{rB-C} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream B-C	=	30
V_{rC-B} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream C-B	=	30
V_{lB-A} = visibility to the left for vehicles waiting in stream B-A	=	25

Capacity Assessment

$D = [1 + 0.094(W_{B-A} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{rB-A} - 120)] [1 + 0.0006(V_{lB-A} - 150)]$	=	0.76
$E = [1 + 0.094(W_{B-C} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{rB-C} - 120)]$	=	0.82
$F = [1 + 0.094(W_{C-B} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{rC-B} - 120)]$	=	0.60
$Y = (1 - 0.0345W)$	=	0.79
f = proportion of minor road traffic turning left	=	AM Peak 0.00 PM Peak 0.33
$Q_{B-A} = D [627 + 14W_{CR} - Y (0.364q_{A-C} + 0.144q_{A-B} + 0.229q_{C-A} + 0.52q_{C-B})]$	=	403 414
$RFC_{B-A} = q_{B-A}/Q_{B-A}$	=	0.07 0.05
$Q_{B-C} = E [745 - Y(0.364q_{A-C} + 0.144q_{A-B})]$	=	560.98 574
$RFC_{B-C} = q_{B-C}/Q_{B-C}$	=	N/A 0.02
$Q_{C-B} = F [745 - 0.364Y(q_{A-C} + q_{A-B})]$	=	410.54 421.00
$RFC_{C-B} = q_{C-B}/Q_{C-B}$	=	N/A N/A
$Q_{B-AC} = (Q_{B-C})(Q_{B-A})/[(1-f)(Q_{B-C}) + f](Q_{B-A})]$	=	403 456
$RFC_{B-AC} = (q_{B-A} + q_{B-C}) / Q_{B-AC}$	=	0.07 0.07

Results Summary

	AM	PM
RFC_{B-A}	= 0.07	0.05
RFC_{B-C}	= N/A	0.02
RFC_{C-B}	= N/A	N/A
RFC_{B-AC}	= 0.07	0.07



Date:
MAY, 2025

Junction:
Shan Ha Road / Unnamed Access Road

J1

DESIGN SHEET - PRIORITY JUNCTION CAPACITY

Junction: J2 - Shan Ha Road / Tong Yan San Tsuen Interchange
 Description: 2030 Design Scenario (Peak)

Job No.: _____

Design Year: 2025

Designed By:

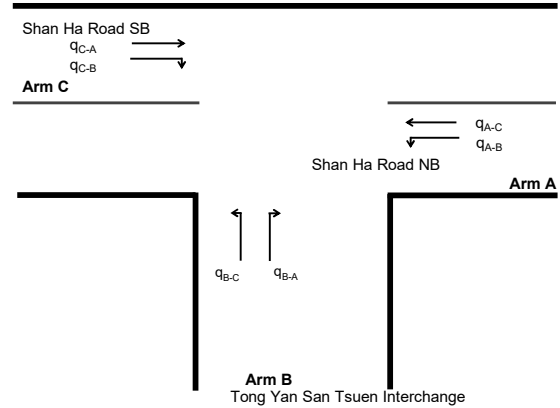
Checked By:

Approach Arms

- Arm A : Shan Ha Road NB
 Arm B : Tong Yan San Tsuen Interchange
 Arm C : Shan Ha Road SB

Design Flow

	AM Peak	PM Peak
q_{A-C}	= 80	105
q_{A-B}	= 195	150
q_{B-A}	= 205	210
q_{B-C}	= 770	910
q_{C-A}	= 80	55
q_{C-B}	= 475	190



Geometric Configurations

W = major road width	=	7
W_{CR} = central reserve width	=	0
W_{B-A} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream B-A	=	6
W_{B-C} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream B-C	=	6
W_{C-B} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream C-B	=	3.5
V_{B-A} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream B-A	=	150
V_{B-C} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream B-C	=	150
V_{C-B} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream C-B	=	40
V_{B-A} = visibility to the left for vehicles waiting in stream B-A	=	250

Capacity Assessment

$D = [1 + 0.094(W_{B-A} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{B-A} - 120)] [1 + 0.0006(V_{B-A} - 150)]$	=	1.33
$E = [1 + 0.094(W_{B-C} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{B-C} - 120)]$	=	1.25
$F = [1 + 0.094(W_{C-B} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{C-B} - 120)]$	=	0.91
$Y = (1 - 0.0345W)$	=	0.75
f = proportion of minor road traffic turning left	=	AM Peak 0.79, PM Peak 0.81
$Q_{B-A} = D [627 + 14W_{CR} - Y (0.364q_{A-C} + 0.144q_{A-B} + 0.229q_{C-A} + 0.52q_{C-B})]$	=	513, 663
$RFC_{B-A} = q_{B-A}/Q_{B-A}$	=	0.40, 0.32
$Q_{B-C} = E [745 - Y (0.364q_{A-C} + 0.144q_{A-B})]$	=	880.47, 878
$RFC_{B-C} = q_{B-C}/Q_{B-C}$	=	0.87, 1.04
$Q_{C-B} = F [745 - 0.364Y(q_{A-C} + q_{A-B})]$	=	613.09, 618.08
$RFC_{C-B} = q_{C-B}/Q_{C-B}$	=	0.77, 0.31
$Q_{B-AC} = (Q_{B-C})(Q_{B-A})/[(1-f)(Q_{B-C}) + f(Q_{B-A})]$	=	765, 828
$RFC_{B-AC} = (q_{B-A} + q_{B-C}) / Q_{B-AC}$	=	1.27, 1.35

Results Summary

	AM	PM
RFC_{B-A}	= 0.40	0.32
RFC_{B-C}	= 0.87	1.04
RFC_{C-B}	= 0.77	0.31
RFC_{B-AC}	= 1.27	1.35

Date: MAY, 2025

Junction: Shan Ha Road / Tong Yan San Tsuen Interchange

J2

DESIGN SHEET - PRIORITY JUNCTION CAPACITY

Job No.: _____

Junction: J3 - Slip Road from Shan Ha Road / Slip Road from Long Tin Road SB
Description: 2030 Design Scenario (Peak)

Design Year: 2025

Designed By:

Checked By:

Approach Arms

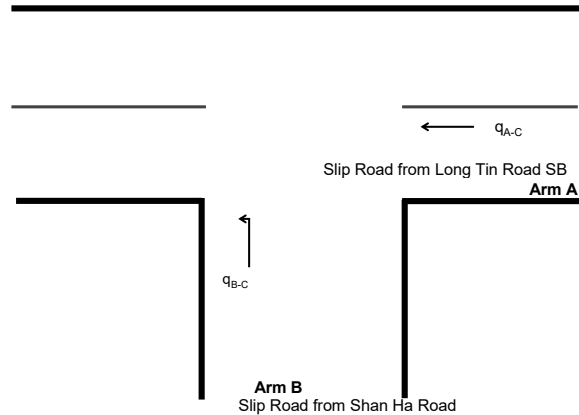
Arm A : Slip Road from Long Tin Road SB

Arm B : Slip Road from Shan Ha Road

Design Flow

q_{A-C} = **AM Peak** 115 **PM Peak** 150

q_{B-C} = 700 430



Geometric Configurations

W = major road width	=	5.5
W_{CR} = central reserve width	=	0
W_{B-A} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream B-A	=	0
W_{B-C} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream B-C	=	5.5
W_{C-B} = lane width available to vehicle waiting in stream C-B	=	0
V_{B-A} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream B-A	=	120
V_{B-C} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream B-C	=	120
V_{C-B} = visibility to the right for vehicles waiting in stream C-B	=	0
V_{B-A} = visibility to the left for vehicles waiting in stream B-A	=	0

Capacity Assessment

$D = [1 + 0.094(w_{B-A} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{B-A} - 120)] [1 + 0.0006(V_{B-A} - 150)]$	=	0.60
$E = [1 + 0.094(w_{B-C} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{B-C} - 120)]$	=	1.17
$F = [1 + 0.094(w_{C-B} - 3.65)] [1 + 0.0009(V_{C-B} - 120)]$	=	0.59
$Y = (1 - 0.0345W)$	=	0.81
f = proportion of minor road traffic turning left	=	AM Peak 1.00 PM Peak 1.00
$Q_{B-A} = D [627 + 14W_{CR} - Y (0.364q_{A-C} + 0.144q_{A-B} + 0.229q_{C-A} + 0.52q_{C-B})]$	=	355 348
$RFC_{B-A} = q_{B-A}/Q_{B-A}$	=	N/A N/A
$Q_{B-C} = E [745 - Y(0.364q_{A-C} + 0.144q_{A-B})]$	=	834.74 823
$RFC_{B-C} = q_{B-C}/Q_{B-C}$	=	0.84 0.52
$Q_{C-B} = F [745 - 0.364Y(q_{A-C} + q_{A-B})]$	=	416.66 410.61
$RFC_{C-B} = q_{C-B}/Q_{C-B}$	=	N/A N/A
$Q_{B-AC} = (Q_{B-C})(Q_{B-A})/[(1-f)(Q_{B-C})+(f)(Q_{B-A})]$	=	835 823
$RFC_{B-AC} = (q_{B-A} + q_{B-C}) / Q_{B-AC}$	=	0.84 0.52

Results Summary

RFC_{B-A}	=	AM N/A PM N/A
RFC_{B-C}	=	0.84 0.52
RFC_{C-B}	=	N/A N/A
RFC_{B-AC}	=	0.84 0.52

Date: MAY, 2025

Junction: Slip Road from Shan Ha Road / Slip Road from Long Tin Road SB

J3

