

Tai Tong 3 (Wong Nai Tun) Egretty (Active)

- 4.1.7 The active Tai Tong 3 (Wong Nai Tun) Egretty was recorded from 2023 to 2025 by HKBWS egret research group. According to the HKBWS egretty counts summer reports, the colony was contributed by Chinese Pond Heron (*Ardeola bacchus*) only. The latest breeding record of the Tai Tong3 (Wong Nai Tun) Egretty was in 2025 (Anon, 2025). The record of the abundances and species of egrets and herons of Tai Tong 3 (Wong Nai Tun) Egretty is summarised in **Table 4.1**.

Table 4.1 Summary of Number of Nests recorded at the Tai Tong 3 (Wong Nai Tun) Egretty from 2023 to 2025

Year	Species	Total no. of Nests
	Chinese Pond Heron	
2023	5	5
2024	15	15
2025	10	10

- 4.1.8 Two historical egretties, Tai Tong (Wong Nai Tun) Egretty and Tai Tong 2 (Pak Sha Tsuen) Egretty were located at the west of the Application Site (**Figure 2.1**) referring to the Egret Counts in Hong Kong Summer 2014 Report and 2022 Report (Anon, 2014 & Anon, 2022). The former Tai Tong (Wong Nai Tun) Egretty located inside the Ecological Study Area while the latter Tai Tong 2 (Pak Sha Tsuen) Egretty located outside the Ecological Study Area for approximately 1.1km.

Tai Tong (Wong Nai Tun) Egretty

- 4.1.9 The previous Tai Tong (Wong Nai Tun) Egretty was recorded from 2003 to 2013 by HKBWS egret research group. According to the HKBWS egretty counts summer reports, the colony was dominated by Chinese Pond Heron (*Ardeola bacchus*) and Eastern Cattle Egret (*Bubulcus coromandus*), Little Egret (*Egretta garzetta*) nests were recorded occasionally in 2005 and 2006. The last breeding record of the Tai Tong Egretty was in 2013, with 2 nests of Chinese Pond Heron (Anon, 2013). The previous records of the abundances and species of egrets and herons of Tai Tong Egretty (Wong Nai Tun) is summarised in **Table 4.2**.

Figure 2.1 The Development Site, Road Improvement Area, Ecological Study Area, Locations of Important Habitats and Recognized Sites of Conservation Importance

