Form No. S16-I 表格第 S16-1 號

APPLICATION FOR PERMISSION **UNDER SECTION 16 OF** THE TOWN PLANNING ORDINANCE (CAP.131)

《城市規劃條例》(第131章) 根據

第 16條遞交的許可申

2021年 10月 2 5日

This document is received on 5 DCT Applicable to proposals not involving or not only involving. 適用於建議不涉及或不祇涉及:

Temporary use/development of land and/or building not exceeding 3 years in rural areas; and 位於鄉郊地區土地上及/或建築物內進行為期不超過三年的臨時用途/發展;及

(iii) Renewal of permission for temporary use or development in rural areas 位於鄉郊地區的臨時用途或發展的許可續期

Applicant who would like to publish the notice of application in local newspapers to meet one of the Town Planning Board's requirements of taking reasonable steps to obtain consent of or give notification to the current land owner, please refer to the following link regarding publishing the notice in the designated newspapers: https://www.info.gov.hk/tpb/en/plan application/apply.html

申請人如欲在本地報章刊登申請通知,以採取城市規劃委員會就取得現行土地擁有人的同意或通知現行 土地擁有人所指定的其中一項合理步驟,請瀏覽以下網址有關在指定的報章刊登通知: https://www.info.gov.hk/tpb/tc/plan application/apply.html

General Note and Annotation for the Form 填寫表格的一般指引及註解

- "Current land owner" means any person whose name is registered in the Land Registry as that of an owner of the land to which the application relates, as at 6 weeks before the application is made 「現行土地擁有人」指在提出申請前六星期,其姓名或名稱已在土地註冊處註冊為該申請所關乎的土地的擁有人的人
- & Please attach documentary proof 請夾附證明文件
- ^ Please insert number where appropriate 請在適當地方註明編號

Please fill "NA" for inapplicable item 請在不適用的項目填寫「不適用」

Please use separate sheets if the space provided is insufficient 如所提供的空間不足,請另頁說明

Please insert a 「✔」 at the appropriate box 請在適當的方格內上加上「✔」號

	n s		77999
	Official Use Only	Application No. 申請編號	A/1-3HW/1
請?	勿填寫此欄	Date Received 收到日期	2 5 OCT 2021
15/I 申訂	F. North Point Gov	ernment Offices, 33: 讀表格及其他支持	nents (if any) should be sent to the Secretary, Town Planning Board (the Board), 3 Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong. 申請的文件 (倘有),送交香港北角渣華道 333 號北角政府合署 15 樓城市
Boa Poir Enq Roa 請	rd's website at <u>htt</u> nt Government Of: puiry Counters of t id, North Point, Ho 先細閱《申請須	p://www.info.gov.hk fices, 333 Java Road he Planning Depart ng Kong and 14/F, S 〔知 》的資料單號 (/mb/),亦可向委員	lly before you fill in this form. The document can be downloaded from the stpb/. It can also be obtained from the Secretariat of the Board at 15/F, North d, North Point, Hong Kong (Tel: 2231 4810 or 2231 4835), and the Planning ment (Hotline: 2231 5000) (17/F, North Point Government Offices, 333 Java tha Tin Government Offices, 1 Sheung Wo Che Road, Sha Tin, New Territories). 表,然後填寫此表格。該份文件可從委員會的網頁下載(網址:會秘書處(香港北角渣華道 333 號北角政府合署 15 樓-電話: 2231 4810處(熟線: 2231 5000) (香港北角渣華道 333 號北角政府合署 17 樓及新界沙取。
Enq the : 此表	uiry Counters of thapplication may be 長格可從委員會的	ne Planning Departn refused if the requi 網頁下載,亦可向	oard's website, and obtained from the Secretariat of the Board and the Plannin nent. The form should be typed or completed in block letters. The processing of red information or the required copies are incomplete. 委員會秘書處及規劃署的規劃資料查詢處索取。申請人須以打印方式或以 料或文件副本不齊全,委員會可拒絕處理有關申請。
1.	Name of Appl	icant 申請人	姓名/名稱
	15 R		/□Ms. 女士 / ☑ Company 公司 / □ Organisation 機構)
M	ΓR Corporation	Limited	*
		0	
2.	Name of Auth	orised Agent (if	applicable) 獲授權代理人姓名/名稱(如適用)
(□1	Mr. 先生 / 🗆 Mrs.	夫人 / 🗆 Miss 小姐 /	/□Ms. 女士 /□Company 公司 /□Organisation 機構)
N.	Α.		
3.	Application Si	te 甲謂地點	
(a)	number (if appli	點/丈量約份及	Siu Ho Wan Depot, Lantau (Lot No. 143 in D.D. 346)
(b)	involved	gross floor area 費及/或總樓面面	☑Site area 地盤面積 300,658 sq.m 平方米☑About 約 ☑Gross floor area 總樓面面積 1,074,500 sq.m 平方米□About 約
(c)	(if any)	ment land included 上地面積(倘有)	N.A. sq.m 平方米 □About 約

(d)	Name and number of the related statutory plan(s) 有關法定圖則的名稱及編號	Approved Siu Ho Wan Outline Zoning Pla	n No. S/I-SHW/2				
(e)	Land use zone(s) involved 涉及的土地用途地帶	Other Specified Uses (Railway Depot and Interchange with Commercial/ Residential					
(f)	Current use(s) 現時用途	Railway Depot (If there are any Government, institution or community plan and specify the use and gross floor area) (如有任何政府、機構或社區設施,讀在圖則上顯示,					
4.	"Current Land Owner" of A	Application Site 申請地點的「現行土地	推有人」				
The	applicant 申請人 -						
Ø		olease proceed to Part 6 and attach documentary proof o 請繼續填寫第 6 部分,並夾附業權證明文件)。	of ownership).				
	is one of the "current land owners"# 是其中一名「現行土地擁有人」#	^{&} (please attach documentary proof of ownership). ^{&} (請夾附業權證明文件)。					
	is not a "current land owner" [#] . 並不是「現行土地擁有人」 [#] 。						
	□ The application site is entirely on Government land (please proceed to Part 6). 申請地點完全位於政府土地上(請繼續填寫第 6 部分)。						
5.	Statement on Owner's Cons 就土地擁有人的同意/通	IN.A.					
(a)	application involves a total of	of the Land Registry as at "current land owner(s)" [#] . 年月	(DD/MM/YYYY), this 目的記錄,這宗申請共牽				
(b)	The applicant 申請人 -						
		"current land owner(s)".					
	上 取得 名	「現行土地擁有人」"的同意。					
	Details of consent of "curren	t land owner(s)" # obtained 取得「現行土地擁有人					
~	Land Owner(s) Registry (er/address of premises as shown in the record of the Land where consent(s) has/have been obtained 註冊處記錄已獲得同意的地段號碼/處所地址	Date of consent obtained (DD/MM/YYYY) 取得同意的日期 (日/月/年)				
		8					
I .	(0)	space of any box above is insufficient. 如上列任何方格的公					

	Details of the "current land owner(s)" # notified 已獲通知「現行土地擁有人」"的詳細資料								
	No. of 'Current Land Owner(s)' 「現行土地擁有人」數目 Lot number/address of premises as shown in the record of the Land Registry where notification(s) has/have been given (DD/MM/YYYY) 通知日期(日/月/2								
		5		×					
Sai .									
L (Plea	se use separate s	heets if the space of any box above is insufficient,如上列任何方格的	」 空間不足,請另頁說明)					
			e steps to obtain consent of or give notification to owner(s): 取得土地擁有人的同意或向該人發給通知。詳情如下:						
Ţ	Reas		o Obtain Consent of Owner(s) 取得土地擁有人的同意所採取						
[or consent to the "current land owner(s)" on (日/月/年)向每一名「現行土地擁有人」"郵遞要求						
Ī	Reas	sonable Steps to	o Give Notification to Owner(s) 向土地擁有人發出通知所採	取的合理步驟					
-		published notices in local newspapers on(DD/MM/YYYY) ^{&} 於(日/月/年)在指定報章就申請刊登一次通知 ^{&}							
ı		· Committee of the comm	in a prominent position on or near application site/premises on(DD/MM/YYYY)&						
		於	(日/月/年)在申請地點/申請處所或附近的顯明位置	置贴出關於該申請的通					
		office(s) or ru 於	relevant owners' corporation(s)/owners' committee(s)/mutual ai ral committee on(DD/MM/YYYY)&(日/月/年)把通知寄往相關的業主立案法團/業主切鄉事委員會&						
į	Others 其他								
		others (please 其他(請指明							
	1		1						
)	-								
2	-								
	-		43300						

6.	Type(s)	of Application 申請類別
	Type (i) 第(i)頻	Change of use within existing building or part thereof 更改現有建築物或其部分內的用途
	Type (ii)	Diversion of stream / excavation of land / filling of land / filling of pond as required under Notes of Statutory
	第(ii)類	Plan(s) 根據法定圖則〈註釋〉內所要求的河道改道/挖土/填土/填塘工程
	Type (iii) 第(iii)類	Public utility installation / Utility installation for private project 公用事業設施裝置/私人發展計劃的公用設施裝置
\square	Type (iv) 第(iv)類	Minor relaxation of stated development restriction(s) as provided under Notes of Statutory Plan(s) 略為放寬於法定圖則《註釋》內列明的發展限制
☒	Type (v) 第(v)類	Use / development other than (i) to (iii) above 上述的(i)至(iii)項以外的用途/發展
註1	: 可在多於 2: For Develop	t more than one「✓」. 一個方格内加上「✓」號 oment involving columbarium use, please complete the table in the Appendix. 及盤灰安置所用途,請填妥於附件的表格。

(i) Eor Type,(i) applicati	on (##10)####	N:A		
(a) Total floor area involved 涉及的總樓面面積	(9		sq.m 平方米	. *
(b) Proposed use(s)/development 擬議用途/發展	(If there are any Government, in the use and gross floor area) (如有任何政府、機構或社區語	-	16 4 5	165 165 SA
(c) Number of storeys involved 涉及層數		Number of units invo 涉及單位數目	olved	
2	Domestic part 住用部分		sq.m 平方米	□About 約
(d) Proposed floor area 擬議樓面面積	Non-domestic part 非住用部	『分	sq.m 平方米	□About 約
	Total 總計		sq.m 平方米	□About 約
(e) Proposed uses of different	Floor(s) Current us	e(s) 現時用途	Proposed u	se(s) 擬議用途
floors (if applicable) 不同樓層的擬議用途(如適				
用) (Please use separate sheets if the space provided is insufficient)		*		-
(如所提供的空間不足,請另頁說 明)				8

(ii) For Type (ii) applica	ation 供第(it)類申讀 N.A.	
	□ Diversion of stream 河道改道	
	□ Filling of pond 填塘	E COMP
		□About 約
×	Depth of filling 填塘深度 m 米	□About 約
	□ Filling of land 填土	
(a) Operation involved		□About 約
涉及工程	Depth of filling 填土厚度 m 米	□About 約
	□ Excavation of land 挖土	
4	October 1990 to the Control of the	□About 約
		□About 約
	(Please indicate on site plan the boundary of concerned land/pond(s), and particulars of stream div- of filling of land/pond(s) and/or excavation of land)	ersion, the extent
9	(請用圖則顯示有關土地/池塘界線,以及河道改道、填塘、填土及/或挖土的細節及/或範	[國))
		=
457.		
(b) Intended use/development		
有意進行的用途/發展		
(III) <u>For Type (III) ayrlla</u>	<u>eafon (13 700) [1] </u>	/
(HI) For Type (HI) conte	Exaction ()	
((tti)) <u>เรือง โโงจอ ((tti)) อาจโด</u>		
(M)) For Two (M) and	□ Public utility installation 公用事業設施裝置 □ Utility installation for private project 私人發展計劃的公用設施裝置 Please specify the type and number of utility to be provided as well as the dime	ensions of
((III)) [For Time (III) amile	□ Public utility installation 公用事業設施裝置 □ Utility installation for private project 私人發展計劃的公用設施裝置 Please specify the type and number of utility to be provided as well as the dime each building/structure, where appropriate	
(M) For Type (M) conte	□ Public utility installation 公用事業設施裝置 □ Utility installation for private project 私人發展計劃的公用設施裝置 Please specify the type and number of utility to be provided as well as the dime each building/structure, where appropriate 請註明有關裝置的性質及數量,包括每座建築物/構築物(倘有)的長度、高	
(ftt)) <u>เรือว ปิงจอ (ftt) อาจโล</u>	□ Public utility installation 公用事業設施裝置 □ Utility installation for private project 私人發展計劃的公用設施裝置 Please specify the type and number of utility to be provided as well as the dime each building/structure, where appropriate 請註明有關裝置的性質及數量,包括每座建築物/構築物(倘有)的長度、高Number of Number of Dimension of each /building/structure (m) (LxWxH)	高度和闊度 installation)
(ftt)) For Three (ftt) arrive	□ Public utility installation 公用事業設施裝置 □ Utility installation for private project 私人發展計劃的公用設施裝置 Please specify the type and number of utility to be provided as well as the dime each building/structure, where appropriate 請註明有關裝置的性質及數量,包括每座建築物/構築物(倘有)的長度、高Number of Dimension of each (huilding/structure (m) (l. xWxH)	高度和闊度 installation
(a) Nature and scale	□ Public utility installation 公用事業設施裝置 □ Utility installation for private project 私人發展計劃的公用設施裝置 Please specify the type and number of utility to be provided as well as the dime each building/structure, where appropriate 請註明有關裝置的性質及數量,包括每座建築物/構築物(倘有)的長度、高 Name/type of installation 裝置名稱/種類 □ Dimension of each /building/structure (m) (LxWxH) 每個裝置/建築物/構築物的	高度和闊度 installation
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(iv);	<u>E</u>	or Type (iv) applicat	ion (#	<i>第(ii)類申請</i>				
(a)	(a) Please specify the proposed minor relaxation of stated development restriction(s) and <u>also fill in the</u>							
	proposed use/development and development particulars in part (v) below — 請列明擬議略為放寬的發展限制並填妥於第(v)部分的擬議用途/發展及發展細節 —							
,								
į	□ Plot ratio restriction 地積比率限制			From ⊞ Non-domestic GFA for				
F	V	Gross floor area restrict	ion		Commercial use: F方米 to 至 .34,500sq. m 平方米			
	_	總樓面面積限制			s with total of 29 nos. of classro			
(Site coverage restriction 上蓋面積限制	1	From 由	% to 至%			
{		Building height restricti 建築物高度限制	on	From 由m	米 to 至m米	v.		
				From 由	mPD 米 (主水平基準上) to 至	•)(
					mPD 米 (主水平基準上)			
			(S 4)	From 由	storeys 層 to 至 storey	rs 層		
[Non-building area restri 非建築用地限制	iction	From 由	m to 至m			
[Others (please specify) 其他(請註明)			8 7 8			
		*	- P		8			
- (fy)	<u>]</u>	<u>भ मित्रञ्छ (त्रे) व्यक्नीरिकारी</u>	on Al	10% (1 41)				
				(i)		¥		
(a) I	Prot	posed			way Station Concourse & Depot			
t	use(s)/development			ment, Institution or Community f Non-domestic GFA for Comm			
}	辩 謂	钱用途/發展	and so	chools with Relaxation of	I Non-domestic OFA for Comm	erciai Osc		
		1 5	(Please	illustrate the details of the propos	sal on a layout plan 請用平面圖說明建議語	洋情)		
(b)]	Dev	relopment Schedule 發展	細節表			*		
, ×]	Prop	oosed gross floor area (G	FA) 擬	義總樓面面積	1,074,500 sq.m 平方米 N.A.	□About 約		
.]	Prop	posed plot ratio 擬議地科	批率		N.A.	□About 約		
	56					□About 約		
	Proposed no. of blocks 擬議座數 21 to 45 (residential storeys excluding lobby and refuge flo Proposed no. of storeys of each block 每座建築物的擬議層數 36 21 to 45 (residential storeys excluding lobby and refuge flo above a podium of 4 storeys 層							
	. 10	posed no. of storeys of ca		、中に下に大いいのかのは、	□ include 包括 storeys of basem	ents 層地庫		
					□ exclude 不包括storeys of bas			
	Proj	posed building height of	each blo	ck每座建築物的擬議高度	±1,12 to ±1,68 mPD 米(主水平基準上) 🗹 About 約		
	(Please refer to Layout Plan) m 米 □About 約							

☑ Domestic part	住用部分				
GFA 總相	 		1,040,000 sq. m 平方米	□About 約	
number o	f Units 單位數目		4,280 Public Housing Flats mainly Subsidised Sale Flats		
average u	nit size 單位平均面	費 Public Hous	Private Residential Units: 77 ing Flats mainly Subsidised Sale Flats: 50. Sq. m 平方米	☑About 約	
estimated	number of residents	估計住客數目	40,500		
*			Br Tall and	15.	
✓ Non-domestic	part 非住用部分		GFA 總樓面面	遺	
eating pla	ace 食肆		sq. m 平方米	□About 約	
□ hotel 酒店	E	2	sq. m 平方米	□About 約	
			(please specify the number of rooms		
			請註明房間數目)		
□ office 辦	公室		sq. m 平方米	□About 約	
20070	services 商店及服務	行業	34,500 sq. m 平方米	□About 約	
		. 14.215	Including 30,000sq.m. for Commercial (Shopping M for 4 nos. of kindergartens with a total of 29 nos. of	fall) and 4,500sq.m.	
[♥] Governm	ent, institution or con	nmunity facilities	(please specify the use(s) and		
In the second second	機構或社區設施	initiativy tachines	area(s)/GFA(s) 請註明用途及有關的	v processor and a second	
以内、份	就再 <u>以</u> 作上		樓面面積)		
		A	14 nos. of Social Welfare Facili	ties as	
		92 (9e)	required by Social Welfare Dep		
24			3 nos. of Schools (Floor space of		
			under the OZP. Please refer to I	Planning	
7			Statement for details.)		
	其他		(please specify the use(s) and	and the second	
ū.			area(s)/GFA(s) 請註明用途及有關的	9地面面積/總	
		* ¥	樓面面積)		
			Railway Depot, Railway Statio		
			Concourse, Public Transport In		
8		¥	and Covered Walkway (Floor s disregarded under the OZP. Ple		
☑ Open space 休	、 憩用地		Planning Statement for details. (please specify land area(s) 講註明的	他面面積)	
✓ private o	pen space 私人休憩	用地·		ess than 不少於	
☐ public or	en space 公眾休憩戶	月地	sq. m 平方米 🗆 Not le		
(c) Use(s) of different	ent floors (if applicab	le) 各樓屬的用途 (如	適用) Please refer to Planning Stater	nent.	
[Block number]	[Floor(s)]	, _ , _ , _ , _ ,	[Proposed use(s)]		
2 1654	2 202	× ,	[擬議用途]		
[座數]	[層數]		[13950437/17] 255]		
			······································		
			- \ (L-11744 TT \)		
	of uncovered area (i for Future Expans	fany) 露天地方(倘存 sion (Phase 4)	(5.5.9c) (90.500.0c) (6.5c) (6.5c)		
Alea Keseived	ioi ruiule Expan	51011 (1 11a5c 4)			

7. Anticipated Completion Time of the Development Proposal 擬議發展計劃的預計完成時間						
Anticipated completion time (in month and year) of the development proposal (by phase (if any)) (e.g. June 2023) 擬議發展計劃預期完成的年份及月份 (分期 (倘有))(例: 2023 年 6 月) (Separate anticipated completion times (in month and year) should be provided for the proposed public open space and Government, institution or community facilities (if any)) (申請人須就擬議的公眾休憩用地及政府、機構或社區設施(倘有)提供個別擬議完成的年份及月份)						
2030 to 2040 by phases (ten		ve dataile				
Please refer to Planning Sta		or details				
8. Vehicular Access Arra 擬議發展計劃的行		t of the Development Proposal 安排				
Any vehicular access to the site/subject building? 是否有車路通往地盤/有關建築物?	Yes 是	☑ There is an existing access. (please indicate the street name, where appropriate) 有一條現有車路。(請註明車路名稱(如適用)) (1) A slip road connecting the North Lantau Highway. (2) An access connecting Sham Shui Kok Drive. □ There is a proposed access. (please illustrate on plan and specify the width) 有一條擬議車路。(請在圖則顯示,並註明車路的闊度)				
*	No 否					
Any provision of parking space for the proposed use(s)? 是否有為擬議用途提供停車位?	Yes 是	▼ (Please specify type(s) and number(s) and illustrate on plan) 請註明種類及數目並於圖則上顯示) Residential: 4,677 Private Car Parking Spaces 私家車車位 Commercial: 200 Motorcycle Parking Spaces 電單車車位 Light Goods Vehicle Parking Spaces 輕型貨車泊車位 Residential: 18 Social Welfare Facilities: 1 Medium Goods Vehicle Parking Spaces 中型貨車泊車位 Heavy Goods Vehicle Parking Spaces 車型貨車泊車位 Others (Please Specify) 其他 (請列明) Communal Bicycle Parking Private Light Bus / 24-seater Van with Tail Lift Social Welfare Facilities: 6				
	No 否	(Places and if the post of any leaves and illustrate and illustrat				
Any provision of loading/unloading space for the proposed use(s)? 是否有為擬議用途提供上落客貨車位?	Yes 是	図 (Please specify type(s) and number(s) and illustrate on plan) 請註明種類及數目並於圖則上顯示) Taxi Spaces 的士車位 (including Private Cars Spaces) Coach Spaces 旅遊巴車位 (including School Buses Spaces) Light Goods Vehicle Spaces 輕型貨車車位 Medium Goods Vehicle Spaces 中型貨車車位 Heavy Goods Vehicle Spaces 重型貨車車位 Others (Please Specify) 其他 (請列明) Private Light Bus & Ambulance (shared use) Schools & Kindergartens: 48 Commercial: 25 Commercial: 25 Commercial: 25 Social Welfare Facilities: 1 Social Welfare Facilities: 2				
a a	No 否					

9. Impacts of Development Proposal 擬議發展計劃的影響							
If necessary, please use separate sheets to indicate the proposed measures to minimise possible adverse impacts or give justifications/reasons for not providing such measures. 如需要的話,請另頁表示可盡量減少可能出現不良影響的措施,否則請提供理據/理由。							
Does the development proposal involve alteration of existing building? 擬議發展計劃是否包括現有建築物的改動?	Yes 是 No 否	✓ Please provide details 請提供詳情 . The existing facilities of Siu Ho. Wan Depot will be re-provisioned. to facilitate the Proposed Development. Please refer to Planning . Statement.					
Does the development proposal involve the operation on the right? 擬議發展是否涉及右列的工程? (Note: where Type (ii) application is the subject of application, please skip this section. 註:如申請涉及第(ii)類申請,請跳至下一條問題。)	Yes 是 No 否	□ (Please indicate on site plan the boundary of concerned land/pond(s), and particulars of stream diversion, the extent of filling of land/pond(s) and/or excavation of land) (請用地盤平面圖顯示有關土地/池塘界線,以及河道改道、填塘、填土及/或挖土的細節及/或範圍) □ Diversion of stream 河道改道 □ Filling of pond 填塘					
Would the development proposal cause any	On traffi On water On drain On slope Affected Landsca Tree Fel Visual In Others (I	No 不會 □					
adverse impacts? 擬議發展計劃會否 造成不良影響?	diameter 請註明 直徑及 Please which satisfac environ	tate measure(s) to minimise the impact(s). For tree felling, please state the number, at breast height and species of the affected trees (if possible) 法量減少影響的措施。如涉及砍伐樹木,請說明受影響樹木的數目、及胸高度的樹幹品種(倘可) refer to the technical assessments appended in the Planning Statement have demonstrated that the Proposed Development is acceptable and ctory in urban design, connectivity, landscape, traffic and transport, mmental, air ventilation, visual, drainage, sewerage and utilities aspects.					

10. Justifications 理由

The applicant is invited to provide justifications in support of the application. Use separate sheets if necessary. 現請申請人提供申請理由及支持其申請的資料。如有需要,請另頁說明。

The Proposed Development has achieved the following planning justifications in support of this application:

(i) Supports Government's vision by optimising the development potential of this 30-hectare waterfront site under the "Single Site, Multiple Uses" model to provide a sustainable community of private and subsidised housing;

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- (ii) Unlocks the waterfront for the community by providing a Waterfront Podium Walkway with cycle track connecting with major open spaces, the shopping mall, public transport facilities and the waterfront promenade at Tung Chung East Development;
- (iii) Adopts responsive design with dynamic building height profile, curvilinear building disposition arrangement, air/visual corridors and greenery;
- (iv) Provides convenient access for vehicles, pedestrians and cyclists to major activity nodes and public transport facilities within the Proposed Development, as well as to external road networks and the Tung Chung East Development;
- (v) Provides education and social welfare facilities for a supported and caring community; and
- (vi) Technical assessments have been performed and demonstrated that the Proposed Development is acceptable in urban design, connectivity, landscape, traffic and transport, environmental, air ventilation, visual, drainage, sewerage and utilities aspects.

Please refer to Planning Statement for details.

Form No. S16-I 表格第 S16-I 號				
11. Declaration 聲明				
I hereby declare that the particulars given in this application are correct and true to the best of my knowledge and belief. 本人謹此聲明,本人就這宗申請提交的資料,據本人所知及所信,均屬真實無誤。				
I hereby grant a permission to the Board to copy all the materials submitted in an application to the Board and/or to uplo such materials to the Board's website for browsing and downloading by the public free-of-charge at the Board's discretic 本人現准許委員會酌情將本人就此申請所提交的所有資料複製及/或上載至委員會網站,供公眾免費瀏覽或下載。	on.			
Signature For and on behalf of MTR Corporation Limited MTR Corporation Limited	人			
Ms. Sharon Liu General Manager - Town Planning Name in Block Letters Position (if applicable) 姓名(請以正楷填寫) 職位 (如適用)				
Professional Qualification(s) 「 Member 會員 / □ Fellow of 資深會員 Pellow of 資深會員 Wember 會員 / □ HKIA 香港建築師學會 / □ HKIS 香港測量師學會 / □ HKIE 香港工程師學會 / □ HKILA 香港園境師學會 / □ HKIUD 香港城市設計學會 / □ RPP 註冊專業規劃師 Others 其他				
on behalf of 代表 MTR Corporation Limited				
☑ Company 公司 / □ Organisation Name and Chop (if applicable) 機構名稱及蓋章(如適用)				
Date 日期 15/10/2021 (DD/MM/YYYY 日/月/年)				
Remark 備註				
Remark 個託 The materials submitted in an application to the Board and the Board's decision on the application would be disclosed to the public. Such materials would also be uploaded to the Board's website for browsing and free downloading by the public where the Board considers appropriate. 委員會會向公眾披露申請人所遞交的申請資料和委員會對申請所作的決定。在委員會認為合適的情況下,有關申請資料亦會上載至委員會網頁供公眾免費瀏覽及下載。				
Warning 警告				
Any person who knowingly or wilfully makes any statement or furnish any information in connection with this applicate which is false in any material particular, shall be liable to an offence under the Crimes Ordinance.	ion,			

任何人在明知或故意的情况下,就這宗申請提出在任何要項上是虛假的陳述或資料,即屬違反《刑事罪行條例》

Statement on Personal Data 個人資料的聲明

1. The personal data submitted to the Board in this application will be used by the Secretary of the Board and Government departments for the following purposes: 委員會就這宗申請所收到的個人資料會交給委員會秘書及政府部門,以根據〈城市規劃條例〉及相關的城市規

劃委員會規劃指引的規定作以下用途:

(a) the processing of this application which includes making available the name of the applicant for public inspection when making available this application for public inspection; and 處理這宗申請,包括公布這宗申請供公眾查閱,同時公布申請人的姓名供公眾查閱;以及

facilitating communication between the applicant and the Secretary of the Board/Government departments.

方便申請人與委員會秘書及政府部門之間進行聯絡。

2. The personal data provided by the applicant in this application may also be disclosed to other persons for the purposes mentioned in paragraph 1 above. 申請人就這宗申請提供的個人資料,或亦會向其他人士披露,以作上述第1段提及的用途。

An applicant has a right of access and correction with respect to his/her personal data as provided under the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Cap. 486). Request for personal data access and correction should be addressed to the Secretary of the Board at 15/F, North Point Government Offices, 333 Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong. 根據《個人資料(私隱)條例》(第486章)的規定,申請人有權查閱及更正其個人資料。如欲查閱及更正個人資料, 應向委員會秘書提出有關要求,其地址為香港北角渣華道 333 號北角政府合署 15 樓。

For Developments involving Columbarium Use, please also complete the following: N 如發展涉及鹽灰安置所用途,請另外填妥以下資料:	.A.
Ash interment capacity 骨灰安放容量@	a #
Maximum number of sets of ashes that may be interred in the niches 在龕位內最多可安放骨灰的數量 Maximum number of sets of ashes that may be interred other than in niches 在非龕位的範圍內最多可安放骨灰的數量	
Total number of niches 龕位總數	
Total number of single niches 單人龕位總數	
Number of single niches (sold and occupied) 單人龕位數目 (已售並佔用) Number of single niches (sold but unoccupied) 單人龕位數目 (已售但未佔用) Number of single niches (residual for sale) 單人龕位數目 (待售)	
Total number of double niches 雙人龕位總數	E a
Number of double niches (sold and fully occupied) 雙人龕位數目 (已售並全部佔用) Number of double niches (sold and partially occupied) 雙人龕位數目 (已售並部分佔用) Number of double niches (sold but unoccupied) 雙人龕位數目 (已售但未佔用) Number of double niches (residual for sale) 雙人龕位數目 (待售)	
Total no. of niches other than single or double niches (please specify type) 除單人及雙人龕位外的其他龕位總數 (請列明類別)	
Number. of niches (sold and fully occupied)	
解证数日 (付告) Proposed operating hours 擬議營運時間	
 ② Ash interment capacity in relation to a columbarium means – 就整灰安置所而言,骨灰安放容量指: the maximum number of containers of ashes that may be interred in each niche in the columbarium; 每個龕位內可安放的骨灰容器的最高數目; the maximum number of sets of ashes that may be interred other than in niches in any area in the columbarium; and 在該黨灰安置所並非龕位的範圍內,總共最多可安放多少份骨灰;以及 the total number of sets of ashes that may be interred in the columbarium. 在該學及安置所改,總共最多可安放多少份骨灰。 	

To The Tensor T	Gist of Applica	tion ♯	請摘要	2 ⁽²⁾	*4		
Site area Site Ho Wan Depot, Lantau (Lot No. 143 in D.D. 346)	consultees, uploaded deposited at the Plan (請 <u>盡量</u> 以英文及中	l to the T ning Enq 文填寫。 署規劃資	Town Planning Boar uiry Counters of the 此部分將會發送了 料查詢處以供一般	d's Website for bro Planning Departme ⁵ 相關諮詢人士、』 參閱。)	owsing and free do nt for general info	ownloading t rmation.)	by the public and
Composite Co		(For Off	icial Use Only) (請勿	項寫此欄)			7.10
Site area 地盤面積 Cincludes Government land of 包括政府土地	Location/address	Siu I	Ho Wan Depot.	Lantau	3		
地盤面積	位置/地址						
地盤面積	*	:es: *	* 6.	*	e 250	, calco	§ x
Composite Com					300,658 sq.	m平方米	☑ About 約
Zoning 地帶		(include	es Government land	of包括政府土地	sq	.m 平方米	□ About 約)
Interchange with Commercial Residential Development		Appı	oved Siu Ho W	an Outline Zon	ning Plan No.	S/I-SHW/	/2
Public Transport Interchange, Government, Institution or Community Facilities and Schools with Relaxation of Non-domestic GFA for Commercial Use Commercial Use	地帶	ı	-				t
and/or plot ratio 總樓面面積及/或 地積比率 Domestic 住用 1,040,000 Not more than 不多於 Non-domestic 非住用 Non-domestic 住用 Domestic 住用 Non-domestic 非住用 Non-domestic 非住用 Composite	development	Publi Facil	c Transport Inte	erchange, Gove	ernment, Instit	ution or C	Community
總樓面面積及/或 地積比率 About 約 Not more than 不多於 Non-domestic 非住用 1,040,000 Not more than 不多於 Non-domestic 非住用 34,500 Not more than 不多於 Non-domestic 非住用 Non-domestic 非社 Non-domestic 非社 Non-domestic No				sq.m 🏋	方米	Plot Ra	tio 地積比率
非住用 34,500 M Not more than 不多於 N.A. □Not more than 不多於 Domestic 住用 Non-domestic 非住用 Composite	總樓面面積及				Not more than	N.A.	□Not more than
住用 Non-domestic 非住用 Composite					Not more than	N.A.	□Not more than
非住用 Composite	· /		Particular Control of the Astronomy				
			The state of the s			e.	2 2
		is.	Composite 綜合用途	56 Residentia	al Towers and 3	schools abo	ove a Podium

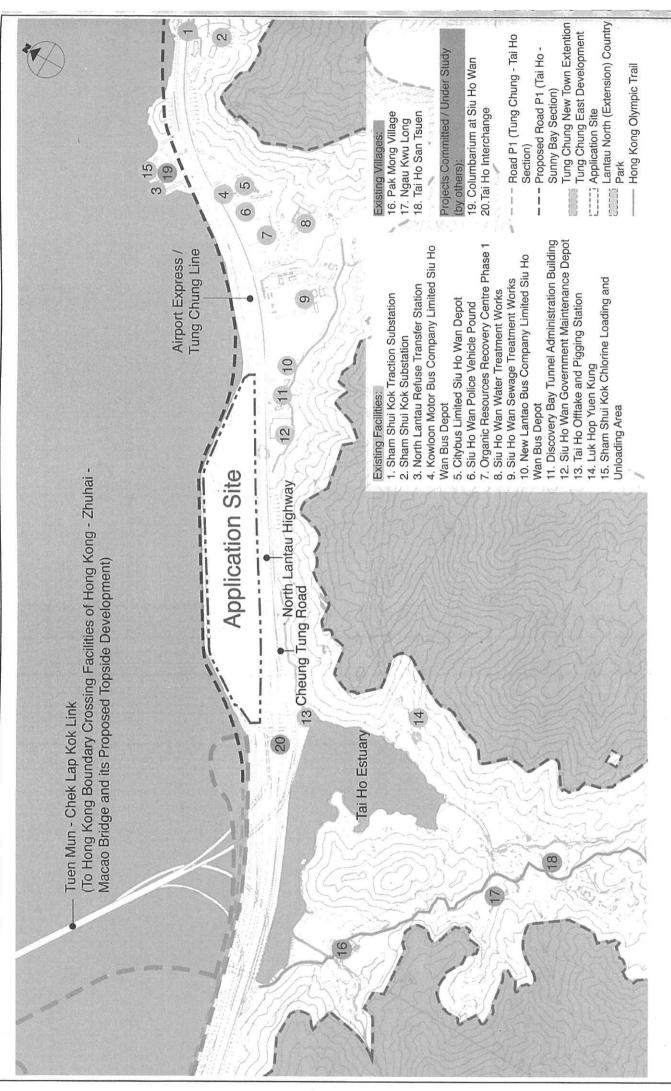
(iii)	Building height/No. of storeys 建築物高度/層數	Domestic 住用			☐ (Not more	m 米 than 不多於)
		÷				水平基準上) than 不多於)
	it.	П		Ε	St ☐ (Not more	than 不多於)
					e 包括口 Ext Carport 停I Basement 执 Refuge Floo Podium 平f	也庫 or 防火層
ř		Non-domestic 非住用			☐ (Not more	m 米 than 不多於)
		e e		, ,,,,		水平基準上) than 不多於)
		-		T		toreys(s) 層 than 不多於)
	5				e 包括/□ Ex Carport 停。 Basement h Refuge Floo Podium 平f	也庫 or 防火層
		Composite 綜合用途			☐ (Not more	m 米 than 不多於)
			About	: +112 to +168	mPD 米(主 □ (Not more	水平基準上) than 不多於)
			(exe	Residential:	21 to 45 s ☐ (Not more	toreys(s) 層 than 不多於)
					Carport 停. Basement 均 Refuge Floo	也庫 or 防火屬
(iv)	Site coverage			4 storeys of 🔯] Podium 平	台)
	上蓋面積		N	.A. %	ó	□ About 約
(v)	No. of units 單位數目		15	,000	S)	
(vi)	Open space 休憩用地	Private 私人	81,000	sq.m 平方米 ☑	Not less t	han 不少於
		Public 公眾		sq.m 平方米口	Not less t	han 不少於

(vii)	No. of parking spaces and loading / unloading spaces 停車位及上落客貨 車位數目	Total no. of vehicle parking spaces 停車位總數 Private Car Parking Spaces 私家車車位 Motorcycle Parking Spaces 電單車車位 Light Goods Vehicle Parking Spaces 輕型貨車泊車位 Medium Goods Vehicle Parking Spaces 中型貨車泊車位 Heavy Goods Vehicle Parking Spaces 重型貨車泊車位 Others (Please Specify) 其他 (請列明)	5,884 Private Car Parking Spaces: Residential: 4,677 Residential: 4,677 Residential: 1980 Commercial: 200 Schools & Kindergartens: 34 Motorcycle Parking Spaces: Residential: 148 Commercial: 20 LGV Parking Spaces: Residential: 18 Social Welfare Facilities: 1 Private Light Bus / 24-seater Van with Tail Lift: Social Welfare Facilities: 6 Communal Bicycle Parking Spaces: 500
	2	Total no. of vehicle loading/unloading bays/lay-bys 上落客貨車位/停車處總數 Taxi Spaces 的土車位 (including Private Cars Spaces) Coach Spaces 旅遊巴車位 (including School Buses Spaces) Light Goods Vehicle Spaces 輕型貨車車位 Medium Goods Vehicle Spaces 中型貨車位 Heavy Goods Vehicle Spaces 重型貨車車位 Others (Please Specify) 其他 (請列明)	Taxi Spaces: Schools & Kindergartens: 48 Coach Spaces: Schools & Kindergartens: 17 LGY Spaces: Commercial: 25 HGY Spaces: Residential: 63 Commercial: 13 Social Welfare Facilities: 1 Private Light Bus & Ambulance (shared use): Social Welfare Facilities: 2

Submitted Plans, Drawings and Documents 提交的圖則、繪圖及文件		
	Chinese	English
3	中文	英文
Plans and Drawings 圖則及繪圖		
Master layout plan(s)/Layout plan(s) 總網發展藍圖/ 布局設計圖		Ø
Block plan(s) 樓宇位置圖	, 🗆	
Floor plan(s) 樓宇平面圖		Ø
Sectional plan(s) 截視圖		\square
Elevation(s) 立視圖		
Photomontage(s) showing the proposed development 顯示擬議發展的合成照片		凶
Master landscape plan(s)/Landscape plan(s) <u>國境設計總圖</u> /園境設計圖		\square
Others (please specify) 其他(請註明)		\square
Location Plan, Existing Surrounding Plan, Development Constraint Plan		
		1161
Reports 報告書		
Planning Statement/Justifications 規劃綱領/理據		Ø
Environmental assessment (noise, air and/or water pollutions)		\square
環境評估(噪音、空氣及/或水的污染)		2
Traffic impact assessment (on vehicles) 就車輛的交通影響評估		☑ -
Traffic impact assessment (on pedestrians) 就行人的交通影響評估		⊠́.
Visual impact assessment 視覺影響評估		· 🗹
Landscape impact assessment 景觀影響評估		Ø
Tree Survey 樹木調查		\square
Geotechnical impact assessment 土力影響評估		Π,
Drainage impact assessment 排水影響評估		Q
Sewerage impact assessment 排污影響評估		\square
Risk Assessment 風險評估		
Others (please specify) 其他(請註明)		凶
Urban Design and Connectivity Proposal, Air Ventilation Assessment,	r.	
Water Supply and Utilities Appraisal		
Note: May insert more than one「シ」. 註:可在多於一個方格内加上「シ」號		

- Note: The information in the Gist of Application above is provided by the applicant for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.
- 註: 上述申請摘要的資料是由申請人提供以方便市民大眾參考。對於所載資料在使用上的問題及文義上的歧異,城市規劃委員會概不負責。若有任何疑問,應查閱申請人提交的文件。

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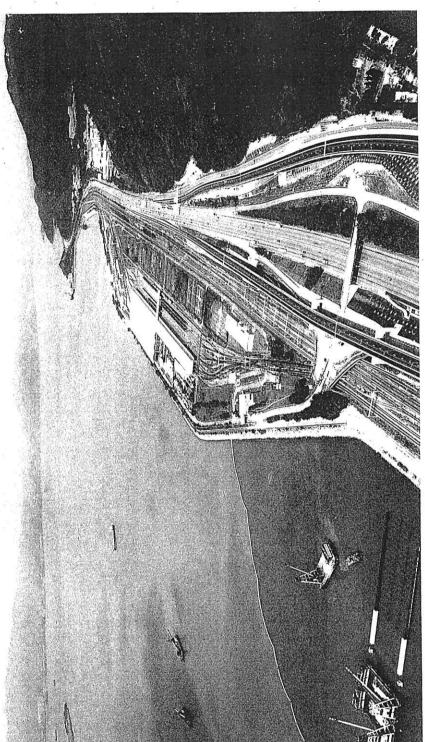


PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL
DEVELOPMENT ATOP SIU HO WAN DEPOT

in association with WSP ARUP URBIS MVA

Figure 2.2

Appendix I - Urban Design and Connectivity Proposal (Notation and Removal Proposal Landscape and Tree Preservation and Removal Proposal Appendix III - Traffic and Transport Impact Assessment



Proposed Residential and Commercial Development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot Section 16 Application for

October 2021

* MTK

In collaboration with ARUP . Urbis . MVA . WSP

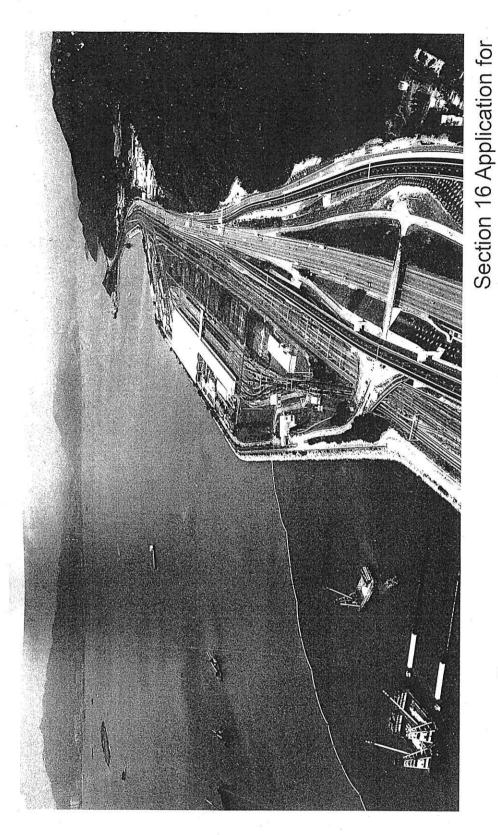
Appendix Ia of RNTPC October 2021

Proposed Residential and Commercial Development

atop Siu Ho Wan Depot

Appendix IX - Water Supply and Utilities Appraisal

Abbendix IV - Environmental Assessment Appendix V - Air Ventilation Assessment Appendix VI - Visual Impact Assessment Appendix VII - Drainage Impact Assessment Appendix VIII - Sewerage Impact Assessment Appendix VIII - Sewerage Impact Assessment Appendix VII - Drainage Impact Assessment



MMM

LWK +PARTNERS

In collaboration with ARUP . Urbis . MVA . WSP

MTR Corporation Limited 香港鐵路有限公司

www.mtr.com.hk

Our ref: TPD 2.8.3/SL/13207 Your ref: TPB/A/I-SHW/1

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Appendix Ib of RNTPC

Paper No. A/I-SHW/1

2 December 2021

2021 DEC -2 P 2: 25

The Secretary
Town Planning Board
c/o Planning Department
15/F, North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point,
Hong Kong

TOWN PLANNING BOARD

Dear Sir / Madam,

Application for Permission under Section 16 of the Town Planning Ordinance for Proposed Residential and Commercial Development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot Proposed Layout Plan Submission – Application No. A/I-SHW/1

We refer to the captioned application under Section 16 of the Town Planning Ordinance submitted on 15 October 2021. We also refer to the comments from various Government departments conveyed through Sai Kung and Islands District Planning Office (DPO/SKI) of Planning Department (PlanD) on 16 November 2021.

In response to the comments received, we provide herewith a response-to-comments table with attachments for your consideration. We trust the comments from the Government Departments are satisfactorily addressed.

As our responses are technical clarifications which would not incur any material change to the submitted scheme, the Town Planning Board's processing of the planning application within the statutory time period should not be affected.

Should you have any queries, please feel free to contact the undersigned or our Mr. Dave Ng at at 2993 3979.

Yours faithfully,

99

Sharon Liu

General Manager - Town Planning

Encl. Responses-to-Comments table with attachments (70 copies)

c.c. DPO/SKI, PlanD (Attn.: Ms. Caroline TANG)

	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	
0 &	chitectural Ser	nt
1	1. It is noted that the proposed Siu Ho Wan Topside Development mainly Noted with thanks. consists of 56 nos. of residential towers (49 nos. of private + 7 nos. of subsidised) with building height ranges from 112mPD to 168mPD, As mentioned in "Executive Summary" of the planning statement, "Building height will be within the Airport Height Restriction of 180mPD to 191mPD under future 3-Runway System as formulated by Civil Aviation Department", we would have no comment from architectural and visual impact point of view, subject to PlanD's view.	ıks.
7.	The length of most of the residential blocks, except T24, T25, T53 to T56, appear to be more than 60m, which may have adverse impact on the air ventilation and visual permeability. The applicant is advised to comply with the building separation requirements of the design guidelines promulgated in PNAP APP-152.	The Sustainable Building Design Guidelines as stipulated under PNAP APP 151 and 152 will be complied with and to be submitted to the Buildings Department for approval during implementation stage. An enquiry presubmission has also been made to Buildings Department.
က်	For proposed social welfare / community facilities / central parks, the applicant is recommended to create a pedestrian-friendly environment by providing barrier-free access/ facilities, adequate shading devices, seating area and greening, etc. to enhance enjoyment of the public spaces.	The Urban Design and Connectivity Proposal (Appendix I of the Planning Statement) and Landscape and Tree Preservation and Removal Proposal (Appendix II of the Planning Statement) have taken into account the pedestrian comfort and enjoyment as far as possible. Interconnected open spaces, comfortable seating space, extensive shade tree planting and greening are proposed within the Proposed Development. A Comprehensive covered walkway network is proposed to provide all-weather connectivity throughout the Proposed Development. Barrier Free Access will also be provided in accordance with the Design Manual – Barrier Free Access published by the Buildings Department. Further introduction of pedestrian-friendly features will be favorably considered and incorporated where appropriate in the detailed design stage.

	3	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
¥ 11	Comm	Comments from Director-General of Civil Aviation Received on 16 November 2021	
7	- 4 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3	Helicopter Operations 2. The proposed development might block one of the current GFS' major flight routes (the North Lantau Expressway [NLE]) which is the helicopter route that operates between Pak Mong and Toll Plaza (Route 9) to join Toll Plaza Route (Ref. AIP Hong Kong AD 2.22 para. 18.3.1 and AD 2-VHHH-CTR-2). This NLE flight route is at present usually used for GFS essential operations at 500ft (normal operating altitude) along the coast line when weather situation precludes the use of other routes (e.g. Silvermine Pass and Tung Chung Pass).	According to the Planning Department, GFS has also been consulted on the S16 Application and no adverse comment has been received.
		The development plan may induce new restrictions / blockage on the usage of the NLE route, taking into consideration Cap 448C, Schedule 14 (Low Flying). On the other hand, considering the impact on South Runway movement, helicopter holding procedures may be required. Despite the establishment of the operational forward base at Kai Tak, Hong Kong International Airport (HKIA) remains the headquarters base of GFS. GFS should be duly consulted on the possible impact of the development on helicopter operations to / from HKIA.	
u)	5. 3. of th ac co	3. It is noted that to resolve the impact of the development and reclamation of Tung Chung on the Emergency Response operations of GFS, it was decided that the alternative was to establish a Forward Base for GFS operations to address the use of the NLE in adverse weather conditions which will place constraints on the Tung Chung reclamation and development. A land search was carried out and Kai Tak was identified to be the Forward Base of GFS.	
	CG CS	Therefore, during adverse weather when Silvermine and Tung Chung Pass cannot be used, the Emergency Response will be carried out from the Forward Base in Kai Tak. The use of NLE during bad weather will not therefore be an issue.	
	# ¥	The proponent may wish to check up on this and consult GFS to verify the above.	

	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
	6. <u>Aircraft Noise</u> 4. It is noted that comments had been offered during the pre-submission stage of this planning application, namely (1) the use of acoustic insulation in form of well-gasketted window to enhance the indoor living environment and (2) re-provisioning of our outdoor noise monitoring terminal. It is noted the use of acoustic insulation had been already been incorporated into Appendix IV - Environmental Assessment in this submission, hence we have no comments.	Noted with thanks.
I.S.	7. Also, CAD would like to remind the applicant that as one of the outdoor noise monitoring terminals of CAD's Aircraft Noise and Flight Track Monitoring C System is currently installed at the Siu Ho Wan Depot, the applicant and/or s developer is requested to provide suitable re-provisioning of this equipment s and in consultation with CAD during planning, development and operation stage of the project.	The proposed location of the re-provision noise monitoring terminals of CAD's Aircraft Noise and Flight Track Monitoring System would be submitted to CAD for consultation in the detailed design and construction stages.
လိ & ∞	ments from Head of the Geotechnical Engineering Office, Civil Engineering and ceived on 16 November 2021 Please ask the applicant to clarify the details of the proposed development including any site formation, how the slopes adjacent to the Lot may affect or be affected by the proposed development, and whether any further studies may be required.	Please be advised that the Proposed Development involved Proposed Residential, Commercial, Railway Station Concourse & Depot, Public Transport Interchange (PTI), Government, Institution or Community (GIC) Facilities and Schools with Relaxation of Non-domestic Gross Floor Area (GFA) for Commercial Use at Siu Ho Wan Depot. No basement works will be involved in this development. Minor site formation works, such as temporary cut slope for pile cap construction, will be involved and will be further reviewed and submit to relevant government department in accordance with the Building Ordinance. Refer to Drawing No. TOPO A3 in Attachment 1, the 1:5000 scale topographical map with indication of site boundary extent and the

Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses					
	and adjacent to the project site. Below shows the brief summary of the	ne project sit	e. Below sh	ows the brie	f summary of th	au
	concerned features:-	es:-				
	Feature No.	Maintena nce Party	C-T-L	Maximu m Height	Average Angle	
	10NW-C/F40	MTRC	2	4.5m	30°	
	10NW-C/F18	MTRC	2	6.5m	50°	
	10NW-C/C52	MTRC	1	7m	35°	
	10NW-C/F19	MTRC	2	em	40°	
	According to GEO TGN-15, the proposed site falls within the travel angle of the above slope features, therefore, it is considered that the above slope features may affect/ be affected by the proposed development. The stability of these Features shall be further reviewed in detail design stage, upgrading works shall be proposed if necessary.	TGN-15, the e features, the yaffect/be eatures sha eatures shall be prop	e proposed some perefore, it is affected by Il be further osed if nece	ite falls with s considered the propose reviewed in	in the travel ang I that the above d development. detail design st	tle The age,
	At the south of the project site, there are natural terrain catchment with number of natural stream course. From the topographic map available, the angular elevation of the natural terrain overlooking the site is less than 20° (see Attachment 2), therefore, according to GEO report No.138, section 2.3.4, the proposed development does not meet the "Alert Criteria" and Natural Terrain Hazards study is not required.	e project situlation of the notion of the notion of the notehood of the notion of the	e, there are rse. From th atural terrai therefore, a evelopment lazards stud	natural terra ne topograpl n overlookir ccording to does not me ly is not requ	ain catchment was nic map available in the site is less SEO report No.1 set the "Alert ired.	38,
	Please also be advised that the above responses contain the essential contents of a Geotechnical Planning Review Report in support of planning applications.	dvised that technical Pla	the above I	esponses on	ontain the essei support of plani	ntial ning
						_

	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
OÆ	Comments from Head of Sustainable Lantau Office, Civil Engineering and Development Department Received on 16 November 2021	ment Department
9.	(ii) Section 6.1.5:	MTRC will be responsible for the upgrading works of the subject Sham Shui Kok Drive. There will be no reclamation required for the upgrading
	We noted that "the existing Sham Shui Kok Drive will be upgraded to single 2-	works and the Sham Shui Kok Drive is proposed to be widened to the
	lane carriageway, as far as practicable", please advise the implementation	south side to avoid affecting the existing seawall.
	parties of the Sham Shui Kok Drive upgrading works and whether reclamation	
	Is required for the upgrading works. And We Wish to reflerate that fielther upgrading/provision of (i) Sham Shui Kok Drive nor (ii) access road in right	
	vicinity of depot is part of the scope of Engineering Study of Road P1 (Tai Ho -	
ĭ	10. (iii) Annex 2.3 and 5.2.3 (C) of Appendix I:	The "footbridge connection to possible footbridge by Government (Subject to detailed design)" is proposed to allow flexibility for future
	Please be informed that as regards "footbridge connection to possible	connection to Road P1. MTRC will coordinate with CEDD and their
	footbridge by Government (Subject to detailed design)", currently CEDD have	consultants of the Road P1 (Tai Ho to Sunny Bay Section) Investigation
	no plan to provide such footbridges for connection to the topside	Study regarding the project interface issues.
	development.	
11.	pas-550	Noted with thanks. MTRC will liaise with CEDD and their consultants to
	route through the existing barging point for train/rail in Siu Ho Wan. Please take note on the potential interfacing issue between barging activities and Road D1. Eurther meetings and liaisons are required to cort out this interface.	identify and resolve the project interface issues.
	issue.	

L			
		Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
5-1	12.	. (v) MTRCL should continue to closely liaise with CEDD and their consultants	Noted with thanks. MTRC will liaise with CEDD and their consultants to
		for Engineering Study on Road P1 (Tai Ho - Sunny Bay Section) (namely Road	identify and resolve the project interface issues.
		P1 Study) to identify and resolve project interface issues including but not	
		limited to access points, road/footbridge connection, programme, etc. to	
		ensure that the design and construction of Road P1 (Tai Ho - Sunny Bay	
		Section) will not be unduly affected. The alignment, promenade, layout,	
		connections, preliminary design, etc. of Road P1 are yet to be determined and	
		subject to Road P1 Study. The arrangement for the interface should be subject	
		to Road P1 Study, further discussion among relevant departments / parties,	
		and agreement of CEDD.	
-	13.	. (vi) Works Contract No. NL/2020/07 Tung Chung New Town Extension - Tai Ho	Noted with thanks. MTRC will liaise with CEDD and their consultants to
		Interchange has commenced in October 2021. MTRCL is reminded to closely	identify and resolve the project interface issues.
		liaise with CEDD project team on the interface matters.	
j			
٠ ا	So.	Comments from Director of Drainage Services	
,	17		Dloses refer to Attachment 2 for the undated Section 6.1 A with the
1	÷	•	Tease Telei to Attachillent 3 Tol tile apaated 3ection 3.1.4 with the
		1. Section 6 - The conclusion should also mention that sensitivity test has been	required technical clarification added.
		conducted with back water analysis for the end-21st century scenario and it	
		was found that there are still sufficient freeboard.	
	15.	. SIA (Appendix VIII)	Noted with thanks.
		2. Please note that the comments of this department on the sewerage aspect	
		are subject to the views and agreement of the Environmental Protection	
		Department ("EPD"), as the planning authority of sewerage infrastructure.	
]			

	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses		
16.	0.000	Please refe	Please refer to Attachment 4 for the relevant correspondence.	ant correspondence.
	subject to the agreement of the EPD as the planning authority of sewerage infrastructure.	The subjec	t S16 Application has also been	The subject S16 Application has also been circulated for EPD's comments. Please refer to Item 28 of this RtoC Table for EPD's response indicating they
		have no m	ajor comments on the Sewerage	have no major comments on the Sewerage Impact Assessment and no in-
		principal o Table is ext	principal objection to the subject S16 Applicati Table is extracted below for your easy reference.	principal objection to the subject S16 Application. Item 28 of this RtoC Table is extracted below for your easy reference.
		RtoC	Jo .	Response from MTRC dated 2
		Item No.	Environmental Protection Received on 16 Nov 2021	Dec 2021
		28.	najor	Noted with thanks.
			comments on the	
			environmental assessment	
			(EA) report for the proposed	
			development (including the	
			impact assessment (SIA)	
			report and the proposed	
			mitigation measures. Other	
			minor comments on the EA	
			& SIA are appended at	
			Annex A. In short, we have	
			no objection in principle on	
			the subject application	
			proposal including the	
			proposed relaxation of non-	
			domestic GFA restriction	
			from environmental	
			perspective.	

		Responses
17.	4. Sections 4.2 and 4.4 - Please clarify if the proposed sewerage network (including the proposed sewage pumping system) will support the Phase 4 development (or not). According to the sewerage assessment under the EIA (AEIAR-213/2017), the total sewage flow in ADWF was about 12,100 m3/day including all 4 phases (i.e. 3,736 + 2,582 + 2,850 + 2,908 = 12,076 approx.).	Please be clarified that the current S16 Application includes Phases 1 to 3 development to provide 15,000 units and Phase 4 proposed as land reserved for future expansion. According to the Sewerage Impact Assessment, a sewage flow of 12,752 ADWF is estimated for Phases 1 to 3 development. The proposed sewerage network (including the proposed sewage pumping system) is designed with flexibility with consideration regarding the future development in Phase 4.
18.	5. Paragraph 4.2.6 - Please provide with drawing(s) or sketch(es) showing sectional view(s) of the proposed rising main arrangement for reference.	MTRC will liaise with the relevant Government Departments on proposed rising main arrangement. Drawings or sketches showing sectional views of the raising main will be provided in detailed design stage.
19.	6. Appendix C - Please clarify the assumed operation mode of the proposed pumping station adopted for the assessment. Please review the design flows for the rising main concerned which shall be based on the design pump flows distributed to the rising main concerned according to the assumed operation mode (i.e. the total flow of the pumps in operation divided by the number of rising mains in operation).	MTRC will liaise with the relevant Government Departments on the operation mode of the proposed pumping station. The assumed operation mode of the proposed sewage pumping station will be provided in detailed design stage.
20.	Kindly note that this is a coordinated reply of the HK&ID and LDD of the DSD.	Noted with thanks.

	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
S	Comments from Secretary for Education Received on 16 November 2021	
21.	School	Noted with thanks.
	2. In the Responses-to-Comments (R-to-C) table prepared by MTRCL, we noted that MTRCL has provided response to our comment on the fire safety issue as below:	
	"In terms of fire safety, EVAs serving the schools are proposed at +33.5mPD as well as the schools' escape staircases' discharges which could lead to the ultimate place of safety through the designated route of the podium deck. The proposed fire safety provision for the 3 nos. of schools have also been included in the submitted Fire Engineering Report for BD's & FSD's approval."	
22.	3. We have no further comments on the planning application in question on condition that BD and FSD approve MTRCL's Fire Engineering Report.	Noted with thanks.
23.	4. Safety of students is the prime concern of EDB. We would be appreciated if MTRCL would update on the proposed fire safety measures in the course of the development. Thank you.	The proposed 3 nos. of school buildings in the current S16 application would be designed in accordance with the prevailing Code of Practice for Fire Safety in Buildings. The proposed fire safety measures including the overall evacuation strategy for the topside development has been submitted to Buildings Department and Fire Services Department for approval.

Comments from Director of Electricity Safety 24. Electricity Safety Please note that CLP Power for the planning, design, corby the developer), operation facilities to meet the electricase the need for any additionase for the development to meet the need of the development to the proposed development to the proposed development to the proposed development to the provide electricity supply for outes of cables from CLP's development site are indicated in the in doubt whether there between the two locations is development.	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments Comments (Ann Director of Electrical and Machanical Services Comments (Ann Director of Electrical and Machanical Services Assertated on 16 November 2021 24. Electricity Safety Please note that CLP Power Hong Kong Limited (CLP) should be responsible for the planning, design, construction (except customer substation provided by the development of the electricity supply facilities (i. e. a new project proposals to Environment Bureau (ENB) and Electricity supply facilities (i. e. a new project proposals to Environment Bureau (ENB) and Electricity supply facilities (i. e. a new project proposals to Environment Bureau (ENB) and Electricity supply facilities (i. e. a new project proposals to Environment Bureau (ENB) and Electricity supply facilities (i. e. a new project proposals to Environment Bureau (ENB) and Electricity supply arrangement for the electricity supply arrangement and schedule to meet the need of the development. 23. On the other hand, we observed that there might be some unified and the electricity supply and the proposed development while the tentative cable route for the electricity supply and thinkes Appraisal (Figure No. 3.2 of the Water Supply and Utilities Appraisal (Figure No. 3.2 of Appendix IX. Water Supply and Utilities Appraisal (Figure No. 3.2 of Appendix IX. Water Supply and Utilities Appraisal (Figure No. 3.2 of Appendix IX. Water Supply and Utilities Appraisal (Figure No. 3.2 of Appendix IX. Water Supply and Utilities Appraisal (Figure No. 3.2 of Appendix IX. Water Supply and Utilities Appraisal (Figure No. 3.2 of Appendix IX. Water Supply and Utilities Appraisal (Figure No. 3.2 of Appendix IX. Water Supply and Utilities Appraisal (Figure No. 3.2 of Appendix IX. Water Supply and Utilities Appraisal (Figure No. 3.2 of Appendix IX. Water Supply and Utilities Appraisal (Figure No. 3.2 of Appendix IX. Water Supply
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	Noted with thanks. es	Noted with thanks.	Noted with thanks. EV charging facilities will be provided under the latest requirement and technical guideline for the proposed transport facilities in response to the Roadmap. Is d I
Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments Comments from Director of Environmental Protection Received on 16 November 2021	26. 2. Based on the information submitted, it is noted that the current layout plan submission covers residential development at Phase 1 to Phase 3 Sites with Phase 4 site reserved for future housing development. It is also understood that separate submission is needed at a later stage when Phase 4 development is materialised in future.	27. 3. We have no major comments on the environmental assessment (EA) report for the proposed development (including the phasing) and the sewerage impact assessment (SIA) report and the proposed mitigation measures. Other minor comments on the EA & SIA are appended at Annex A. In short, we have no objection in principle on the subject application proposal including the proposed relaxation of non-domestic GFA restriction from environmental perspective.	Roadmap on Popularisation of Electronic Vehicles (EVs) (the Roadmap) in March 2021, setting out the long-term policy objectives and plans to promote the adoption of EVs and their associated supporting facilities in Hong Kong. In addition, the provision of EV charging facilities are crucial to support mass adoption of EVs in order to reach zero vehicular emissions as set under the Hong Kong's Climate Action Plan 2050 which was announced in October 2021. In view of the above, please advise the Applicant to take into account the EV charging facilities during the early planning stage of the design of the Public Transport Interchange (PTI) and the parking spaces, by incorporating into the latest requirement and technical guideline regarding the installation of EV charging facilities so as to cater for the anticipated increase in the wider use of EVs.

į		Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
N	29.	5. Regarding the proposed sewage pumping station at the eastern end of the	Please be confirmed that the proposed rising mains are designed to meet
		proposed development, the current submission indicated the new twins	the potential increment in sewage quantity of the ultimate scenario (with
		rising mains will be designed to cater for the ultimate development	Proposed Development, future Phase 4 development, future station at
		scenarios. Please advise MTRC to ensure the design capacity of the rising	Siu Ho Wan and Siu Ho Wan Depot).
		main is sufficient for handling sewage generated from Phase 4 development	
		and to allow flexibility in the-design of the new sewage pumping station for	
		turther expansion to handle the additional flow from Phase 4 development.	
(Y)	30.	7. Under the current proposal, all the residential towers of the proposed	Noted with thanks.
		development are situated outside the Consultation Zone (CZ) of Siu Ho Wan	
		Water Treatment Works (SHWWTW). As such, no interface problem	
		between the proposed development and the CZ of SHWWTW is anticipated.	
(11)	31.	8 The entire site falls outside NEF25 contour, hence adverse aircraft noise	Noted with thanks.
		impact is not anticipated. Having said that, the recommendation as	
		stipulated in Para. 11.2.10 of the Explanatory Statement of the Siu Ho Wan	
		OP has been taken into account in Section 2.2.7 of the Environmental	
		Assessment.	
m	32.	9. Under the current layout plan, the Depot is proposed to be replanned to	Application for variation to Environmental Permit will be made on
		the Phase 1 to Phase 3 sites (~25ha). This is different to the design originally	changes on Siu Ho Wan Depot boundary and the associated mitigation
		proposed in the Siu Ho Wan Station and Siu Ho Wan Depot Replanning	measures, if any.
		Works and stipulated in the Environmental Permit (EP) (i.e. covering the	
		Phase 1 to Phase 4 sites). Please remind MTRC to observe the implication	
		under the EIAO and submit application for variation of an EP as necessary.	
(rr)	33.	Air Aspect	Please refer to Attachment 6 for email by the Transport Department
		TD's endorsement on traffic forecast data shall be provided.	indicating no comment on the methodology of the traffic forecast.

	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
m	34. Sewerage Aspect	Please refer to Attachment 7 for the updated paragraph 4.6.4 of the
	<u>Planning Statement</u>	Planning Statement.
	Paragraph 4.6.4	
	1. Please delete the last sentence ", which have recently secured main works funding and would be completed in 6.5 years from now."	
m	35. Appendix VIII	Please be clarified that the Proposed Development includes 30,000m ²
	24	GFA for commercial (shopping mall) and 4,500m ² GFA for commercial (4
	Paragraph 2.1.1	kindergartens with 29classrooms) which adds up to a total of $34,500 \text{m}^2$
	2. PlanD's memo dated 26 Oct 2021 stated that the applicant applies for	non-domestic GFA for commercial uses. In the SIA, commercial (shopping
	relaxation of maximum non-domestic GFA for commercial use from $30,000 \mathrm{m}^2$ to $34,500 \mathrm{m}^2$ with the additional $4,500 \mathrm{m}^2$ intended for	mall) and commercial (kindergartens) are using different flow factors.
	kindergartens with in the private commercial portion of the development.	The "maximum non-domestic GFA of 30,000m² for commercial use" in
	However, Para. 1.1.2, 2.1.1 and Table 2.1 show that commercial GFA is still	paragraph 1.1.2 is a direct copy of the requirement stipulated under the
	30,000m². Please clarify.	Notes of the OZP. As such the subject S16 Application involves proposed
_		relaxation of the maximum non-domestic GFA for commercial use of
		$4,500 \mathrm{m}^2$ to allow commercial operation of the 4 kindergartens.
		The 30 000 m^2 GEA shown in naragranh 2 1.1 and Tahle 2 1.0 f the SIA
		refers to the GFA for commercial (shopping mall).
n	36. Table 2.2	Please be confirmed that the numbers of Student/Staff for Kindergarten
	3. Number of Students / Staff is different with that in Appendix A. Please check.	and Primary/Secondary School are tally in both Table 2.2 and Appendix A.
3	37. Paragraph 4.2.4.	For SPS future expansion, the flexibility for Phase 4 possible development
	sewage generated from Phase 4 development. Also, the SPS should allow	designed to cater for the ultimate development scenarios (with Proposed
	flexibility for further expansion to nangle the additional flow from Phase 4 development.	Development, luture Phase 4 development, luture station at sid no wall and Siu Ho Wan Depot).

	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
38.	N H X N S	Please refer to Attachment 8 for the updated paragraph 5.1.1 of the SIA.
39.	6. The total allowed sewage flow of about 21,300 m³/d includes discharges from Phase 1-4 topside development, SHO and SHD while 12,679 m³/d is only the estimated flow from Phase 1-3. Please advise the estimated flows of Phase 4, SHO Station and SHD to demonstrate the total flow would not exceed 21,300 m³/d	The SIA has included consideration regarding the potential increment in sewage quantity of the ultimate scenario (Proposed Development, future Phase 4 development, future SHO Station and SHD) with a total sewage flow of up to about 21,300 m³/day ADWF.
		Under the current S16 Application, Phase 4 is proposed as land reserved for future expansion. The technical feasibility for future Phase 4 development will be subject to future S16 application.
S	Comments from Director of Fire Services Received on 16 November 2021	
40.	Please be informed that I have no objection in principle to the captioned proposal subject to water supplies for firefighting and fire service installations being provided to the satisfaction of the Director of Fire Services.	Noted with thanks.
41.	2. Detailed fire safety requirements will be formulated upon receipt of formal submission of general building plans.	Noted with thanks.
42.	3. Furthermore, the EVA provision in the captioned site shall comply with the standard as stipulated in Section 6, Part D of the Code of Practice for Fire Safety in Buildings 2011 under the Building (Planning) Regulation 41D which is administered by the Buildings Department.	Noted with thanks.

	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
NU2XIDE	Comments from District Officer (Islands), Home Affairs Department Received on 16 November 2021	
	43. 2. I inform you this office has the following comments-	Noted with thanks.
	44. 3. Sam Heung (Pak Mong, Ngau Kwu Long and Tai Ho) is the village environ	The surrounding context of the Application Site has been considered and
	in the next vicinity of that mega scale housing development. Villagers there	assessed in the Planning Statement. A Visual Impact Assessment and Air
	might thus have concern over the extent of their livelihood be affected as	Ventilation Assessment has been conducted and the results demonstrate
	arising from the development, especially on the ventilation and visual	no insurmountable adverse impacts in terms of air ventilation and visual
	impact.	impacts are envisaged by the Proposed Development.
-	45. 4. It is noted from Part 9 that the applicant stated that the proposed	Noted with thanks. MTRC will take note of the possible concern by
	development is acceptable and satisfactory in various aspects including the	relevant stakeholders and engage them in a timely manner.
	above-said two. Nevertheless, for smooth implementation of the	
	development, the applicant/developer is advised to take note of the possible	
-	concern by the stakeholders in Sam Heung and to engage them in	
	appropriate time accordingly.	
	Comments from Director of Housing Received on 16 November 2021	
•	46. 1. Open Space Provision (Planning Statement Section 4.5.3)	MTRC will coordinate with relevant Government departments. The actual provision of open space in the subsidised housing portion will be subject
	While an overall provision of 2 sq.m. of open space per resident is proposed	to detailed design.
	for Phases 1 to 3, the provision standard of open space in the public housing	
	portion is 1 sq.m. per resident in accordance with the Hong Kong Planning Chandards and Guidelines for the enjoyment of mublic housing residents. The	
	מרנתמן בוסעוזוסון כן ספרון שממרכ וש שמשוברו נס מרנמוורת מרשופון.	
-		

	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
47.	2. Greenery Coverage (Planning Statement Section 4.5.5)	MTRC will coordinate with relevant Government departments on the site
		coverage of greenery.
	It is noted and agreed that greenery coverage at the Proposed Development	
	will be in accordance with PNAP APP-152 - Sustainable Building Design	Please also be confirmed that there is no inconsistency in the descriptions
	Guidelines (SBDG), as stated in the Planning Statement, which states that	on open space and greenery coverage presented in paragraph 4.5.3 and
	the required minimum site coverage of greenery shall make reference to the	4.5.5 of the Planning Statement, paragraph 4.4.2 of the Urban Design and
	site area.	Connectivity Proposal and paragraph 4.2.2 and 4.2.4 of the Landscape
_	Regarding items 1 and 2, please ensure the descriptions on open space	and Tree Preservation and Removal Proposal.
	provision and greenery coverage as stated in the Planning Statement (Para.	
	4.5.3 & 4.5.5) are consistent with those stated in Appendix I - Urban Design	
	and Connectivity Proposal (Para. 4,4.2) and Appendix II - Landscape and Tree	
	Preservation and Removal Proposal (Para. 4.2.2 & 4.2.4).	
48.	3. Compensatory Planting (Appendix II - Landscape and Tree Preservation	MTRC will coordinate with relevant Government departments. The actual
	and Removal Proposal Section 5.5)	tree planting number in the subsidised housing portion will be subject to
		detailed design.
	Under the prevailing practice for tree planting at public housing	
	development and greening policy of HA/HD, tree planting within public	
	housing is not treated as compensatory planting associated with the site	
	enabling works carried out by other party but treated as new tree planting	
	instead. Based on the preliminary design, a total of about 286 trees could be	
	contributed as new tree planting within the public housing portion, and the	
	final new tree planting number will be subjected to detailed design.	
49.	4. Indicative List of Proposed Plant Species (Appendix II - Landscape and Tree	Noted with thanks. The actual plants selection will be subject to detailed
	Preservation and Removal Proposal Tables 4.3 & 4.5)	design.
	The list is considered as design reference only. It is understood that the list	
	should not be regarded as any commitment for the public housing portion	
	and flexibility on the plants' selection should be allowed at later design	
	stage.	

	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
_O &	Comments from Director-General of Communication Received on 16 November 2021	
Ω	Appraisal of the submission that the applicant would consult telecommunication companies at the detailed design stage with respect to connection and routing arrangement of the telecommunications cables. We also notice that the proposed development includes facilities like shopping mall and PTI which may require indoor mobile network coverage for public use. Given that mobile services have become essential in everyone's daily life, we urge the applicant to engage mobile network operators in the design stage regarding the provision of mobile coverage in the area of development. In this connection, in case the contact information of the relevant telecommunications companies and mobile network operators are needed, please ask the applicant to contact this office (Attention: Mr. Alex Lam at email: alexlam@ofca.gov.hk and telephone number: 2961 6667) direct.	Noted with thanks. MTRC will liaise with telecommunication companies during the detailed design stage for connection and routing arrangement of the telecommunications cables.
OÆ	Comments from Chief Town Planner/Urban Design and Landscape, Planning Department Received on 16 November 2021	rtment
2	51. <u>Air Ventilation</u> Comments to Consultant	Please be confirmed that the Revised Scheme is the final scheme adopted for the current S16 Application.
	1. Final Scheme - The consultant should confirm whether the Proposed Scheme or Revised Scheme is the final scheme adopted for this s.16 planning application. Please also note that we would not consider nor offer comments on any intermittent scheme.	

	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
52.	2. 2. Further mitigation measures – Referring to the VR contour plots shown in	Please be clarified that the wind enhancement measures are optimised
	Appendix B, it appears that provision of additional empty bays as well as re-	under the Revised Scheme. Due consideration is also given to optimise
	oriented school premises could only slightly enhance the air ventilation, but	housing supply, as well as to provide the necessary facilities to serve the
	not effective especially at pedestrian areas within the subject site. The	community, under the site constraints imposed by the railway depot
	consultant should review/explore more effective mitigation measures where	underneath. The results of the AVA indicated that there would be no
	appropriate. Otherwise, strong justification for proposing the Revised	insurmountable ventilation impact to the surrounding areas imposed by
	Scheme and the constraints for not designing more mitigation measures	the Proposed Development with some wake zones unavoidably created
	should be provided.	within the Application Site.
53.	3. 3. Accuracy of the simulation results (section 4.3) – It appears that there are	Please be confirmed that the mesh has been optimized, and the results
	some abnormal flow patterns in the VR contours in the area around the	has reached the steady state. A difference in wind pattern on the slope
	slope. The consultant should clarify and make sure the proper grid	area between the Baseline Scheme and the Proposed/Revised Scheme
	arrangement in these area. Otherwise, the accuracy of the simulation results	would be resulted by the interactions between the high-rise residential
	would be doubtful.	towers and the wake zone of the slope.
54.	1. 4. The consultant should spell out the fact that as indicated in Contour Plot	Please refer to Sections 4 and 5 of Attachment 9 for the relevant
	of Annual Weighted VR, much taller residential towers under the Proposed	paragraphs from the AVA report with the technical clarifications added.
	and Revised Schemes would create a larger wake region in the downstream	
	areas when compared with the Baseline Scheme, in particular in the central	While some unavoidable minor portion of the transfer plate will intrude
	portion of the subject site near the planned schools and waterfront area.	the breezeways/airpaths locally due to the structural constraints on the
		topside development imposed by the railway depot. Please be clarified
	 Proposed and Revised Schemes (sections 2.3.2 and 2.3.3) – 	that there would be no substantial structures within the breezeways and
	Breezeways and air paths should not have substantial structures that	airpaths under the current S16 Application and the residential tower
	would hinder the air flow through them. Apart from the MoE	structures will be kept clear from the breezeways and airpaths.
	staircases and shuttle lift lobbies as mentioned in 3rd paragraph of	
	section 2.3.2, it appears that part of the tower blocks are also	The MoE staircases and shuttle lift would be located such that the
	protruding inside the four 30m-wide proposed breezeways and six	majority bulk of the structure would be situated outside the
	15m-wide air paths. The MoE staircases (5m(W) x 6m(W) x 5m(D))	breezeway/airpaths, and thus minimising the intrusion as shown in Annex
	and shuttle lift lobbies (10m(W) x 16m(W) x 5m(D)) are also	2.6 in Appendix A3 of the AVA report. Nevertheless, the effect of these
	substantial structures obstructing wind flow if fully located within the	minor intrusions has been taken into account in the simulation results of
	breezeways and airpaths. Please re-adjust the block layout to avoid	the air ventilation assessment.
	any structures encroaching the breezeways and air paths.	

L	Charles Described facilities of the control of the	Document
	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
ц)	55. 5. Revised Scheme (Section 2.3.3) – Please advise whether the applicant is	The Primary School will be implemented according to the Layout Plan
	the implementation agent for the additional mitigate measure "re-oriented	under the S16 Application, subject to approval by the Town Planning
	Primary School". If not, how it could be implemented.	Board.
ιJ	56. 6. Special test points within the subject site (section 3.4.3) - Special Test	Please refer to Attachment 11 for the location of Special Test Points.
	Points under Proposed Scheme has not been provided.	With the largely identical building layouts, the location of Special Test
		Points of the Proposed Scheme and the Revised Scheme would be the
	7 Overall ventilation neuformance (sections A 1 and A 2) — The Consultant	Please refer to the technical clarifications added to Sections 4.1 and 4.2
)		of Attachment 9 of the AVA report.
	LVR at the immediate and local environment of the subject site when	
	compared with the Baseline Scheme under both annual and summer	
	conditions. However, the VR contour plots show that the pedestrian wind	
	environment within the subject site under both schemes are generally worse	
	than that under Baseline Scheme. The three planned school sites and its	
	pedestrian area, the waterfront area and phase 4 site are of particular	
	concern. The consultant should set out such facts and provide discussions	
	about such adverse air ventilation. As mentioned in paragraph 2 above, the	
	consultant should review/explore more effective mitigation measures where	
	appropriate. Otherwise, strong justification for proposing the Revised	
	Scheme and the constraints for not designing more mitigation measures	
	should be provided.	
2	58. 8. Empty bays under Proposed Scheme (section 4.3 and Appendix A3) -	Please refer to the Attachment 10 which is the updated Annex 2.6 in
	There is no legend for the empty bays on Appendix A3. Please confirm	Appendix A3 of the AVA report with legend for the empty bays
	whether the dotted building lines as marked are the location of the empty	supplemented. Please be clarified that the floor-to-floor height of Podium
	bays and specify the height of the empty bays though their width of 15m is	Deck Level of the Proposed Development is assumed as about 5m high
	mentioned under section 2.3.3	which has been included in the AVA 3D model. The floor-to-floor height
L		Diago vofor to the technical clarification added to Cortion / 3 of
n	39. 9. Directional Analysis (section 4.3) – The colloureant should provide	Attack of the reciliated defined of the AVA was at
	directional analysis for discussing the potential adverse air ventilation	Attachment 9 of the AVA report.
	impact on the pedestrian area, in particular along waterfront area, planned	
	school sites and Phase 4 of the subject.	

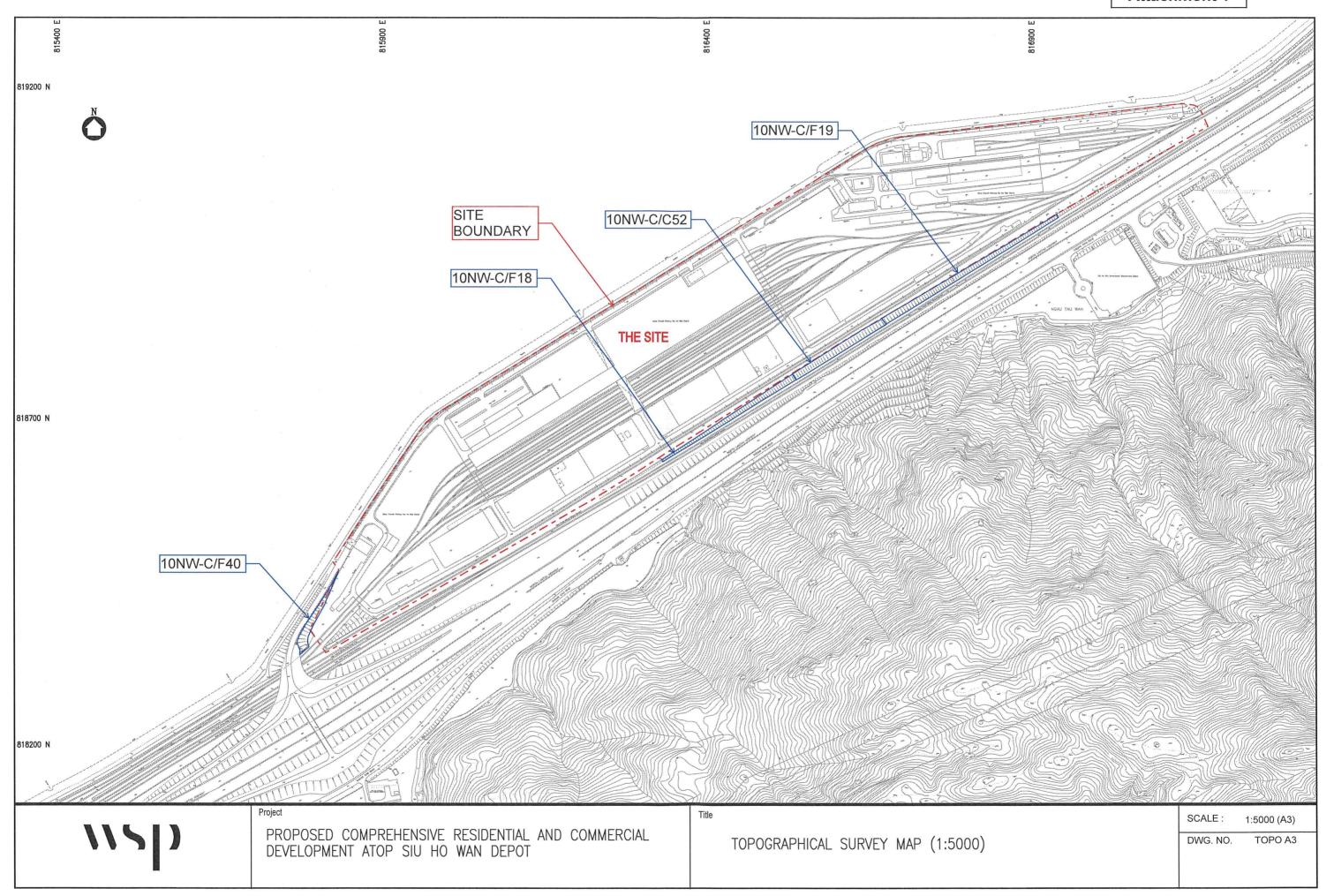
	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
.09	10. NNE wind (section 4.3.1) – Referring to VR contour plots, both Proposed	Please refer to the technical clarification added to Section 4.3.1 of
	and Revised Schemes has much lower VR in the south-western part of the subject site when compared with the Baseline Scheme. However, such	Attachment 9 of the AVA report.
	phenomenon has not been discussed in text.	
61.		Please refer to the technical clarification added to Section 4.3.2 of
	Scheme has much lower VR in the south-western and central parts of the	Attachment 9 of the AVA report.
	subject site when compared with the Baseline Scheme. Meanwhile, the	
	Revised Scheme has only mitigate adverse air ventilation impact in the	
	central part of the subject site but the south-western part is still adversely	
	affected compared with the Baseline Scheme. However, such phenomenon	
	has not been discussed in text.	
62.	2. 12. ENE wind (section 4.3.3) – Referring to VR contour plots, the Proposed	Please refer to the technical clarification added to Section 4.3.3 of
	Scheme has much lower VR along the waterfront area when compared with	Attachment 9 of the AVA report.
	the Baseline Scheme. Meanwhile, the Revised Scheme has only mitigate	
	adverse air ventilation impact in some small parts of the waterfront area but	
	still worse than wind environment under Baseline Scheme. However, such	
	phenomenon has not been discussed in text.	
63.	3. 13. E wind (section 4.3.4) – Referring to VR contour plots, both Proposed	Please refer to the technical clarification added to Section 4.3.4 of
	and Revised Schemes have much lower VR along the waterfront area when	Attachment 9 of the AVA report.
	compared with the Baseline Scheme. However, such phenomenon has not	
	been discussed in text.	
64.	1. 14. SE wind (section 4.3.5) – Referring to VR contour plots, both Proposed	Please refer to the technical clarification added to Section 4.3.5 of
	and Schemes have much lower VR in the central part of the subject site and	Attachment 9 of the AVA report.
	the waterfront area when compared with the Baseline Scheme. However,	
	such phenomenon has not been discussed in text.	
65.	5. 15. SSE wind (section 4.3.6) – Referring to VR contour plots, both Proposed	Please refer to the technical clarification added to Section 4.3.6 of
	and Schemes have lower VR along the waterfront area when compared with	Attachment 9 of the AVA report.
	the Baseline Scheme. However, such phenomenon has not been discussed in	
	text.	

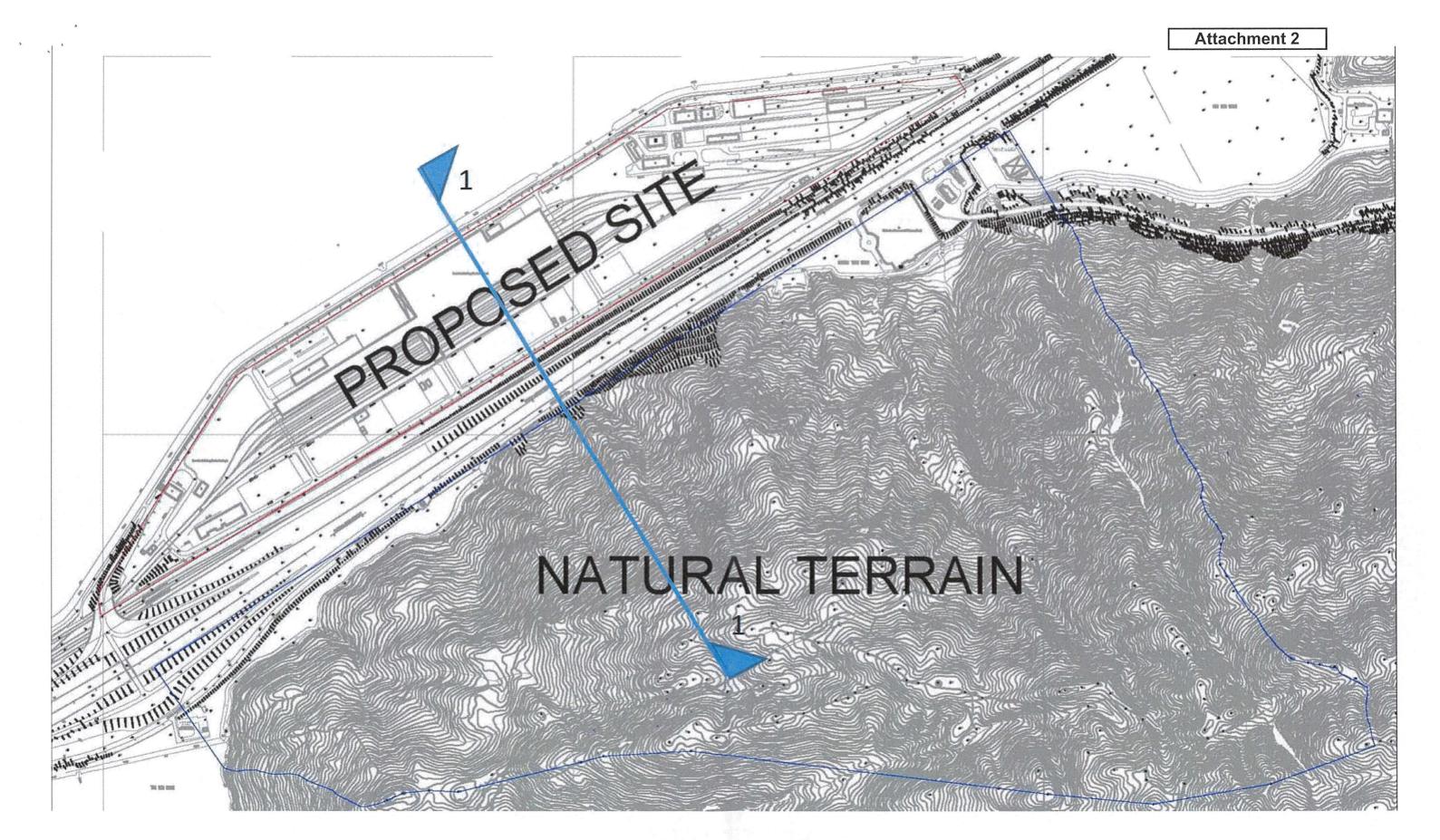
L	Commo	Comments Beceived from Government Bureaux / Denartments	Beconces
		ents neceived from dovernment bureaux / Departments	vespouses
<u> </u>	66. 16. S w	S wind (section 4.3.7) – Referring to VR contour plots, both Proposed	Please refer to the technical clarification added to Section 4.3.7 of
	and Sch	and Schemes have lower VR along the waterfront area when compared with	Attachment 9 of the AVA report.
	the Bas	the Baseline Scheme. However, such phenomenon has not been discussed in	
	text.		
	67. 17. SSW	17. SSW wind (section 4.3.8) - Referring to VR contour plots, both Proposed	Please refer to the technical clarification added to Section 4.3.8 of
	and Sch	and Schemes have lower VR along the waterfront area when compared with	Attachment 9 of the AVA report.
	the Bas	the Baseline Scheme. However, such phenomenon has not been discussed in	
	text.		
9	68. 18. Con	18. Conclusion (section 5) – The consultant should update this section taking	Please refer to the technical clarification added to Section 5 of
	into acc	into account our comments above.	Attachment 9 of the AVA report.
9	69. 19. Sun	19. Summary (section 5.1) – In view of the comments above, we could not	Please refer to the technical clarification added to Section 5.1 of
	agree w	agree with the concluding summary mentioned in this section.	Attachment 9 of the AVA report.
			And the second s
<u> </u>	omments i	Comments from Chief Town Planner/Urban Design and Landscape, Planning Department	tment
1	70. Urban I	Urban Design and Visual	Please refer to Attachment 12 for the layout of the baseline scheme as
			extracted from the Town Planning Board Paper No. 10374 dated January
	1. The 3	1. The applicant should submit a layout of the baseline scheme with building	2018 for your easy reference.
	heights	heights, height of different levels and tower number clearly marked for	
	checkin	checking the visual impact assessment.	
-	71. 2. Pleas	2. Please clarify whether the "Rezoning Scheme" is the baseline scheme. If	Please be clarified that the "Rezoning Scheme" is the baseline scheme,
	affirma	affirmative, please rectify it to be "Baseline Scheme" to avoid confusion and	which is the indicative development scheme prepared to support the
	set out	set out the status of this baseline scheme is originated.	statutory Outline Zoning Plan making process in 2017. Please refer to Attachment 13 for the photomontages with "Rezoning Scheme" renamed
			as "Baseline Scheme".
	72. 3. The o	3. The original viewing points are irrelevant to this visual impact assessment,	Please refer to Attachment 13 for the photomontages of VP1, VP2, VP5,
	please (please delete "Original View" in VP1, VP2, VP5, VP6 and VP7 to avoid	VP6 and VP7 with "Original View" deleted for your easy reference.
	confusi	confusion. Please also label the tower number in the baseline scheme as in	
	the pro	the proposed scheme for easy reference.	

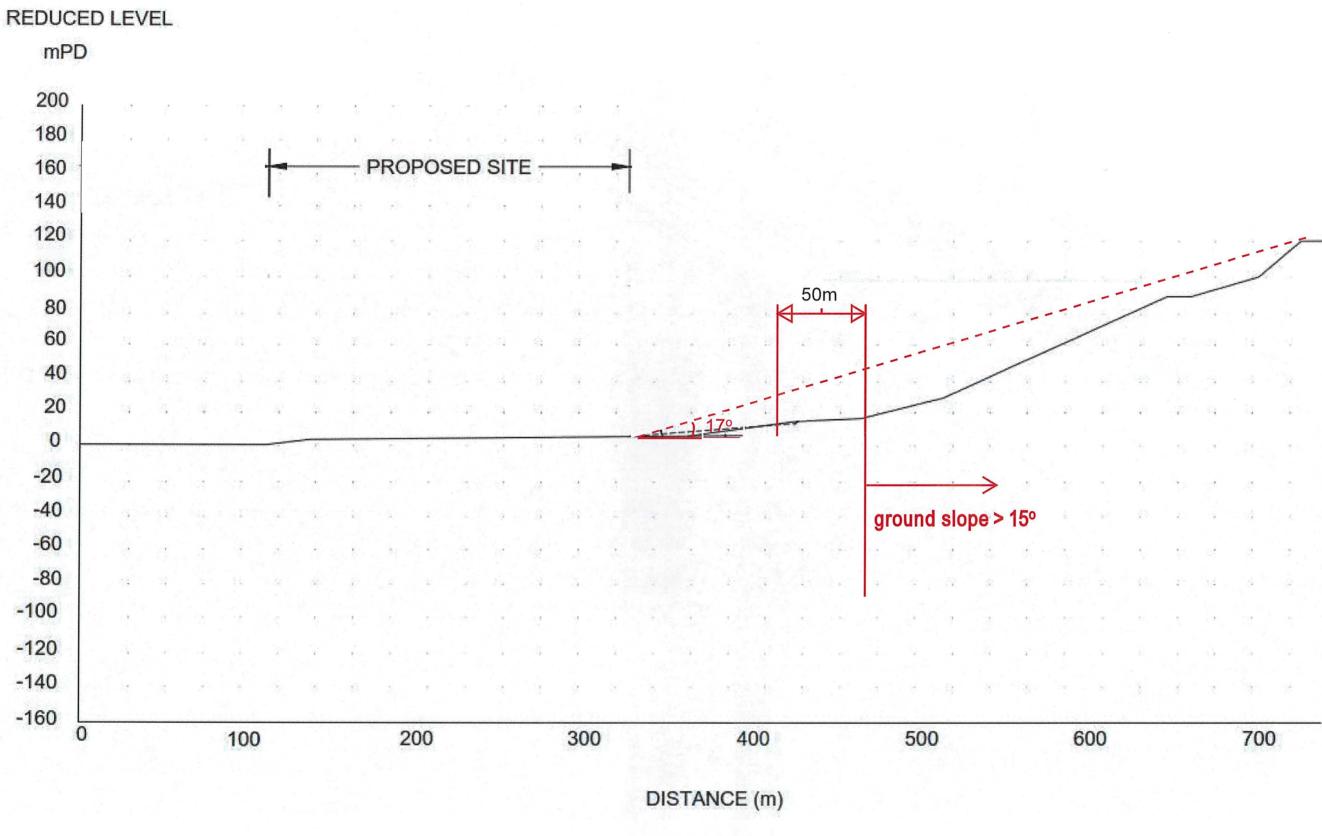
	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
1	73. 4. For VP3 in figure 4.3, please confirm whether all the buildings of the	Please be confirmed that all the buildings of the Baseline Scheme are
	baseline scheme are included as the proposed scheme seems to protrude more towards the Tai Ho Estuary.	included. Minor discrepancy during modeling may occur due to the far distance of the VP from the Application Site. Nevertheless, this will not affect the evaluation of the overall visual impact.
0 12	Comments from Government Engineer/Railway Development (2), Railway Develol Received on 16 November 2021	2), Railway Development Office, Highways Department
	74. (a) The assumed completion for the overrun tunnel and upgrading of	According to the LegCo Paper No. CB(4)536/19-20(01), the Airport
	signalling in year 2026 (as stated under Table 8.2 of Appendix III) seems not up-to-date. Please clarify/review as appropriate.	Railway Extended Overrun Tunnel (AREOT) is targeted to be in place by 2032. The expected first population intake for the proposed development
	75. (b) Please provide patronage/ capacity assessment on Tung Chung Line for	Phase 1, Phase 2 and Phase 3 are years 2030, 2035-36 and 2039-40
	design years 2031 and 2036.	respectively.
		The existing capacity of TCL on the critical Tsing Ma Bridge section (from
		Sunny Bay Station (SUN) to Tsing Yi Station (TSY) is 21,400 (4 ppsm).
		Based on the patronage forecasts in Table 8.2 of the TIA report, the TCL
		link flows will be increased for the SUN to TSY section with the full SHD
		property development in place. As the population of Phase 1 is about
		40% of total population of the proposed development, it is estimated that the increase in TCL link flows will be approx 1 500, which is about 7% of
		the TCL capacity only. It is anticipated that the additional demand would
		be minimal as compared with the TCL capacity (about 7%) and hence
		would only have minimal impact to the TCL.
		With the AREOT, there will be an increase in TCL capacity from 21,400 to
		31,300 (46% increase). This would greatly improve the performance of
		TCL and provide extra capacity which could easily to cater for the small
		increase of Phase 1 development as well as the future population intake
		of SHD development. Based on the TIA study, the ultimate phase of SHD
		property development by Year 2041 was assessed. It is anticipated that

	Comments Received from Government Rureaux / Denartments	Reconces
		the TCL will operate with ample performance, a V/C ratio of 0.82, for the SUN to TSY section by 2041 with the full development of SHD.
		Also, please be clarified that para. 8.2.2 of the T&TIA report should be "The AM Peak TCL critical link flows are forecast to increase to 25,800 on the Tsing Ma Bridge section (from Sunny Bay Station (SUN) to Tsing Yi
		Station (TSY)) and 43,700 on the cross-harbour section (from Kowloon Station (KOW) to Hong Kong Station (HOK)), of which 3,800 and 1,600 respectively are attributed to the proposed development. The forecast
		result supported to conclude no capacity issue on the TCL by 2041." to tally with Table 8.2 of the T&TIA report. Please refer to Attachment 14 for the updated the para. 8.2.2 of the T&TIA report.
S %	Comments from Director of Social Welfare Received on 16 November 2021	
76.	. (A) Some textual amendments in P.65 and P.346 (paragraph 2.3.8 and Table 2.6) of the Planning Statement (Volume 1 of 2) marked in blue with yellow	Please refer to Attachment 15 for the updated Annex 7 Tentative Implementation Programme (Indicative) and Paragraph 2.3.8 and Table 2.6
	shaded below are suggested, please.	of the Traffic and Transport Impact Assessment with the typos rectified.
	100-place Residential Care Home for the Elderly cum 20-place Day Care unit Unit	
	P.346 Paragraph 2 3 8: "For social welfare facilities, 100-place Residential Care	
	Home for the Elderly cum 20-place Day Care Unit (RCHE cum DCU) and 60-place Day Care Centre for the Elderly) DE will be provided with one and three one-parking spaces for a private light bus(es)	
	Table 2.6:	
	Social Welfare Facilities DE: 3 Private Light Buses with tail-lift	

	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
77.	77. Taking the opportunity at this planning stage, among others, we would like	Under the current S16 Application, the ground level for proposed vehicular
	MTRCL (the applicant) to draw particular attention of the 24m building	traffic and EVA of the topside development atop the depot is at +19.5 mPD.
	height restriction of the proposed RCHE cum DCU. In accordance with	Therefore, the planned floor level of the RCHE cum DCU would not be
	Section 20 of Residential Care Homes (Elderly Persons) Regulation (Cap. 459	situated higher than 24m from the ground.
	sub. Leg. A), no part of a RCHE cum DCU shall be situated at a height more	
	than 24m above the ground floor, measuring vertically from the ground of	
	the building to the floor of the premises in which the RCHE cum DCU to be	
	situated. That say, the proposed RCHE cum DCU should be situated at a level	
	not higher than 24m from ground level under statutory requirement.	







SECTION 1-1

Proposed Residential and Commercial Development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot

6 Conclusions

- 6.1.1 The Proposed Development will be situated atop a podium deck over the replanned railway depot. The catchment size remains unchanged.
- All the stormwater surface runoffs within Application Site will be collected via channels, gullies, catchpits, downpipes, gravity pipes and manholes, then to three underground box culverts, namely Western BC, Central BC and Eastern BC.
- 6.1.3 The total runoff collected including that from upstream hill and the Application Site is proposed to be discharged to the Western BC, Central BC and Eastern, and the peak runoff with the Proposed Development is estimated to be 68.7m³/s under 1 in 200 years return period with mid-21st century climate change scenario, which is slightly lower than the peak runoff without the Proposed Development, i.e.68.8m³/s.
- Under End-21st century climate change, there will be 3.4% increase of rainfall (and runoff) between End-21 and Mid-21 scenario. Given the calculated utilization capacity of box culverts 28.1% to 73.9% under 200a Mid-21 scenario, spare capacity of box culvert would be able to cater the changes of rainfall from Mid-21 century scenario to End-21 century scenario.
- 6.1.5 Comparing to the scenario without the Proposed Development, the change of utilization ratios of all BCs (Western, Central and Eastern BCs) are insignificant.
- 6.1.6 The assessment results show that the utilisation ratio of the existing box culverts has less than $\pm 1.5\%$ variation with and without the Proposed Development. Therefore, it is concluded that there is no adverse impact to the downstream drainage system due to the runoff from the Proposed Development.
- 6.1.7 The backwater analysis showed that the estimated freeboard of the three existing box culverts should be more than 1.0m with the Proposed Development. It is therefore considered that the existing box culverts are sufficient for high tide condition with the Proposed Development.

From

To: Cc:

Subject: [External Email] Re: Proposed Residential and Commercial Development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot - Estimated Sewage

Date: Thursday, June 20, 2019 11:38:25 AM

Attachments: ATT00004.png

Dear Janice,

Noted, we will take in to account the potential increment in sewage quantity when designing Siu Ho Wan Sewage Treatment Works expansion.

Regards,

NG Chi Kin, Bill E/S15, SP Division, DSD

From: To:

Date: 19/06/2019 16:43

Subject: Proposed Residential and Commercial Development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot - Estimated Sewage Serial No.:

Dear Bill,

We refer to the email from our Mr Dave Ng dated 12 Feb 2019 in response to the enquiry from Ms Ice Chong of your office, and our recent tele-conversation. We understand your office is working on the SHWSTW expansion project, with additional treatment capacity available starting from 2030. Pls be advised the Corporation is exploring with Government to maximise housing supply at the Siu Ho Wan Depot (SHD) topside development. The current plan is to reserve a portion of the site for future development contingent upon improved infrastructure capacity and further planning application(s) in the longer term. Whilst the land use and development mix of the reserve site portion are currently not available, we are proposing a total population assumption of 60,000 (ultimate scenario) for the design of the MTR Siu Ho Wan (SHO) Station, subject to review by relevant Government departments.

By pro-rata calculation of the 13,400m³/day ADWF for the 37,800 population (including flow from SHO Station) under the approved EIA Report (AEIAR-213/2017), it is estimated that total sewage flow from the SHD topside development could be up to about 21,300m³/day ADWF. We understand your office does not foresee any insurmountable problem to take into account the possible additional sewage flow of about 8,000m³/day ADWF into the SHWSTW expansion project. The estimated sewage flow is indicative only and

subject to review and changes at later stage(s). Note that a sewerage impact assessment is required, among others, to support the future planning application(s) in accordance with the OZP requirement.

Attachment 4

Thanks and regards,

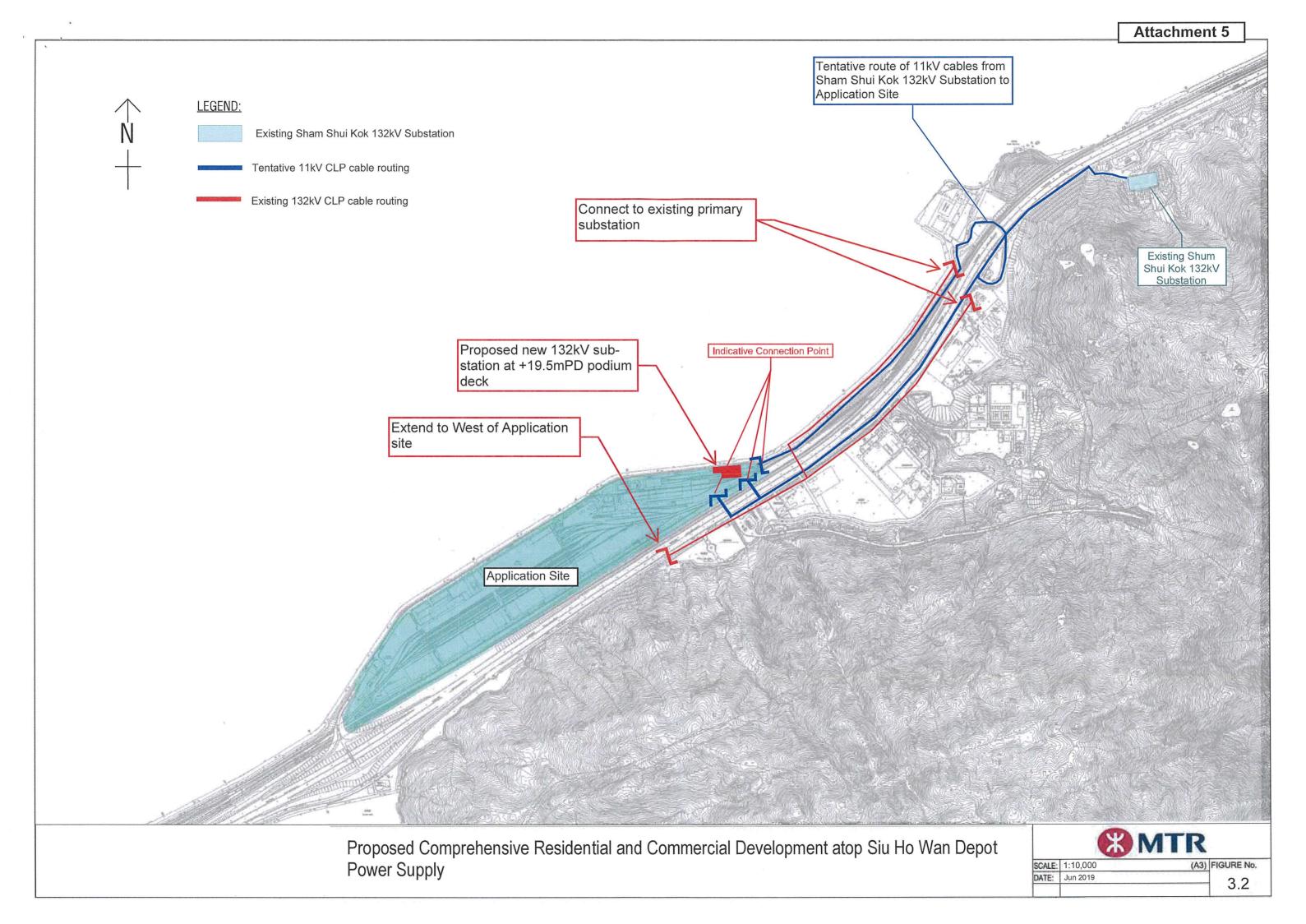
Janice Lo Town Planning Manager MTR Corporation Limited

www.mtr.com.hk

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This message has been analyzed by Deep Discovery Email Inspector.



Attachment 6

rom:	
ent: Tuesday, November 23, 2021 6:27 PM	
o:	
Cc: [All Colon of the Colon of	

Subject: [External Email] Re: Proposed Residential and Commercial Development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot - Technical Note of Traffic Forecasts for EA

Dear Kathy,

Section 16 Application for Proposed Residential and Commercial Development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot - Traffic and Transport Impact Assessment Report

I refer to "Section 9 – Technical Note of Traffic Forecasts for Environmental Assessment" in the captioned report.

Please note that the Environmental Assessment is not under TD's purview. TD is not in a position to provide comments on the traffic figures tailor-made for the environmental assessment study.

Notwithstanding the above, I have no comment on the methodology of the traffic forecast, provided that reference has been made to the T&TIA report and the traffic data of the technical note is tally with those for the T&TIA report. In case there is any discrepancy in the traffic data between the T&TIA reports and the Environmental Assessment, please highlight for our consideration.

Thank you.

Regards, Suman WONG E/LD, TD

- 4.5.4 A Central Plaza will be provided within the Central Park adjacent to the shopping mall at Podium Level 2, which will become a vibrant focal point of the Proposed Development. Landscaped steps with tree planting and seating will be provided to connect with the Waterfront Podium Walkway at Podium Level 1 and the Green Spine at Podium Deck Level. The West and East Avenue Parks are planned along the 30m-wide air / visual corridors.
- 4.5.5 Extensive greenery coverage would be provided at the terraced podium, transforming the Proposed Development into a sustainable green urban node. Greenery coverage in accordance to the Sustainable Building Design Guidelines will be provided. Soft landscape treatment and planting will be provided to soften the edges of the podium.
- 4.5.6 A tree preservation and removal proposal has also been prepared. Being affected by the Proposed Development, about 562 and 175 existing trees within the existing depot and along Sham Shui Kok Drive, respectively, will be compensated in accordance with Lands Administration Office Practice Note No. 2/2020 and / or Development Bureau Technical Circular (Works) No. 4/2020. No rare or protected tree species, Old and Valuable Tree, or Champion Tree has been identified.

4.6 Phase 4 Development

- 4.6.1 To facilitate enquiry submissions to the Buildings Department, an indicative development scheme for the 30-hectare Application Site has been formulated, as presented in **Annex 6**. This indicative scheme, however, does not form part of the current application under Section 16 of the Town Planning Ordinance.
- 4.6.2 The entire Phase 4 portion of the Application Site would be reserved for public housing development for producing about 6,200 public housing units, to be commenced following the completion of Phase 3. At this juncture, no insurmountable problem is envisaged for delivering the Phase 4 development from the technical perspective as adequate infrastructure provisions have been or could be planned timely to meet the demand.
- 4.6.3 On traffic, it is broadly estimated that the population intake of Phase 4 will increase the volume/capacity ratio of Lantau Link by only 3% in the critical bound direction. At present, various transportation improvement projects are being planned for Lantau, including Road P1, Route 11, and Tsing Yi-Lantau Link. They will be implemented progressively to be commissioned before population intake on Phase 4 portion, and would alleviate the traffic condition at the Lantau Link, which is the bottleneck on Lantau in terms of traffic capacity.

- 4.6.4 Additional sewage flow to be generated from Phase 4 development will be taken into account by Drainage Services Department in planning the extension of Siu Ho Wan Sewage Treatment Works, the programme of which would also have regard to the timing of the Phase 4 development.
- 4.6.5 On freshwater supply, Phase 4 development will render an increase of about 4% water consumption of the whole Tung Chung area. The Government will holistically review the water demand in the area together with that of the topside development of Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities Island and other areas in the vicinity at suitable juncture such that adequate water supply can be provided timely. On salt water supply, the demand can be met by using suitable pump sets at the Tung Chung Salt Water Pumping Station which is to be built under the Tung Chung New Town Extension project.
- 4.6.6 More in-depth technical assessments will be conducted at a suitable time.

4.7 Tentative Implementation Programme

4.7.1 The Proposed Development will be implemented by phases based on depot migration progress and market conditions. Subject to Government approval processes, detailed design and construction of depot replanning and property enabling works, population intake is expected to commence in Year 2030, with project completion by Year 2040. Please refer to Annex 7 for the tentative development programme of the Proposed Development and Table 4.1 below containing the summary of the phased development for technical assessment purpose.

Table 4.1 Summary of Tentative Implementation Programme

Phase	Commencement	Expected First Population In-take
1	2024	2030
2	2029	2035 / 36
3	2034	2039 / 40
4	Expected to commence a	after completion of Phase 3

Attachment 8

Proposed Residential and Commercial Development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot Sewerage Impact Assessment

5 Conclusion

- 5.1.1 A new sewerage system will be provided to serve the proposed residential and commercial development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot to be implemented by phases with the depot replanning and migration, with population intake targeted to commence in Year 2030. Total sewage flow generated from the Proposed Development over the Replanned Depot is estimated to be about 12,679m³/day, which will be discharged to the proposed sewerage system for treatment and disposal at the SHWSTW, as agreed with the Government. DSD has allowed total sewage flow of about 21,300m³/day ADWF from the Proposed Development (Phase 1 4), SHO Station and SHD in the design of the SHWSTW expansion, which should be sufficient to cater for the ultimate development scenario.
- **5.1.2** Twin DN500 rising mains, which could cater the ultimate development scenarios, will be constructed to convey sewage from SPS to SHWSTW.
- 5.1.3 Sewage generated from the Proposed Development would be discharged to an ultimate SPS located at the eastern end of the Proposed Development to be constructed and managed by the Applicant. No sewage flow from the Proposed Development would be discharged to the existing depot sewers and rising main to ensure clear demarcation of operation, management and maintenance responsibilities from the depot sewerage system.
- Wastewater generated from the Proposed Development would be collected by the internal sewerage system (including local sump pumps / SPSs and associated rising mains / gravity sewers) before discharging to the ultimate SPS. The arrangements of internal sewerage system are subject to further review at detailed design stage. The ultimate SPS located at ground level of the eastern end of the Proposed Development will convey sewage to SHWSTW via new twin DN500 rising mains. The rising mains will cross below the TCL, AEL and NLH, then run along an existing drainage reserve and maintenance access road at northern edge and verge area and finally discharge to SHWSTW via the newly installed connection flanges.
- 5.1.5 The crossing of twin rising mains below TCL, AEL and NLH will be carried out by pipe jacking with jacking pit located adjacent to the ultimate SPS and receiving pit within existing drainage reserve area. The pipe jacking arrangement will be designed not to conflict with existing utilities. Precautionary and monitoring measures will be implemented. DSD has confirmed that the Government will be responsible for the maintenance of rising mains within the boundary of SHWSTW.

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Attachment 9

4 Results and Discussion

The contour and vector plots for each studied wind directions are shown in Appendix B and Appendix C, respectively.

4.1 Overall Ventilation Performance under Annual Wind Condition

The overall pattern of wind performance of Baseline, Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme under annual wind condition is presented in Figure 31, Figure 32 and Figure 33 respectively. The SVR and LVR are summarized in Table 8.

Table 8 Annual-weighted SVR and LVR for Baseline, Proposed and Revised Schemes

	Baseline Scheme	Proposed Scheme	Revised Scheme
SVR	0.42	0.43	0.43
LVR	0.44	0.44	0.45

The Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would achieve slightly higher SVR as compared to the Baseline Scheme while maintained a similar LVR. These results indicate that the Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would have less ventilation impact to the surroundings along the site boundary and similar ventilation performance in surrounding areas as compared to the Baseline Scheme.

Annual prevailing wind would predominately come from ENE/ E/ ESE direction. The annual prevailing wind would reach the Application Site along North Lantau Highway (NLH). The annual prevailing wind would freely flow towards the middle of Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme. With the more significant stepped height profile under Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme (such as T41/T42 and T48/T49), the ventilation performance in the middle would be enhanced in which the downwashed wind would distribute to other areas through the airpaths and breezeways. As a result, the wind performance at all airpaths and most of breezeways would be relatively enhanced under Proposed Scheme.

Under all schemes, Breezeway 2 and Breezeway 4 generally aligning with E-W direction and would be more effective for annual wind penetration across the Application Site than Breezeways 1 and 3 in which the latter two would be effective for NNE wind penetration only. Under Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme, the tall building such as T48/T49, T39/T40 located next to Breezeway 2 and Breezeway 4, which would induce stronger downwash effect and result in even better ventilation performance in Breezeway 2 and Breezeway 4 than that under Breezeway 1 and Breezeway 3.

Nevertheless, taller building height under Proposed and Revised Scheme would limit the incoming wind from windward side and result in slightly less wind travelling along North Lantau Highway such that the existing developments near the northern tip would be affected. In addition, the first tier of residential towers would shield some of the incoming wind for the central part of the Application Site. With the increased building height and increased step height difference between the Waterfront Podium Walkway (at +19.5mPD) and the Podium Deck Level (at +32.5mPD for the Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme and at +26.5mPD for the Baseline Scheme), wake zone would be created in the central part of the Waterfront Podium Walkway. The bulk of the podium is increased under the Proposed Scheme / Revised Scheme in order to accommodate the necessary transport, retail and GIC facilities. However, as

temperature difference between the land and seawater would induce sea breeze to travel from the water to the land during daytime and vice-verse during night time, which would provide additional ventilation to the Waterfront Podium Walkway to alleviate the ventilation impact.

In addition, with the wind enhancement features provided under Revised Scheme, especially the empty bays in the northern and central part, as well as the re-oriented school site, the localized ventilation performance near the air path 2 and the GIC site would be enhanced.

The Revised Scheme has been optimised with the wind enhancement measures through the building layout and building design to mitigate the air ventilation impact. Due consideration is also given to optimise housing supply, as well as to provide the necessary facilities to serve the community, under the site constraints.



Figure 31 Contour plot of annual weighted VR under Baseline Scheme

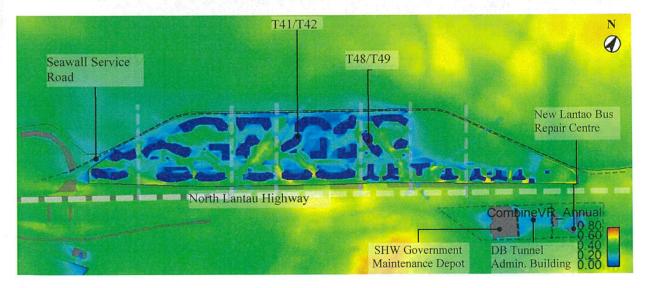


Figure 32 Contour plot of annual weighted VR under Proposed Scheme

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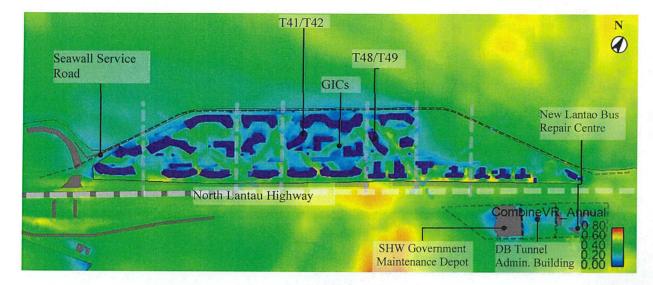


Figure 33 Contour plot of annual weighted VR under Revised Scheme

4.2 Overall Ventilation Performance under Summer Wind Condition

The overall pattern of wind performance of Baseline, Proposed and Revised Scheme under summer wind condition is presented in Figure 34, Figure 35 and Figure 36, respectively. The SVR and LVR are summarized in Table 9.

Table 9 Summer-weighted SVR and LVR for Baseline and Proposed Scheme

	Baseline Scheme	Proposed Scheme	Revised Scheme
SVR	0.32	0.34	0.34
LVR	0.34	0.35	0.35

Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would achieve higher SVR and LVR of 0.34 and 0.35, respectively, as compared to the Baseline Scheme with SVR and LVR of 0.32 and 0.34, respectively, under summer wind condition. These results indicate that the Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would have enhanced air ventilation performance around the site boundary, as well as in overall within the Assessment Area, as compared to the Baseline Scheme.

Summer prevailing wind would predominately come from S/SSW/SW direction. The summer prevailing wind would reach the Application Site along North Lantau Highway. Taller podium deck at the southern tip of Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would divert the summer prevailing wind to flow along NLH. Taller towers under Proposed Scheme would capture more summer wind to be downwashed towards North Lantau Highway. Hence, slightly higher VR would be observed at areas close to North Lantau Highway.

Meanwhile, more significant stepped height profile under Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would capture additional downwash which would locally enhance the wind environment on podium deck. Such downwashed wind would then distribute through the airpaths/ breezeways to the hinterland. As a result, the wind environment on podium deck would generally be enhanced under Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme, as well as the wind performance of all Breezeways and Airpaths 3-6.

On the other hand, clubhouse/ E&M structures on podium deck and the towers themselves (such as T22-T25, and T54-T56) of Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would locally cast wind shadow such that relatively calmer wind environment therein would be resulted. The adjacent Airpaths 1-2 would therefore have relatively lower VR than those under Baseline Scheme.

As the hill side located at upwind location would dominate the wind performance under summer condition, the ventilation performance under both Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would be similar. Wake zones have been observed in the central portion of all Baseline Scheme, Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme, as well as are slightly larger under the Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme. The wake zones near the school sites in the central portion under the Proposed Scheme are slightly improved via the re-arranged a school building orientation and provision of additional empty bays under Revised Scheme. Similar to that under the Baseline Scheme, wake zones are also observed in the central portion of the Waterfront Podium Walkway under the Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme. However, as temperature difference between the land and seawater would induce sea breeze to travel from the water to the land during daytime and vice-versa during night-time, which would provide additional ventilation to the Waterfront Podium Walkway area to alleviate the ventilation impact.

The Revised Scheme has been optimised with the wind enhancement measures through the building layout and building design to mitigate the air ventilation impact. Due consideration is also given to optimise housing supply, as well as to provide the necessary facilities to serve the community, under the site constraints.

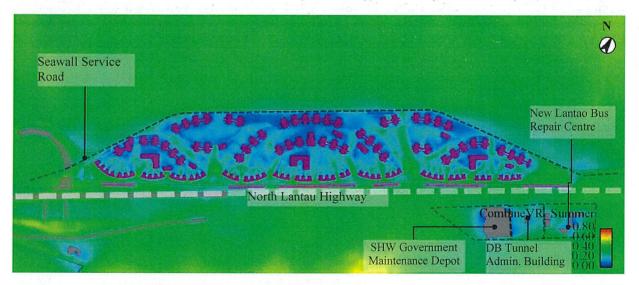


Figure 34 Contour plot of summer weighted VR under Baseline Scheme

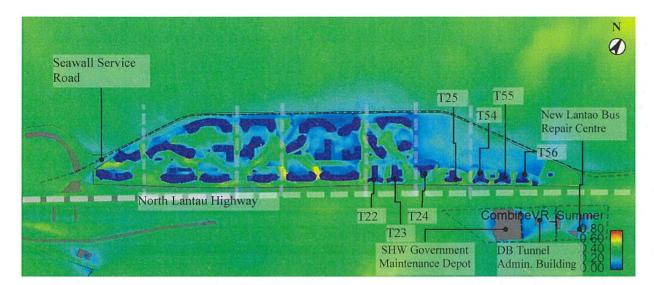


Figure 35 Contour plot of summer weighted VR under Proposed Scheme

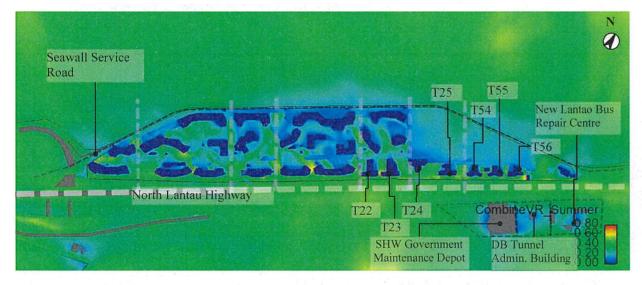


Figure 36 Contour plot of summer weighted VR under Revised Scheme

4.3 Directional Analysis

4.3.1 NNE Wind

The contour plots of VR under NNE wind for both schemes are presented in Figure 37, Figure 38 and Figure 39 respectively. The incoming wind would come from the waterfront. Existing buildings, such as New Lantao Bus Repair Centre and Site Office are located on side and fall outside the influence by the Application Site. Hence, the ventilation performance at these areas is similar under all three schemes.

In overall, under all schemes, the first tier of towers along the waterfront would induce downwash effect by capturing the incoming wind towards Waterfront Podium Walkway where relatively higher VR would be observed therein. Thus, similar ventilation performance would be observed in all schemes.

Proposed Scheme

Meanwhile, taller towers along NLH (such as T24, T25 and T54-56) under Proposed Scheme would capture more incoming wind than the respective towers under Baseline Scheme. Therefore, relatively higher VR would be observed in Discovery Bay (DB) Tunnel Administration Building, Siu Ho Wan Government Maintenance Depot to the east of the Proposed Scheme, illustrated by red arrow in Figure 38.

Breezeways 1 and 3 aligning with NNE-SSW direction would facilitate wind penetration under NNE wind direction under all schemes, illustrated by black dotted arrows in Figure 37, Figure 38 and Figure 39. The aforementioned downwash would be able to penetrate along these 2 breezeways which to be distributed further through the empty bays provided by reduced footprint at podium level. Provision of wider building separation would alleviate the wind shadow due to the towers within Proposed Scheme. Therefore, the wind environment at the northern part would have higher and uniform VR than that under Baseline Scheme.

Meanwhile, the alignment of Breezeway 3 under Proposed Scheme is more favourable for wind penetration. Together additional downwash effect in the presence of more significant height profile under Proposed Scheme (especially T39/T40 and T41/T42), the VR along Breezeway 3 would be relatively higher than the Baseline Scheme. Besides, empty bays under T32-T35, T36-T38, T39/T40 and T41/T42 and wider building separation to ventilate the G/IC site in the middle of Proposed Scheme. Therefore, the wind performance at the middle of Proposed Scheme would be enhanced than that under Baseline Scheme.

On the other hand, due to the shielding effect resulted from the increased building height under Proposed Scheme, wind environment in the southern part and the slope area across NLH would be slightly calmer, as compared to Baseline Scheme. Thus, further provision of empty bays in the podium can locally enhance the wind environment on its leeward area.

Revised Scheme

The additional CLP substation block in the northern tip would shield some of the winds for DB Tunnel Admin. Building. The reduction of empty bay under T25 would slightly affect the localized ventilation performance on NLH.

The size and locations of empty bays at podium level has been increased at several locations under Revised Scheme. Together with the re-oriented GIC, the wind permeability in the central part has been enhanced, which would lead to slightly enhanced ventilation performance within the Study Site.

The additional empty bays under T52 and T53 widen Airpath 2 at podium level, which would allow more wind penetration across Airpath 2, together with the chamfered corner of T24, the ventilation performance near the T24/T25, T54-T56 site would be enhanced.

With the widened empty bay under T47 and T48, the wind entrance for school sites (GIC) would be widened, together with the re-oriented school sites, the wind would penetrate through, which would enhance the ventilation performance near school site. Additional empty bays provided along the first tier of towers facing NLH would also improve the air movement around T18 to T21.

Similarly, due to the shielding effect resulted from the cumulative effect from the increased building heights from towers facing waterfront, wind environment in the southern part and the slope area across NLH would be slightly calmer, as compared to Baseline Scheme. However, the situation has been improved under the Revised Scheme when compared to the Proposed Scheme.

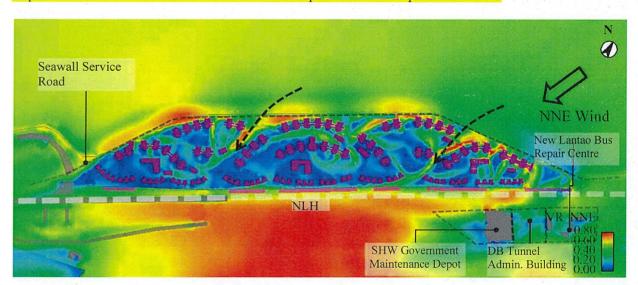


Figure 37 Contour plot of VR of Baseline Scheme under NNE wind

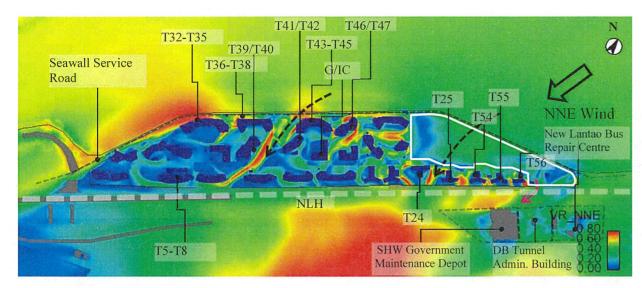


Figure 38 Contour plot of VR of Proposed Scheme under NNE wind

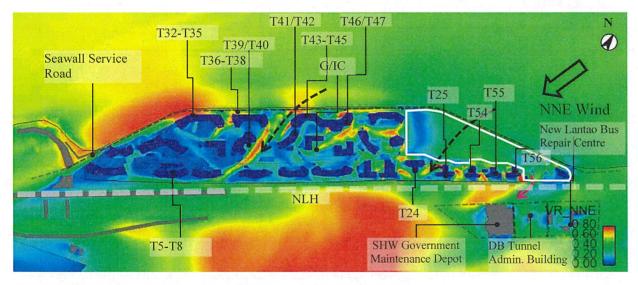


Figure 39 Contour plot of VR of Revised Scheme under NNE wind

4.3.2 NE Wind

The contour plots of VR under NE wind for both schemes are presented in Figure 40 and Figure 41, respectively. Similar to NNE wind, the incoming wind would come from the waterfront.

In overall, under all schemes, the first tier of towers along the waterfront would induce downwash effect by capturing the incoming wind towards Waterfront Podium Walkway where relatively higher VR would be observed therein. Thus, similar ventilation performance would be observed in all schemes. The ventilation performance in the northern portion with the Breezeway 1 while the ventilation performance in central and southern part would be generally calm.

Proposed Scheme

With the open space in the northern part of Proposed Scheme, more wind will be diverted to travel towards the open space while the slightly taller building height of podium structure under Baseline Scheme (spot height of +26.5mPD) would divert the incoming wind to travel along NLH. Hence, the VR for Discovery Bay (DB) Tunnel Administration Building and New Lantao Bus Repair centre at upwind location would be slightly lower under Proposed Scheme, as well as the area near north bound of NLH.

With the open space at the northern part of Proposed Scheme, generally higher VR would be observed. Together with stronger downwash effect due to increased building height under Proposed Scheme (such as T46/T47, T48/T49 and T50-T52), the wind environment at the central part (the black circle in Figure 41) would be enhanced as compared to that under Baseline Scheme.

On the other hand, in the Proposed Scheme, the stepped podium arrangement would slightly shield and lower the VR at Breezeway 3. However, the podium separation between T39 and T40, as well as the more significant height profile in the Proposed Scheme would allow high-level wind captured to locally enhance the wind environment on podium deck.

Additionally, the larger building separation in the Proposed Scheme between T1-T4 and T5-T8 results in wider airpath, which enhances the permeability and wind environment along Airpath 6, as well as enhance the ventilation performance of southern part of the development in the Proposed Scheme.

On the other hand, due to the shielding effect resulted from the cumulative effect from increased building heights under Proposed Scheme, wind environment in the southern part and the slope area across NLH would be slightly calmer, as compared to Baseline Scheme.

Revised Scheme

The additional CLP substation block in the northern tip would shield some of the winds for New Lantao Bus Repair Center.

The additional empty bays under T52 and T53 widen Airpath 2 at podium level, which would allow more wind penetration across Airpath 2, together with the chamfered corner of T24, the ventilation performance near the T24/T25, T54-T56 site would be enhanced.

In addition, with the widened empty bay under T47 and T48, the wind entrance for school sites (GIC) would be widened, together with the re-oriented school sites, the wind would penetrate through, which would enhance the ventilation performance near school site. The wind permeability in the central part has been enhanced, which would lead to slightly enhanced ventilation performance within the Study Site.

The wind environment in the southern part and the slope area across NLH has been improved under the Revised Scheme, as compared to Proposed Scheme.

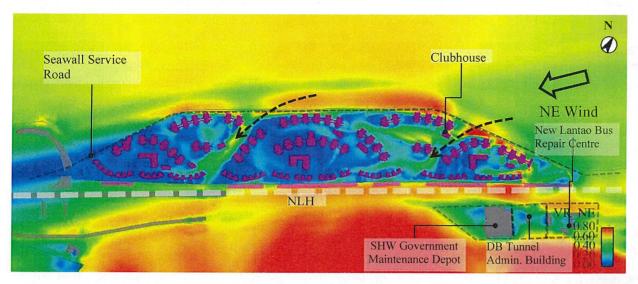


Figure 40 Contour plot of VR of Baseline Scheme under NE wind

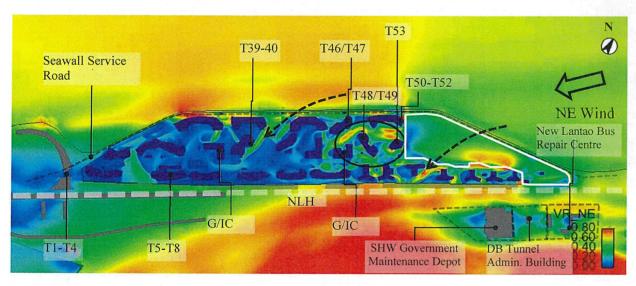


Figure 41 Contour plot of VR of Proposed Scheme under NE wind

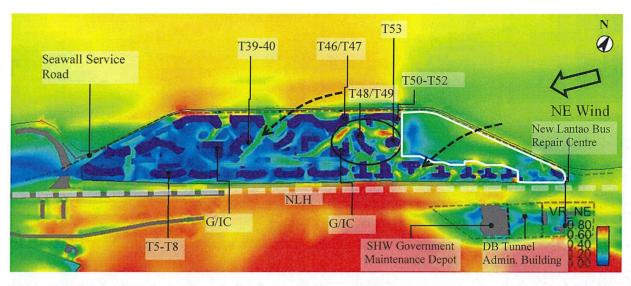


Figure 42 Contour plot of VR of Revised Scheme under NE wind

4.3.3 ENE Wind

The contour plots of VR under ENE wind for both schemes are presented in Figure 43 and Figure 44. NLH would be the major wind corridor and reach the Application Site from the northern tip and the wind shadow of the Application Site would be casted over the open water to its south west. The incoming wind would freely serve all schemes.

Proposed Scheme

Taller towers and taller podium height (+32.5mPD) along NLH under Proposed Scheme would capture more incoming wind which to be diverted towards NLH, Seawall Service Road and Waterfront Podium Walkway. Therefore, wind environment at these areas would be enhanced under Proposed Scheme.

Taller towers along NLH (such as T22-T25 and T54-T56) of Proposed Scheme would capture more incoming wind which would then enhance the wind environment at Siu Ho Wan Government Maintenance Depot.

Breezeway 2 of Proposed Scheme would help wind penetration towards the middle part as illustrated by black dotted arrow in Figure 44. More significant stepped height profile under Proposed Scheme would capture more high-level wind to locally ventilate the podium deck. Additionally, due to the absence of buildings at the open space in the northwest corner, the incoming wind can serve this area. As a result, higher VR in the central part (highlighted in black circled area in Figure 44) would be observed near T46-49 and T50-53. In contrary, the curvilinear layout of Baseline Scheme would create a wider wind entrance for wind penetration such that the incoming wind would be split and captured by the two towers near Breezeway 1 (indicated by the black arrow in Figure 43). Therefore, the wind environment would be locally enhanced under Baseline Scheme.

The stepped height profile at various locations under Proposed Scheme would also locally enhance the wind environment within the Proposed Development. For example, the height difference between T12-T14 and T15-T17 would capture high-level wind to ventilate and enhance the area near Breezeway 3 than that under Baseline Scheme.

Other than the wind penetration through Breezeways 1 and 4, the empty bays provided by reduced footprint at podium deck of towers along NLH would allow incoming wind to ventilate the middle of Proposed Scheme. However, the clubhouse and the E&M structure under those towers (T22-25 and T54-56) along the eastern boundary (the white dotted rectangle in Figure 44) under Proposed Scheme would cast wind shadow over their immediate leeward areas where relatively calmer wind environment would be resulted as compared to Baseline Scheme.

Revised Scheme

The additional empty bay under T52 and T53 would favor the downwashed wind to enter the central part of Revised Scheme, where higher VR would be observed. In addition, the additional empty bay under T47 and T48, together with the re-orientated school site widened the wind entrance for the central part, especially the two school sites, where higher VR would be observed.

In the southern part, with the additional empty bay under T 8 and T9, the wind coming from NLH would enter the Revised Scheme, especially towards Breezeway 4, where the ventilation performance would be slightly improved.

On the other hand, the Waterfront Podium Walkway in the central part would still have relatively calm wind environment due to the increased building height and the increased step height difference between the Waterfront Podium Walkway (at +19.5mPD) and the Podium Deck Level (at +32.5mPD for the Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme and at +26.5mPD for the Baseline Scheme).



Figure 43 Contour plot of VR of Baseline Scheme under ENE wind

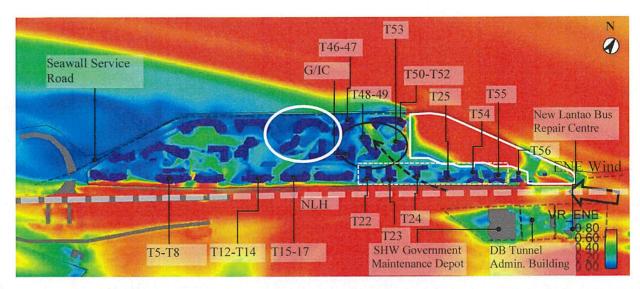


Figure 44 Contour plot of VR of Proposed Scheme under ENE wind

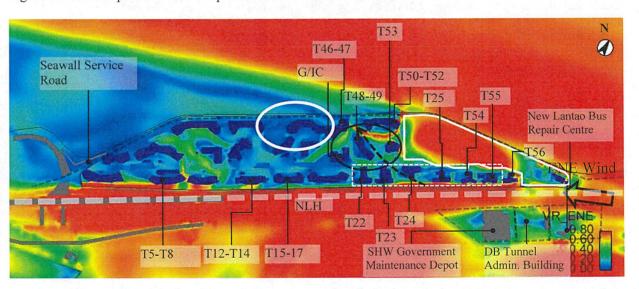


Figure 45 Contour plot of VR of Revised Scheme under ENE wind

4.3.4 E Wind

The contour plots of VR under E wind for all schemes are presented in Figure 43, Figure 44 and Figure 48. E wind is the most dominant prevailing wind under annual wind condition, which would reach the site from the hilly range that would slightly limit the wind availability to the southern part of the Application Site. Wind shadow of Application Site would again be casted over the open water to its southwest. Under all schemes, Breezeway 2 and Breezeway 4 would be effective for wind penetration across the site.

Proposed Scheme

Taller podium deck and taller towers of Proposed Scheme would cast a larger wind shadow over the open water where lower VR would be resulted along the Seawall Service Road, as compared to Baseline Scheme. Calmer wind environment at Waterfront Podium Walkway would also be observed along the southwestern and western boundary of Proposed Scheme while enhancement would be observed along northern boundary due to significant downwash effect by taller T24-25 and T54-56 would enhance the wind environment at the northern part of Waterfront Podium Walkway in which Proposed Scheme would have generally enhanced wind environment on average than that under Baseline Scheme.

On the other hand, the taller towers (T24-25 and T54-56) would be captured more high-level wind and would limit the wind coming from windward side. Hence, the VR at the Discovery Bay (DB) Tunnel Administration Building and New Lantao Bus Repair centre at upwind location would be slightly affected.

Among 4 breezeways, Breezeways 2 and 4 would be more efficient for wind penetration of E wind under both schemes as illustrated by black dotted arrows in Figure 43 and Figure 44. More favourable alignment of these two breezeways under Proposed Scheme would facilitate wind penetration, as well as stronger downwash due to taller towers, such that the VR would generally be higher than those under Baseline Scheme. Provision of wider building separation due to reduced number of towers under Proposed Scheme would facilitate wind penetration towards the middle part of the development. However, the increased in building height would limit the incoming wind to reach the areas near the waterfront.

Although the clubhouse and E&M structures underneath the towers along NLH would divert the incoming wind to sideways and cast wind shadow over its immediate leeward area under Proposed Scheme, more significant downwash effect due to taller towers as well as more significant height profile between towers in the middle of Proposed Scheme, such as the height difference between the G/IC and T32-35, and between T15-17 and T39-40, would locally enhance the wind environment which would further distribute through the wider building separation due to reduced number of towers. The wind environment near the G/IC and Breezeway 3 would then be enhanced and alleviate the aforementioned calm wind environment. Therefore, enhanced wind environment on podium deck would be experienced in Breezeway 3 as compared to Baseline Scheme.

Revised Scheme

The additional empty bays under T52, T53, T47 and T48 would enhance the permeability and widen the wind entrance for the northern and central part. The wind captured by high-rise towers would be promoted to penetrate within the site. The ventilation performance in the GIC sites would be slightly enhanced.

In addition, the additional empty bay provided under T8, T9 and T10 would allow wind penetration from NLH, where the ventilation performance would be slight enhanced near Breezeway 4.

Due to the increased building heights, as well as the increase in stepped building height between the Waterfront Podium Walkway (at +19.5mPD) and the Podium Deck Level (at +32.5mPD under the Proposed Scheme / Revised Scheme and at +26.5mPD under the Baseline Scheme), calmer wind environment would be resulted in the Waterfront Podium Walkway in the central part under the Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme when compared to the Baseline Scheme.

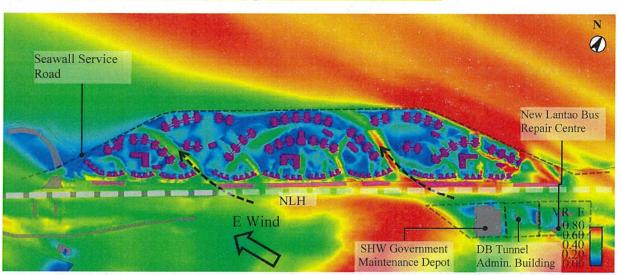


Figure 46 Contour plot of VR of Baseline Scheme under E wind

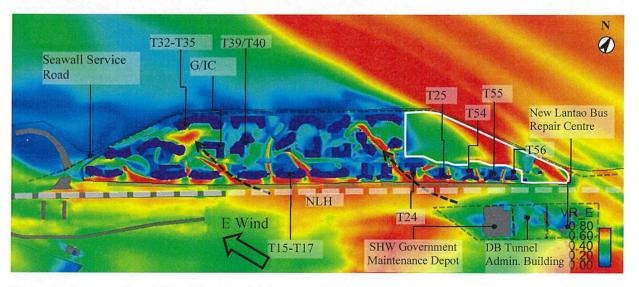


Figure 47 Contour plot of VR of Proposed Scheme under E wind

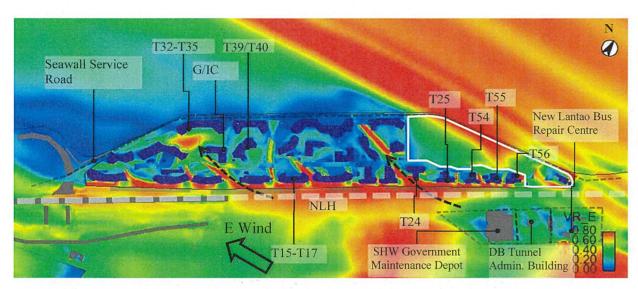


Figure 48 Contour plot of VR of Revised Scheme under E wind

4.3.5 ESE/SE Wind

Both ESE and SE winds would be limited in the presence of hilly range further to the southeast such that the VR would be generally lower than those wind directions discussed in previous sections. Wind shadow of Application Site would be casted over the open water to the southwest of the Application Site. Breezeways 2 and 4 would facilitate penetration of ESE and SE winds (illustrated by black dotted arrows in Figure 49, Figure 50 and Figure 51).

The ventilation performance under ESE and SE wind are similar, apart from the magnitude of VR at some localized areas within the Application Site. Detailed discussion would be based on ESE wind as example in this section. The contour plots of VR of two schemes under ESE wind are presented in Figure 49, Figure 50 and Figure 51.

Proposed Scheme

The increased podium deck at +32.5mPD and taller towers facing NLH of Proposed Scheme would capture more incoming wind travelling down the hill and higher VR would be observed along the eastern boundary and NLH. However, the downwash captured by T22-T25 and T54-T56 of Proposed Scheme wind would limit the incoming wind travelling along NLH. Hence, the VR at windward side, where Siu Ho Wan Government Maintenance Depot, Discovery Bay (DB) Tunnel Administration Building and New Lantao Bus Repair Centre locate, would be affected. As a result, the wind environment of these 3 developments would be relatively calmer than that under Baseline Scheme.

Other than being diverted towards NLH, a portion of downwashed wind would also enter the Breezeways 2 and 4, as well as penetrate through the empty bays of towers along NLH provided by reduced footprint on podium deck to ventilate further to the middle part of Proposed Scheme. Therefore, localized areas with relatively higher VR would be observed near these empty bays under Proposed Scheme.

The clubhouse near the southern tip of Proposed Scheme would divert the incoming to Airpath 6 and local wind shadow on their immediate leeward side would be observed. But the downwashed wind by the stepped height profile provided under Proposed Scheme would slightly enhance those wind shadow

areas. For example, the height difference between the G/IC & T32-35 and between T15-17 and T39-40 would capture the high-level wind towards podium deck which would consequently enhance the VR near the G/IC and Breezeway 3, respectively.

Similarly, E&M structures of T22-25, T54-T56 under Proposed Scheme would also cast local wind shadow which would reduce VR at Airpaths 1 and 2. Nevertheless, T24 at the junction of Breezeways 1 and 2 under Proposed Scheme would split and divert incoming wind to Breezeway 2 and towards the open space, as illustrated by white arrows in Figure 50. In addition, empty bays under T22-T25 and T54-T56 would allow the downwash wind to penetrate though and alleviate the calmer wind condition due to wind shadow casted by T22-T25 and T54-T56, as well as the level difference of podium decks, under Proposed Scheme.

Revised Scheme

The ventilation performance would be generally similar as compared with the Proposed Scheme. Wider empty bay provided under T23 would allow more wind travelling from NLH to enter the site. In addition, the straight façade of T22 and T23 would also favour the wind to be captured and enter the site. The ventilation performance near the T48 and GIC site would be slightly enhanced. However, the cumulative shielding effect from the tall towers would not favour the wind to penetrate through, the ventilation performance at the central part of the Application Site is lower as compared with Baseline scheme.

In addition, the additional empty bays under T18 to T21 would allow more wind penetration towards the GIC sites. The open space near the school site would achieve a slightly better ventilation performance as compared with Proposed Scheme.

The increased in building height would create wake zone in the open water at the leeward side. Together with the step podium design as constrained by the depot, calmer wind environment at the Waterfront Podium Walkway in the central part would be resulted.

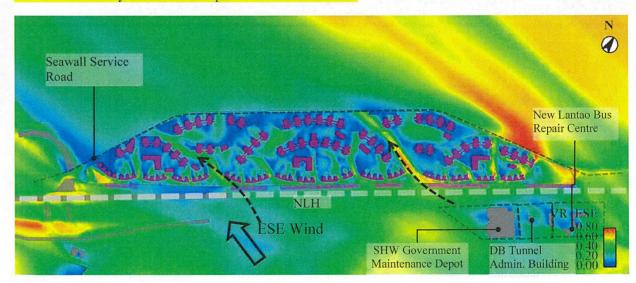


Figure 49 Contour plot of VR of Baseline Scheme under ESE wind

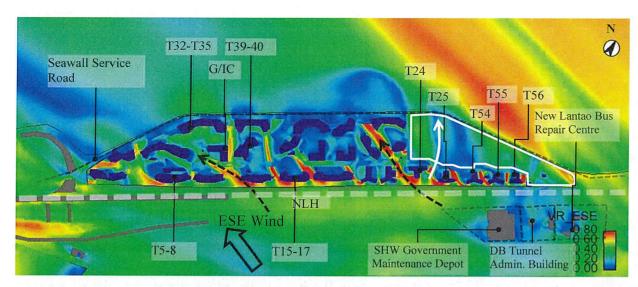


Figure 50 Contour plot of VR of Proposed Scheme under ESE wind

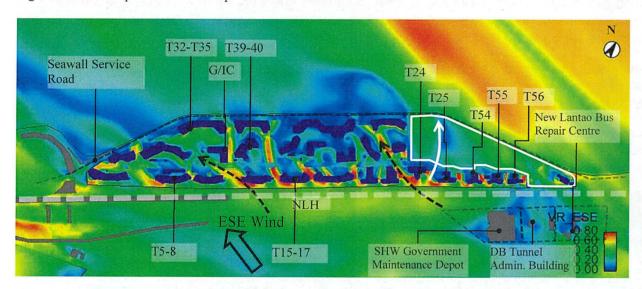


Figure 51 Contour plot of VR of Revised Scheme under ESE wind

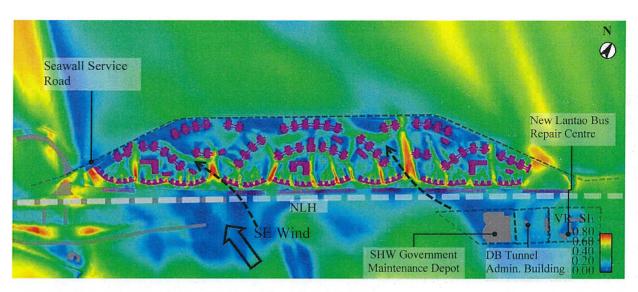


Figure 52 Contour plot of VR of Baseline Scheme under SE wind

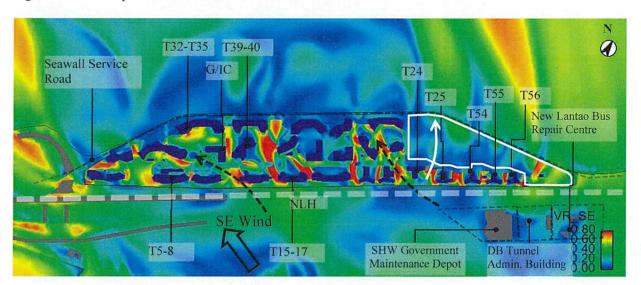


Figure 53 Contour plot of VR of Proposed Scheme under SE wind

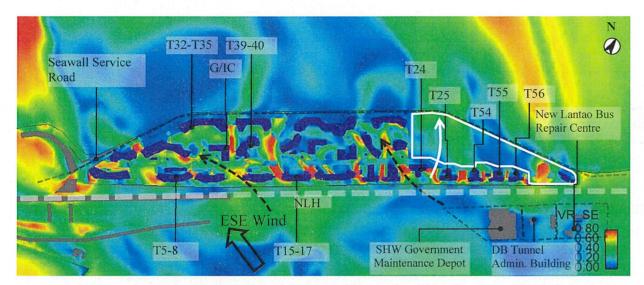


Figure 54 Contour plot of VR of Revised Scheme under SE wind

4.3.6 SSE Wind

The contour plots of VR under SSE wind for all schemes are presented in Figure 55, Figure 56 and Figure 57. The Application Site would be fallen into the wind shadow of the hilly range located further to the southeast. The overall wind environment would be much calmer as compared with other wind directions discussed previously. Wind shadow of Application Site would be casted over the open water to its northwest.

The supplementary airpaths roughly aligning with the SSE wind would favour wind penetration which enhance the wind environment at middle part of Application Site under both schemes, illustrated by black dotted arrows in Figure 55, Figure 56 and Figure 57.

Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme

Taller podium deck of +32.5mPD and taller towers under Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would help capture and divert high-level wind to reach NLH and eastern boundary of the Proposed Scheme in which some localized areas with higher VR would be observed under Proposed Scheme than those under Baseline Scheme.

The VR at the northern tip would generally be higher than other part of the under both Schemes due to downwash by those towers facing NLH. With taller towers under Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme, stronger downwash effect would be expected which would enhance the wind environment on their leeward area. The wider opening between T9-T11 and T12-T14, together with the more significant height profile under Proposed Scheme at T39-T40, would further enhance the wind environment at Breezeway 3 and Airpath 5 (white arrows in Figure 56). Therefore, the Waterfront Podium Walkway would be enhanced than that under Baseline Scheme.

Besides, taller tower of T22-T25, T54-T56 of Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would capture more incoming wind. The downwashed wind would flow across NLH and through the building separation. The VR at the building separations, along NLH and existing development area has been enhanced under Proposed and Revised Scheme, such as DB Tunnel Admin. Building and New Lantao Bus Repair Centre.

The increased in building height would create wake zone in the open water at the leeward side. Together with the step podium design as constrained by the depot, calmer wind environment at the Waterfront Podium Walkway in the central part would be resulted.

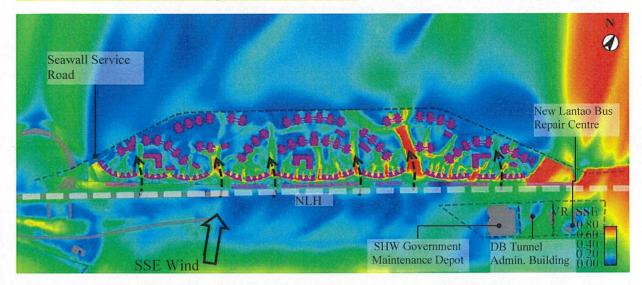


Figure 55 Contour plot of VR of Baseline Scheme under SSE wind

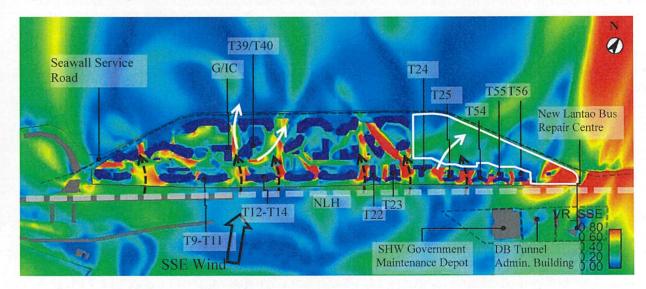


Figure 56 Contour plot of VR of Proposed Scheme under SSE wind

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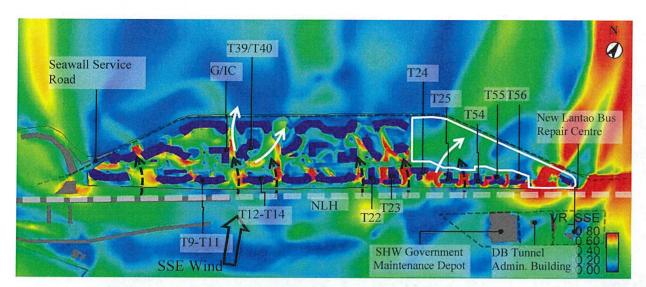


Figure 57 Contour plot of VR of Revised Scheme under SSE wind

4.3.7 S Wind

The contour plots of VR under S wind for both schemes are presented in Figure 58 and Figure 59. Similar to SSE wind, the Application Site would be located within the wind shadow of the hilly range to the southeast. The wind shadow of Application Site would be casted over open water to the northwest of the Application Site. The podium deck of two schemes would channel the approaching wind to travel along NLH and reach the Application Site from the southern tip. The openness at northern tip of Application Site would help to promote wind penetration which would accelerate the incoming wind to flow across those existing developments at the windward side, such as Siu Ho Wan Government Maintenance Depot, Discovery Bay (DB) Tunnel Administration Building.

Proposed Scheme

As the building height under Proposed Scheme would generally be taller than those under Baseline Scheme, more high-level wind would be captured and distribute further through the airpaths and breezeways. Therefore, areas near the airpaths and breezeways with the Proposed Scheme would be enhanced in compared to Baseline Scheme. As less wind could serve the leeward area, the leeward area (i.e. the open water) would have calmer wind condition under Proposed Scheme.

In addition, wider building separation between T1-T4 and T5-T8, between T9-T11 and T12-T14, and taller T24 with breezeways under Proposed Scheme would capture more incoming wind to enter Airpath 1, Breezeways 1 and 3, respectively, as illustrated by the white arrows in Figure 59, and further distribute towards their leeward area of Proposed Scheme. The ventilation performance in the southern part of the Application Site has been enhanced under Proposed Scheme.

In addition, the step height profile between T18-T21 and T49/T50 would capture the high-level wind to penetrate through Airpath 5 and ventilate through the site. The empty bay design under T48/T49 would allow the downwashed wind to penetrate through and ventilate the leeward side of the Application Site. On the other hand, clubhouse/ E&M structures on podium deck at T18-T21 would divert the wind to enter adjacent Breezeways 1/3 & Airpath 5, while leaving a relatively calm wind environment between

the towers, therefore, its clubhouse on podium deck is suggested to have a 15m-wide separation for wind penetration.

In contrary, the empty bays due to reduced footprint on podium deck under Baseline Scheme would allow penetration of the incoming wind towards the second tier of towers along NLH under Baseline Scheme. However, the wind would not be able to travel through the second tier of towers along NLH due to curvilinear layout under Baseline Scheme. Besides, less significant height difference between tiers of towers under Baseline Scheme would lead to less significant downwash effect to enhance local wind environment between tower clusters. Consequently, the area closer to the waterfront would be calmer than those closer to NLH under Proposed Scheme, except those areas close to the breezeways.

Revised Scheme

Under Revised Scheme, with the additional empty bay under the towers along NLH as well as the change of layout for HKHA site (Tower T22-T25 and T54-T56) would alter the wind pattern with the site slightly. The straight façade of T22-T23 would capture more high-level wind to enter the site, while disturbing the stream of air coming from Breezeway 2.

The additional empty bay under T18-T21, T47 and T48 would generally enhance the permeability at the central part and result in slightly better ventilation performance herein.

The increased in building height would create wake zone in the open water at the leeward side. Together with the increase in stepped building height between the Waterfront Podium Walkway (at +19.5mPD) and the Podium Deck Level (at +32.5mPD under the Proposed Scheme / Revised Scheme and at +26.5mPD under the Baseline Scheme), calmer wind environment would be resulted in the Waterfront Podium Walkway in the central part under the Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme when compared to the Baseline Scheme.

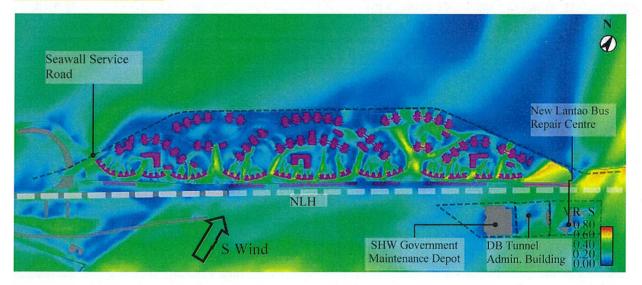


Figure 58 Contour plot of VR of Baseline Scheme under S wind

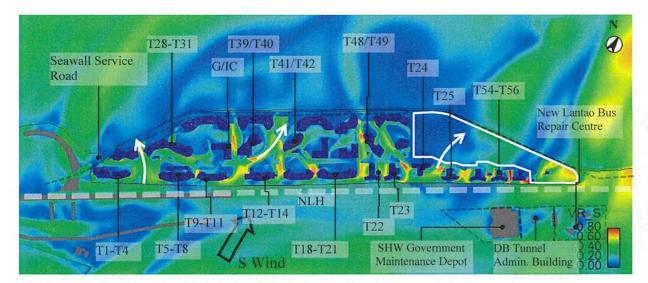


Figure 59 Contour plot of VR of Proposed Scheme under S wind

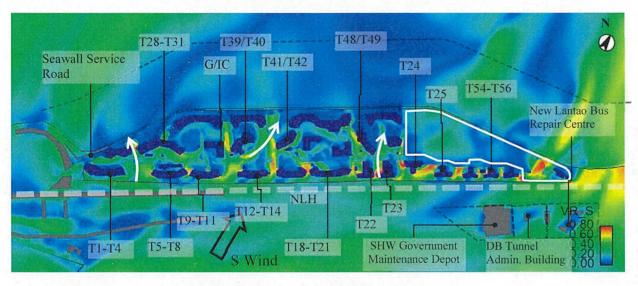


Figure 60 Contour plot of VR of Revised Scheme under S wind

4.3.8 SSW/ SW Wind

Both SSW and SW winds would reach the Application Site from NLH by traveling through the trough of hilly range to its southeast. Therefore, the wind availability would be limited, and the wind environment would be calmer than other wind direction discussed previously. The wind shadow of the towers would be casted over the open water to the northeast of Application Site.

Under all schemes, the breezeways, airpaths and building separation provided by the reduced footprint on podium deck facing NLH would act as wind entrances and allow wind penetration to reach enter the hinterland of the Application Site. Breezeways 1 and 3 roughly aligning with NNE-SSW direction would allow the incoming wind to travel further towards the leeward side. Therefore, the VR at these 2 breezeways would be relatively higher, as compared to other area of the Application Site.

The ventilation performance under SSW and SW wind are similar, apart from the magnitude of VR at some localized areas within Application Site. Detailed discussion would be based on SSW wind as example hereafter. The overall wind performance of two schemes under SSW wind are presented in Figure 61, Figure 62 and Figure 66.

Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme

Due to more favourable alignment of Breezeways 1 and 3, relatively higher VR would be observed than the other two breezeways. More significant stepped height profile under Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would capture more high-level wind towards the podium deck. As a result, some localized areas would have relatively higher VR than that under Baseline Scheme, such as T41/T42, T28-T31, T48/T49. The downwashed wind would then penetrate through the empty bays at podium level, to allow wind penetration to reach the buildings in the leeward side, such as the empty bay at T28-T31, T48/T49. On the other hand, taller towers under Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would cast a larger wind shadow over open water in the leeward side than that under Baseline Scheme.

Clubhouse/ E&M structures on podium deck at T18-T21, T12-T14 of the Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would divert the incoming wind to the adjacent Breezeways 1/3 & Airpaths 3 and 5 and cast local wind shadow on their immediate leeward side. The wider building separation due to reduced number of towers under the two schemes, the local wind environment in the middle of Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme, especially Airpaths 3 & 4 and Breezeway 1, would be slightly enhanced. Consequently, the middle part of Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would generally be enhanced as compared to that under Baseline Scheme.

The open space of Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme located at lower level (+6.3mPD) would encounter calm wind environment due to the wind shadow created by podium deck at the immediate windward side. The VR at Airpaths 1, 2 and a section of Breezeway 1 across the open space would be lower as compared to Baseline Scheme.

The increased in building height would create wake zone in the open water at the leeward side. Together with the step podium design as constrained by the depot, calmer wind environment at the Waterfront Podium Walkway in the central part would be resulted.

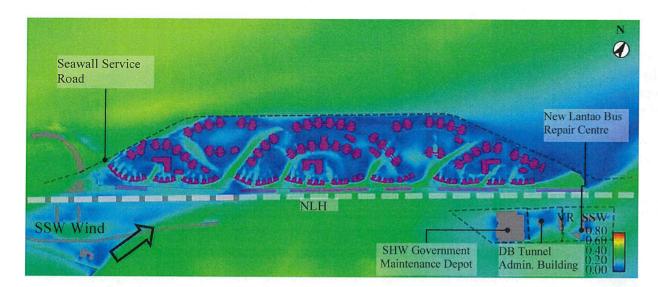


Figure 61 Contour plot of VR of Baseline Scheme under SSW wind

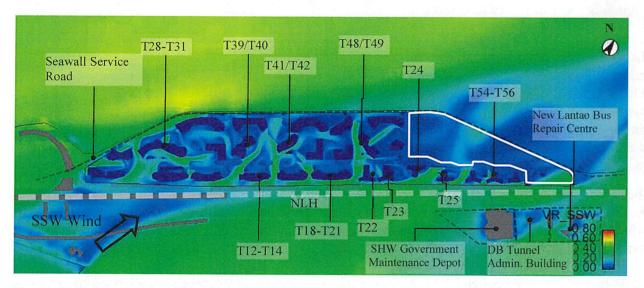


Figure 62 Contour plot of VR of Proposed Scheme under SSW wind

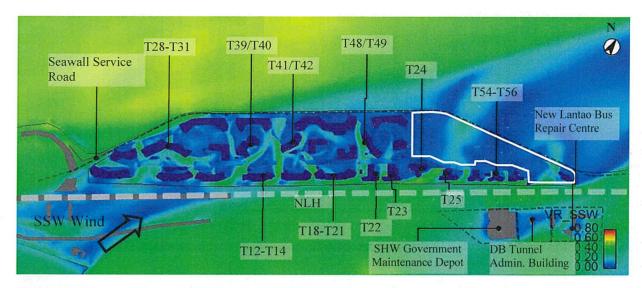


Figure 63 Contour plot of VR of Revised Scheme under SSW wind

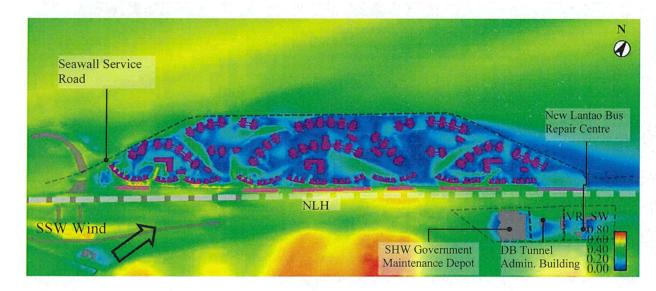


Figure 64 Contour plot of VR of Baseline Scheme under SW wind

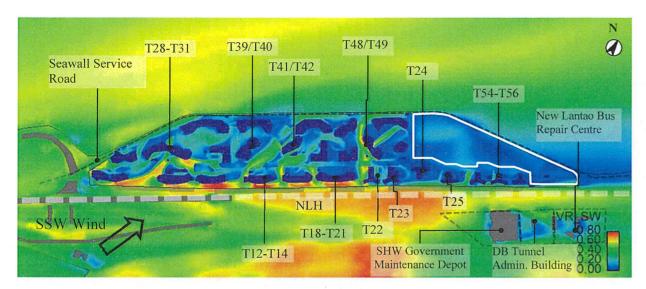


Figure 65 Contour plot of VR of Proposed Scheme under SW wind

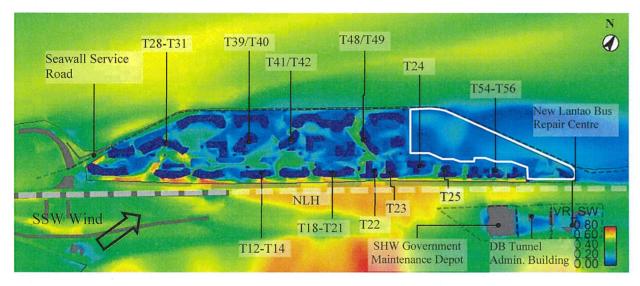


Figure 66 Contour plot of VR of Revised Scheme under SW wind

4.3.9 WSW Wind

The contour plots of VR under WSW wind for both schemes are presented in Figure 67, Figure 68 and Figure 69. The WSW wind would reach the Application Site from open water in which the incoming wind would be split by the podium deck and divert towards eastern and western boundary of Application Site. The southern part of the Study Area would freely enjoy the incoming wind and therefore the wind environment would be generally windier than its northern part. As Breezeway 4 of all schemes roughly aligns with incoming wind direction, more wind would enter this breezeway and lead to relatively higher VR than the rest of breezeways, as illustrated by black arrows in Figure 67, Figure 68 and Figure 69.

Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme

With more significant downwash effect due to taller towers under Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme, the VR near the slope area and Siu Ho Wan Government Maintenance Depot, Discovery Bay (DB) Tunnel Administration Building would be slightly higher as compared to that under Baseline Scheme. Similarly, relatively stronger downwash by both taller podium deck and towers along the waterfront under Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would slightly enhance the wind environment at Seawall Service Road and Waterfront Podium Walkway.

More significant downwashed effect would be observed at various locations (near Towers T28-T31, T12-T14) under both schemes due to increased height profile, which enhance local wind environment. Such downwashed wind would then enter the adjacent airpaths and distribute further towards leeward area of Proposed Scheme. Hence, the VR at Airpaths 4, 5 and 6 would be relatively higher under Proposed Scheme.

The tall towers T48/T49 under Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would divert the incoming to travel around the tower to reach Airpath 4 and breezeway 2. As a result, the VR along Breezeways 1 and 2 would be slightly enhanced under the two schemes. Nevertheless, taller towers under Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would inevitably cast wind shadow over their leeward side. Tall towers (T41/T42, T48/T49) located in the middle would cast wind shadow over its northern part and least downwash would take place. Hence, relatively calmer wind environment would be observed in the northern part of Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme.

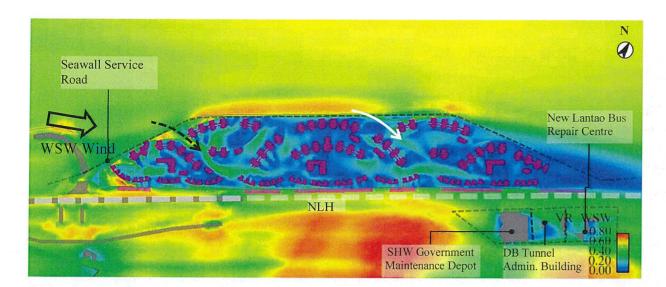


Figure 67 Contour plot of VR of Baseline Scheme under WSW wind

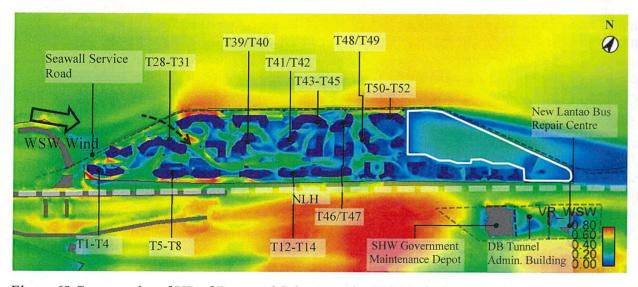


Figure 68 Contour plot of VR of Proposed Scheme under WSW wind

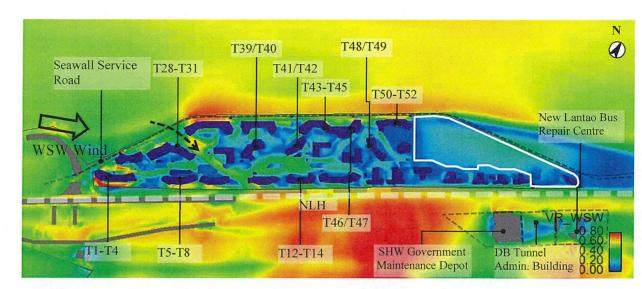


Figure 69 Contour plot of VR of Revised Scheme under WSW wind

4.4 Focus Areas

The Velocity Ratios of each test points are determined and extracted. The results of all test points are presented in Appendix D.

Within the Application Site and Assessment Area given in Figure 24, a total of 7 focus areas and 14 focus areas were identified in the Assessment Area and within the Application Site, respectively. The corresponding test points and averaged VR for each focus area are tabulated in Table 10. The location of each focus area is indicated in **Error! Reference source not found.** The focus areas with difference in VR greater than 0.02 are highlighted in Table 10 and are discussed in following subsections.

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Table 10 VR of identified Focus Areas and their Corresponding Test Points

Focus Area		Test Points		Annual Wind Condition			Summer Wind Condition		
		Baseline Scheme	Proposed Scheme	Baseline Scheme	Proposed Scheme	Revised Scheme	Baseline Scheme	Proposed Scheme	Revised Scheme
		Outside Site Boundary, but within the Assessment Area							
1	Slope	O26, O	28-064	0.49	0.49	0.50	0.38	0.38	0.38
2	Seawall Service Road (restricted)	O1-O4, S1-S37		0.38	0.32	0.32	0.28	0.26	0.26
3	Siu Ho Wan Government Maintenance Depot	O21-O25, O27		0.35	0.36	0.35	0.29	0.30	0.29
4	Discovery Bay Tunnel Administration Building	O15-O20		0.30	0.28	0.29	0.25	0.25	0.25
5	New Lantao Bus Repair Centre	O8-O14		0.43	0.41	0.42	0.34	0.34	0.35
6	Site Office	05-07		0.51	0.53	0.51	0.44	0.47	0.47
7	Promendade on Deck	SP1- SP28	SP1-SP27	0.25	0.26	0.26	0.15	0.18	0.18
		Within Site Boundary							
8	Airpath 1	SP25, SP29- SP31	SP22, SP28- SP31	0.36	0.36	0.41	0.26	0.24	0.28
9	Airpath 2	SP19, SP32- SP35	SP19, SP32- SP35	0.29	0.24	0.27	0.28	0.16	0.22

		Test Points		Annual Wind Condition			Summer Wind Condition		
Focus Area		Baseline Scheme	Proposed Scheme	Baseline	Proposed	Revised Scheme	Baseline	Proposed	Revised Scheme
10	Airpath 3	SP15, SP36- SP39	SP16, SP36- SP39	0.23	0.29	0.29	0.18	0.30	0.30
11	Airpath 4	SP9, SP40- SP43	SP11, SP40- SP43	0.21	0.29	0.30	0.19	0.31	0.31
12	Airpath 5	SP5, SP44- SP47	SP8, SP44- SP47	0.26	0.32	0.32	0.27	0.33	0.33
13	Airpath 6	SP48- SP51	SP2, SP48- SP50	0.25	0.34	0.34	0.26	0.33	0.33
14	Breezeway 1	SP23, SP32, SP52- SP55	SP23, SP51- SP54	0.29	0.43	0.43	0.23	0.29	0.29
15	Breezeway 2	SP15, SP33, SP56- SP59	SP16, SP32, SP55- SP58	0.31	0.35	0.35	0.25	0.26	0.26
16	Breezeway 3	SP8, SP45, SP60- SP63	SP12, SP43, SP59- SP61	0.25	0.28	0.28	0.25	0.27	0.27
17	Breezeway 4	SP1, SP44, SP64- SP66	SP4, SP45, SP59, SP62- SP65	0.26	0.34	0.34	0.26	0.33	0.33
18	Primary School 1	SP50, SP70, SP71	SP46, SP71- SP72	0.19	0.33	0.34	0.21	0.32	0.32
19	Primary School 2	SP67, SP74- SP75	SP68- SP70	0.20	0.17	0.24	0.23	0.18	0.23
20	Secondary School	SP68- SP69, SP72- SP73	SP38, SP66- SP67	0.16	0.19	0.19	0.17	0.18	0.17

		Test Points		Annua	l Wind Con	dition	Summer Wind Condition			
	Focus Area	Baseline Scheme	Proposed Scheme	Baseline Scheme	Proposed Scheme	Revised Scheme	Baseline Scheme	Proposed Scheme	Revised Scheme	
21	Subsidised Sale Flats Sites	SP29, SP32, SP56, SP75	SP28, SP32, SP51, SP73- SP74	0.35	0.36	0.50	0.32	0.38	0.47	

4.4.1 Annual Wind Condition

Under annual condition, prevailing wind comes from the NE quadrant. The lower level at the Area Reserved for Future Expansion in the northern tip of Proposed Scheme would locally enhance the permeability. However, such volume of wind, as well as relatively stronger downwash effect by taller T54-56 under Proposed Scheme, would affect the incoming wind flowing along NLH under NE, ENE and E winds, as discussed in Sections 4.3.2, 4.3.3 and 4.3.4. In contrary, relatively taller podium deck under Baseline Scheme would channel the incoming wind to travel eastwards and therefore, *Discovery Bay Tunnel Administration Building* would have relatively enhanced wind environment. Similar phenomenon and finding also observed under ESE/SE winds that the downwashed wind would limit the wind flowing from the windward side. Hence, slightly lower VR at *Discovery Bay Tunnel Administration Building* would be observed under Proposed Scheme.

The presence of buildings in the northern tip of the Baseline Scheme results in downwash effect, which enhances the wind environment along the *Seawall Service Road*. Thus, lower VR at this area would be observed under the Proposed Scheme.

Both taller towers with more significant stepped height profile (especially towers T39-T40 and T41/T42) under Proposed Scheme would induce more significant downwash effect, such that the downwashed wind would locally enhance the wind environment which would distribute further through breezeways and airpaths. Hence, the VR at all *Breezeways* and *Airpaths 3-6* have been enhanced.

Due to the lower level of the Area Reserved for Future Expansion, the incoming annual wind is blocked by the adjacent podium at +32.5mPD. Furthermore, the clubhouse and E&M structures on podium deck of tower T26 near the northern tip of Proposed Scheme would cast wind shadow over their leeward areas, leading to relatively lower VR in *Airpath 2* in the Proposed Scheme as compared to in the Baseline Scheme.

With the wind enhancement features, the permeability within the Revised Scheme would be generally enhanced in the central part, the ventilation performance at the focus areas within the site would be generally enhanced, including *Airpath 4*, *Primary School 2* and *SSF sites* would be further enhanced.

4.4.2 Summer Wind Condition

Under summer wind condition, the prevailing wind comes from SW quadrant. The lower level of the Area Reserved for Future Expansion results in the incoming summer wind being shielded by the building towers in the development. Thus, slightly lower VR at the leeward side of the wind, especially along the

Seawall Service Road, would be observed under the Proposed Scheme as compared to the Baseline Scheme.

More significant stepped height profile provided under Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would induce relatively stronger downwash effect under various wind directions that would enhance some localized areas. This results in relatively higher VR in *Waterfront Podium Walkway* in the Proposed Scheme.

Additionally, such downwashed wind would then travel towards airpaths and breezeways and therefore the podium deck would generally have slightly higher VR in compared to that under Baseline Scheme. The ventilation performance at *Breezeways 1*, 3 & 4 and *Airpaths 3 to 6* would be enhanced under Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme.

The Area Reserved for Future Expansion in the Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme is located at lower level, which would encounter cam wind environment due to the wind shadow created by podium deck at the immediate windward side. Thus, the VR at at *Airpaths 1 and 2* would be lower as compared to the Baseline Scheme.

In addition, the permeability within the Revised Scheme would be generally enhanced in the central part, the ventilation performance at the focus areas within the site would be generally enhanced, including *Airpath 1, Primary School 1, Primary School 2* and *SSF sites* would be enhanced.

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5 Conclusion

MTR Corporation Limited

An Air Ventilation Assessment (AVA) – Initial Study was conducted to assess the ventilation performance of Baseline Scheme, Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme in accordance to *the AVA Technical Circular*.

Three schemes, Baseline Scheme, Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme, were assessed using Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) techniques. A series CFD simulation using Realizable k-ɛ turbulence model were performed under annual and summer wind conditions with reference to *the AVA Technical Circular*. For annual wind condition, NNE, NE, ENE, E, ESE, SE, SSW and SW were selected which gives total wind frequency of 79.0% over a year while E, ESE, SE, SSE, S, SSW and SW were selected for summer condition, which gives total wind frequency of 80.9%.

The Velocity Ratio (VR) as proposed by the AVA Technical Circular was employed to assess the ventilation performance under these 2 schemes and the impact to its surrounding areas.

With reference to *the AVA Technical Circular*, 34 perimeter test points, 60 overall test points and 41 special test points were allocated at 2m above pedestrian level to assess the local and overall ventilation performance in the Assessment Area. Another 75 special test points for Baseline Scheme (74 special test points for Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme) were located at 2m above the podium deck within the Proposed Development to access the effectiveness of the breezeways and airpaths.

5.1 Summary

The results showed that:

- Under both annual and summer condition, there would be no insurmountable ventilation impact to the surrounding area.
- Under annual condition, Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme achieved a slightly higher SVR while similar LVR as compared with Baseline Scheme. The result indicates that Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would have slightly higher ventilation performance along the site boundary while similar ventilation impact to surroundings, as compared to Baseline Scheme.
- Under summer condition, Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme achieved slightly higher SVR and LVR as compared with Baseline Scheme under summer condition. The result indicates that Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would have slightly enhanced ventilation performance near the site boundary comparing to Baseline Scheme while the overall ventilation performance within Assessment Area would be similar under both schemes.
- Under annual wind condition, the wind performance of existing developments, such as Discovery
 Bay Tunnel Administration Building and New Lantao Bus Repair Centre, would be slightly
 calmer under Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme as the stronger downwash effect would
 reduce the wind penetration along NLH, as well as the wind serving these existing developments.
- Taller towers near waterfront under Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would capture more incoming wind and would enhance the wind performance at Waterfront Podium Walkway under both annual and summer wind conditions.

- Besides, more significant stepped height profile with wider building separation created under Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would induce more significant downwash effect which would locally enhance the wind performance on podium deck (especially in the middle part of the Application Site) and airpaths/ breezeways under annual wind condition.
- Four 30m-wide breezeways with better alignment to the prevailing wind direction under Proposed Scheme, together with the provision of open space at the intersection of breezeways, would enhance the wind penetration. Therefore, the VR along all breezeways of Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme would be significantly enhanced under both annual and summer wind conditions.
- In order to address the relatively lower VR near the GIC sites and the T24/T25, T54-T56 sites under Proposed Scheme, several wind enhancements features have been incorporated, including additional empty bays and revised layout of GIC sites and T24/T25. T54-T56 sites. As a result, more permeability at podium level have been provided. The ventilation performance of Airpath 1 and Airpath2 as well as school site, HKHA sites has been improved.
- The Revised Scheme has been optimised with the wind enhancement measures through the building layout and building design to mitigate the air ventilation impact. Due consideration is also given to optimise housing supply, as well as to provide the necessary facilities to serve the community, under the site constraints.
- However, due to the increased building heights under the Proposed Scheme and Revised Scheme ventilation impact would be observed at the central part of Application Site under both annual and summer condition, such as the central portion of the Waterfront Podium Walkway.

6 Reference

- Annex A of Technical Circular No. 1/06 issued by the Housing, Planning and Lands Bureau pertaining specifically to Air Ventilation Assessments, 19th July, 2006
 - (https://www.devb.gov.hk/filemanager/en/content_679/hplb-etwb-tc-01-06.pdf)
- [2] Planning Department RAMS Data (http://www.pland.gov.hk/pland_en/info_serv/site_wind/site_wind/)

- | Rev B | 24 November 2021





Local wind enhancement measures have been incorporated, particularly on improving permeability at the podium deck level where the pedestrian circulation and open space networks are located. The local wind enhancement measures adopted will be used for reference at the detailed design stage.

Application Site
Staircase / Lift
Communal Bicycle Park
Transfer Plate / Building Line Above
Residential / Clubhouse / Lobby / E&M
Driveway / Emergency Vehicular Access (EVA)
/ Pick-up / Drop-off Area
Area Reserved for Future Expansion (Phase 4)
Landscaped Area at Podium Deck Level
School
Railway Depot / Station & Associated Facilities
E&M / Supporting Facilities for Topside Development
Noise Canopy
(Indicative only, subject to detailed design)

Note: All levels, location, layout and building blocks shown on the plans are indicative only and subject to detailed design.

LWK +PARTNERS PODIUM DECK LEVEL FLOOR PLAN (+32.5mPD TO +33.5mPD)
PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL
DEVELOPMENT ATOP SIU HO WAN DEPOT

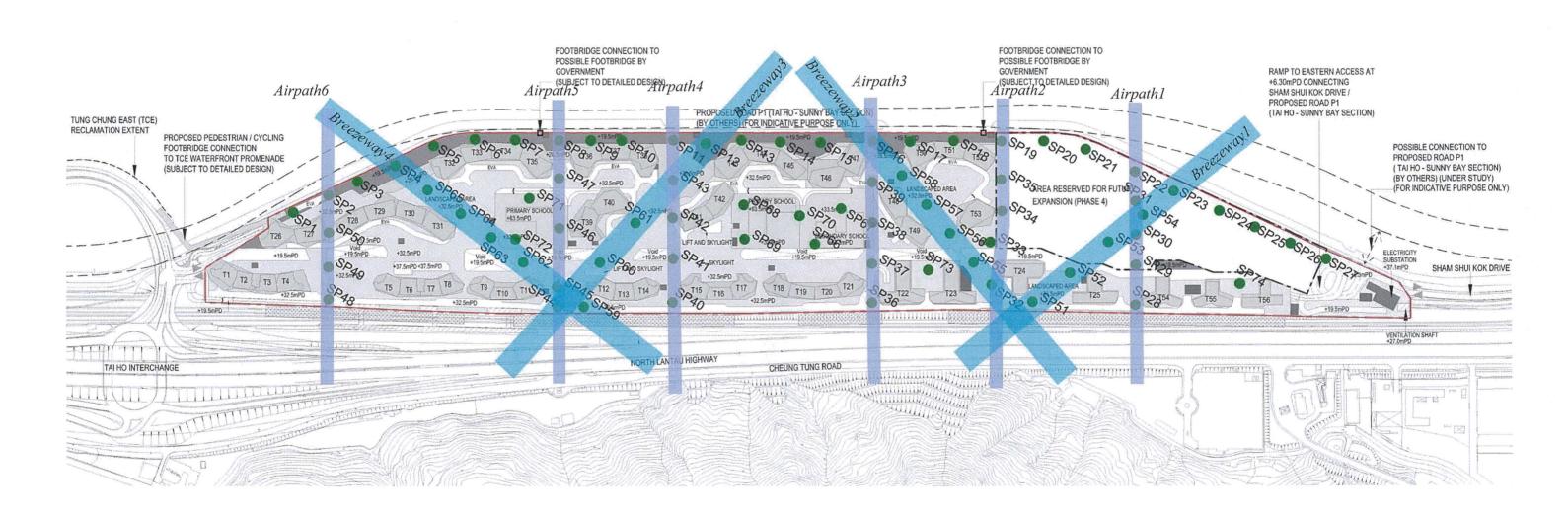


Empty bay

0 50 100 150 200 250 SCALE BAR 1:5000 (m)

Annex 2.6





LEGEND:

RESIDENTIAL TOWER TYPE A



RESIDENTIAL TOWER TYPE B

LEGEND

No. of Residential Storeys		No. of Residential Storeys
15		19
16		20
17		21
18	多度等	22



Source of 90mPD & 100mPD Airport Height Restriction: Map Series AHRP Sheet 10-NW-C by Survey and Mapping Office Land Department



由香港鐵路有限公司提交的概略計劃 INDICATIVE SCHEME SUBMITTED BY MTRCL

> 小蠔灣 SIU HO WAN

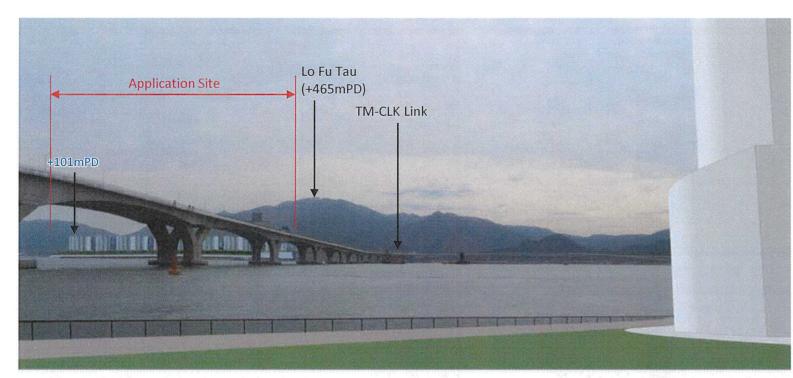
規劃署 PLANNING DEPARTMENT



參考編號 REFERENCE No. M/LI/17/50

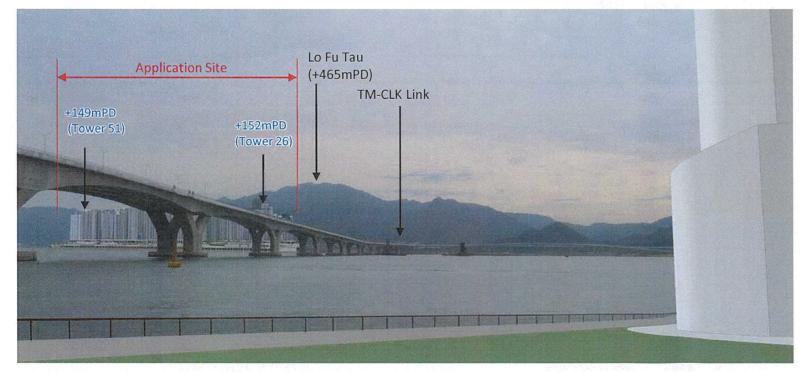
圖PLAN 6a

本摘要圖於2017年11月22日擬備, EXTRACT PLAN PREPARED ON 22.11.2017



VP1 with Baseline Scheme



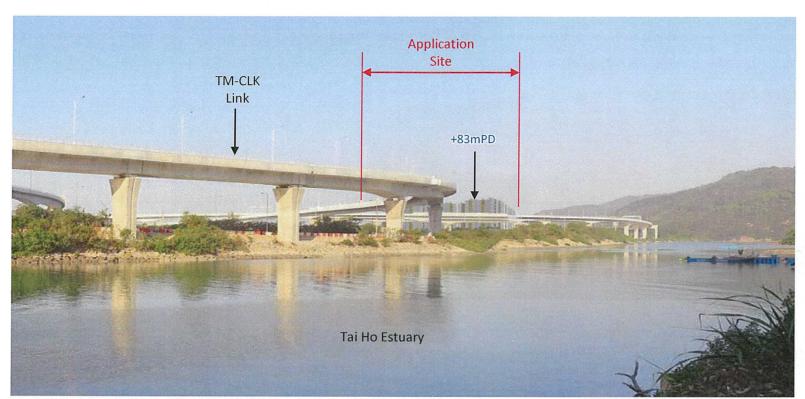


VP1 with Current Scheme

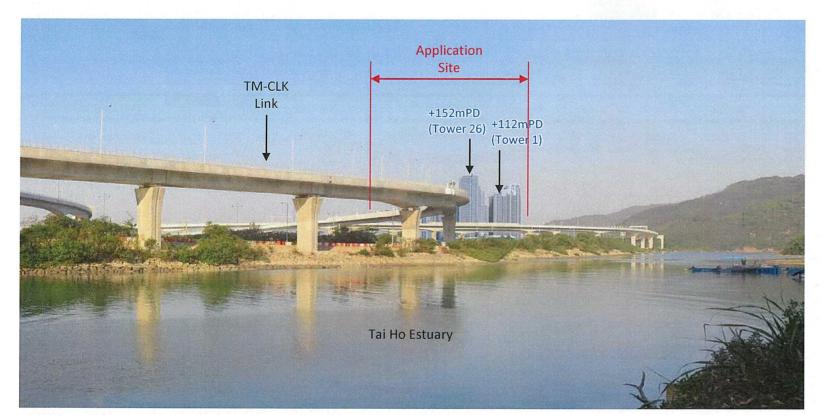
Note: Building Height is measured to the main roof.

LWK +PARTNERS Photomontage of VP1 – View from Tung Chung New Town Extension – Tung Chung East Development

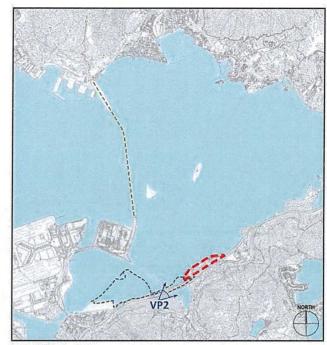




VP2 with Baseline Scheme



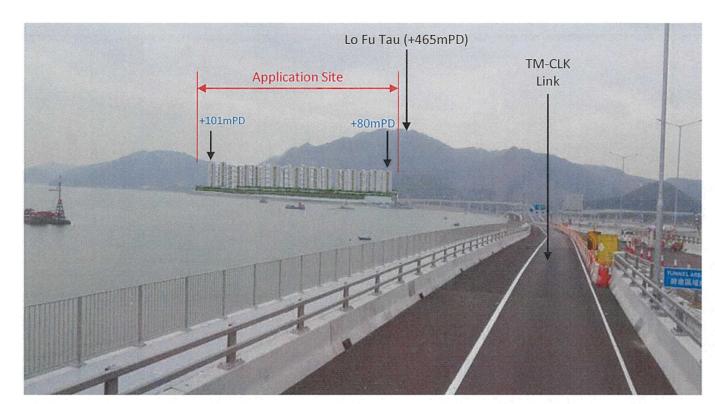
VP2 with Current Scheme



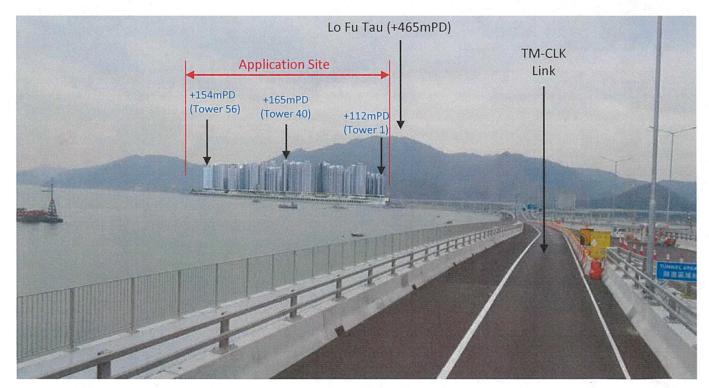
KEY PLAN

Note: Building Height is measured to the main roof.

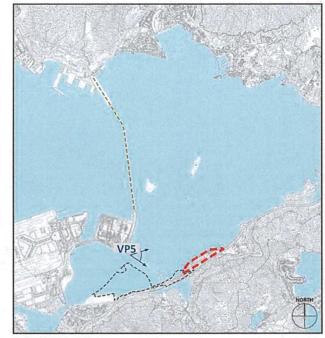
LWK +PARTNERS



VP5 with Baseline Scheme



VP5 with Current Scheme

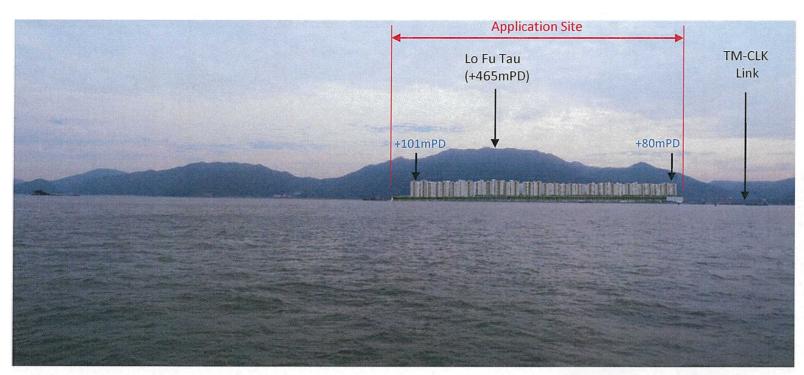


KEY PLAN

Note: Building Height is measured to the main roof.



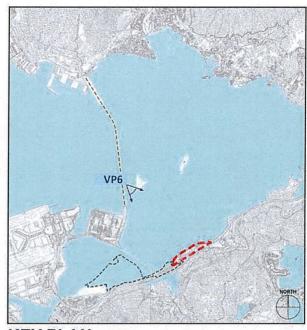




VP6 with Baseline Scheme



VP6 with Current Scheme



KEY PLAN

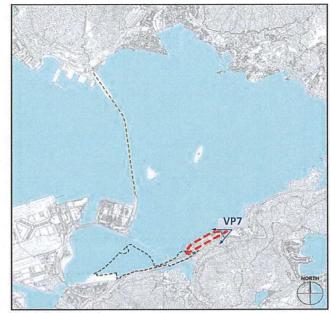
Note: Building Height is measured to the main roof.



VP7 with Baseline Scheme



VP7 with Current Scheme



KEY PLAN

Note: Building Height is measured to the main roof.



MTR



Table 7.3 Transport Provision and Facilities in PTI

No. of Bus bay	6 nos.
No. of Stacking area	12 nos.
Length of Taxi drop-off (Urban)	35m
Length of Taxi drop-off (NT+Lantau)	35m
General Drop-off	70m
GMB	50m

7.1.12 The size of PTI is estimated to be about 10,000m² GFA. It is intended that the PTI will be constructed by the Applicant in accordance with Government's technical specifications, and hand over to Government for operation and maintenance. It is expected that the associated floor area will be disregarded from the non-domestic GFA calculation under the OZP.

Pick Up & Drop Off

7.1.13 General layby will be provided outside the entrance of shopping mall at Podium L1 for loading and unloading of visitors with BFA for the disabled. To facilitate the possible demand of residential feeder services, the layby would cater for the ingress and egress of coaches. The size of the pick-up/drop-off facilities comprising 52m (approx. for 4 coaches) of layby. **Figure 6.1** presents the swept path analysis for 12m coach ingress/egress.

Proposed Residential and Commercial Development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot

Traffic and Transport Impact Assessment

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Attachment 14



TUNG CHUNG LINE (TCL) CAPACITY ASSESSMENT

8.1 Patronage Forecasts For With And Without the Proposed Development

- 8.1.1 This part presents the patronage forecasts for "with" and "without" the Proposed Development scenarios using the forecasting methodology and the input assumptions set out.
- 8.1.2 The patronage forecasts are based on the railway network formed by the *Railway Development Strategy 2014* (RDS-2014) network plus the Tung Chung East (TCE) Station. The impacts of the LP are assessed by investigating the morning peak hour TCL usage in 2041 for "with" and "without" the Proposed Development scenarios listed in **Table 8.1**.

Table 8.1 List of Scenario tests

Scenario ⁽¹⁾	2041
Without the Proposed Development	1
With the Proposed Development	✓

Note: (1) As per forecasting assumptions presented in Appendix A which includes Tung Chung Traction Substation development

8.1.3 The TCL line capacity adopted in the assessment is extracted from the LegCo paper CB(1)1132/14-15(01).

8.2 Patronage Forecasts for 2041 With and Without the Proposed Development Scenarios

- 8.2.1 The critical link flows on TCL for AM Peak are shown in **Table 8.2** for the cases with and without the Proposed Development. The one-way directional passenger link flows for the busiest sections together with the corresponding capacity derived based on standee capacity of 4 passengers per square meter (ppsm) are presented.
- 8.2.2 The AM Peak TCL critical link flows are forecast to increase to 25,800 on the Tsing Ma Bridge section (from Sunny Bay Station (SUN) to Tsing Yi Station (TSY)) and 43,700 on the cross-harbour section (from Kowloon Station (KOW) to Hong Kong Station (HOK)), of which 3,800 and 1,600 respectively are attributed to the proposed development. The forecast result supported to conclude no capacity issue on the TCL by 2041.

Proposed Residential and Commercial Development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot		
Traffic and Transport Impact Assessment		
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Tentative Implementation Programme (indicative)^{1,2,5}

	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040
Phase 1 Residential Development	2/8/2/8/2/8					SINTALIA											
Phase 2 Residential Development					1.12												
Phase 3 Residential Development																	
Proposed Pedestrian / Cycling Footbridge Connection to Tung Chung East (TCE) Waterfront Promenade ⁶							A										

▲ Expected Completion Year of Proposed Pedestrian / Cycling Footbridge Connection to TCE Waterfront Promenade

	Number of Units ²	Commercial (Shopping Mall) ^{8,9}	Commercial (kindergarten) ^{7,8}	Schools ^{3,8}	Social Welfare Facilities ^{4,8}	Public Transport Facilities
Phase 1	Private Residential Portions About 3,050 units Subsidised Housing Portions About 2,900 units		1 kindergarten	<u></u>	Subsidised Housing Portions (Subject to programme of the subsidised housing development as the social welfare facilities thereat will be constructed together with the subsidised housing)	Proposed Railway Station at Siu Ho Wan & Public Transport Interchange
Phase 2	Private Residential Portions About 4,100 units		2 kindergartens	1 30-classrooms Primary School	 Private Residential Portions Integrated Family Service Centre 100-Place Child Care Centre 	
Phase 3	Private Residential Portions About 3,570 units Subsidised Housing Portions About 1,380 units	Not more than 30,000m²	1 kindergarten	1 30-classrooms Primary School & 1 30-classrooms Secondary School	Private Residential Portions o 100-place Residential Care Home for the Elderly cum 20-place Day Care Unit Subsidised Housing Portions (Subject to programme of the subsidised housing development as the social welfare facilities thereat will be constructed together with the subsidised housing)	

Note 1: Implementation programme will be reviewed and subject to change.

Note 2: Flat number and implementation programme are for technical assessment and for indicative purpose only. Actual programme / flat number will be subject to change and necessary approval of the relevant authority.

Note 3: Provision of schools as required by EDB.

Note 4: Provision of social welfare facilities as required by SWD.

Note 5: Completion of Phases 1, 2 and 3 residential development is referring to the expected first population intake of the respective phases.

Note 6: The Proposed Pedestrian / Cycling Footbridge Connection to the future waterfront promenade of the TCE Development will be subject to the programme of the TCE Development. Temporary connection would be provided to connect Phase 1 of the Proposed Development with the future promenade of TCE Development, before the completion of Phase 2.

Note 7: Total of 29 kindergarten classrooms in 4 kindergartens are proposed.

Note 8: Provision of facilities within each individual phase may be beyond the expected first population intake of that phase. The actual programme of provision of facilities is subject to change.

Note 9: For details, please refer to the Layout Plan in Annex 2.



2.3.3 Car parking provision for Subsidised Housing portion development is designed as 1 parking space per 9 flats, as advised by Housing Department (HD). Certain portions of the parking spaces for private cars will be set off for designated parking of van-type light goods vehicles. In addition, shared-use space for Light Goods Vehicle and Light Bus will be provided in accordance with the HKPSG as summarised in Table 2.4.

Table 2.4 Proposed Parking Provisions for Residential Development

	Average Flat Size (GFA)	No. of Flats	Demand Adjustment Ratio (R1)	Accessibility Adjustment Ratio (R2)	Development Intensity Adjustment Ratio (R3)	Proposed Provision	
	≤40m²	429	0.5 space / 4 flats	Mith: CHO	Damastia Blat	40	
	40-70m ²	4,292	1.2 space / 4 flats	Within SHO Catchment:	Domestic Plot	966	
	70-100m ²	2,575	2.4 space / 4 flats	0.75	Ratio between 2 and 5: 1.00	1,159	
Drivata	100-130m ²	1,288	4.1 space / 4 flats	0.73	2 and 5. 1.00	990	
Private Flats	≤40m²	107	0.5 space / 4 flats	0	Domestic Plot Ratio between 2 and 5: 1.00	13	
riats	40-70m ²	1,068	1.2 space / 4 flats	Outside SHO Catchment:		320	
	70-100m ²	641	2.4 space / 4 flats	1.00		385	
	100-130m ²	320	4.1 space / 4 flats	1.00	2 and 5. 1.00	328	
	Total						
Public Housing			Private Car: 1 space / 9 flats	1	N/A	476	
Flats mainly Subsidised Sale Flats	50m²	4,280	Light Goods Vehicle a flats	ehicle and Light Bus: 1 space / 260		18	

2.3.4 To help relieving the parking demand of Public Housing Flats mainly Subsidised Sale Flats, bus/GMB stops could be provided along the main driveway and the possibility to utilise retail parking spaces for overnight parking would be explored if necessary, subject to detailed design and future management.

Visitor Car Parking Provision

2.3.5 5 nos. of visitor car parking spaces will be provided for each private residential and subsidised housing block, in accordance with the HKPSG.

Commercial/Retail Car Parking Provision

2.3.6 Upper bound of the HKPSG will be adopted for the provision of commercial/retail car parking spaces. Based on provision rates as summarised in **Table 2.5**, a total of 200 car parking spaces will be provided for the 30,000m² GFA commercial/retail facilities in tandem with the development phasing. The option of overnight parking at the retail parking spaces will be explored at the detailed design stage.

Table 2.5 HKPSG Retail Car Parking Provision

Development Component	HKPSG Provision Rate (Upper Bound)
Commercial/Retail	1 car space per 150m² GFA

Proposed Residential and Commercial Development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot		
Traffic and Transport Impact Assessment		
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Community Facilities Car Parking Provision

- 2.3.7 Upper bound of the HKPSG will be adopted for car parking provision at the educational facilities. Based on the provision rates as summarised in **Table 2.6**, 8 nos., 10 nos. and 2 nos. of car parking spaces will be provided at each of the 30-classroom primary school, 30-classroom secondary school and 7/8 -classroom kindergarten, respectively. Car parking spaces for the primary and secondary schools will be provided within individual school site, while those for kindergarten will be provided within the podium car park in the vicinity.
- 2.3.8 For social welfare facilities, 100-place Residential Care Home for the Elderly cum 20-place Day Care Unit (RCHE cum DCU) and 60-place Day Care Centre for the Elderly (DE) will be provided with one and three parking spaces for private light bus(es) with tail-lift (measurement: 8m x 3m with minimum 3.3m headroom) respectively for the exclusive use of the facility, in accordance with the following requirements from Social Welfare Department (SWD). 120-place Integrated Vocational Rehabilitation Centre (IVRSC) and 50-place Hostel for Severely Physically Handicapped Persons (HSPH) will also be provided with one parking space for a 5.5-ton goods vehicle (measurement: 7m x 3.5m with minimum 3.6m headroom) and one parking space for a 24-seater van with tail-lift respectively (measurement: 8.5m x 3m with minimum 3.3m headroom). 50-place Hostel for Severely Mentally Handicapped Persons (HSMH) will be provided with one parking space for a private light bus with tail-lift as well.

Table 2.6 Proposed Parking Provisions for Community Facilities

Development Component	HKPSG Requirements (Upper Bound)	Proposed Provision			
Primary School (30-Classroom)	1 car parking space per 4 classrooms	8 per school			
Secondary School (30-Classroon)	1 car parking space per 3 classrooms	10 per school			
Kindergarten (7 or 8-Classroom)	1 car parking space per 4 classrooms	2 per kindergarten			
	SWD Requirement	ts			
	RCHE cum DCU: One Private Light	t Bus with tail-lift			
	DE: 3 Private Light Buses with tail-lift				
Social Welfare Facilities	IVRSC: One 5.5-ton goods vehicle				
	HSPH: One 24-seater van with tail lift				
	HSMH: One Private Light Bus with tail-lift				

Accessible Car Parking Space

2.3.9 With reference to Regulation 72 of *Building (Planning) Regulations*, accessible car parking space will be provided in residential development, commercial facilities and GIC facilities as summarised in **Table 2.7**.

Proposed Residential and Commercial Development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot	
Traffic and Transport Impact Assessment	
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MTR Corporation Limited 香港鐵路有限公司

www.mtr.com.hk

Our ref: TPD 2.8.3/SL/13211 Your ref: TPB/A/I-SHW/1

RECEIVED

3 December 2021

2021 DEC -3 P 3:31

BY EMAIL & BY HAND

MTR

The Secretary
Town Planning Board
c/o Planning Department
15/F, North Point Government Offices
333 Java Road, North Point,
Hong Kong

Dear Sir / Madam,

Application for Permission under Section 16 of the Town Planning Ordinance for Proposed Residential and Commercial Development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot Proposed Layout Plan Submission – Application No. A/I-SHW/1

We refer to the captioned application under Section 16 of the Town Planning Ordinance submitted on 15 October 2021. We also refer to the comments from various Government departments conveyed through Sai Kung and Islands District Planning Office (DPO/SKI) of Planning Department (PlanD) on 24 November 2021.

In response to the comments received, we provide herewith a response-to-comments table with attachments for your consideration. We trust the comments from the Government Departments are satisfactorily addressed.

As our responses are technical clarifications which would not incur any material change to the submitted scheme, the Town Planning Board's processing of the planning application within the statutory time period should not be affected.

Should you have any queries, please feel free to contact the undersigned or our Mr. Dave Ng at 2993 3979.

Yours faithfully,

99

Sharon Liu

General Manager - Town Planning

Encl. Responses-to-Comments table with attachments (70 copies)

c.c. DPO/SKI, PlanD (Attn.: Ms. Caroline TANG)

Con Rec	Comments from Chief Estate Surveyor/Land Supply, Lands Department Received on 24 November 2021 The Site comprises the Lot held under the Conditions of Grant No. 7985 dated	Noted with thanks.
	15.9.1995 as varied or modified by two modification letters and restricted for the purposes of the railway workshop and maintenance depot, together with	
	other ancillary uses as may be approved by the Director. The Site also falls within the land status of "MTR Reserve Airport Railway Area Plan No. 25-32", "Ancillary Bratistics Protection	
	2. The proposed development is in conflict with the current lease conditions. If the planning application is approved by the Town Planning Board ("TPB"),	Noted with thanks.
	owner of the Lot is required to apply to LandsD for land exchange. However, there is no guarantee that such land exchange application(s) will be approved.	
	Such application(s) will be considered by LandsD acting in the capacity of	
	such application(s) is/are approved, it would be subject to such terms and	
	conditions including, among others, the payment of premium and	
	4. It is noted that there will be no public open space proposed within the Site.	Noted with thanks.
1		The three social welfare facilities at private residential portions (namely
	"Planning Statement", three social welfare facilities at private residential portions and three schools will be provided at the subject development. The	the 100-place Kesidential Care Home for the Eiderly cum 20-place Day Care Unit, the Integrated Family Service Centre and the 100-place Child Care
	applicant shall liaise with the relevant departments for funding and taking up	Centre) and the three schools are required by Social Welfare Department
	of those facilities.	and Education Bureau respectively. The issues regarding the funding and taking up of these facilities will be dealt with in the land grant stage.
	6. Noting from Appendix II "Landscape and Tree Preservation and Removal Proposal", some existing trees at Phase 4 are proposed to be felled and all compensatory trees will be planted at Phases 1 to 3. The applicant shall ensure that no compensatory trees shall be planted at Phase 4 for avoidance of future felling of those trees upon development of Phase 4.	Please be confirmed that all proposed compensatory tree planting are located at Phase 1 to 3 of the Proposed Development.

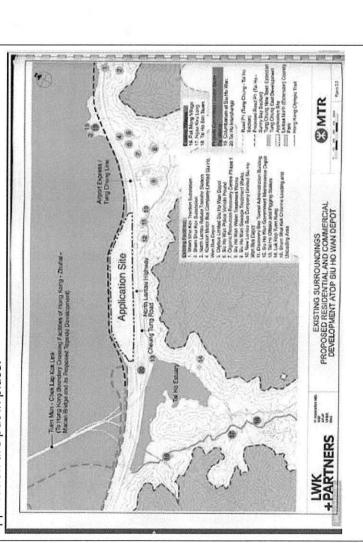
	Comments R	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
	6. 7. While it is	7. While it is proposed in para. 7.1.12 of Appendix III "Traffic and Transport	It is proposed that the PTI will be constructed by the Applicant in
	Impact Asses	Impact Assessment" that the public transport interchange will be handed over	accordance with Government's technical specifications, and handed over
	to the Gove	to the Government, the applicant shall seek agreement from relevant	to Government for operation and maintenance subject to further
	departments	departments for taking up the public transport interchange.	discussion with the relevant government departments.
	Comments from Secretary for E Received on 24 November 2021	Comments from Secretary for Education Received on 24 November 2021	
	7. KG provision		Noted with thanks.
	it is our res	it is our responsibility to secure a stable supply of quality KG at the	
	Government-	Government-owned premises to ensure that enough KG provisions for public	
	housing are i	housing are included according to the HKPSG so that the KG premises could	
	be allocated	be allocated under the EDB's prevailing school allocation mechanism to	
	benefit the p	benefit the parents and children. We strongly advise including a 6 classroom	
	KG premises	KG premises at the public housing portion as far as possible. If HA/HD is	
	absolutely ur	absolutely unable to do so, we do not oppose to proposal of providing 29 KG	
	classroom at	classroom at the private housing portion.	
	8. SoA and GFA	SoA and GFA for the proposed KGs	The principles under the revised SoA for a 6-classroom kindergarten
			(Appendix 3 of the Operation Manual for Pre-primary Institutions) has
	Please be in	Please be informed that the "Schedule of Accommodation (SoA) for KG	been considered for the proposed kindergartens in the Proposed
	premises" h	premises" has been revised to improve the learning environment by	Development. Relevant adjustments have been made for proposed
	increasing th	increasing the indoor floor area for each student by 20%. The revised	kindergartens with more than 6 classrooms. Detailed design of the
	recommende	recommended SoA for a 6-classroom KG has come into effect from October	kindergarten will be further developed in later stages following the
	2017 which is	2017 which is recommended for reserving space in developing new KGs as far	principles under the SoA.
	as practicable	as practicable, and is available for reference in Appendix 3 of the "Operation	
	Manual for P	Manual for Pre-primary Institutions" (Annex I). We wish to point out that the	
	total area for	total area for all items excluding toilet and outdoor play area as stated in the	
	revised SoA f	revised SoA for a 6-classroom KG is 551 square metres, and we trust that the	
	toilet and sa	toilet and sanitary facilities for students and staff should be adequately	
	provided and	provided and outdoor play area should be provided whenever possible in the	
	proposed KG	proposed KG. As for a KG with more than 6 classrooms which targets to	
_	accommodat	accommodate greater number of students and school staff, the revised SoA	

	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
	for a 6-classroom may not fully meet the needs of more students and teaching	
	chaff Index cuch cituation wou may concider to make adjust ment to increase	
	stall. Other such situation, you may consider to make adjustine to more ease	
	the indoor areas (e.g. multi-purpose area/room, small group teaching room,	
	etc.) as far as practicable. Moreover, you may also consider to adjust the	
	numbers and/or size for the items where deemed necessary (e.g. reasonable	
	provision of general facilities, such Staff Office, Administrative Office, General	
	Store, Kitchen, Laundry and Toilet etc. as mentioned in the Appendix 3 of the	
	OM) to cater for the greater number of teaching staff and students as far as	
	practicable.	
9.	Parking and L/UL requirements	Please be advised that internal transport provision including car parking
		spaces and loading/unloading spaces for taxi, private cars and school buses
	Regarding parking and L/UL requirements for KG school buses, please refer to	for kindergartens has followed the HKPSG requirement.
	the Annex of Chapter 8 "Internal Transport Facilities" of the HKPSG (Annex II)	
	or via the following link: https://www.pland.gov.hk/pland en/tech	
	doc/hkpsg/full/index.htm	
10.	Besides, we have the following safety concerns on L/UL spaces in respect of	Please be advised the loading / unloading spaces will be designed in close
	KG students' use:	proximity to the kindergartens with safety of the kindergarten students
		taken into consideration. The actual location of the loading / unloading
	(a) the designated L/UL period for KG school buses so as to avoid possible	spaces, as well as the detailed operation and arrangement, for the
	danger to KG students owing to the clash in using the space with other users;	kindergartens will be determined in detailed design stage.
	and	
11.	(b) the safety issue for KG students walking between the L/UL spaces to the	
	KG premises.	

	Comi	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
	12. Mear	Meanwhile, the AP should ascertain the premises for the proposed KG can	The various statutory requirements are noted and would be complied with
	meet	meet the various requirements laid down in:	in the detailed design stage.
	(a) the requi	(a) the Education Ordinance, Education Regulations and relevant statutory requirements: and	
	13. (b) "((b) "Operation Manual for Pre-primary Institutions".	
	https	https://www.edb.gov.hk [Path: Education System and Policy>Kindergarten	
	Educ	Education>About Kindergarten Education>Harmonisation of Pre-primary Services>Operation Manual for Pre-Primary Institutions (July 2020 Version	
	2.1)]		
	Comment Received	Comments from Director of Food and Environmental Hygiene Received on 24 November 2021	
	14. Comr	Comments in respect of the proposed Public Transport Interchange (PTI)	Toilets will be provided in the proposed shopping mall which is in close
	subje	subject to the applicant's confirmation that adequate toilet facilities will be	proximity to the PTI. Direct and weather-proof access between the
_	provi	provided in the vicinity of the transport interchange to serve the future users	proposed PTI and shopping mall will be provided.
	of th	of the transport interchange, we have no particular comments on the	
		provision of public toilet thereat at this stage.	
	15. Comr	Comments in respect of Siu Ho Wan columbarium development	Noted with thanks. MTRC will liaise with Government departments in
	(c) T	(c) The applicant's attention is drawn to other planned developments in the	regards to the technical interface at Sham Shui Kok Drive.
	vicini	vicinity, including our Siu Ho Wan columbarium development at Sham Shui	
	Kok	Kok Drive. For Siu Ho Wan columbarium project, CEDD is our works agent for	
	thes	the site formation works and ArchSD is our works agent for the columbarium	
	plind	building works. The applicant may wish to liaise with CEDD and ArchSD for any	
	techr	technical interfacing issues.	
	16. (d) Pa	(d) Paragraph 2.2.1 of Appendix III states that "the existing SHD site has two	Noted with thanks.
	acces	access points located at western and eastern end of the depot", and "the	
	easte		
	alter	roda comiecting to North Lantau Fighway (NLFI) via Cheung Tung Koda, as an alternative access "	

	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
17.		Noted with thanks.
18.	It is noted that the "columbarium at Siu Ho Wan" is indicated in Figure 2.2. Sham Shui Kok Drive would be re-aligned to facilitate the development of proposed columbarium. Moreover, during Ching Ming/ Chung Yeung festival periods, the Sham Shui Kok Drive is proposed to be closed temporarily for implementation of temporary traffic arrangement. Only specially arranged-buses (for grave sweepers to/from Sunny Bay Station/ Tung Chung), vehicles to/from North Lantau Refuse Transfer Station and vehicles with permit would be allowed to enter Sham Shui Kok Drive. As such, the applicant shall take into account the cumulative impact of the proposed columbarium development in the Traffic and Transport Impact Assessment. There is doubt whether the traffic to/from North Lantau Refuse Transfer Station and the proposed columbarium has been included in the traffic forecast at Road Links ID70-73 (i.e. Sham Shui Kok Drive).	Please be clarified that the Road P1 (Tai Ho – Sunny Bay Section), is anticipated to be available by 2030 according to LegCo Paper No. PWSC(2020-21)24. For the Traffic and Transport Impact Assessment, the Proposed Road P1 (Tai Ho – Sunny Bay Section) is assumed to be in place by year 2031. The eastern access of the Proposed Development will be connected to the Proposed Road P1 (Tai Ho – Sunny Bay Section) as indicated on the Layout Plan in Annex 2.1 of the Planning Statement. As such, it is considered the impact by the temporary traffic arrangement by the proposed columbarium during Ching Ming / Chung Yeung Festival is minimal. MTRC will liaise with Government departments in regards to the interface issues at Sham Shui Kok Drive.
19.	development at Sham Shui Kok Drive on Lantau would commence shortly. The development at Sham Shui Kok Drive on Lantau would commence shortly. The details of the proposed works and tentative works programme are shown on the LegCo PWSC paper at the link below. The applicant shall review whether the construction of the columbarium development at Sham Shui Kok Drive would be affected. https://www.legco.gov.hk/yr20-21/english/fc/pwsc/papers/p21-21e.pdf	Noted with thanks.

solely for the Proposed Development and no provisions for connections The proposed sewerage facilities under the S16 Application is designed from other development. Responses (e) Please advise if the sewerage facilities (shown as "9" in Figure 2.2 extracted below) is designed to cater the area within the application site. If affirmative, please advise if future connection from our Siu Ho Wan columbarium site to the proposed sewerage facilities is feasible so that the current proposed detention tank arrangement under our columbarium site could be discontinued in future when the proposed sewerage facilities in this planning Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments application are put in place. 20.



	Comments Received from Government Russaux / Denartments	Востопро
	comments received non coveringent bareaux) Departments	Responses
	landscape layout plan which covers Phase 1-3, the landscaping areas are	
	located at 3 different podium levels within the Site, with amenity planting and	
	recreational facilities including children's play areas, outdoor fitness stations,	
	swimming pools, sitting out areas, jogging path and multi-purpose lawn, for	
	the enjoyment of the residents. In view that significant adverse landscape	
	impact arising from the proposed development is not anticipated, we have <u>no</u>	
	objection to the planning application from landscape planning perspective.	
7	24. However, the Applicant should clarify in the proposed layout plan submission	Please refer to Attachment 1 for the updated Figure LS4.1 to 4.1.6 with
	on the followings:-	the number of proposed new tree planting (about 1,200 trees) added in
	a) Figure LS4.1 to 4.1.6	the legend and the legibility of the vertical greening enhanced.
	- Please provide the no. of proposed new tree planting in phase 1-3 in the	
	legend.	
	- The proposed vertical greening is not legible from the plan.	
7	25. b) Figure LS4.2b - Referring to landscape section B, the drawing of green spine	Please refer to Attachment 2 for the updated Figure LS4.2b.
	is not in scale.	
7	26. c) Figure LS4.3 - Please annotate the area (in m²) of the proposed open space	Please be clarified that Figure LS4.3 presents the open space in different
	coloured in phase 1-3.	levels with different colors. The extent of open space in each phase of the
		Proposed Development will be subject to detailed design. A provision
		standard of 1m² open space per resident is proposed to be located within
		landscaped garden of residential developments while an over provision
-		standard of 2m ² open space per resident is proposed for the Proposed
		Development.
7	27. d) According to the mitigation measure plan Figure 11.10 of the approved EIA	Please be clarified that only broad-brush tree survey was conducted in
	report AEIAR-213/2017, CM2 transplanting of affected trees were proposed	the EIA stage. The approved EIA report AEIAR-213/2017 recommends
	as one of the landscape mitigation measures. However, no trees are proposed	that "the exact number of transplanted trees and the corresponding
	to be transplanted by the Applicant under the subject development. Please	tree transplanting proposals would be determined in the subsequent
	review.	detailed design stage when further detailed tree survey findings are
		available taking into account of the factors as stipulated in DEVB TC(W)
		7/2015 or LAO PN 7/2007 where applicable, such as suitability for
		transplanting with respect to tree species, size, tree conditions (i.e. tree

	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
		form/amenity value/structural condition) and transportability, cost effectiveness and availability of suitable permanent receptor sites".
-11		In the S16 Application, the Landscape and Tree Preservation and Removal Proposal recommends existing tree treatment based on latest detailed tree survey conducted, taking into account factors included (i) suitability
		(tree species / amenity value, size, condition etc.), (ii) transportability, (iii) cost-effectiveness and (iv) availability of suitable permanent receptor sites with reference to Development Bureau <i>Technical Circular (Works)</i>
***************************************		No. 7/2015 – Tree Preservation and Lands Administration Office Practice Note (Issue No. 7/2007) Tree Preservation and Tree Removal Application for Building Development in Private Projects.
		Latest detailed tree survey recommends that none of the affected trees are considered suitable for transplanting. Please refer to Appendix A1 to A3 of the Landscape and Tree Preservation and Removal Proposal for the detailed Tree Assessment Schedule with the justification for proposed
		tree removal. While no affected tree is proposed to be transplanted. all trees
		recommended to be fell will be compensated with light to heavy standard trees into ratio of not less than 1:1 in terms of quantity and quality.
28.	3. Advisory Comments to the Applicant	Noted with thanks.
D-41	a) In view that the proposed layout design of phase 4 within the Site boundary is not available in the information provided by the Applicant, we reserve our right to comment phase 4 and its interface until we receive further information.	

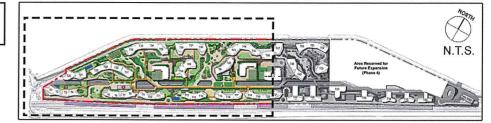
29. b) The Applicant should note that approval of the section 16 application by the TPB does not imply approval of the trees works such as pruning, transplanting and/or felling under lease. Applicant is reminded to approach relevant authority/ government department(s) direct to obtain necessary approval on tree works.		Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
the TPB does not imply approval of the trees works such as pruning, transplanting and/or felling under lease. Applicant is reminded to approach relevant authority/ government department(s) direct to obtain necessary approval on tree works.	29.	b) The Applicant should note that approval of the section 16 application by	Noted with thanks.
transplanting and/or felling under lease. Applicant is reminded to approach relevant authority/ government department(s) direct to obtain necessary approval on tree works.		the TPB does not imply approval of the trees works such as pruning,	
relevant authority/ government department(s) direct to obtain necessary approval on tree works.		transplanting and/or felling under lease. Applicant is reminded to approach	
approval on tree works.		relevant authority/ government department(s) direct to obtain necessary	
		approval on tree works.	

All levels, location, layout and building blocks shown on the plans are indicative only and subject to detailed design. Area Reserved for **Future Expansion** (Phase 4) Legend Proposed New Tree Planting Shopping Mall Entrances Application Site S Major Sitting-out Area (About 1200 trees) Area Reserved for Future Expansion (Phase 4) Arrival Square Pedestrian and Shrubs Cycle Ramps Proposed Pedestrian / Cyclist Overhead Bridge to Tung Chung East Covered Walkway Groundcover Open Company of the Company of th Swimming Pool SHO Station Entrance Lawn Waterfront Promenade Active Recreational Facilities Vertical Greening West Avenue Park Staircase / Lift Children's Play Area Central Park Skylight Hard Pavement 6 East Avenue Park Noise Canopies Fence Wall 6 Multi-purpose Lawn EVA Pedestrian Entrance Means of Access / Means of Escape for SHO Station Seating Communal Bicycle Park





SCALE 1:4,000@A3 0 50 100 150 200 25



Key Plan



Application Site

[]]] Building Line Above

Swimming Pool

Staircase / Lift

Skylight

Fence Wall

Pedestrian Entrance

Active Recreational Facilities

Means of Access / Means of Escape for SHO Station





LANDSCAPE LAYOUT PLAN (OVERALL LEVEL) SCALE 1:2500 (SHEET 1 OF 2)

Proposed New Tree Planting

(About 1200 trees)

Vertical Greening

Hard Pavement

Noise Canopies

Communal Bicycle Park

Children's Play Area

Shrubs

EVA

Seating

Groundcover



S Major Sitting-out Area

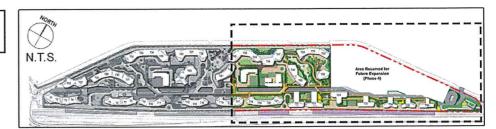
Proposed Pedestrian / Cyclist Overhead Bridge to Tung Chung East Waterfront Promenade

Arrival Square

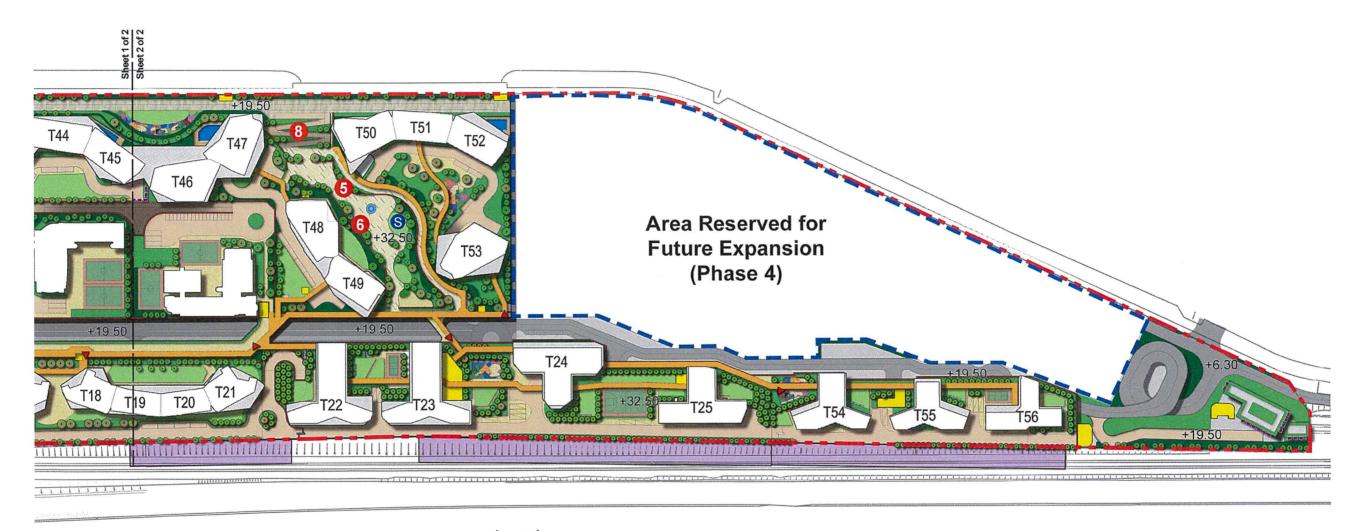
- Shopping Mall Entrances
- 8 Pedestrian and Cycle Ramps
- O Landscaped Steps
- SHO Station Entrance



SCALE 1:2,500@A3 0 20 40 60 80 100m



Key Plan





Application Site

Area Reserved for Future Expansion (Phase 4)

Building Line Above
Swimming Pool

Active Recreational Facilities

Staircase / Lift

SkylightFence Wall

▲ Pedestrian Entrance

Means of Access / Means of Escape for SHO Station

 Proposed New Tree Planting (About 1200 trees)

Shrubs

Groundcover
Lawn

Vertical GreeningChildren's Play Area

Hard Pavement
Noise Canopies

EVA Seating

Communal Bicycle Park

- S Major Sitting-out Area
- Arrival Square
- Proposed Pedestrian / Cyclist Overhead Bridge to Tung Chung East Waterfront Promenade
- West Avenue Park
- Central Park
- 6 East Avenue Park
- 6 Multi-purpose Lawn

- Shopping Mall Entrances
- Pedestrian and Cycle Ramps
- 9 Landscaped Steps
- SHO Station Entrance

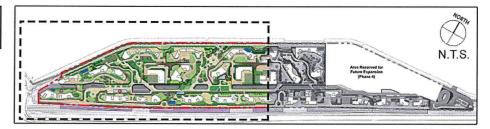




LANDSCAPE LAYOUT PLAN (OVERALL LEVEL) SCALE 1:2500 (SHEET 2 OF 2)



SCALE 1:2,500@A3 0 20 40 60 80 10



Key Plan







Active Recreational Facilities

Staircase / Lift

Skylight

Fence Wall

Pedestrian Entrance

Means of Access / Means of Escape for SHO Station

Lawn

Vertical Greening

Children's Play Area

Hard Pavement

Noise Canopies

EVA

Seating

Communal Bicycle Park

Application Site

Building Line Above

Swimming Pool

S Major Sitting-out Area

Arrival Square

Proposed New Tree Planting

(About 1200 trees)

Shrubs

Groundcover

2 Proposed Pedestrian / Cyclist Overhead Bridge to Tung Chung East Waterfront Promenade

West Avenue Park

4 Central Park

6 East Avenue Park

6 Multi-purpose Lawn

Shopping Mall Entrances

Pedestrian and Cycle Ramps

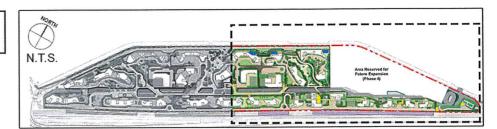
9 Landscaped StepsSHO Station Entrance

-

LANDSCAPE LAYOUT PLAN AT PODIUM DECK LEVEL(+32.5mPD) SCALE 1:2500 (SHEET 1 OF 2)







Key Plan



Legend

Application Site

Area Reserved for Future Expansion (Phase 4)

Building Line Above
Swimming Pool

Active Recreational Facilities

Staircase / Lift

Skylight
Fence Wall

▲ Pedestrian Entrance

Means of Access / Means of Escape for SHO Station

Proposed New Tree Planting (About 1200 trees)

Shrubs

Lawn

Groundcover

Vertical Greening

Children's Play Area
Hard Pavement

Noise Canopies
EVA

Seating Seating

Communal Bicycle Park

- Major Sitting-out Area
- Arrival Square
- Proposed Pedestrian / Cyclist Overhead Bridge to Tung Chung East Waterfront Promenade
- West Avenue Park
- Central Park
- 6 East Avenue Park
- 6 Multi-purpose Lawn

- Shopping Mall Entrances
- Pedestrian and Cycle Ramps
- O Landscaped Steps
- SHO Station Entrance

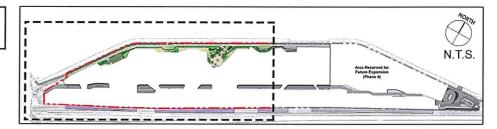




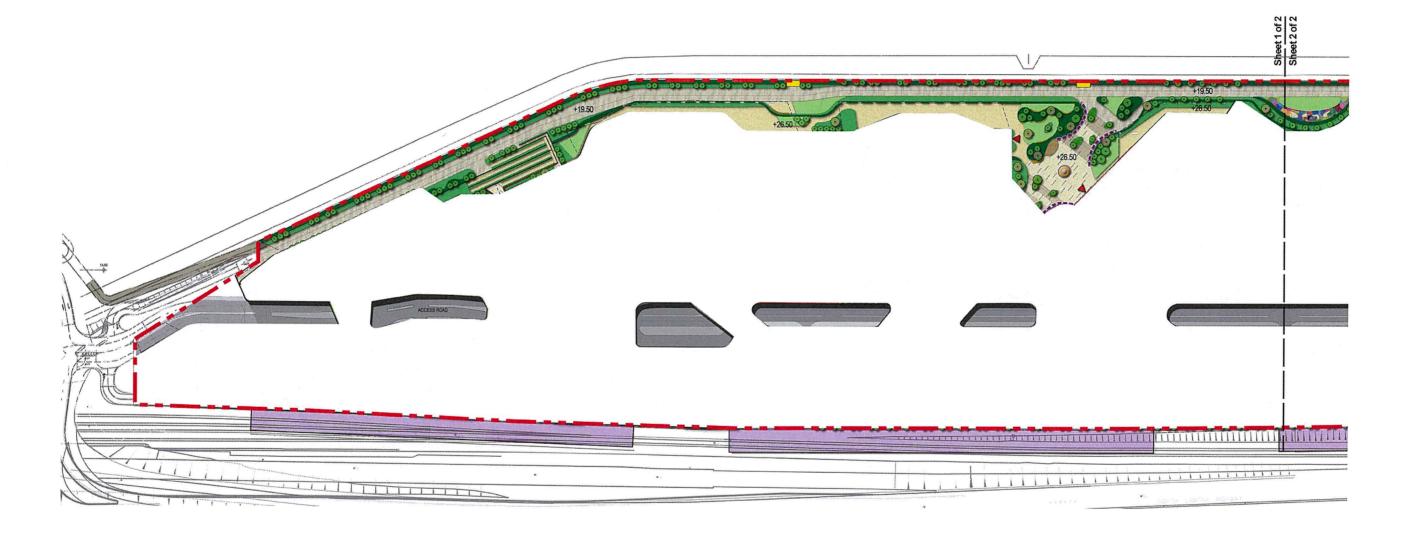
LANDSCAPE LAYOUT PLAN AT PODIUM DECK LEVEL(+32.5mPD)
SCALE 1:2500 (SHEET 2 OF 2)



SCALE 1:2,500@A3 0 20 40 60



Key Plan







LANDSCAPE LAYOUT PLAN AT PODIUM LEVEL 1 & PODIUM LEVEL 2 (+19.5mPD TO +28.1mPD) - SCALE 1:2500 (SHEET 1 OF 2)

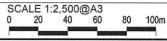


Groundcover

--- Vertical Greening

Children's Play Area

Hard Pavement Noise Canopies



Legend

Application Site

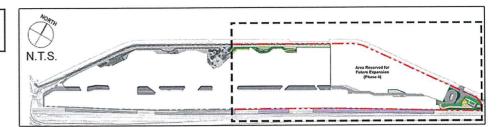
Staircase / Lift

Shrubs

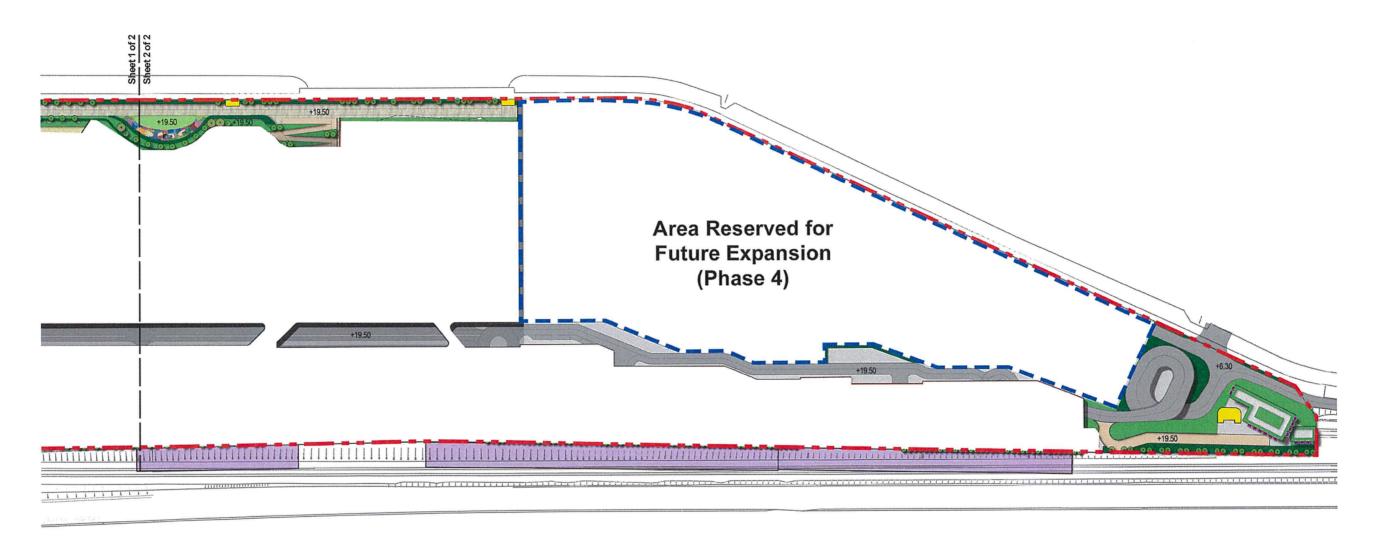
ETT: Building Line Above

Pedestrian Entrance

Proposed New Tree Planting (About 1200 trees)



Key Plan







LANDSCAPE LAYOUT PLAN AT PODIUM LEVEL 1 & PODIUM LEVEL 2 (+19.5mPD TO +28.1mPD) - SCALE 1:2500 (SHEET 2 OF 2)



Groundcover

Vertical Greening

Hard Pavement

Noise Canopies

EVA

Children's Play Area



Legend

Application Site

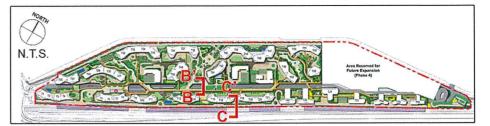
Staircase / Lift

Shrubs

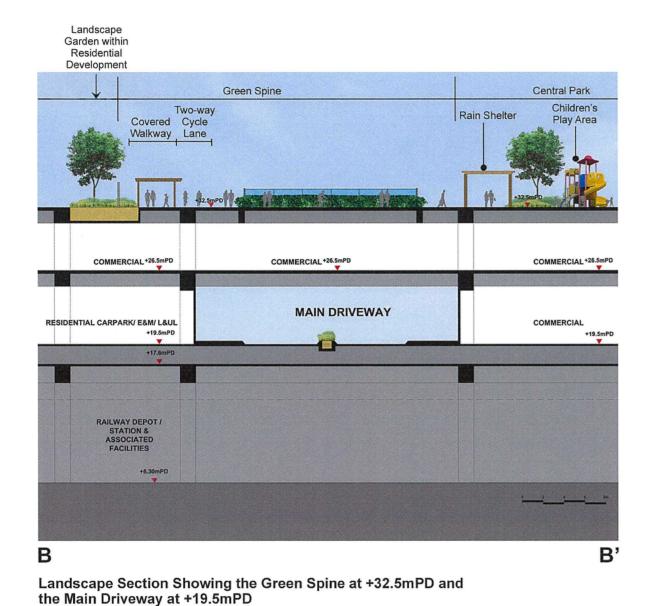
Area Reserved for Future Expansion (Phase4)

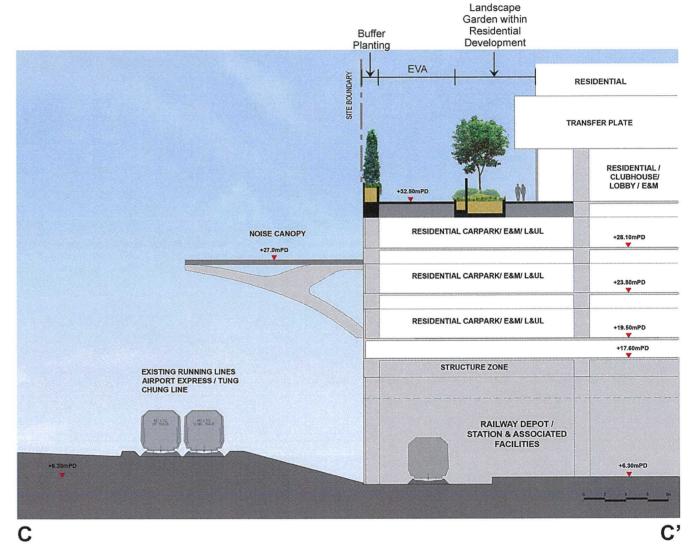
Proposed New Tree Planting (About 1200 trees)

[]]] Building Line Above



Key Plan





Landscape Section Showing the Podium Edge at the Southern Boundary



SECTION B – GREEN SPINE AT +32.5mPD AND
THE MAIN DRIVEWAY AT +19.5mPD
SECTION C – PODIUM EDGE AT THE SOUTHERN BOUNDARY



MTR Corporation Limited 香港鐵路有限公司

www.mtr.com.hk

Our ref: TPD 2.8.3/SL/13217 Your ref: TPB/A/I-SHW/1

16 December 2021

Appendix Id of RNTPC Paper No. A/I-SHW/1

BY EMAIL & BY HAND

The Secretary Town Planning Board c/o Planning Department 15/F, North Point Government Offices 333 Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong

Dear Sir / Madam,

Application for Permission under Section 16 of the Town Planning Ordinance for Proposed Residential and Commercial Development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot Proposed Layout Plan Submission - Application No. A/I-SHW/1

We refer to the captioned application under Section 16 of the Town Planning Ordinance submitted on 15 October 2021. We also refer to the comments from various Government departments conveyed through Sai Kung and Islands District Planning Office (DPO/SKI) of Planning Department (PlanD) on 9th and 13th of December 2021.

In response to the comments received, we provide herewith a response-to-comments table with attachments for your consideration. We trust the comments from the Government Departments are satisfactorily addressed.

As our responses are technical clarifications which would not incur any material change to the submitted scheme, the Town Planning Board's processing of the planning application within the statutory time period should not be affected.

Should you have any queries, please feel free to contact the undersigned or our Mr. Dave Ng at 2993 3979.

Yours faithfully,

Sharon Liu

General Manager - Town Planning

Encl. Responses-to-Comments table with attachments (70 copies)

c.c. DPO/SKI, PlanD (Attn.: Ms. Caroline TANG) TOWN PLANNING BOARD

L	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
OE	Comments from Commissioner for Transport Received on 9 December 2021	
Ļ.	1. (1) Para. 1.1.6	Under the current S16 Application, Phase 4 is indicated as land reserved
	(a) The traffic impact assessment under the current S16 application does not	for future expansion. Feasibility of Phase 4 future development will be
	include the Phase 4 development. Whether the proposed road network could	subject to future S16 application.
	support Phase 4 development is uncertain.	
2.	2. (b) A separate TIA for Phase 4 development shall be conducted to ascertain	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	the traffic conditions and to suggest traffic mitigation measures for the future	
	S16 application.	
'n	3. (2) Table 2.2 - If the time lapse between the approval date of the TIA and the	Noted with thanks. Traffic review will be conducted not later than two
	target date of commissioning lies within 5-10 years, the need for a review on	years before the first population intake for Phase 1, Phase 2 and Phase 3
	the accepted TIA in consideration of the validity of major assumptions	developments respectively.
	adopted should be assessed. If the time lapse between the approval date of	
	the TIA and the target date of commissioning is more than 10 years, the	
	project proponent should conduct a comprehensive traffic review to the	
	satisfaction of this office. Review of the TIA should be completed not later	
	than two years before the target date of the commissioning, so as to ensure	
	that the project would meet the traffic needs upon its commissioning and	
	identify all necessary design refinements and traffic management measures	
	for smooth commissioning, taking account of the latest planning data and	
	updated programme of interfacing projects and nearby developments. As the	
	population intake for Phase 1, Phase 2 and Phase 3 developments will be in	
	years 2030, 2035–36 and 2039–40 respectively, MTRCL shall conduct the said	
	traffic reviews (and implement all necessary improvement measures if	
	required) and seek further comments from relevant departments before its	
	commencement.	

4.	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
	(3) Para. 4.3 - Road P1 is also assumed in the previous "Approved T&TIA". Noting there is noticeable difference in the NH's traffic forecasts (v/c ratios of L5: NH - East of Tai Ho Interchange in 2038 in the previous "Approved T&TIA" are 1.17(EB) and 1.16(WB) while that of this TIA are 0.96(EB) and 0.94(WB)), please clarify if a different set of traffic distributions between NLH and Road P1 is adopted in this TIA.	The traffic forecast of the TIA under the current S16 Application is based on the latest planning and modelling assumption. The implementation of Road P1 is to relieve the traffic pressure on the NLH, cope with the housing and economic developments at North Lantau and enhance the resilience of the North Lantau transport network. The proposed Road P1 will be served as the primary east-west connection parallel to North Lantau Highway (NLH) with direct connection to the new development in Tung Chung New Town Extension. As there is spare capacity on Road P1 based on traffic forecast, it is anticipated that more vehicle could be diverted to Road P1 to relieve the traffic pressure on NLH.
.v.	(4) There is no assessment for the internal roads, western access, eastern access and Shum Shui Kok Drive. We have no comment on these junctions and roads subject to they will be managed and maintained by MTRCL. The future management and maintenance responsibility of the PTI should subject to further deliberation.	Please be advised that assessment for western access was carried out and the results are shown in Tables 5.1 to 5.3 of the TIA report. The performance of the concerned junction at the western access will have a RC of 35% with the Proposed Development in year 2043. RC of 35% with the Proposed Development in year 2043. It is proposed that the internal roads within the Application Site will be managed and maintained by MTRC. Sham Shui Kok Drive is proposed to be upgraded to a standard single 2-lane carriageway with walkway on the side and gradient less than 8%. The eastern assess connecting to Sham Shui Kok Drive will be served as an alternative access connection. It is proposed to hand over western access, eastern access and Sham Shui Kok Drive (other than internal roads) to Government after the completion of the road works. MTRC will liaise with relevant Government departments in due course. It is proposed the PTI will be constructed by MTRC in accordance with Government's technical specifications, and handed over to Government for operation and maintenance subject to further discussion with the

	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
9	tailed design	Noted with thanks.
S S	Comments from Director of Electrical and Mechanical Services Received on 9 December 2021	
7.	Town Gas Safety	A Quantitative Risk Assessment (QRA) for the underground high-pressure
	Please note that there is a high pressure underground town gas transmission	gas pipeline and gas installations had been conducted during the statutory
	pipeline (running along Cheung Tung Road) in the vicinity of the proposed development. In view of the above, a Quantitative Risk Assessment Report has	Outline Zoning Plan (OZP) making process in 2017. The Quantitative Risk Assessment (QRA) was considered acceptable by EMSD on 14 July 2017.
	been submitted from the project proponent to assess the potential risk	
	associated with the gas installations. Having reviewed the captioned	A review on the implication on the potential risk based on the S16 Layout
	submission / proposal, the project proponent / applicant applies for a	Plan (the QRA review) was conducted in July 2021 which EMSD has
	proposed relaxation of non-domestic GFA for commercial use from 30,000m ²	responded no comment in August 2021.
	to 34,500m². In this regard, the project proponent may require to revise and	
	update the QRA report if there is any increase in the number of persons	Please be clarified that 4 nos. of kindergartens are considered under the
	working or living population induced from this amendment.	QRA approved on 14 July 2017, as well as the QRA review in July 2021.
		When compared to the QRA review in July 2021, there is no increase in the
<u>-</u>		number of persons working or living population under the current S16
		Application.
∞	Our comments from a gas supply point of view are as follows:	MTRC has been liaising with Hong Kong and China Gas Company Limited
		(HKCGC) regarding the gas supply for the Proposed Development. It is
	For gas supply perspective, you may wish to contact Hong Kong and China Gas	proposed that HKCGC will extend one 400mm diameter intermediate gas
	Company Limited direct to acquire the current situation of gas supply and	main at the western side of the Application Site and there are two
	confirm the necessity of any new major gas installations for the proposed	proposed gas kiosks in the Proposed Development. The gas supply system,
	development.	In particular the detailed pipe route would be subject to review with HKCGC in the detailed design stage.

Section 16 Planning Application (No. A/I-SHW/1) for Proposed Residential and Commercial Development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot Response-to-comments received from Government Bureaux / Departments

لــا	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
	Comments from Chief Engineer/Construction, Water Supplies Department Received on 9 December 2021	
<u> </u>	9. Section 3.1.1, Appendix IX:	Please be advised that the unit demand of flushing water (m ³ /head/day)
	(1) Please be advised to adopt the unit demand of 70 I/h/d for flushing water	in Section 3.1.1, Appendix IX of the Planning Statement, are reference to
	supply.	Environmental Protection Department (EPD) technical paper Guidelines
		for Estimating Sewage Flows for Sewage Infrastructure Planning (Version
		1.0) Appendix III (3) and (4). The recommended unit demand of 70 I/h/d for flushing water supply will be incorporated in detailed design stage as
		appropriate.
	Comments from Controller, Government Flying Service Received on a December 2021	
•	10 We note the concern from CAD on the NIF GES will listed with CAD to look for	Motod with thanks
	mitigation measures and alternatives should the proposed development	Voted With trigins.
	affect the use of NLE.	
	Comments from Director of Environmental Protection Received on 13 December 2021	
L',	11. 2. Based on the information submitted, it is noted that the current layout plan	Noted with thanks.
	submission covers residential development at Phase 1 to Phase 3 Sites with	
	Phase 4 site reserved for future housing development. It is also understood	
	that separate submission is needed at a later stage when Phase 4	
	development is materialised in future. We have given no major comment (for	
	both the Environmental Assessment (EA) and the application) and have no	
	objection in principle on the subject application proposal including the	
	proposed relaxation of non-domestic GFA restriction from environmental	
	perspective.	
• •		

Section 16 Planning Application (No. A/I-SHW/1) for Proposed Residential and Commercial Development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot Response-to-comments received from Government Bureaux / Departments

	Comments Received from Government Bureaux / Departments	Responses
12	12. 3. The SIA report and RtC have not yet addressed our comment in Item 39 of According to the Environmental Impact Assessment for Siu Ho Wan Depot	According to the Environmental Impact Assessment for Siu Ho Wan Depot
	the RIC. It is the applicant's / developer's responsibility to conduct a SIA which replanning and Siu Ho Wan Station (AEIAR-214/2017) approved in	replanning and Siu Ho Wan Station (AEIAR-214/2017) approved in
	should take into account of the sewage flow from the proposed development November 2017, the sewage flow of Siu Ho Wan Depot and Siu Ho Wan	November 2017, the sewage flow of Siu Ho Wan Depot and Siu Ho Wan
	and other planned and committed developments in the same catchment. In Station is 1,227m ³ /d in ADWF. Thus, after deducting the sewage flow of	Station is 1,227m³/d in ADWF. Thus, after deducting the sewage flow of
	this application, the total allowed sewage flow of 21,300m3/d includes Siu Ho Wan Depot and Siu Ho Wan Station (1,227m³/d), as well as the	Siu Ho Wan Depot and Siu Ho Wan Station $(1,227m^3/d)$, as well as the
	discharges from Phase 1-3 (the Proposed Development), Phase 4 and the SHW sewage flow of Phase 1-3 development (12,679m³/d), the remaining	sewage flow of Phase 1-3 development (12,679 m^3/d), the remaining
	Depot and Station but the SIA only demonstrated the discharge from the capacity will be about 7,394m ³ /d. Please refer to Attachment 1 with the	capacity will be about 7,394m ³ /d. Please refer to Attachment 1 with the
	Proposed Development within the allowed flow. The applicant should provide	nt should provide updated paragraph 5.1.1 of the SIA report with the technical clarification
	future information and revise the response.	added.

Attachment 1

Proposed Residential and Commercial Development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot

5 Conclusion

- A new sewerage system will be provided to serve the proposed residential and commercial development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot to be implemented by phases with the depot replanning and migration, with population intake targeted to commence in Year 2030. Total sewage flow generated from the Proposed Development over the Replanned Depot is estimated to be about 12,679m³/day, which will be discharged to the proposed sewerage system for treatment and disposal at the SHWSTW, as agreed with the Government. According to the Environmental Impact Assessment for Siu Ho Wan Depot Replanning and Siu Ho Wan Station approved in November 2017, the sewage flow of Siu Ho Wan Depot and Siu Ho Wan Station is 1,227m³/day ADWF. DSD has allowed total sewage flow of about 21,300m³/day ADWF from the Proposed Development in the design of the SHWSTW expansion. The remaining capacity will be about 7,394m³/day. There should be sufficient capacity to cater for the ultimate development scenario.
- 5.1.2 Twin DN500 rising mains, which could cater the ultimate development scenarios, will be constructed to convey sewage from SPS to SHWSTW.
- 5.1.3 Sewage generated from the Proposed Development would be discharged to an ultimate SPS located at the eastern end of the Proposed Development to be constructed and managed by the Applicant. No sewage flow from the Proposed Development would be discharged to the existing depot sewers and rising main to ensure clear demarcation of operation, management and maintenance responsibilities from the depot sewerage system.
- 5.1.4 Wastewater generated from the Proposed Development would be collected by the internal sewerage system (including local sump pumps / SPSs and associated rising mains / gravity sewers) before discharging to the ultimate SPS. The arrangements of internal sewerage system are subject to further review at detailed design stage. The ultimate SPS located at ground level of the eastern end of the Proposed Development will convey sewage to SHWSTW via new twin DN500 rising mains. The rising mains will cross below the TCL, AEL and NLH, then run along an existing drainage reserve and maintenance access road at northern edge and verge area and finally discharge to SHWSTW via the newly installed connection flanges.
- 5.1.5 The crossing of twin rising mains below TCL, AEL and NLH will be carried out by pipe jacking with jacking pit located adjacent to the ultimate SPS and receiving pit within existing drainage reserve area. The pipe jacking arrangement will be designed not to conflict with existing utilities. Precautionary and monitoring measures will be implemented. DSD has

confirmed that the Government will be responsible for the maintenance of rising mains within the boundary of SHWSTW.

Detailed Comments of Government Bureaux and Departments

1 Land Administration

Other comments of the Chief Estate Surveyor/Land Supply, Lands Department (LandsD):

- (a) it is noted that there will be no public open space proposed within the Site;
- (b) according to the tentative implementation programme at Annex 7 of Planning Statement, three social welfare facilities at private residential portions and three schools will be provided at the subject development. The applicant shall liaise with the relevant departments for funding and taking up of those facilities;
- (c) noting from Appendix II "Landscape and Tree Preservation and Removal Proposal", some existing trees at Phase 4 are proposed to be felled and all compensatory trees will be planted at Phases 1 to 3. The applicant shall ensure that no compensatory trees shall be planted at Phase 4 for avoidance of future felling of those trees upon development of Phase 4; and
- (d) while it is proposed in para. 7.1.12 of Appendix III "Traffic and Transport Impact Assessment" that the public transport interchange (PTI) will be handed over to the Government, the applicant shall seek agreement from relevant departments for taking up the PTI.

2 Public Housing

Other comments of the Director of Housing:

- (a) based on the preliminary design, a total of about 286 trees could be contributed as new tree planting within the public housing portion, and the final new tree planting number will be subject to detailed design; and
- (b) indicative List of Proposed Plant Species is considered as design reference only. It is understood that the list should not be regarded as any commitment for the public housing portion and flexibility on the plants' selection should be allowed at later design stage.

3 Traffic

Other comments of the Commissioner for Transport:

(a) the traffic impact assessment (TIA) under the current section 16 application does not include the Phase 4 development. Whether the proposed road network could support Phase 4 development is uncertain. A separate TIA for Phase 4 development shall be conducted to ascertain the traffic conditions

- and to suggest traffic mitigation measures for the future section 16 application;
- (b) there is no assessment for the internal roads, western access, eastern access and Shum Shui Kok Drive. They have no comment on these junctions and roads subject to they will be managed and maintained by MTRCL. The future management and maintenance responsibility of the PTI should subject to further deliberation; and
- (c) they reserve their further comments upon submission of the detailed design for the proposed developments atop Siu Ho Wan Depot.

Other comments of the Head of Sustainable Lantau Office, Civil Engineering and Development Department (CEDD):

- (a) preliminary assessment revealed that it is not technically sound to provide two access points at eastern side of Siu Ho Wan Depot Development within short distance (say, one for Phase 3 and one for Phase 4). Therefore it is highly desirable to share use the Road P1's connection with proper design of internal road network for connection to different phases of development. Noted from Drawing No. 2.2 that there will be "FUTURE SINGLE 2-LANE (7.3m) CARRIAGEWAY WITH FOOTPATH" in southern and eastern periphery of Phase 4, consideration to provide suitable connection(s) from the said 7.3m internal carriageway to Phase 4 should be taken;
- (b) please consider to liaise with the Housing Department (HD) and further consider the planning and design of external road connection at the eastern end to Road P1 and internal road connections within different phases of the Siu Ho Wan Development;
- (c) it is noted that "the existing Sham Shui Kok Drive will be upgraded to single 2-lane carriageway, as far as practicable". He wishes to reiterate that neither upgrading/provision of (i) Sham Shui Kok Drive nor (ii) access road in right vicinity of depot is part of the scope of Engineering Study of Road P1 (Tai Ho-Sunny Bay Section).
- (d) as regards "footbridge connection to possible footbridge by Government (Subject to detailed design)", currently CEDD have no plan to provide such footbridges for connection to the topside development;
- (e) one of the possible alignment of Road P1 under consideration would likely route through the existing barging point for train/rail in Siu Ho Wan. Please take note on the potential interfacing issue between barging activities and Road P1. Further meetings and liaisons are required to sort out the interface issue;
- (f) the alignment, promenade, layout, connections, preliminary design, etc of Road P1 are yet to be determined and subject to Road P1 Study. The arrangement for the interface should be subject to Road P1 Study, further discussion among relevant departments / parties, and agreement of CEDD; and

(g) Works Contract No. NL/2020/07 Tung Chung New Town Extension - Tai Ho Interchange has commenced in October 2021. The applicant is reminded to closely liaise with CEDD project team on the interface matters.

4 Environment

Other comments of the Director of Environmental Protection:

- (a) regarding other recommendations of the Advisory Council on the Environment over the design of the proposed development atop Siu Ho Wan Depot, including to provide facilities to enhance the connectivity, walkability and cycling within the project site and to the adjacent waterfront and nearby Tung Chung New Town Extension; design to alleviate landscape and visual impact enlarge the public areas on the ground floor for public enjoyment along the waterfront etc, it is outside Environmental Protection Department's jurisdiction;
- (b) the Government announced the first Hong Kong Roadmap on Popularisation of Electronic Vehicles (EVs) (the Roadmap) in March 2021, setting out the long-term policy objectives and plans to promote the adoption of EVs and their associated supporting facilities in Hong Kong. In addition, the provision of EV charging facilities are crucial to support mass adoption of EVs in order to reach zero vehicular emissions as set under the Hong Kong's Climate Action Plan 2050 which was announced in October 2021; and
- the applicant is advised to take into account the EV charging facilities during the early planning stage of the design of PTI and the parking spaces, by incorporating into the latest requirement and technical guideline regarding the installation of EV charging facilities so as to cater for the anticipated increase in the wider use of EVs.

5 Urban Design, Visual and Air Ventilation

Other comments of the Chief Town Planner/Urban Design and Landscape, Planning Department (CTP/UD&L, PlanD):

- (a) in response to the urban design requirements in the Explanatory Statement (ES) of the Siu Ho Wan Outline Zoning Plan (the OZP), the proposed development has incorporated the following:
 - four 30m-wide air/visual corridors generally aligning in the N-S or E-W directions and six 15m-wide supplementary air/visual corridors aligning in the NW-SE directions;

- curvilinear buildings layout with towers clustered in groups to provide wider building gaps between tower clusters to enhance visual permeability;
- a connectivity proposal to set out pedestrian network, cycle track network and open space network to enhance both internal and external connectivity and walkability within the site and to the adjacent waterfront and nearby areas. Public walkways are proposed along the waterfront podium at L1 level and the green spine with the exact location, opening hours and connections to the nearby areas subject to detailed design and future management;
- biophilic design including buffer plantings, vertical greening, draping and climber plants to reduce the bulkiness of the podium and soften the edges of the podium; and
- terraced podium with podium levels stepping down towards the waterfront. A 1 km-long waterfront podium walkway is provided at podium L1 with pocket open spaces to function as viewing balconies. According to the applicant, further setback of depot from the waterfront is found to be technically not feasible. To allow public access to the waterfront, four vertical connections are proposed to connect the existing seawall service road at ground level and two connection points will be reserved for possible footbridges from the proposed Road P1;
- (b) the proposed development adopts a dynamic building height profile with the general height of each tower clusters gradually descends from central portion towards the waterfront, western end and eastern end. According to the applicant, this dynamic building height profile could mimic the mountain backdrop and offer more visual variation. Under this building height profile, the lowest tower cluster (T1 to T4) is placed nearest to Tai Ho Wan as a transition to the estuary setting;
- (c) an AVA Initial Study (IS) using computational fluid dynamic modelling has been carried out for the baseline scheme and the proposed scheme. As per the ES of the OZP, the proposed scheme has incorporated four breezeways of generally 30m wide and six air paths of generally 15m wide. The simulation results indicate that the Proposed Scheme has slightly higher wind velocity ratios at the immediate vicinity and local environment of the application site when compared with the Baseline Scheme under both annual and summer conditions;
- (d) the applicant should liaise with relevant department(s) regarding the interface treatment and public pedestrian access between the podium deck and the proposed Road P1 or the future waterfront at the detailed design stage;
- (e) the applicant should liaise with relevant department(s)/parties regarding the design and opening hours of the pedestrian connections to the Phase 4 development of the Site; and

(f) the applicant is advised to further explore the feasibility of adopting more permeable building design and materials at the podium floor at the detailed design stage.

Other comments of the Chief Architect/Central Management Division 2, Architectural Services Department (ArchsD):

- (a) the length of most of the residential blocks, except T24, T25, T53 to T56, appear to be more than 60m, which may have adverse impact on the air ventilation and visual permeability. The applicant is advised to comply with the building separation requirements of the design guidelines promulgated in Practice Notes for Authorised Persons APP-152; and
- (b) for proposed social welfare/community facilities/central parks, the applicant is recommended to create a pedestrian-friendly environment by providing barrier-free access/facilities, adequate shading devices, seating area and greening, etc. to enhance enjoyment of the public spaces.

6 Landscape

Other comments of CTP/UD&L, PlanD:

- (a) according to aerial photo of 2021, the Site is currently occupied by Siu Ho Wan Depot of MTRC at the northern part of the Site, including covered workshops and offices, rails, open carparks. The remaining area is covered by groundcover/scrubs with tree groups generally observed along the site boundary. The Site is bounded by seawall to the north, North Lantau Highway to the south, woodlands and Lantau North Extension country park to the further south;
- with reference to the landscape proposal provided by the applicant, there are (b) 562 nos and 175 nos. of existing trees, young to semi-mature size of common species, identified within and outside the Site respectively. All of the trees are proposed to be removed due to conflict with the proposed development and the associated road widening works. Approximately 1,200 nos. of new trees of light to heavy standard size are proposed to be planted within the Site. The estimated population of the Site is 40,500 and the proposed private local open space is not less than 81,000m² (2m² overall open space provision per resident, with 1m² of the open space provision per resident located within the residential development). According to the proposed landscape layout plan which covers Phases 1-3, the landscaping areas are located at 3 different podium levels within the Site, with amenity planting and recreational facilities including children's play areas, outdoor fitness stations: swimming pools, sitting out areas, jogging path and multi-purpose lawn, for the enjoyment of the residents;
- (c) in view that the proposed layout design of phase 4 within the Site boundary is not available in the information provided by the applicant, they reserve

- their right to comment on Phase 4 and its interface until they receive further information; and
- (d) the applicant should note that approval of the section 16 application by the Board does not imply approval of the trees works such as pruning, transplanting and/or felling under lease. Applicant is reminded to approach relevant authority/government department(s) direct to obtain necessary approval on tree works.

7 Others

Other comments of the Director of Fire Services:

the emergency vehicular assess provision in the captioned site shall comply with the standard as stipulated in Section 6, Part D of the Code of Practice for Fire Safety in Buildings 2011 under the Building (Planning) Regulation 41D which is administered by the Buildings Department.

Other comments of the Secretary for Education:

School

(a) safety of students is the prime concern of Education Bureau (EDB). They would be appreciated if the applicant would update on the proposed fire safety measures in the course of the development;

Kindergarten (KG) Provision

(b) it is their responsibility to secure a stable supply of quality KGs at the Government-owned premises to ensure that enough KG provisions for public housing are included according to the Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines so that the KG premises could be allocated under the EDB's prevailing school allocation mechanism to benefit the parents and children;

Schedule of Accommodation (SoA) and GFA for the proposed KGs

(c) the SoA for KG premises has been revised to improve the learning environment by increasing the indoor floor area for each student by 20%. The revised recommended SoA for a 6-classroom KG has come into effect from October 2017 which is recommended for reserving space in developing new KGs as far as practicable, and is available for reference in Appendix 3 of the "Operation Manual for Pre-primary Institutions" (OM). He wishes to point out that the total area for all items excluding toilet and outdoor play area as stated in the revised SoA for a 6-classroom KG is 551m², and they trust that the toilet and sanitary facilities for students and staff should be adequately provided and outdoor play area should be provided whenever possible in the proposed KG. As for a KG with more than 6 classrooms which targets to accommodate greater number of students and school staff, the revised SoA for a 6-classroom may not fully meet

the needs of more students and teaching staff. Under such situation, the applicant may consider to make adjustment to increase the indoor areas (e.g. multi-purpose area/room, small group teaching room, etc.) as far as practicable. Moreover, the applicant may also consider to adjust the numbers and/or size for the items where deemed necessary (e.g. reasonable provision of general facilities, such Staff Office, Administrative Office, General Store, Kitchen, Laundry and Toilet etc. as mentioned in the Appendix 3 of the OM) to cater for the greater number of teaching staff and students as far as practicable; and

Parking and loading/unloading (L/UL) requirements

- (d) regarding parking and L/UL requirements for KG school buses, please refer to the Annex of Chapter 8 "Internal Transport Facilities" of the HKPSG. Besides, he has the following safety concerns on L/UL spaces in respect of KG students' use:
 - (a) the designated L/UL period for KG school buses so as to avoid possible danger to KG students owing to the clash in using the space with other users; and
 - (b) the safety issue for KG students walking between the L/UL spaces to the KG premises.

Meanwhile, the applicant should ascertain the premises for the proposed KG can meet the various requirements laid down in:

- (a) the Education Ordinance, Education Regulations and relevant statutory requirements; and
- (b) "Operation Manual for Pre-primary Institutions".

Other comments of the Director-General of Civil Aviation:

as one of the outdoor noise monitoring terminals of Civil Aviation Department (CAD)'s Aircraft Noise and Flight Track Monitoring System is currently installed at the Siu Ho Wan Depot, the applicant and/or developer is requested to provide suitable re-provisioning of the equipment and in consultation with CAD during planning, development and operation stage of the project.

Other comments of the Director of Leisure and Cultural Services:

- (a) from district management perspective, the proposed connection to the planned waterfront promenade of Tung Chung East is noted;
- (b) the applicant should consult the views of Leisure and Cultural Services Department (LCSD) including but not limited to the design, point of access, opening hours and access right once available. The applicant is requested to forward the drawings of the proposed connection for LCSD's further comments; and

(c) from tree maintenance point of view, as the planned waterfront promenade of Tung Chung East will be beyond their regional tree team's purview, they have no comment to offer.

Other comments of the Director of Electrical and Mechanical Services:

Electricity

(a) CLP Power Hong Kong Limited (CLP) should be responsible for the planning, design, construction (except customer substation provided by the developer), operation and maintenance of the electricity supply facilities to meet the electricity demand of the concerned development. In case the need for any additional electricity supply facilities (i.e. a new electricity substation) is identified by CLP, CLP would submit new project proposals to Environment Bureau (ENB) and Electrical and Mechanical Services Department would provide technical support to ENB in assessing the project proposals. As such, The applicant is advised to liaise closely with CLP regarding the electricity supply arrangement and schedule to meet the need of the development; and

Town Gas Safety

(b) for gas supply perspective, the applicant may wish to contact Hong Kong and China Gas Company Limited direct to acquire the current situation of gas supply and confirm the necessity of any new major gas installations for the proposed development;

Other comments of the Director of Food and Environmental Hygiene:

the applicant's attention is drawn to other planned developments in the vicinity, including their Siu Ho Wan columbarium development at Sham Shui Kok Drive. For Siu Ho Wan columbarium project, CEDD is their works agent for the site formation works and ArchsD is their works agent for the columbarium building works. The applicant may wish to liaise with CEDD and ArchSD for any technical interfacing issues.

参考編號

Reference Number:

211108-181121-11727

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

19/11/2021

5-

提交日期及時間.

Date and time of submission:

08/11/2021 18:11:21

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

A/I-SHW/1

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. KK Cheung

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

本人對這個工程項目有以下的意見:

1 在工程進行期間,噪音(空氣,聲音,光線)將會對附近村民造成影響,空氣污濁,塵土飛揚,聲浪有機會超出合理水平,工地的強烈光線會對附近村民造成滋擾,也包括生物在內。有關部門有什麼方法控制措施解決以上間題。

- 2 交通方面會否有大型重型工程進出鄉村附近,及假人也有很多遊人在該區進行戶外活動,如何避免造成危害。
- 3 樓宇及建築物的高度會否對大濠灣區景觀造成破壞。
- 4 對當地區的風水環境會否遭到破壞破壞,有關部門有什麼方案解決。
- 5工程項目位於大濠灣區附近,工程進行期間或日後會否對整區的生態環境影響,無論現在或將來,在有影響情況下,需要可行方案。

參考編號

Reference Number:

211115-144108-46637

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

19/11/2021

5-2

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

15/11/2021 14:41:08

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

A/I-SHW/1

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. Edmond Fong for The Hong Kong and China Gas Company Limited

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

Since the proposed development is in the close vicinity to our High Pressure gas pipeline at Cheung Tung Road, the project proponent should conduct a Quantitative Risk Assessment to evaluate the potential risk and determine the necessary mitigation measures if required. The project proponent should consult our company in the design stage and close coordinate with our company during the construction stage and provide protective measures.

參考編號

Reference Number:

211117-131404-47339

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

19/11/2021

5-3

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

17/11/2021 13:14:04

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

A/I-SHW/1

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. K C Lam

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

本人是大嶼山牛牯塱村村民,對小蠔灣車廠的發展有以下的意見:

1本人反對現行規劃的位置,因為此位置嚴重破壞位於大蠔灣的原居民墳場風水,極有可能造成村民人命傷亡;

2. 現時選址貼近大蠔灣之特殊科學價值用地,填海造地將會嚴重影響環境生態,造成各類型的污染。大蠔灣附近村落牛牯塱村、白芒村、大蠔的村民倚賴海洋資源生活,填海嚴重影響村民的生計;

3一排排的大厦阻擋鮮風流入大牛牯塱、大蠔村,白芒村嚴重破壞村落的風水;

4 村民從周邊發展中沒有任何好處,周邊的發展只帶來破壞風水;環境污染,村民承受風水破壞及污染所帶來的惡果,所以必須向村民作出補償。

參考編號

Reference Number:

211118-191538-05163

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

5-18

19/11/2021

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

18/11/2021 19:15:38

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

A/I-SHW/I

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. Cheng ho koon

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

Siu Ho Wan Depot Development Public Consultation Opinion

(A) Transport Interchange

It is important to have the proposed transport interchange in the development, which if planned properly can address the current deficiency in transport interchange facilities in this part of Lant au Island. Currently in morning time lots of Discovery Bay (DB) residents take Discovery Bay s huttle buses to Sunny Bay where they park their cars. Sunny Bay is a transport interchange hub serving DB residents. With the proposed interchange in Siu Ho Wan depot development (SHW D) it is more convenient and environmental for DB residents to park their cars there and change

There are 600 parking spaces in Sunny Bay, same number of parking shall be provided in SHW D interchange. Three 12m long shuttle bus bays shall be reserved for DB shuttle buses. Two for residents' buses which are currently commuting between DB and Sunny Bay, one for picking up and drop off of DB hotel, golf club and future multi-recreation centre customers since these facilities are or will be open to the public. Associated bus regulation and reception office shall also be provided.

(B) Commercial Facilities and GFA

The proposed commercial GFA shall be increased. The proposed number of residential units are a lot more than DB, yet the proposed commercial GFA is similar to that in DB. It is obviously in sufficient to cater for the proposed residential units.

(C) Transportation Network

DB buses can access from Cheung Tung Road via new Tai Ho roundabout to SHWD. However, the return trip is much longer and more inconvenient without new Siu Ho roundabout. Convenient and more direct traffic route between DB and SHWD is an important back up to Lantau Island. A few years ago Kap Shui Mun Bridge was hit by a tugboat crane. The only road connection between Lantau Island and Kowloon was shut down. DB ferry service was the only major public transportation service to mitigate the resultant chaos. Although there is new Tuen Mum - Chek Lap Kok Link Road, the back up by DB ferry is still important between Lantau and HK Island. Better transportations between DB and SHWD also facilitate future SHWD residents to access public facilities in DB, e.g. the beach, golf course, multi-recreation centre, ice rink and international schools.

(D) Locations of these Facilities
The proposed MTRC station is in the western end of the development, about 1km away from the furthest residential block in the east. It is more logical to have the station in a more central locati on. The same logic also applies to the proposed transport interchange, park and ride carpark, sho pping facilities, etc. that serve all residents.

参考編號

Reference Number:

211118-234522-44695

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

19/11/2021

5-19

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

18/11/2021 23:45:22

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

A/I-SHW/1

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. Lam Chu

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

A/I-SHW/1

本人对此規劃提出反对意見列下:

- (1) 有關該位置擁大型建築群,正面对不足1公里,俱極佳玄學風水三條村祖墳墓地,存在破壞性深遠影响,对後族群及現在均事事不利,本人提出強烈反对此規劃,
- (2) 約20年前有村民用自己地,申請合資格兩幢丁屋,均遭到不批出,理由是(有礙大蠔污景觀) 另人費解,20年後這(有礙大蠔污景觀) 政府要規劃要地產增加庫房收益,理由就不存在,本人对此規劃提出意見反对。
- (3) 審劃前规劃中政府公佈有,公屋及居屋供應須求,最近改为無上两項公居屋群,全為 私人樓房,民生不重要嗎?因此本人提出意見反对。
- (4) 在1公里內,是大蠔河有特殊价值保育区且排全港第3位,区內有祖堂農地近2公頃, 更擁有不小私人農地在內,至今仍全無改善保育資助出現,对業杈人实在太不公平同不 合理,若果此規劃進行,对這区有嚴重污染到時還值得保育嗎?
- (5) 有大量人流,車流,污染廢氣,吹入三條寧静安逸鄉村,宜居宜樂只有空口講大話, 本人非常嚴重關注此規劃,並提出意見反对。

完畢。大嶼山牛牯塱村村民 林珠

参考編號

Reference Number:

211119-095320-43783

提交限期

Deadline for submission:

19/11/2021

5-21

提交日期及時間

Date and time of submission:

19/11/2021 09:53:20

有關的規劃申請編號

The application no. to which the comment relates:

「提意見人」姓名/名稱

Name of person making this comment:

先生 Mr. Tommy C

意見詳情

Details of the Comment:

Support. More housing development!!

tpbpd@pland.gov.hk

寄件者:

寄件日期:

2021年11月19日星期五 21:25

收件者:

tpbpc

主旨:

A/I-SHW/1 DD 346L, Siu Ho Wan MTR Depot, Lantau

5-22

A/I-SHW/1

Siu Ho Wan Depot, Lot 143 in D.D.346L, Lantau

Site area: About 300,658sq.m

Zoning: "Other Specified Uses" annotated "Railway Depot and Public Transport Interchange with

Commercial/Residential Development"

Applied development: 56 Blocks / 10,720 Private + 4,280 Public Flats / 170mPD / OS 80,000sq.m /

Commercial/ Railway Station Concourse & Depot / PTI / 14 SWD facilities / 2 Primary/1 Secondary Schools

/ 4 Kindergarten / 5385 Vehicle Parking / Relaxation of Non-domestic GFA Commercial Use

Dear TPB Members,

Yet another plan to enrich the MTR. The blurp states "The development will provide a total of about 20,000 residential units in the medium to long term, of which around 50% will be public housing flats, mainly subsidised sale flats. So in other words NO units for rent to grass roots families living in substandard conditions while they wait for years for public housing. I note that MTR does not mention 'resolving the housing problem'. However:

20 Dec 2020: Mrs Lam announced in her 2020 Policy Address that the Outline Zoning Plan for the Siu Ho Wan Depot site topside development of the MTRCL had been drawn up and that, based on the latest assessment, it is expected that the site may provide about 20 000 residential units in the medium to long term, of which around 50 per cent will be public housing.

"Indeed, our efforts over the years in increasing housing supply have started to pay off. As I announced earlier, the Government has identified 330 hectares of land required for providing **316 000 public housing units** to meet the demand for public housing units in the coming 10 years as stated in the Long Term Housing Strategy Annual Progress Report 2020. That land has not included the Siu Ho Wan Depot development project."

Public Housing as far as the community is concerned = homes for rent.

The private units will get the better locations while the subsidized housing will be fitted in the left over spaces.

Moreover the private units will be built first, all of the quota. Only 4,280 subsidized units planned for Phase 1-3. Phase 4 will be reserved for future expansion to provide about 6,200 public housing flats, **mainly subsidised sale flats**. So some time in the distant future the bulk of the promised affordable housing MAY be developed.

But while the housing units will delayed, MTR is claiming "a relaxation of 4,500m2 GFA is applied for TPB's consideration to allow commercial operation of the 4 kindergartens.

But why four kindergartens if the affordable housing MAY OR MAY NOT be developed?

MTR of course would then use the additional space for commercial purposes.

Schools and various social welfare facilities will be provided as required by the Government. So in other words tax payers will fund the community facilities while MTR pockets all the revenue from the sale of the units.

The schools are sandwiched between the towers with no views, wall effect surroundings and poor ventilation.

There is mention of a bicycle park but in formation with regard to how many places to be provided and if the parking is protected from the elements.

It is difficult to make comment on the community facilities as little detail has been provided.

The demand for private units at the location is questionable. The recent tender for a MTR site at Tung Chung was withdrawn because developers had little confidence in the potential. Why all the units at this site are to be for sale is unacceptable.

That the project is a transfer of benefits to the MTR is very clear.

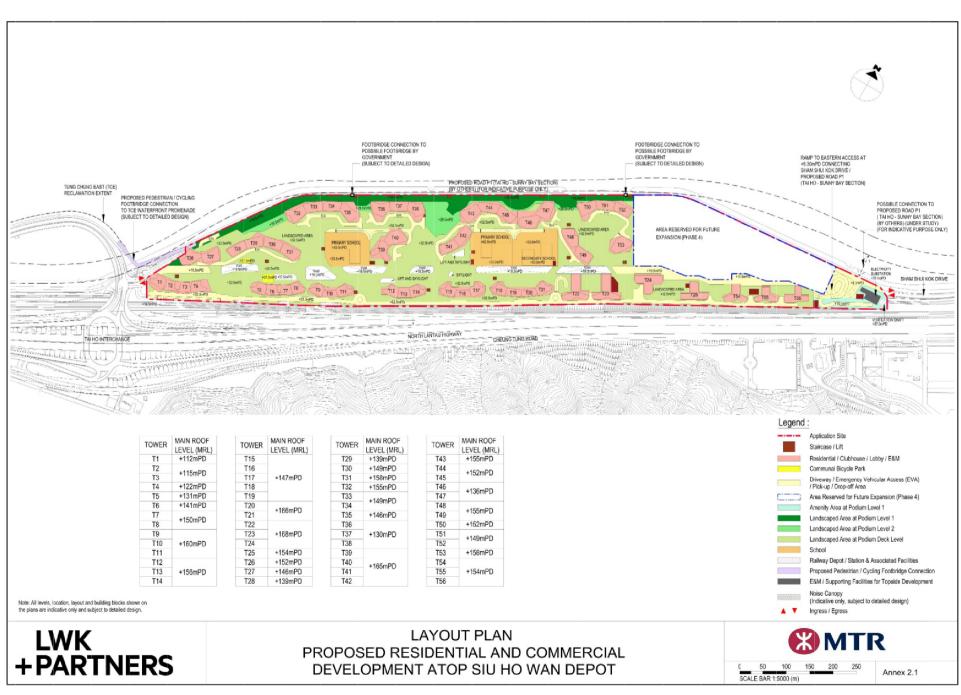
Mary Mulvihill

Comparison between Indicative Scheme and Proposed Scheme

Development Parameters/Facilities	Indicative scheme (a)	Proposed Scheme (b)	Difference (b) - (a)	Remarks
Site Area (about)	30 ha	30 ha	No change	In line with the "OU(RDPTICRD)" zone on the OZP
Development Area (about)	30 ha	25 ha ·	-5 ha	
GFA➤ Domestic➤ Non-domestic for Commercial Use	1,040,000m ² 30,000m ²	1,040,000m ² 34,500m ²	No change +4,500m ²	A maximum domestic GFA of 1,040,000m ² and a non-domestic GFA of 30,000m ² for commercial use as stipulated in the Notes of the OZP
No. of Blocks	108	56	-52	
No. of Flats (about) > Private > Public	14,000 Not specified Not specified	15,000 10,720 4,280	+1,000 N/A N/A	A total of about 14,000 flats according to the indicative scheme as mentioned in the ES of the OZP
Anticipated Population (about) ➤ Private ➤ Public	37,800 Not specified Not specified	40,500 28,944 11,556	+2,700 N/A N/A	A total population of about 37,800 according to the indicative scheme stated in ES of the OZP
Building Height (about)	86mPD to 106mPD (top roof level)	112mPD to 168mPD (main roof level, top roof level not more than 180mPD)	+37m to +74m (main roof level)	The building height of the residential towers ranging from 86mPD to 106mPD according to the indicative scheme as mentioned in the ES of the OZP
Podium ➤ No. of Storeys ➤ Lowest Level ➤ Highest Level	3 +19.1mPD +26.5mPD	4 +19.5mPD +32.5mPD	+1 storey +0.4m +6m	
Open Space	Not less than 75,600m ²	Not less than 81,000m ²	+5,400m ²	A minimum of 75,600m ² open space as stated in the ES of the OZP
Schools (30-classroom each) > Primary > Secondary	3 Not specified Not specified	3 2 1	No change N/A N/A	Three 30-classroom schools as stated in the ES of the OZP
Kindergartens	24 classrooms (Four 6-classroom)	29 classrooms (One 8-classroom and Three 7-classroom)	+5 classrooms	24 kindergarten classrooms as stated in the ES of the OZP
Social Welfare Facilities	Not specified (Not less than 4,000m²)	14 facilities (16,435m ²)	N/A (+12,435m²)	A minimum of 4,000m ² GFA for social welfare facilities as stated in the ES of the OZP

Development Parameters/Facilities	Indicative scheme (a)	Proposed Scheme (b)	Difference (b) - (a)	Remarks
Public Transport Interchange (PTI)	1 (about 9,000m²)	1 (about 10,000m²)	No change (+1,000m ²)	A PTI as stated in the ES of the OZP
Parking Spaces Private Car ➤ Residential (Residents) ➤ Residential (Visitors) ➤ Commercial ➤ Schools and Kindergartens	3,953 459 237 34	4,677 280 200 34	+724 -179 -37 No change	
Motorcycle ➤ Residential ➤ Commercial	140 24	148 20	+8 -4	
Light Goods Vehicle (LGV) ➤ Residential ➤ Social Welfare Facilities	0 Not specified	18 1	+18 N/A	
Private Light Bus (PLB)/24-Seater Van with Tail Lift ➤ Social Welfare Facilities	Not specified	6	N/A	
Bicycle ➤ Residential (Residents) ➤ Communal	277 0	365 500	+88 +500	
Loading/Unloading Spaces				
Taxi ➤ Schools and Kindergartens	42	48	+6	
Coach ➤ Schools and Kindergartens	17	17	No change	
LGV ➤ Commercial	20-26	25	-1 to +5	
Heavy Goods Vehicles ➤ Residential ➤ Commercial ➤ Social Welfare Facilities	108 10-12 Not specified	63 13 1	-45 +1 to +3 N/A	
PLB and Ambulance (shared use) ➤ Social Welfare Facilities	Not specified	2	N/A	

INDICATIVE SCHEME
(Source: Report on Proposed Comprehensive Residential And
Commercial Development Atop Siu Ho Wan Depot, Lantau prepared by MTRCL in December 2017)



Recommended Advisory Clauses

- (a) to note the following comments of the Chief Estate Surveyor/Land Supply, Lands Department (LandsD):
 - (i) if the planning application is approved by the Board, owner of the Lot is required to apply to LandsD for modification of the current lease conditions (possibly by way of a land exchange). Such application(s) will be considered by LandsD acting in the capacity of Landlord as its sole discretion and subject to policy clearance. In the event any such application(s) is/are approved, it would be subject to such terms and conditions including, among others, the payment of premium and administrative fee as imposed by LandsD at its sole discretion;
 - (ii) according to the tentative implementation programme at Annex 7 of Planning Statement, three social welfare facilities at private residential portions and three schools will be provided at the subject development. The applicant shall liaise with the relevant departments for funding and taking up of those facilities
 - (iii) noting from Appendix II "Landscape and Tree Preservation and Removal Proposal", some existing trees at Phase 4 are proposed to be felled and all compensatory trees will be planted at Phases 1 to 3. The applicant shall ensure that no compensatory trees shall be planted at Phase 4 for avoidance of future felling of those trees upon development of Phase 4; and
 - (iv) while it is proposed in para. 7.1.12 of Appendix III "Traffic and Transport Impact Assessment" that the public transport interchange (PTI) will be handed over to the Government, the applicant shall seek agreement from relevant departments for taking up the PTI;
- (b) to note the following comments of the Commissioner for Transport:
 - (i) the traffic impact assessment (TIA) under the current section 16 application does not include the Phase 4 development. Whether the proposed road network could support Phase 4 development is uncertain. A separate TIA for Phase 4 development shall be conducted to ascertain the traffic conditions and to suggest traffic mitigation measures for the future section 16 application;
 - (ii) there is no assessment for the internal roads, western access, eastern access and Shum Shui Kok Drive. They have no comment on these junctions and roads subject to they will be managed and maintained by MTRCL. The future management and maintenance responsibility of the PTI should subject to further deliberation; and
 - (iii) they reserve their further comments upon submission of the detailed design for the proposed developments atop Siu Ho Wan Depot;

- (c) to note the following comments of the Head of Sustainable Lantau Office, Civil Engineering and Development Department (CEDD):
 - (i) the applicant should continue to closely liaise with CEDD and their consultants for Engineering Study on Road P1 (Tai Ho Sunny Bay Section) (Road P1 Study) to identify and resolve project interface issues including but not limited to access points, road/footbridge connection, programme, etc. to ensure that the design and construction of Road P1 (Tai Ho Sunny Bay Section) will not be unduly affected;
 - (ii) it is highly desirable to share use the Road P1's connection with proper design of internal road network for connection to different phases of development. Noted from Drawing No. 2.2 that there will be "FUTURE SINGLE 2-LANE (7.3m) CARRIAGEWAY WITH FOOTPATH" in southern and eastern periphery of Phase 4, consideration to provide suitable connection(s) from the said 7.3m internal carriageway to Phase 4 should be taken;
 - (iii) to liaise with the Housing Department (HD) and further consider the planning and design of external road connection at the eastern end to Road P1 and internal road connections within different phases of the Siu Ho Wan Development;
 - (iv) neither upgrading/provision of (i) Sham Shui Kok Drive nor (ii) access road in right vicinity of depot is part of the scope of Road P1 Study;
 - (v) as regards "footbridge connection to possible footbridge by Government (Subject to detailed design)", currently CEDD have no plan to provide such footbridges for connection to the topside development;
 - (vi) to take note on the potential interfacing issue between barging activities and Road P1. Further meetings and liaisons are required to sort out the interface issue;
 - (vii) the alignment, promenade, layout, connections, preliminary design, etc of Road P1 are yet to be determined and subject to Road P1 Study. The arrangement for the interface should be subject to Road P1 Study, further discussion among relevant departments / parties, and agreement of CEDD; and
 - (viii) Works Contract No. NL/2020/07 Tung Chung New Town Extension Tai Ho Interchange has commenced in October 2021. The applicant is reminded to closely liaise with CEDD project team on the interface matters;
- (d) to note the following comments of the Director of Environmental Protection:
 - (i) under the current layout plan, the depot is proposed to be replanned to the Phase 1 to Phase 3 sites (about 25 ha). This is different from the design originally proposed in the 'Siu Ho Wan Station and Siu Ho Wan Depot Replanning Works' and stipulated in the Environmental Permit (EP) (i.e. with the depot spreading across the Phase 1 to Phase 4 sites). While this adjustment in layout is not expected to create adverse environmental

- implications, the applicant is reminded nonetheless to observe the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance and submit application for variation of an EP as necessary;
- (ii) the Government announced the first Hong Kong Roadmap on Popularisation of Electronic Vehicles (EVs) (the Roadmap) in March 2021, setting out the long-term policy objectives and plans to promote the adoption of EVs and their associated supporting facilities in Hong Kong. In addition, the provision of EV charging facilities are crucial to support mass adoption of EVs in order to reach zero vehicular emissions as set under the Hong Kong's Climate Action Plan 2050 which was announced in October 2021; and
- (iii) the applicant is advised to take into account the EV charging facilities during the early planning stage of the design of PTI and the parking spaces, by incorporating into the latest requirement and technical guideline regarding the installation of EV charging facilities so as to cater for the anticipated increase in the wider use of EVs;
- (e) to note the following comments of the Chief Town Planner/Urban Design & Landscape, Planning Department:
 - (i) the applicant should liaise with relevant department(s) regarding the interface treatment and public pedestrian access between the podium deck and the proposed Road P1 or the future waterfront at the detailed design stage;
 - (ii) the applicant should liaise with relevant department(s)/parties regarding the design and opening hours of the pedestrian connections to the Phase 4 development of the Site;
 - (iii) the applicant is advised to further explore the feasibility of adopting more permeable building design and materials at the podium floor at the detailed design stage.
 - (iv) in view that the proposed layout design of phase 4 within the site boundary is not available in the information provided by the applicant, they reserve their right to comment on Phase 4 and its interface until they receive further information; and
 - (v) the applicant should note that approval of the section 16 application by the Board does not imply approval of the trees works such as pruning, transplanting and/or felling under lease. Applicant is reminded to approach relevant authority/government department(s) direct to obtain necessary approval on tree works;
- (f) to note the following comments of the Chief Architect/Central Management Division 2, Architectural Services Department (ArchsD):
 - (i) the length of most of the residential blocks, except T24, T25, T53 to T56, appear to be more than 60m, which may have adverse impact on the air ventilation and visual permeability. The applicant is advised to comply with the building separation requirements of the design guidelines promulgated in Practice Notes for Authorised Persons APP-152; and

- (ii) for proposed social welfare/community facilities/central parks, the applicant is recommended to create a pedestrian-friendly environment by providing barrier-free access/facilities, adequate shading devices, seating area and greening, etc. to enhance enjoyment of the public spaces;
- (g) to note the comments of the Director of Fire Services that the emergency vehicular assess provision in the captioned site shall comply with the standard as stipulated in Section 6, Part D of the Code of Practice for Fire Safety in Buildings 2011 under the Building (Planning) Regulation 41D which is administered by the Buildings Department;
- (h) to note the following comments of the Secretary for Education:
 - (i) the applicant should update on the proposed fire safety measures in the course of the development;
 - the Schedule of Accommodation (SoA) for kindergarten (KG) premises has been revised to improve the learning environment by increasing the indoor floor area for each student by 20%. The revised recommended SoA for a 6-classroom KG has come into effect from October 2017 which is recommended for reserving space in developing new KGs as far as practicable, and is available for reference in Appendix 3 of the "Operation Manual for Pre-primary Institutions" (OM). He wishes to point out that the total area for all items excluding toilet and outdoor play area as stated in the revised SoA for a 6-classroom KG is 551m², and they trust that the toilet and sanitary facilities for students and staff should be adequately provided and outdoor play area should be provided whenever possible in the proposed KG. As for a KG with more than 6 classrooms which targets to accommodate greater number of students and school staff, the revised SoA for a 6-classroom may not fully meet the needs of more students and teaching staff. Under such situation, the applicant may consider to make adjustment to increase the indoor areas (e.g. multi-purpose area/room, small group teaching room, etc.) as far as practicable. Moreover, the applicant may also consider to adjust the numbers and/or size for the items where deemed necessary (e.g. reasonable provision of general facilities, such Staff Office, Administrative Office, General Store, Kitchen, Laundry and Toilet etc. as mentioned in the Appendix 3 of the OM) to cater for the greater number of teaching staff and students as far as practicable, and
 - (iii) regarding parking and loading/unloading (L/UL) requirements for KG school buses, please refer to the Annex of Chapter 8 "Internal Transport Facilities" of the Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines. Besides, he has the following safety concerns on L/UL spaces in respect of KG students' use:
 - (a) the designated L/UL period for KG school buses so as to avoid possible danger to KG students owing to the clash in using the space with other users; and
 - (b) the safety issue for KG students walking between the L/UL spaces to the KG premises.

Meanwhile, the applicant should ascertain the premises for the proposed KG can meet the various requirements laid down in:

- (a) the Education Ordinance, Education Regulations and relevant statutory requirements; and
- (b) "Operation Manual for Pre-primary Institutions";
- (i) to note the comments of the Director-General of Civil Aviation that as one of the outdoor noise monitoring terminals of Civil Aviation Department (CAD)'s Aircraft Noise and Flight Track Monitoring System is currently installed at the Siu Ho Wan Depot, the applicant and/or developer is requested to provide suitable re-provisioning of the equipment and in consultation with CAD during planning, development and operation stage of the project;
- (j) to note the comments of the Director of Leisure and Cultural Services that the applicant should consult the views of Leisure and Cultural Services Department (LCSD) including but not limited to the design, point of access, opening hours and access right once available. The applicant is requested to forward the drawings of the proposed connection for LCSD's further comments;
- (k) to note the following comments of the Director of Electrical and Mechanical Services:
 - (i) the applicant is advised to liaise closely with CLP Power Hong Kong Limited regarding the electricity supply arrangement and schedule to meet the need of the development; and
 - (ii) the applicant may wish to contact Hong Kong and China Gas Company Limited direct to acquire the current situation of gas supply and confirm the necessity of any new major gas installations for the proposed development; and
- (l) to note the comments of the Director of Food and Environmental Hygiene that the applicant's attention is drawn to other planned developments in the vicinity, including their Siu Ho Wan columbarium development at Sham Shui Kok Drive. For Siu Ho Wan columbarium project, CEDD is their works agent for the site formation works and ArchsD is their works agent for the columbarium building works. The applicant may wish to liaise with CEDD and ArchSD for any technical interfacing issues.