1 4 AUG 2023

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ever the application only upon receipt
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APPLICATION FOR PERMISSION UNDER SECTION 16 OF THE TOWN PLANNING ORDINANCE (CAP.131)

根據《城市規劃條例》(第131章) 第16條號交的許可申請

Applicable to proposals not involving or not only involving: 適用於建議不涉及或不祇涉及:

- (i) Construction of "New Territories Exempted House(s)"; 興建「新界豁免管制屋宇」;
- (ii) Temporary use/development of land and/or building not exceeding 3 years in rural areas; and 位於鄉郊地區土地上及/或建築物內進行為期不超過三年的臨時用途/發展;及
- (iii) Renewal of permission for temporary use or development in rural areas 位於鄉郊地區的臨時用途或發展的許可續期

Applicant who would like to publish the <u>notice of application</u> in local newspapers to meet one of the Town Planning Board's requirements of taking reasonable steps to obtain consent of or give notification to the current land owner, please refer to the following link regarding publishing the notice in the designated newspapers: https://www.info.gov.hk/tpb/en/plan_application/apply.html

申請人如欲在本地報章刊登<u>申請通知</u>,以採取城市規劃委員會就取得現行土地擁有人的同意或通知現行土地擁有人所指定的其中一項合理步驟,請瀏覽以下網址有關在指定的報章刊登通知: https://www.info.gov.hk/tpb/tc/plan_application/apply.html

General Note and Annotation for the Form 填寫表格的一般指引及註解

- "Current land owner" means any person whose name is registered in the Land Registry as that of an owner of the land to which the application relates, as at 6 weeks before the application is made 「現行土地擁有人」指在提出申請前六星期,其姓名或名稱已在土地註冊處註冊為該申請所關乎的土地的擁有人的人
- & Please attach documentary proof 請夾附證明文件
- ^ Please insert number where appropriate 請在適當地方註明編號

Please fill "NA" for inapplicable item 請在不適用的項目填寫「不適用」

Please use separate sheets if the space provided is insufficient 如所提供的空間不足,請另頁說明

Please insert a 「ノ」 at the appropriate box 請在適當的方格内上加上「ノ」號

For Official Use Only	Application No. 申請編號	A (YE-MP/ 355
請勿填寫此欄	Date Received 收到日期	1 4 AUG 2023

- 1. The completed form and supporting documents (if any) should be sent to the Secretary, Town Planning Board (the Board), 15/F, North Point Government Offices, 333 Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong. 申請人須把填妥的申請表格及其他支持申請的文件 (倘有),送交香港北角渣華道 333 號北角政府合署 15 樓城市規劃委員會(下稱「委員會」)秘書收。
- 2. Please read the "Guidance Notes" carefully before you fill in this form. The document can be downloaded from the Board's website at http://www.info.gov.hk/tpb/. It can also be obtained from the Secretariat of the Board at 15/F, North Point Government Offices, 333 Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong (Tel: 2231 4810 or 2231 4835), and the Planning Enquiry Counters of the Planning Department (Hotline: 2231 5000) (17/F, North Point Government Offices, 333 Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong and 14/F, Sha Tin Government Offices, 1 Sheung Wo Che Road, Sha Tin, New Territories). 請先細閱《申請須知》的資料單張,然後填寫此表格。該份文件可從委員會的網頁下載(網址: http://www.info.gov.hk/tpb/),亦可向委員會秘書處 (香港北角渣華道 333 號北角政府合署 15 樓 電話: 2231 4810 或 2231 4835)及規劃署的規劃資料查詢處(熱線: 2231 5000) (香港北角渣華道 333 號北角政府合署 17 樓及新界沙田上禾輋路 1 號沙田政府合署 14 樓)索取。
- 3. This form can be downloaded from the Board's website, and obtained from the Secretariat of the Board and the Planning Enquiry Counters of the Planning Department. The form should be typed or completed in block letters. The processing of the application may be refused if the required information or the required copies are incomplete. 此表格可從委員會的網頁下載,亦可向委員會秘書處及規劃署的規劃資料查詢處索取。申請人須以打印方式或以正楷填寫表格。如果申請人所提交的資料或文件副本不齊全,委員會可拒絕處理有關申請。

1. Name of Applicant 申請人姓名/名稱

(□Mr. 先生 /□Mrs. 夫人 /□Miss 小姐 /□Ms. 女士 / □ Company 公司 /□ Organisation 機構)

CLP Power Hong Kong Limited

2. Name of Authorised Agent (if applicable) 獲授權代理人姓名/名稱(如適用)

(□Mr. 先生 /□Mrs. 夫人 /□Miss 小姐 /□Ms. 女士 / ਊ Company 公司 /□Organisation 機構)

Pacific Extend Limited

3. Application Site 申請地點 GOVERNMENT LAND in DD101. Full address / location (a) demarcation district and lot YUEN LONG number (if applicable) 詳細地址/地點/丈量約份及 地段號碼(如適用) 79.7x0.3 = 23.9Site area and/or gross floor area sq.m 平方米 🗹 About 約 ☑Site area 地盤面積 involved 涉及的地盤面積及/或總樓面面 □Gross floor area 總樓面面積 sq.m 平方米□About 約 Area of Government land included 79.7x0.3 = 23.9(if any) sq.m 平方米 🗹 About 約 所包括的政府土地面積(倘有)

_							
(d)	statuto	ne and number of the related atory plan(s) S/YL-MP/6 S/YL-MP/6					
(e)		and use zone(s) involved Conservation Area					
(f)	Curren 現時用	t use(s)	100 20 gr	Foot	path		
	光吋九) ZL:		plan and specify th	e use and gross floor a	rea)	facilities, please illustrate on 並註明用途及總樓面面積)
4.	"Curi	rent Land Ow	ner" of A	pplication Site	申請地點的「	現行土地	2擁有人」
The	applican	t 申請人 -		HILL TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY			
	is the so 是唯一	ole "current land o 的「現行土地擁	owner'* ^{&} (pl 有人」 ^{#&} (訂	ease proceed to Pa 青繼續填寫第 6 部	t 6 and attach docum分,並夾附業權證	nentary proof。 明文件)。	of ownership).
	is one of the "current land owners"** (please attach documentary proof of ownership). 是其中一名「現行土地擁有人」** (請夾附業權證明文件)。						
	is not a "current land owner" [*] . 並不是「現行土地擁有人」 [*] 。						
7	The application site is entirely on Government land (please proceed to Part 6). 申請地點完全位於政府土地上(請繼續填寫第 6 部分)。						
5.	Statement on Owner's Consent/Notification 就土地擁有人的同意/通知土地擁有人的陳述						
(a)							
(b)	The ap	plicant 申請人 -					
	_ ha	s obtained conser	nt(s) of	"current la	nd owner(s)".	*	
	E		名「	現行土地擁有人	」"的同意。		
	I	Details of consent	of"current	land owner(s)"# ob	tained 取得「現行	_厅 土地擁有人	」"同意的詳情
	1	No. of 'Current Land Owner(s)' 「現行土地擁有 人」數目	Registry wl	here consent(s) has/	s as shown in the reconnected been obtained 司意的地段號碼/處		Date of consent obtained (DD/MM/YYYY) 取得同意的日期 (日/月/年)
		×					41
*							x ₁₂
			2.				
	(P	lease use separate s	heets if the si	pace of any box above	e is insufficient. 如上	列任何方格的空	 E間不足,請另頁說明)

L	Details of the "cur	rent land owner(s)" n	otified 已獲達	通知「現行土地	擁有人」"	的詳細資料	
L	No. of 'Current and Owner(s)' 「現行土地擁 「人」數目	Lot number/address of Land Registry where 根據土地註冊處記錄	notification(s)	has/have been gi	ven	Date of notific given (DD/MM/YYYY 通知日期(日/月	Y)
		· =		a		9	
	٠				n		
					The second secon		
(Pl	ease use separate sl	neets if the space of any b	ox above is insu	fficient. 如上列任	何方格的空	間不足,請另頁該	記明]
己	採取合理步驟以	e steps to obtain conse 取得土地擁有人的同 Obtain Consent of Ov	意或向該人發	給通知。詳情如	下:	勺合理步驟	
	sent request fo	r consent to the "curre (日/月/年)向	nt land owner(s)" on		(DD/MM/YYY	′Y) [‡]
Re	asonable Steps to	Give Notification to C	Owner(s) 恒	上地擁有人發出法	通知所採取	2的合理步驟	
		ces in local newspaper (日/月/年)在				YY)&	
		n a prominent position(DD/MM/Y		lication site/pren	nises on		
	於	(日/月/年)在	申請地點/申	請處所或附近的	的顯明位置	貼出關於該申請	的刻
С				(DD/MM/Y)	(YY)&	committee(s)/mar 員會/互助委員會	
Ot	hers 其他						
	others (please 其他(請指明						
	*	59:					
	*						-
	***************************************			*			er and

6.	Type(s)	of Application 申請類別					
	Type (i) 第(i)類	Change of use within existing building or part thereof 更改現有建築物或其部分內的用途					
1	Type (ii)	Diversion of stream / excavation of land / filling of land / filling of pond as required under Notes of Statutory					
	第(ii)類	Plan(s) 類 根據法定圖則《註釋》內所要求的河道改道/挖土/填土/填塘工程					
1	Type (iii) 第(iii)類	Public utility installation / Utility installation for private project 公用事業設施裝置/私人發展計劃的公用設施裝置					
	Type (iv) 第(iv)類						
	Type (v) Use / development other than (i) to (iii) above 第(v)類 上述的(i)至(iii)項以外的用途/發展						
註 1 Note	Note 1: May insert more than one 「✓」. 註 1: 可在多於一個方格內加上「✓」號 Note 2: For Development involving columbarium use, please complete the table in the Appendix 註 2: 如發展涉及靈灰安置所用途,請填妥於附件的表格。						
934							
(i)	For Typ	pe (i) application 供第(i)類申請					

	,				
on 供第(i)	類甲證	over the state of	Artui (A		
sq.m 平方米					
(If there are any Government, institution or community facilities, please illustrate on plan and spec the use and gross floor area) (如有任何政府、機構或社區設施,請在圖則上顯示,並註明用途及總樓面面積)					
		Number of units invo 涉及單位數目	olved		
Domestic p	art 住用部分		sq.m 平	方米	□About 約
Non-domes	stic part 非住用語	部分	sq.m ¥	方米	□About 約
Total 總計			sq.m 平	方米	□About 約
Floor(s) 樓層	Current u	se(s) 現時用途	Pı	roposed	use(s) 擬議用途
		0			
	9C:				
	(If there are a the use and g (如有任何的 Domestic p Non-domes Total 總計 Floor(s) 樓層	(If there are any Government, in the use and gross floor area) (如有任何政府、機構或社區 Domestic part 住用部分 Non-domestic part 非住用語 Total 總計	(If there are any Government, institution or community for the use and gross floor area) (如有任何政府、機構或社區設施,請在圖則上顯示 Number of units invo 涉及單位數目 Domestic part 住用部分 Non-domestic part 非住用部分 Total 總計 Floor(s)	sq.m (If there are any Government, institution or community facilities, p the use and gross floor area) (如有任何政府、機構或社區設施,請在圖則上顯示,並註明 Number of units involved 涉及單位數目 Domestic part 住用部分 sq.m 平 Non-domestic part 非住用部分 sq.m 平 Total 總計 sq.m 平 Floor(s) 樓層 Current use(s) 現時用途 Pr	sq.m 平方米 (If there are any Government, institution or community facilities, please illuthe use and gross floor area) (如有任何政府、機構或社區設施、請在圖則上顯示,並註明用途及約 Number of units involved 涉及單位數目 Domestic part 住用部分 sq.m 平方米 Non-domestic part 非住用部分 sq.m 平方米 Total 總計 sq.m 平方米 Floor(s) 程層 Current use(s) 現時用途 Proposed

(ii) For Type (ii) applica	ution 供第(ii)類申讀						
	□ Diversion of stream 河	「道改道	,				
	□ Filling of pond 填塘 Area of filling 填塘面積 Depth of filling 填塘深		sq.m 平方米 m 米	□About 約 □About 約			
(a) Operation involved 涉及工程	✓ Filling of land 填土 Area of filling 填土面積 Depth of filling 填土厚	_遺 23	3.9 sq.m 平方米 55 m 米	☑About 約 □About 約			
	区 Excavation of land 挖土Area of excavation 挖土Depth of excavation 挖土	上 上面積	23.9 sq.m 平方米).55 m米	☑About 約 □About 約			
	(Please indicate on site plan the boundary of concerned land/pond(s), and particulars of stream diversion, the extent of filling of land/pond(s) and/or exeavation of land) (清用圖則顯示有關土地/池塘界線,以及河道改道、填塘、填土及/或挖土的細節及/或範圍))						
(b) Intended use/development 有意進行的用途/發展	Public utility installation (LV underground cable) Filling and Excavation of land						
(iii) For Type (iii) applic	cation 供第(iii)類申讀						
	✓ Public utility installation	on 公用事業設施	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	□ Utility installation for private project 私人發展計劃的公用設施裝置						
*	Please specify the type and number of utility to be provided as well as the dimensions of each building/structure, where appropriate 請註明有關裝置的性質及數量,包括每座建築物/構築物(倘有)的長度、高度和闊度						
	Name/type of installation 裝置名稱/種類	Number of provision 數量	Dimension of each /building/structure (m) (LxWx 每個裝置/建築物/構築物(米) (長 x 闊 x 高)				
(a) Nature and scale 性質及規模	LV Cable Laying	1	LV underground cal (L) x 0.3m (W)	ole 79.7m			
		ar .					
1							

(Please illustrate on plan the layout of the installation 請用圖則顯示裝置的布局)

(iv) <u>F</u>	or Type (iv) applicatio	n 供第(iv)類申請			
P	proposed use/developme	ent and development particula	l development restriction(s) and <u>a</u> ars in part (v) below – n摄議用途/發展及發展細節 –	lso fill in the	
	Plot ratio restriction 地積比率限制	From 由	to 至		
	Gross floor area restriction 總樓面面積限制	n From 由sq. m	平方米 to 至sq. m 平方米	*	
	Site coverage restriction 上蓋面積限制	From 由	% to 至%		
	Building height restriction 建築物高度限制	1 From 由	n 米 to 至m米		
		From 由	mPD 米 (主水平基準上) to 至		
			mPD 米 (主水平基準上)		
		From 由	storeys層 to至storey	ys 層	
	Non-building area restrict 非建築用地限制	ion From由	.m to 至 m		
PER TRACESTE	Others (please specify) 其他(請註明)				
(v) <u>F</u>	or Type (v) application	1 供第(v)類申請			
	s)/development 6用途/發展	Please illustrate the details of the propo	osal on a layout plan 請用平面圖說明建議詞	羊情)	
(b) Dev	elopment Schedule 發展細	節表			
Proposed gross floor area (GFA) 擬議總樓面面積 Proposed plot ratio 擬議地積比率 Proposed site coverage 擬議上蓋面積			sq.m 平方米 %	□About 約 □About 約 □About 約	
-	posed no. of blocks 擬議座 posed no. of storeys of each	數 a block 每座建築物的擬議層數			
Proj	Proposed building height of each block 每座建築物的擬議高度				

☐ Domestic part	住用部分					
GFA 總材	婁面面積		sq. m 平方米	□About 約		
number o	of Units 單位數目			2		
average i	mit size 單位平均面	積	sq. m 平方米	□About 約		
estimated	I number of residents	估計住客數目				
			9			
☐ Non-domestic	part 非住用部分		GFA 總樓面面	積		
eating pla	100 E		sq. m 平方米	□About 約		
□ hotel 酒店			sq. m 平方米	□About 約		
			(please specify the number of rooms	S 51 64		
Œ.			請註明房間數目)			
□ office 辦	公室		sq. m 平方米	□About 約		
	services 商店及服務	行業	sq. m 平方米	□About 約		
shop and	Set Aloes PHINE XXVIXAX	ITIN				
Governm	nent, institution or co	nmunity facilities	(please specify the use(s) and	concerned land		
	機構或社區設施		area(s)/GFA(s) 請註明用途及有關的			
EX/13 1/	XH43VIII EEDXWE		樓面面積)			
8						
other(s)	甘州		(please specify the use(s) and	concerned land		
offici(s)	大匹		area(s)/GFA(s) 請註明用途及有關的	TOTAL MEDITING IN MEDITING TOTAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY		
			樓面面積)	137 Children 1967 WG		
		œ.	1安田田1男/	12		
ió.				********		
☐ Open space Ø	7. 静田地		(please specify land area(s) 請註明:	地面面積)		
	pen space 私人休憩	目掛	sq. m 平方米 口 Not			
	pen space 公眾休憩戶		sq. m 平方米 口 Not			
(c) Use(s) of different	ent floors (if applicat	le) 各樓層的用途 (如		-		
[Block number]	[Floor(s)]		[Proposed use(s)]			
[座數]	[層數]		[擬議用途]			
(d) Proposed use(s)	of uncovered area (i	fany) 露天地方(倘存	頁)的擬議用途			
.,		************				

7. Anticipated Completion Time of the Development Proposal 擬議發展計劃的預計完成時間						
Anticipated completion time (in month and year) of the development proposal (by phase (if any)) (e.g. June 2023) 擬議發展計劃預期完成的年份及月份 (分期 (倘有)) (例: 2023 年 6 月) (Separate anticipated completion times (in month and year) should be provided for the proposed public open space and Government, institution or community facilities (if any)) (申請人須就擬議的公眾休憩用地及政府、機構或社區設施(倘有)提供個別擬議完成的年份及月份)						
Target Complete Date: Befo	re Aug	2023 (About 3 weeks)				
- Committee of the transport of the control of the						
8. Vehicular Access Arrange 擬議發展計劃的行車第		f the Development Proposal 俳				
	s 是	There is an existing access. (please indicate the street name, where appropriate) 有一條現有車路。(請註明車路名稱(如適用))				
Any vehicular access to the site/subject building?		有一條現有事的。(謂武功事始-石撰(如應用))				
是否有車路通往地盤/有關建築物?		There is a proposed access. (please illustrate on plan and specify the width) 有一條擬議車路。(請在圖則顯示,並註明車路的闊度)				
No	否 ②	•				
Any provision of parking space for the proposed use(s)? 是否有為擬議用途提供停車位?	京是 □	(Please specify type(s) and number(s) and illustrate on plan) 請註明種類及數目並於圖則上顯示) Private Car Parking Spaces 私家車車位 Motorcycle Parking Spaces 電單車車位 Light Goods Vehicle Parking Spaces 輕型貨車泊車位 Medium Goods Vehicle Parking Spaces 中型貨車泊車位 Heavy Goods Vehicle Parking Spaces 重型貨車泊車位 Others (Please Specify) 其他 (請列明)				
	s是 □	(Please specify type(s) and number(s) and illustrate on plan)				
Any provision of loading/unloading space for the proposed use(s)? 是否有為擬議用途提供上落客貸車位?		請註明種類及數目並於圖則上顯示) Taxi Spaces 的士車位 Coach Spaces 旅遊巴車位 Light Goods Vehicle Spaces 輕型貨車車位 Medium Goods Vehicle Spaces 中型貨車車位 Heavy Goods Vehicle Spaces 重型貨車車位 Others (Please Specify) 其他 (請列明)				

9. Impacts of Development Proposal 擬議發展計劃的影響						
If necessary, please use separate sheets to indicate the proposed measures to minimise possible adverse impacts or give justifications/reasons for not providing such measures. 如需要的話,請另頁註明可盡量減少可能出現不良影響的措施,否則請提供理據/理由。						
Does the development proposal involve alteration of existing building? 擬議發展計劃是否包括現有建築物的改動?	Yes 是 No 否	□ Please provide details 請提供詳情				
	Yes 是	(Please indicate on site plan the boundary of concerned land/pond(s), and particulars of stream diversion,				
Does the development proposal involve the operation on the right? 擬議發展是否涉及右列的工程? (Note: where Type (ii) application is the subject of application, please skip this section. 註:如申請涉及第(ii)類申請,請跳至下一條問題。)		the extent of filling of land/pond(s) and/or excavation of land) (請用地盤平面圖顯示有關土地/池塘界線,以及河道改道、填塘、填土及/或挖土的細節及/或範圍) Diversion of stream 河道改道 Filling of pond 填塘				
*	No 否	\square				
Would the development proposal cause any	On traffi On wate On drain On slope Affected Landsca Tree Fel Visual In	Yes 會				
adverse impacts? 擬議發展計劃會否 造成不良影響?	diameter 請註明語	tate measure(s) to minimise the impact(s). For tree felling, please state the number, at breast height and species of the affected trees (if possible) 整量減少影響的措施。如涉及砍伐樹木,請說明受影響樹木的數目、及胸高度的樹幹品種(倘可)				
2						
	V22352 52 52 52 52 52					
	10000000000000000000000000000000000000					

10. Justifications 理由
The applicant is invited to provide justifications in support of the application. Use separate sheets if necessary. 現請申請人提供申請理由及支持其申請的資料。如有需要,請另頁說明。
CLP received a new application for electricity supply.
The applicant seeks planning permission to use the application site for
proposed public utility installation LV cable laying and associated
excavation of land (about 0.55m in depth). 1 LV underground cable with length of 79.7m and width of 0.3m
is proposed to be install within the application site.
,

11. Declaration 聲明					
		on are correct and true to the best of my knowledge and belief. 所知及所信,均屬真實無誤。			
to the Board's website for brow	vsing and downloading by	terials submitted in this application and/or to upload such materials the public free-of-charge at the Board's discretion. 本人現准許委上載至委員會網站,供公眾免費瀏覽或下載。			
Signature 簽署	☐ Applicant 申請人 / ☑ Authorised Agent 獲授權代理人				
Tam Kam	Ím	Project Engineer			
	e in Block Letters (請以正楷填寫)	Position (if applicable) 職位 (如適用)			
Professional Qualification(s) 專業資格	☐ Member 會員 / ☐☐ HKIP 香港規劃的 ☐ HKIS 香港測量師 ☐ HKILA 香港園境 ☐ RPP 註冊專業規劃的 Others 其他	野會 / □ HKIA 香港建築師學會 /「學會 / □ HKIE 香港工程師學會 /師學會 / □ HKIUD 香港城市設計學會			
on behalf of Company 公司 / □ Organisation Name and Thop of applicable) 機構名稱及蓋章(如適用)					
Date 日期 18/07/2023		(DD/MM/YYYY 日/月/年)			

Remark 備註

The materials submitted in this application and the Board's decision on the application would be disclosed to the public. Such materials would also be uploaded to the Board's website for browsing and free downloading by the public where the Board considers appropriate.

委員會會向公眾披露申請人所遞交的申請資料和委員會對申請所作的決定。在委員會認為合適的情況下,有關申請資料亦會上載至委員會網頁供公眾免費瀏覽及下載。

Warning 警告

Any person who knowingly or wilfully makes any statement or furnish any information in connection with this application, which is false in any material particular, shall be liable to an offence under the Crimes Ordinance. 任何人在明知或故意的情况下,就這宗申請提出在任何要項上是虛假的陳述或資料,即屬違反《刑事罪行條例》。

Statement on Personal Data 個人資料的聲明

 The personal data submitted to the Board in this application will be used by the Secretary of the Board and Government departments for the following purposes:

委員會就這宗申請所收到的個人資料會交給委員會秘書及政府部門,以根據《城市規劃條例》及相關的城市規劃委員會規劃指引的規定作以下用途:

- (a) the processing of this application which includes making available the name of the applicant for public inspection when making available this application for public inspection; and 處理這宗申請,包括公布這宗申請供公眾查閱,同時公布申請人的姓名供公眾查閱;以及
- (b) facilitating communication between the applicant and the Secretary of the Board/Government departments. 方便申請人與委員會秘書及政府部門之間進行聯絡。
- 2. The personal data provided by the applicant in this application may also be disclosed to other persons for the purposes mentioned in paragraph 1 above. 申請人就這宗申請提供的個人資料,或亦會向其他人士披露,以作上述第 1 段提及的用途。
- 3. An applicant has a right of access and correction with respect to his/her personal data as provided under the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Cap. 486). Request for personal data access and correction should be addressed to the Secretary of the Board at 15/F, North Point Government Offices, 333 Java Road, North Point, Hong Kong. 根據《個人資料(私隱)條例》(第 486 章)的規定,申請人有權查閱及更正其個人資料。如欲查閱及更正個人資料,

For Developments involving Columbarium Use, please also complete the fo 如發展涉及靈灰安置所用途,請另外填妥以下資料:	llowing:
Ash interment capacity 骨灰安放容量®	,
Maximum number of sets of ashes that may be interred in the niches 在龕位內最多可安放骨灰的數量 Maximum number of sets of ashes that may be interred other than in niches 在非龕位的範圍內最多可安放骨灰的數量	
Total number of niches 龕位總數	
Total number of single niches 單人龕位總數	(a)
Number of single niches (sold and occupied) 單人龕位數目 (已售並佔用) Number of single niches (sold but unoccupied) 單人龕位數目 (已售但未佔用) Number of single niches (residual for sale) 單人龕位數目 (待售)	
Total number of double niches 雙人龕位總數	
Number of double niches (sold and fully occupied) 雙人龕位數目 (已售並全部佔用) Number of double niches (sold and partially occupied) 雙人龕位數目 (已售並部分佔用) Number of double niches (sold but unoccupied) 雙人龕位數目 (已售但未佔用) Number of double niches (residual for sale) 雙人龕位數目 (待售)	
Total no. of niches other than single or double niches (please specify type) 除單人及雙人龕位外的其他龕位總數 (請列明類別)	
Number. of niches (sold and fully occupied) 龕位數目 (已售並全部佔用) Number of niches (sold and partially occupied) 龕位數目 (已售並部分佔用) Number of niches (sold but unoccupied) 龕位數目 (已售但未佔用) Number of niches (residual for sale) 龕位數目 (待售)	
Proposed operating hours 擬議營運時間	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
 Ash interment capacity in relation to a columbarium means – 就靈灰安置所而言,骨灰安放容量指: the maximum number of containers of ashes that may be interred in each niche in the columbarium; 每個龕位內可安放的骨灰容器的最高數目; the maximum number of sets of ashes that may be interred other than in niches in any area in the colum 在該靈灰安置所並非龕位的範圍內,總共最多可安放多少份骨灰;以及 the total number of sets of ashes that may be interred in the columbarium. 在該骨灰安置所內,總共最多可安放多少份骨灰。 	nbarium; and

Gist of Applic	ation	申請摘要					
	d to the ning End 文填寫 劃資料3	Town Planning Boa quiry Counters of the 。此部分將會發送 查詢處供一般參閱。	ard's Website for e Planning Depart 予相關諮詢人士 。)	· browsing and fi tment for general	ree downloading information.)	by the public and	
Application No.	(For O	fficial Use Only) (請	勿填寫此欄)				
申請編號							
一十百月初田功儿							
54							
Location/address		COLUMN TO THE RESIDENCE OF A STATE OF THE RESIDENCE OF TH		10 WHEN			
	GO\	VERNMENT L	AND in DD	101.			
位置/地址	HAVE CONTROL IN	N LONG		0000120 M000 1			
	IOL	IN LONG					
	8					5 36	
*							
Site area					TT\$}- \	, 	
地盤面積		4.0	23.9		sq. m 平力为	☆☑ About 約	
上巴盃.田/貝						3	
	(includ	les Government land	lof包括政府土	上地"	sq. m 平方为	← □ About 約)	
Plan		•					
圖則	S/Y	L-MP/6			7 A 4		
TET X.1							
Zoning							
		conservation Area					
COII		Solisci valion Alca					
						*	
Applied use/							
development	4 -	S. J. P					
	1. }	Public utility installation (LV underground cable)					
申請用途/發展	2. F	Filling and Exc	avation of la	and		12	
		9 =/.0					
					e e		
(1) C C		T		-1		· 1.1 fdz1 1 ->-	
(i) Gross floor ar			sq.m	平方米	Plot Ra	ıtio 地積比率	
and/or plot rat		Domestic		□ About 約		□About 約	
總樓面面積及	2/ 蚁	住用		□ Not more that	an .	□Not more than	
地積比率		1_1_/ 1.3		不多於		不多於	
		Non-domestic		□ About 約	_	□About 約	
		非住用		☐ Not more that	an	□Not more than	
				不多於		不多於	
(ii) No. of block		Domestic			Λ		
幢數		住用					
			4				
		Non-domestic					
		非住用					
		カトコエノロ					
F		Composite					
		綜合用途					

(iii)	Building height/No.	Domestic	
	of storeys 建築物高度/層數	住用	m 米 □ (Not more than 不多於)
			mPD 米(主水平基準上) □ (Not more than 不多於)
			Storeys(s) 層 □ (Not more than 不多於)
			(□Include 包括/□ Exclude 不包括 □ Carport 停車間 □ Basement 地庫 □ Refuge Floor 防火層 □ Podium 平台)
		Non-domestic 非住用	m 米 □ (Not more than 不多於)
			mPD 米(主水平基準上) □ (Not more than 不多於)
			Storeys(s) 層 □ (Not more than 不多於)
			(□Include 包括/□ Exclude 不包括 □ Carport 停車間 □ Basement 地庫 □ Refuge Floor 防火層 □ Podium 平台)
		Composite 綜合用途	m 米 □ (Not more than 不多於)
		ži.	mPD 米(主水平基準上) □ (Not more than 不多於)
			Storeys(s) 層 □ (Not more than 不多於)
		2	(□Include 包括/□ Exclude 不包括 □ Carport 停車間 □ Basement 地庫 □ Refuge Floor 防火層 □ Podium 平台)
(iv)	Site coverage 上蓋面積		% □ About 約
(v)	No. of units 單位數目		
(vi)	Open space 休憩用地	Private 私人	sq.m 平方米 🗆 Not less than 不少於
		Public 公眾	sq.m 平方米 🗆 Not less than 不少於

. .

(vii) No. of parking spaces and loading / unloading spaces 停車位及上落客貨 車位數目	Total no. of vehicle parking spaces 停車位總數 Private Car Parking Spaces 私家車車位 Motorcycle Parking Spaces 電單車車位 Light Goods Vehicle Parking Spaces 輕型貨車泊車位 Medium Goods Vehicle Parking Spaces 中型貨車泊車位 Heavy Goods Vehicle Parking Spaces 重型貨車泊車位	
¥ **	Others (Please Specify) 其他 (請列明) Total no. of vehicle loading/unloading bays/lay-bys 上落客貨車位/停車處總數	 e de la companya de l
	Taxi Spaces 的士車位 Coach Spaces 旅遊巴車位 Light Goods Vehicle Spaces 輕型貨車車位 Medium Goods Vehicle Spaces 中型貨車位 Heavy Goods Vehicle Spaces 重型貨車車位 Others (Please Specify) 其他 (請列明)	9 9

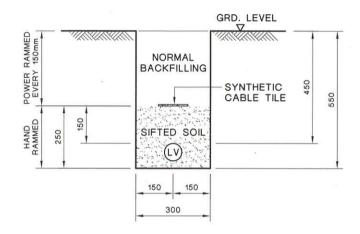
Submitted Plans, Drawings and Documents 提交的圖則、繪圖及文件		
	<u>Chinese</u> 中文	English 英文
Plans and Drawings 圖則及繪圖		
Master layout plan(s)/Layout plan(s)總綱發展藍圖/布局設計圖		\square
Block plan(s) 樓宇位置圖		
Floor plan(s) 樓宇平面圖		
Sectional plan(s) 截視圖		
Elevation(s) 立視圖		
Photomontage(s) showing the proposed development 顯示擬議發展的合成照片		
Master landscape plan(s)/Landscape plan(s) 園境設計總圖/園境設計圖		
Others (please specify) 其他(請註明)		$ \mathcal{L} $
Cable Trench Drawing, location plan	-	
Reports 報告書		
Planning Statement/Justifications 規劃綱領/理據		
Environmental assessment (noise, air and/or water pollutions)		\square
環境評估 (噪音、空氣及/或水的污染)		
Traffic impact assessment (on vehicles) 就車輛的交通影響評估		
Traffic impact assessment (on pedestrians) 就行人的交通影響評估		
Visual impact assessment 視覺影響評估		
Landscape impact assessment 景觀影響評估		
Tree Survey 樹木調查		
Geotechnical impact assessment 土力影響評估		
Drainage impact assessment 排水影響評估		
Sewerage impact assessment 排污影響評估		
Risk Assessment 風險評估		
Others (please specify) 其他(請註明) ECO logical assessment	_	I

Note: The information in the Gist of Application above is provided by the applicant for easy reference of the general public. Under no circumstances will the Town Planning Board accept any liabilities for the use of the information nor any inaccuracies or discrepancies of the information provided. In case of doubt, reference should always be made to the submission of the applicant.

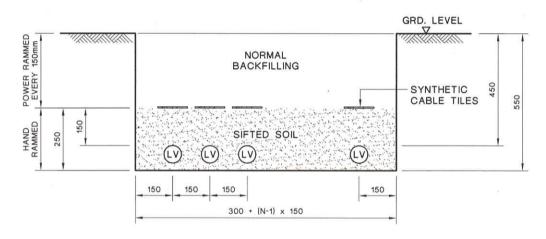
註: 上述申請摘要的資料是由申請人提供以方便市民大眾参考。對於所載資料在使用上的問題及文義上的歧異,城市規劃委員會概不負責。若有任何疑問,應查閱申請人提交的文件。

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TYPICAL CABLE TRENCH FOR SINGLE LV CABLE



TYPICAL CABLE TRENCH FOR MULTIPLE LV CABLES

LEGEND :

(LV)

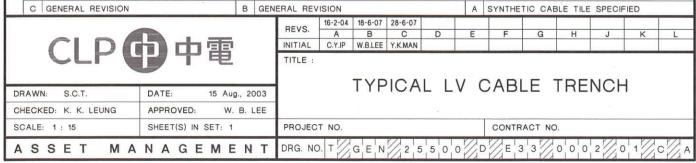
LV CABLE

N

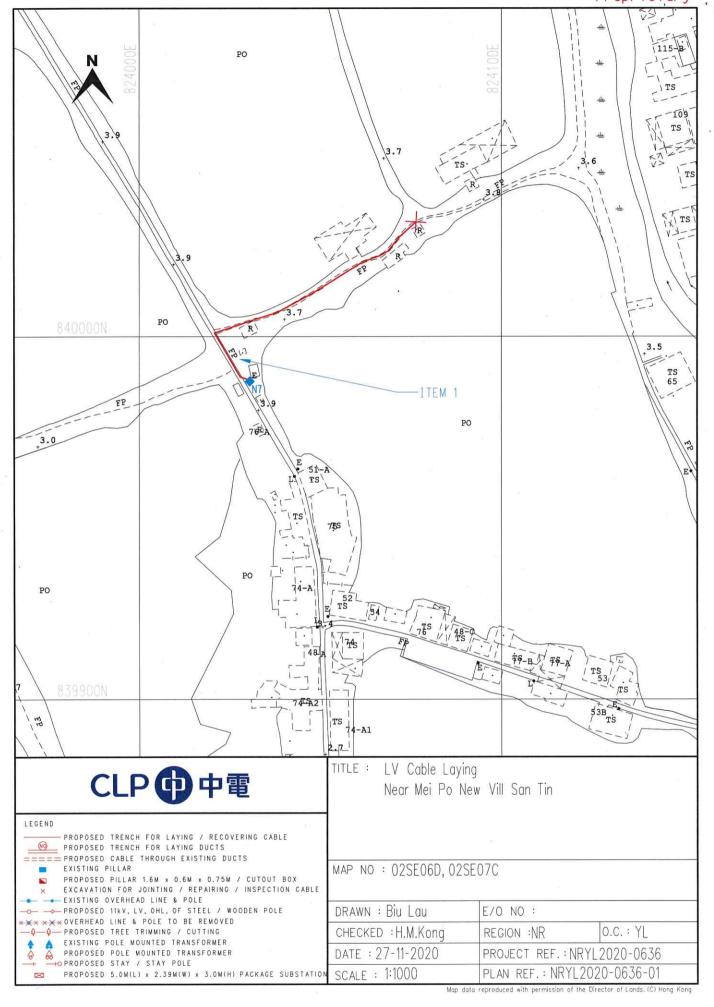
NUMBER OF CABLE CIRCUITS

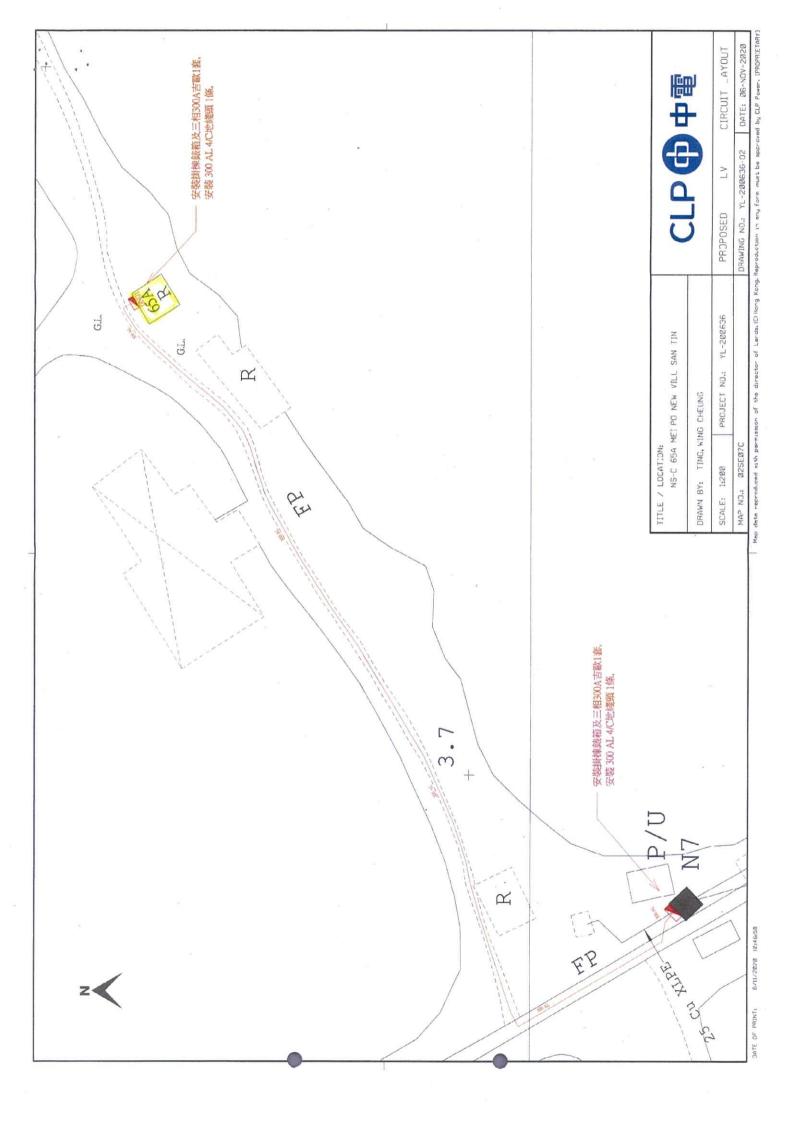
NOTES:

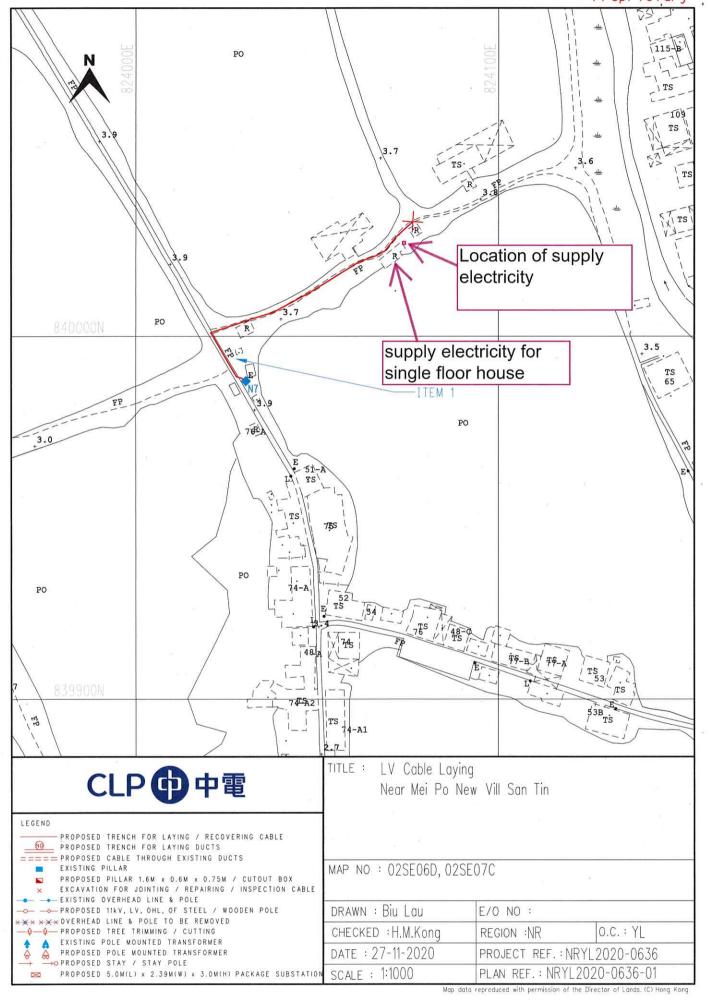
- 1. ALL SOIL BACKFILLING BENEATH CABLE TILES SHALL BE SIFTED THROUGH 12mm WIRE MESH.
- 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN mm.



Proprietary







Response from government department for S16 application (No. A/YL-MP/332)

Comments from District Planning Officer/Fanling, Sheung Shui and Yuen Long East, Planning Department

(Contact Person: Ms. CHEUNG Yuk Yi, Alice; Tel: 3168 4041)

Please provide justifications for the application regarding the need for electricity supply at the application site and the proposed alignment of the LV underground cable.

Response:

- Supply area intended
 It is planned to provide power supply to a storage room near Lin Barn Tsuen.
- Purpose of the power supply
 The power supply will be used for water pumps, power machines, lightings, flooding alarm and security & safety system.
- Justification of why CLP select such alignment of the CLP's equipment
 The suggested cable route is the shortest route to minimize the impact on the nearby environment.

Comments from District Land Officer/Yuen Long, Lands Department (Contact Person: Mr. LAM Chiu Wah, Donald; Tel: 2443 3264)

The application site would be affected by the following projects/land status item: STT 1427

Response:

Pre-coordination with owner of STT 1427 would be arranged prior to commence excavation work.

Comments from Director of Environmental Protection

(Contact Person: Ms. CHAN Lai Mei, Jolitta; Tel: 2835 1112)

Please provide further information to address potential water quality impacts:

1. the mitigation measures to be implemented during construction phase to handle non-point source and point source pollution, such as runoff and sewage from construction site workers, etc.

Response:

- Debris and rubbish generated on-site will be collected, handled and disposed
 of properly to avoid entering the nearby stormwater drains and open drainage
 channels. The refuse collection point will be properly constructed with covers
 and will be bunded and drained to the CLP sewerage system.
- 2. Open storm water drains and culverts near the works area will be covered to

- block the entrance of large debris and refuse.
- Oil leakage or spillage will be contained and cleaned up immediately. Waste oil
 should be collected and stored for recycling or disposal, in accordance with the
 Waste Disposal Ordinance. The Contractors will prepare guidelines and
 procedures for immediate clean-up actions following any spillages of oil, fuel or
 chemicals.

Please provide further information to address potential water quality impacts:

2. please state the compliance with relevant regulations, best practices and guidelines, such as WPCO, ProPECC PN 1/94 "Construction Site Drainage", etc.; and

Response:

 In order to minimize the impacts of wastewater/ runoff generated on site to the nearby WSRs, mitigation measures and good site practices will be adopted during the construction site and operation phases of the Project based on the ProPECC PN 1/94 and WPCO.

Please provide further information to address potential water quality impacts:

3. please confirm if the works area would be reinstated and there would not be any discharge during operation phase.

Response:

1. We are ensuring the works area would be reinstated and there would bot be any discharge during operation phase.

Comments from Director of Agricultural, Fisheries and Conservation (Contact Person: Mr. WONG Wai HO, Simon; Tel: 2150 6922)

There is a lack of information for assessing the ecological impacts of project on the surrounding active conservation work, including construction method, heavy machinery and/or generator to be used, exact works period and provision of any mitigation measures. The applicant may wish to provide further information to demonstrate that the proposed work would not result negative disturbance impacts to surrounding environments, especially during wintering season of waterbirds (Nov to Mar).

Response:

An ecological assessment is attached in order to respond comment from your department. (updated 13/4/2023)





敬啟者:

「拉姆薩爾濕地魚塘生態保育計劃 2023-2025」參與證明

茲證明郭惠賢先生,於 2023 年 3 月 1 日至 2025 年 2 月 28 日期間,參與由本會主辦及 環境及生態局轄下鄉郊保育資助計劃資助的「拉姆薩爾濕地魚塘生態保育計劃 2023-2025」。郭惠賢先生與本會合作,於魚塘 MP180 進行生境管理工作,以提升魚塘生態 價值及相關研究計劃。

位於香港新界西北的魚塘是水鳥的重要覓食地,為了維持這大片相連魚塘的牛態價 值,香港觀鳥會向鄉郊保育資助計劃申請撥款,並在漁農自然護理署的全力支持下, 進行兩項根據「新自然保育政策」而推行的保育項目,名為「拉姆薩爾濕地魚塘保育 計劃」。計劃主要目的是透過與當地漁民合作,提升魚塘的保育價值。

參與計劃期間,郭先生需要與本會合作,進行不同的生境管理項目,包括調節魚塘水 位、清理植物及維修各種工具,當中不少的工作均需要電力推動電器,例如調節水位 的電力水泵。於計劃開始前,郭先生已於 2020 年 12 月開始申請於魚塘附近設立電 錶,以方便日後於魚塘進行各種需要電力的工作。惟申請至今經過接近2年半的時 間,電錶尚未成功安裝。特此,本會發出此參與證明,證明郭先生參與「拉姆薩爾濕 地魚塘生態保育計劃 2023-2025」,希望可以加快申請電錶的安排。

隨函附上「拉姆薩爾濕地魚塘生態保育計劃 2023-2025」魚塘管理工作協議書。如有任 何疑問,請與本會高級項目主任鍾潤德先生聯絡(電話: 2377 4387)

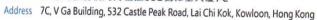
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助理項目經理

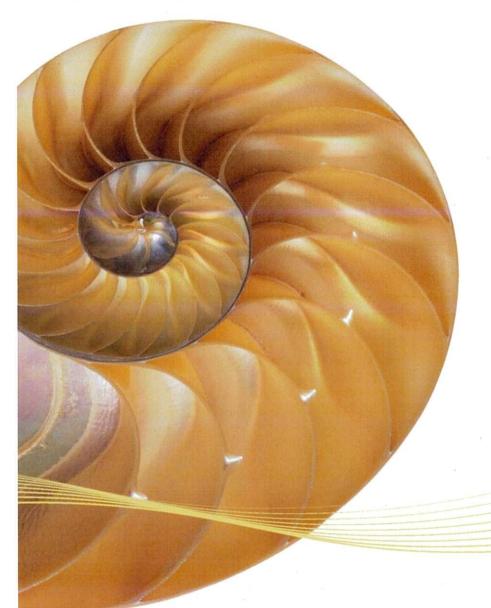
香港觀鳥會

2023年6月14日









CLP 中電

Proposed Public Utility Installation and Associated Excavation and Filling of Land in "Conservation Area" Zone, Government Land in D.D. 101, Mai Po San Tsuen, Mai Po, Yuen Long

Ecological Assessment

3 March 2023 Project No.: 0680461



Document details	
Document title	Proposed Public Utility Installation and Associated Excavation and Filling of Land in "Conservation Area" Zone, Government Land in D.D. 101, Mai Po San Tsuen, Mai Po, Yuen Long
Document subtitle	Ecological Assessment
Project No.	0680461
Date	3 March 2023
Version	0.0
Author	Yuihong Chiu
Client Name	CLP Power

Document history

		Reviewed by Arthur Lo	ERM approv	*		
Version	Revision		Name	Date	Comments	
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PROPOSED PUBLIC UTILITY INSTALLATION AND ASSOCIATED EXCAVATION AND FILLING OF LAND IN "CONSERVATION AREA" ZONE, GOVERNMENT LAND IN D.D. 101, MAI PO SAN TSUEN, MAI PO, YUEN LONG ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT

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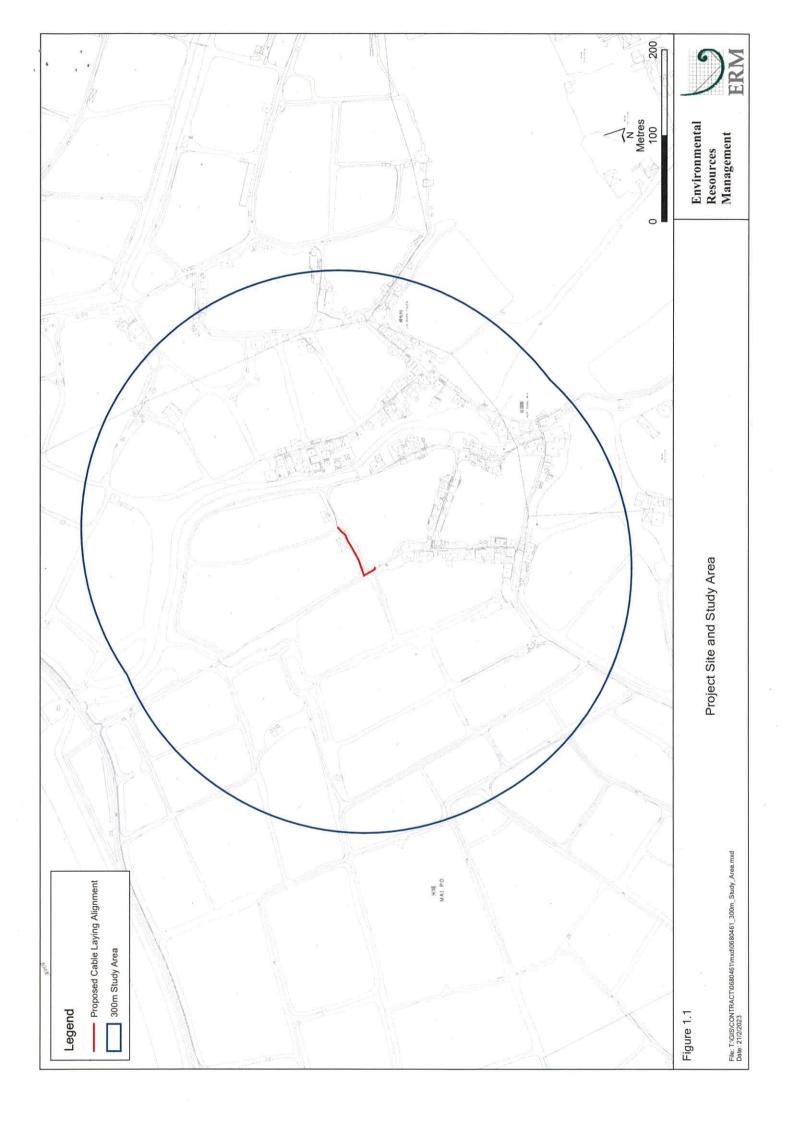
PROPOSED PUBLIC UTILITY INSTALLATION AND ASSOCIATED EXCAVATION AND FILLING OF LAND IN "CONSERVATION AREA" ZONE, GOVERNMENT LAND IN D.D. 101, MAI PO SAN TSUEN, MAI PO, YUEN LONG ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT

1. INTRODUCTION

CLP Power Hong Kong Limited has commissioned ERM-Hong Kong, Limited (ERM) to undertake ecological survey and ecological assessment for the "Proposed Public Utility Installation and Associated Excavation and Filling of Land in "Conservation Area" Zone, Government Land in D.D. 101, Mai Po San Tsuen, Mai Po, Yuen Long" ("the Project"). The objective of the Project is to improve the electricity supply reliability at Mai Po San Tsuen, CLP is proposing low voltage (LV) cable laying near Lin Barn Tsuen which is located within Mai Po Inner Deep Bay Ramsar Site, Wetland Conservation Area (WCA) and Conservation Area (CA). The overall construction period will be around 3-4 weeks.

This Ecological Assessment (EcoA) provides detailed information regarding the ecology of the Study Area, which is defined as a 300m radius from the Project Site, i.e. proposed cable route (see *Figure 1.1*). The ecological assessment is based on literature review as well as the recent verification ecological baseline survey, with particular attention paid to the habitat adjacent to the proposed cable route.

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2. ENVIRONMENTAL LEGISLATION AND GUIDELINES

Reference has been made to the *Technical Memorandum on Environmental Impact Assessment Process* (EIAO-TM) issued under the *Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance* (EIAO) in the evaluation of potential ecological impacts, particularly *Annex 8 Criteria for Evaluating Ecological Impact* and *Annex 16 Guidelines for Ecological Assessment.* The following Guidance Notes have also been taken to account:

- GN 6/2010 Some Observations on Ecological Assessment from the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance Perspective;
- GN 7/2010 Ecological Baseline Survey for Ecological Assessment; and
- GN 10/2010 Methodologies for Terrestrial and Freshwater Ecological Baseline Surveys.

In addition, the following legislation and guidelines provide the framework for conducting ecological surveys and the protection of species and habitats of ecological importance for ecological assessment in Hong Kong:

- Forests and Countryside Ordinance (Cap. 96);
- Town Planning Ordinance (Cap. 131);
- Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170);
- Protection of Endangered Species of Animals and Plants Ordinance (Cap. 586);
- Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines Chapter 10 (HKPSG);
- Technical Circular (Works) No. 4/2020 Tree Preservation.

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3. LITERATURE REVIEW

Upon commencement of the ecological assessment, a desktop review was conducted to search for relevant scientific papers, reports and previous Environmental Impact Assessment reports etc. to identify any available ecological information, including habitats and species of conservation concern in the area. Based on recent aerial photos and relevant previous studies, habitats and species of conservation importance recorded previously were identified. General studies (if any), which may not necessarily focus on the Study Area and Project Site, was also reviewed and relevant information was extracted from the report(s).

3.1 Site of Conservation Importance

The Study Area (SA) falls within the sites of conservation importance in the vicinity of Lin Barn Tsuen, including Mai Po Inner Deep Bay Ramsar Site, Wetland Conservation Area (WCA) and Conservation Area (CA). The Project Site is located within Mai Po Inner Deep Bay Ramsar Site, WCA and CA (*Figure 3.1*).

3.1.1 Mai Po Inner Deep Bay Ramsar Site

Mai Po Inner Deep Bay has been designated as a Ramsar Site in 1995 under the Ramsar Convention. The Ramsar Site covers about 1500ha of wetland with high diversity of habitats, including intertidal mudflats backed by mangal, tidal shrimp ponds (gei wais), fishponds and reedbeds. The mangal is the largest in Hong Kong while the reedbed is the largest in Hong Kong and Guangdong Province.

Management of the Mai Po Inner Deep Bay Ramsar Site is determined by a management plan maintained by Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department. The management plan divided the Ramsar Site into a number of zones to determine the management actions for the area. The proposed cable route falls within the Ramsar Site (*Figure 3.1*).

3.1.2 Wetland Conservation Area (WCA)

Fishponds continuous and adjoining to the Deep Bay Area are designated under TPB PG-No. 12C as the WCA, with the aim of protecting the integrity of the Deep Bay wetland ecosystem. Any development in the WCA should normally comply with the "No-Net-Loss in Wetland" principle. Other than permitted essential conservation or infrastructural works, no developments involving pond filling or other works detrimental to the ecological function of the wetland are allowed within the WCA.

The WCA fully covers the Study Area (Figure 3.1). The proposed cable route falls within the WCA.

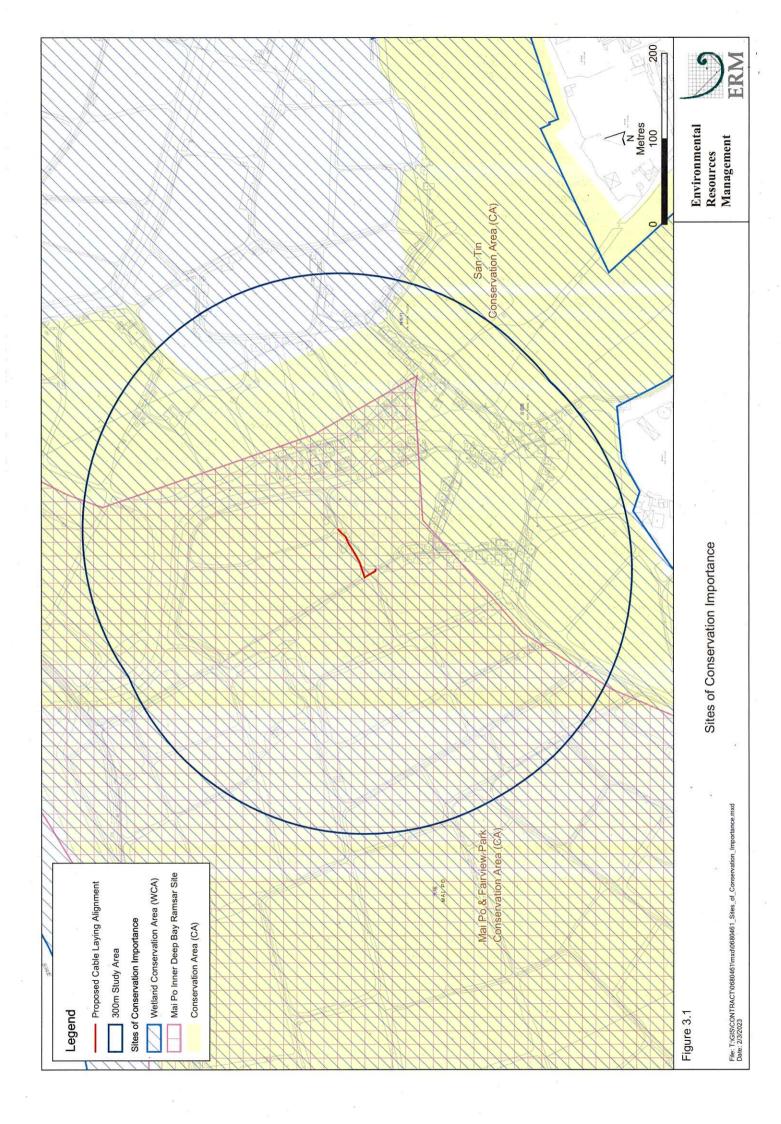
3.1.3 Conservation Area (CA)

The large areas of continuous fishponds (both active and abandoned) within the Study Area are zoned as CA under the Approved Mai Po & Fairview Park OZP NO. S/YL- MP/6 and the Approved San Tin OZP NO. S/YL-ST/8 (*Figure 3.1*). The proposed cable route falls within this zone.

The planning intention of this zone is to conserve the ecological value of wetland and fish ponds which form an integral part of the wetland ecosystem in the Deep Bay Area. The "no-net-loss in wetland" principle is adopted for any change in use within this zone. The primary intention is to discourage new development unless it is required to support the conservation of the ecological integrity of the wetland ecosystem or the development is an essential infrastructure project with overriding public interest.

There is a general presumption against development in this zone. In general, only developments that are needed to support the conservation of the existing natural landscape or scenic quality of the area or are essential infrastructure projects with overriding public interest may be permitted.

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3.2 Previously Recorded Species of Conservation Importance

A literature review has been conducted to characterise the existing ecological conditions of the Project Site and Study Area and to identify habitats and species of conservation concern in the area. A number of relevant studies including but not limited to the follows were reviewed.

- EIA 094/2004 Yuen Long and Kam Tin Sewerage and Sewage Disposal Stage 2 (DSD, 2004)
- EIA 159/2008 Construction of Cycle Tracks and the associated Supporting Facilities from Sha Po Tsuen to Shek Sheung River (CEDD, 2008) (2)
- EIA 161/2008 Construction of a Secondary Boundary Fence and new sections of Primary Boundary Fence and Boundary Patrol Road (SS, 2009) (3)
- DIR 284/2021 Installation of the Proposed 132kV Cable Circuits Connecting with Ho To West Substation and Existing 132kV Fanling to Mai Po Cable Circuits (CLP, 2021) (4)
- Approved Mai Po & Fairview Park Outline Zoning Plan S/YL-MP/6
- Approved San Tin Outline Zoning Plan NO. S/YL-ST/8
- TPB PG-No. 12C Application for Developments within Deep Bay Area under Section 16 of the Town Planning Ordinance
- Protection of Wetlands in Hong Kong, AFCD (AFCD, 2000) (5)
- Hong Kong Biodiversity Information Hub maintained by AFCD (6)
- Hong Kong Biodiversity, an AFCD Biodiversity Newsletter (AFCD, 2007) (7)
- Mai Po Inner Deep Bay Ramsar Site Management Plan (AFCD, 2011) (8)
- Hong Kong Bird Report 2013-2017 (HKBWS, 2022a) (9)
- Monthly Waterbird Monitoring Summer Report 2017-2022 (HKBWS, 2022b) (10)
- Monthly Waterbird Monitoring Winter Report 2017-2022 (HKBWS, 2022b) (11)
- The Avifauna of Hong Kong (12)
- A Field Guide to the Terrestrial Mammals of Hong Kong (13)

The ecological survey periods and surveyed flora/ fauna groups that are presented in the above studies are tabulated in *Table 3.1*; a map showing their study areas, whenever defined, is provided in *Figure 3.2*.

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⁽¹⁾ Drainage Services Department (2004). Yuen Long and Kam Tin Sewerage and Sewage Disposal Stage 2 (YLKTSSD).

⁽²⁾ Civil Engineering and Development Department (2008). Construction of Cycle Tracks and the associated Supporting Facilities from Sha Po Tsuen to Shek Sheung River.

⁽³⁾ Secretary for Security (2009). Construction of a Secondary Boundary Fence and New Sections of Primary Boundary Fence and Boundary Patrol Road.

⁽⁴⁾ CLP Power Hong Kong Ltd (2021). Installation of the Proposed 132kV Cable Circuits Connecting with Ho To West Substation and Existing 132kV Fanling to Mai Po Cable Circuits.

⁽⁵⁾ AFCD (2000). Legislative Council Paper NO. CB(2) 397/00-01 (03) – Protection of Wetlands in Hong Kong. Information reviewed.

⁽⁶⁾ Information reviewed from AFCD, Available at https://bih.gov.hk/en/home/index.html

⁽⁷⁾ AFCD (2007).Camera Trap Survey of Hong Kong Terrestrial Mammals in 2002-06. Issue no. 15, December 2007.

⁽⁸⁾ AFCD (2011). Mai Po Inner Deep Bay Ramsar Site Management Plan.

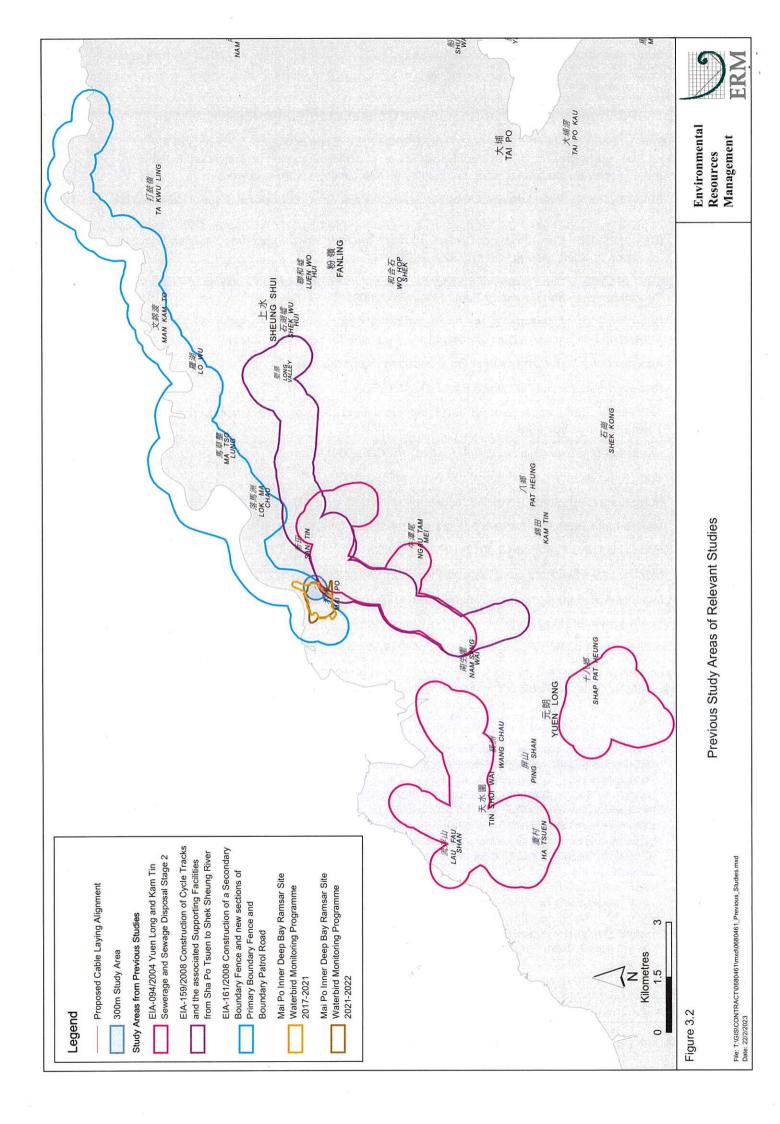
⁽⁹⁾ HKBWS (2022a). Hong Kong Bird Report 2013-2017.

⁽¹⁰⁾ HKBWS (2022b).Mai Po Inner Deep Bay Ramsar Site Waterbird Monitoring Programme 2017-2022.

⁽¹¹⁾ op. cit.

⁽¹²⁾ Carey et. al., (2001) The Avifauna of Hong Kong. Hong Kong Bird Watching Society, Hong Kong.

⁽¹³⁾ Shek, C.T. (2006). A Field Guide to the Terrestrial Mammals of Hong Kong



Special attention was paid to ecologically sensitive areas, and species of conservation importance (i.e. species protected by local legislation, endemic to Hong Kong or South China, listed in international conventions for conservation of habitat/wildlife, listed in IUCN Red Data Book or those of the South China region and considered as rare in the territory or having special conservation importance by scientific studies etc.). The information gathered from the literature review was evaluated and the information gaps concerning assessment of the potential ecological impacts arising from the Project on the terrestrial environment were identified.

Table 3.1: Previous Studies Relevant to the Study Area

Study	Survey Period	Flora and Fauna Groups Surveyed
DSD, 2004	Jun 2002 – Jan 2003	Habitat & Vegetation, Mammals, Avifauna, Herpetofauna, Butterfly, Odonates, Aquatic fauna
AFCD, 2007	2002 - 2006	Mammals
CEDD, 2008	Nov 2006 - Apr 2007	Habitat & Vegetation, Avifauna
SS, 2009	Nov 2007 – Oct 2008	Habitat & Vegetation, Mammals, Avifauna, Herpetofauna, Butterfly, Odonates, Aquatic fauna
HKBWS, 2022a	2013 – 2017	Avifauna
HKBWS, 2022b	Apr 2017 - Mar 2022	Avifauna

3.2.1 Flora Species of Conservation Importance Recorded in Previous Studies

Based on the reviewed literatures, no flora species of conservation importance was reported within the Study Area.

3.2.2 Fauna Species of Conservation Importance Recorded in Previous Studies

Mammals

Based on the reviewed literature, five (5) mammal species of conservation importance were recorded in the Study Area from previous surveys/ approved EIA studies. A species with highly restricted distribution in Hong Kong namely, Eurasian Otter was recorded within the Mai Po Inner Deep Bay Ramsar Site and nearby region, as such there's a possibility that it may occur within the 300m Study Area. Details of the mammal species of conservation importance is shown in *Table 3.2*.

Table 3.2: Mammal of Conservation Importance Recorded from Previous Studies

Common Name	Scientific Name	Chinese Name	Conservation Status	Previous Study
Mammal				
East Asian Porcupine	Hystrix brachyuran	東亞豪豬	Cap. 170, Fellowes: PGC	AFCD, 2007
Eurasian Otter	Lutra lutra	歐亞水獺	Cap. 170, Cap. 586 Fellowes: RC, RLCV(EN), CSMPS (II), IUCN(NT), GSS(LD), CITES(I)	AFCD, 2007
Small Indian Civet	Viverricula indica	小靈貓	Cap. 170, Cap. 586, RLCV(VU), CSMPS (II), CITES(III)	AFCD, 2007

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Common Name	Scientific Name	Chinese Name	Conservation Status	Previous Study
Small Asian Mongoose	Herpestes javanicus	紅頰獴	Cap. 170, Cap.586, RLCV(VU), CITES(III)	AFCD, 2007
Leopard Cat	Prionailurus bengalensis	豹貓	Cap. 170, Cap. 586, RLCV(VU), CITES(II)	AFCD, 2007

Note:

Conservation Status:

- a. Cap. 170: Protected under Wild Animals Protection Ordinance
- b. Cap. 586: Protection of Endangered Species of Animals and Plants Ordinance
- c. Fellowes Fellowes et al. (2002): PGC = Potential Global Concern, RC = Regional Concern. Letters in parentheses indicate that the assessment is on the basis of restrictedness in breeding and/or roosting sites rather than in general occurrence.
- d. RLCV Red List of China's Vertebrate (2016): VU = Vulnerable, EN: Endangered
- e. CSMPS China State Major Protection Status: Appendix (I) or Appendix (II)
- f. IUCN International Union for Conservation of Nature Red List of Threatened Species (2022). NT = Near Threatened
- g. GSS International Union for Conservation of Nature Green Status of Species (2023). LD = Largely Depleted
- h. CITES Under Appendix (I), Appendix (II) or Appendix (III) of Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Flora and Fauna

Avifauna

A significant diversity of waterbirds, both resident and migratory were recorded in wetland habitats within the Study Area, including fishponds, watercourse etc. Many of the recorded species are known to forage and roost in wetlands, with ardeid, duck and wader species being the dominant species group within the Study Area. A total of sixty (60) avifauna species of conservation importance were recorded in the Study Area and its vicinity from previous surveys/ approved EIA studies (i.e. vicinity of Mai Po San Tsuen). All bird species are protected under the Wild Animals Protection Ordinance (Cap. 170). Details of the avifauna species of conservation importance are shown in *Table 3.3*.

Table 3.3: Avifauna of Conservation Importance Recorded from Previous Studies

Common Name	Scientific Name	Chinese Name	Conservation Status	Previous Study
Avifauna		100000000000000000000000000000000000000		
Lesser Whistling Duck	Dendrocygna javanica	栗樹鴨	RLCV(VU)	HKBWS, 2022b
Northern Shoveler	Spatula clypeata	琵嘴鴨	Fellowes: RC	HKBWS, 2022b
Falcated Duck	Mareca falcata	羅紋鴨	Fellowes: RC, RLCV(NT), IUCN(NT)	HKBWS, 2022b
Eurasian Wigeon	Mareca penelope	赤頸鴨	Fellowes: RC	HKBWS, 2022b
Northern Pintail	Anas acuta	針尾鴨	Fellowes: RC	HKBWS, 2022b
Eurasian Teal	Anas crecca	綠翅鴨	Fellowes: RC	HKBWS, 2022b
Common Pochard	Aythya ferina	紅頭潛鴨	IUCN(VU)	HKBWS, 2022b
Ferruginous Duck	Aythya nyroca	白眼潛鴨	RLCV(NT), IUCN(NT)	HKBWS, 2022b
Tufted Duck	Aythya fuligula	鳳頭潛鴨	Fellowes: LC	HKBWS, 2022b

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Common Name	Scientific Name	Chinese Name	Conservation Status	Previous Study
Little Grebe	Tachybaptus ruficollis	小䴙䴘	Fellowes: LC	HKBWS, 2022b
Great Crested Grebe	Podiceps cristatus	鳳頭鵑鶶	Fellowes: RC	HKBWS, 2022b
Eurasian Spoonbill	Platalea leucorodia	白琵鷺	Cap.586, Fellowes: LC, RLCV(NT), CITES(II), CSMPS(II)	HKBWS, 2022b
Black-faced Spoonbill	Platalea minor	黑臉琵鷺	Fellowes: PGC, RLCV(EN), IUCN(EN), CSMPS(II)	HKBWS, 2022b
Eurasian Bittern	Botaurus stellaris	大麻鳽	Fellowes: RC	HKBWS, 2022b
Yellow Bittern	lxobrychus sinensis	黃葦鳽	Fellowes: (LC)	HKBWS, 2022b
Black-crowned Night Heron	Nycticorax nycticorax	夜鷺	Fellowes: (LC)	HKBWS, 2022b
Chinese Pond Heron	Ardeola bacchus	池鷺	Fellowes: PRC (RC)	HKBWS, 2022b
Eastern Cattle Egret	Bubulcus coromandus	牛背鷺	Fellowes: (LC)	HKBWS, 2022b
Grey Heron	Ardea cinerea	蒼鷺	Fellowes: PRC	HKBWS, 2022b
Purple Heron	Ardea purpurea	草鷺	Fellowes: RC	HKBWS, 2022b
Great Egret	Ardea alba	大白鷺	Fellowes: PRC (RC)	HKBWS, 2022b
Intermediate Egret	Ardea intermedia	中白鷺	Fellowes: RC	HKBWS, 2022b
Little Egret	Egretta garzetta	小白鷺	Fellowes: PRC (RC)	HKBWS, 2022b
Great Cormorant	Phalacrocorax carbo	普通鸕鷀	Fellowes: PRC	HKBWS, 2022b
Western Osprey	Pandion haliaetus	鹗	Cap.586, Fellowes: RC, RLCV(NT), CITES(II), CSMPS(II)	HKBWS, 2022b
Black-winged Kite	Elanus caeruleus	黑翅鳶	Cap.586, Fellowes: LC, RLCV(NT), CSMPS(II), CITES(II)	HKBWS, 2022b
Greater Spotted Eagle	Clanga clanga	烏鵰	Cap.586, Fellowes: GC, RLCV(EN), CSMPS(II), IUCN(VU), CITES(II)	HKBWS, 2022b
Eastern Marsh Harrier	Circus spilonotus	白腹鷂	Cap.586, Fellowes: LC, RLCV(NT), CSMPS(II), CITES(II)	HKBWS, 2022a
Black Kite	Milvus migrans	黑鳶	Cap. 586, Fellowes: (RC), CSMPS (II), CITES (II)	HKBWS, 2022b
Eastern Buzzard	Buteo japonicus	普通鵟	Cap.586, CSMPS(II), CITES(II)	HKBWS, 2022b

Common Name	Scientific Name	Chinese Name	Conservation Status	Previous Study
Eurasian Coot	Fulica atra	骨頂雞	Fellowes: RC	HKBWS, 2022b
Black-winged Stilt	Himantopus himantopus	黑翅長腳鷸	Fellowes: RC	HKBWS, 2022b
Pied Avocet	Recurvirostra avosetta	反嘴鷸	Fellowes: RC	HKBWS, 2022b
Pacific Golden Plover	Pluvialis fulva	太平洋金斑鴴	Fellowes: LC	HKBWS, 2022b
Little Ringed Plover	Charadrius dubius	金眶鴴	Fellowes: (LC)	HKBWS, 2022b
Kentish Plover	Charadrius alexandrinus	環頸鴴	Fellowes: RC	HKBWS, 2022b
Greater Sand Plover	Charadrius leschenaultii	鐵嘴沙鴴	Fellowes: RC	HKBWS, 2022b
Red Knot	Calidris canutus	紅腹濱鷸	Fellowes: LC, RLCV(VU), IUCN(NT)	HKBWS, 2022b
Curlew Sandpiper	Calidris ferruginea	彎嘴濱鷸	Fellowes: RC, IUCN(NT)	HKBWS, 2022b
Temminck's Stint	Calidris temminckii	青腳濱鷸	Fellowes: LC	HKBWS, 2022b
Long-toed Stint	Calidris subminuta	長趾濱鷸	Fellowes: LC	HKBWS, 2022b
Red-necked Stint	Calidris ruficollis	紅頸濱鷸	Fellowes: LC, IUCN(NT)	HKBWS, 2022b
Pintail/Swinhoe's Snipe	Gallinago stenura/Gallinago megala	-	Fellowes: LC	HKBWS, 2022b
Marsh Sandpiper	Tringa stagnatilis	澤鷸	Fellowes: RC	HKBWS, 2022b
Wood Sandpiper	Tringa glareola	林鷸 .	Fellowes: LC	HKBWS, 2022b
Common Redshank	Tringa totanus	紅腳鷸	Fellowes: RC	HKBWS, 2022b
Spotted Redshank	Tringa erythropus	鹤鶮	Fellowes: RC	HKBWS, 2022b
Common Greenshank	Tringa nebularia	青腳鷸	Fellowes: RC	HKBWS, 2022b
Oriental Pratincole	Glareola maldivarum	普通燕鴴	Fellowes: LC	HKBWS, 2022b
Black-headed Gull	Chroicocephalus ridibundus	紅嘴鷗	Fellowes: PRC	HKBWS, 2022b
White-throated Kingfisher	Halcyon smyrnensis	白胸翡翠	Fellowes: (LC)	HKBWS, 2022b
Pied Kingfisher	Ceryle rudis	斑魚狗	Fellowes: (LC)	HKBWS, 2022b
Common Kestrel	Falco tinnunculus	紅隼	Cap.586, CSMPS(II), CITES(II)	HKBWS, 2022b

Common Name	Scientific Name	Chinese Name	Conservation Status	Previous Study
Peregrine Falcon	Falco peregrinus	遊隼	Cap.586, Fellowes: (LC), RLCV(NT), CSMPS(II), CITES(I)	HKBWS, 2022b
Collared Crow	Corvus torquatus	白頸鴉	Fellowes: LC, RLCV(NT), IUCN(VU)	HKBWS, 2022b
Zitting Cisticola	Cisticola juncidis	棕扇尾鶯	Fellowes: LC	HKBWS, 2022b
Red-billed Starling	Spodiopsar sericeus	絲光椋鳥	Fellowes: GC	HKBWS, 2022a HKBWS, 2022b
Common Starling	Sturnus vulgaris	紫翅椋鳥	Fellowes: LC	HKBWS, 2022a
Chestnut-eared Bunting	Emberiza fucata	栗耳鵐	Fellowes: LC	HKBWS, 2022a
Yellow-breasted Bunting	Emberiza aureola	黄胸鵐	Fellowes: RC, RLCV(EN), IUCN(CR)	HKBWS, 2022a

Note:

Conservation Status:

- a. All birds in Hong Kong are protected under Cap. 170 Protected under Wild Animals Protection Ordinance
- b. Cap. 586: Protection of Endangered Species of Animals and Plants Ordinance
- c. Fellowes Fellowes et al. (2002): PGC = Potential Global Concern, GC = Global Concern, PRC = Potential Regional Concern, RC = Regional Concern, LC = Local Concern. Letters in parentheses indicate that the assessment is on the basis of restrictedness in breeding and/or roosting sites rather than in general occurrence.
- d. RLCV Red List of China's Vertebrate (2016): NT = Near Threatened, VU = Vulnerable, EN: Endangered
- e. CSMPS China State Major Protection Status: Appendix (I) or Appendix (II)
- f. IUCN International Union for Conservation of Nature Red List of Threatened Species (2022).NT = Near Threatened, VU = Vulnerable, EN = Endangered, CR = Critically Endangered
- g. CITES Under Appendix (I), Appendix (II) or Appendix (III) of Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Flora and Fauna

Herpetofauna

No herpetofauna species of conservation importance were recorded in the Project Site and its vicinity from previous surveys/ approved EIA studies.

Butterfly and Odonate

No butterfly or odonate species of conservation importance were recorded in the Study Area from previous surveys/ approved EIA studies.

Aquatic Fauna

No aquatic fauna species of conservation importance was recorded within the Study Area from previous surveys/ approved EIA studies.

Fireflies

Bent-winged Firefly *Pteroptyx maipo*, an endemic firefly was first recorded in mangrove habitat in Hong Kong Wetland Park in 2003 ⁽¹⁴⁾. According to AFCD ⁽¹⁵⁾, *Pteroptyx maipo* is the only species

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⁽¹⁴⁾ Law, K.M. 2010. "Unique Worldwide: New Species of Firefly Found in Wetland", Hong Kong News, Wen Wei Po, Hong Kong. Accessed at http://pdf.wenweipo.com/2010/09/23/a14-0923

⁽¹⁵⁾ Cheng et al. 2020. Habitat Characteristics of Fireflies in Hong Kong. AFCD Newsletter Issue No. 26.

that depends on mangrove ecosystem. While the larvae feed on snails found on the tidal mudflats, the adults inhabit short vegetation in the vicinity. Although mangrove/mangrove associates are distributed in many coastal areas of Hong Kong, this species is restricted to the landward fringe of the mangrove ecosystem along the shoreline of Deep Bay including Mai Po, Hong Kong Wetland Park and Sheung Pak Nai. The adult flight period of the Bent-winged Firefly is between April and September while their peak breeding season is May, August and September. While *Pteroptyx maipo* was recorded within multiple localities within the Mai Po Inner Deep Bay Ramsar Site (Yiu Vor, 2011) (16) their distribution are mainly restricted to mangrove ecosystems and their fringes as such it is unlikely that it will occur within the 300m Study Area due to a lack of mangrove habitats within the Study Area.

3.2.3 Evaluation & Identification of Information Gap

The information gathered from the literature review were evaluated to identify any information gaps. While the baseline ecological information of the Study Area was mostly covered and assessed in previous studies, detailed ecological surveys were required to obtain an updated baseline ecological condition of the Study Area, as described in **Section 5**.

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Yiu, V. 2011. A new species of firefly from Hong Kong – Pteroptyx maipo Ballantyne, 2011. Insect News (Hong Kong Entomological Society Newsletter), 3, 2-7.

4. VERIFICATION ECOLOGICAL BASELINE SURVEY

The Study Area comprises an area within 300m from the cable route. With reference to the reviewed data in **Section 3**, it is considered that the Project Site and its vicinity have been well covered and studies comprehensively by a number of EIA studies, planning application and research.

The previous studies and research have demonstrated a relatively high and constant use of the areas surrounding the proposed cable route by birds, esp. by waterbirds at the fishponds in the vicinity of Mai Po San Tsuen and Lin Barn Tsuen. Appropriate measures to avoid and minimise the potential ecological impacts caused by the Project on birds are discussed in **Section 7**.

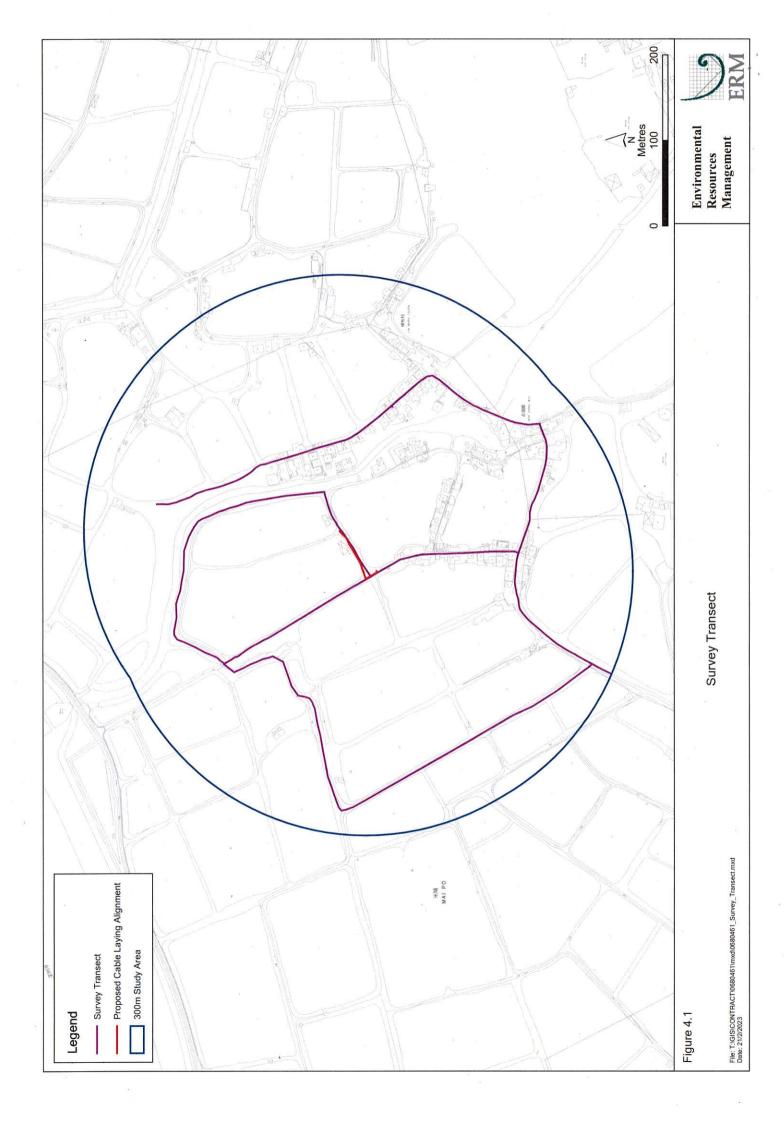
In order to supplement and establish a set of project specific baseline data, a verification survey, including day and night surveys, was carried out in February 2023 with particular focus on habitat and wildlife along and adjacent to the proposed cable route. A summary of the ecological baseline survey methodologies is provided in *Table 4.1* and the ecological baseline survey schedule is provided in *Table 4.2*. Survey transects follow mainly the existing roads (*Figure 4.1* refers), aiming to cover all types of habitats within the Study Area.

Table 4.1: Summary of the Ecological Baseline Survey Methodologies

Survey Type	Methodology	Survey Date
Habitat and Vegetation	Habitat mapping and vegetation identification through ground truthing in major habitats, in order to ensure they reflected current conditions and to distinguish between habitats which could not always be reliably distinguished from aerial photos. Representative colour photos were taken for each habitat type (<i>Annex 1</i>) and any important ecological features identified.	8 February 2023
Avifauna	Quantitative (active searching along the survey transect) and Qualitative (recorded within Study Area); including day and night surveys. The presence and abundance of avifauna species at various habitats observed from transects was recorded visually and aurally. Any signs of breeding (e.g. nests, recently fledged juveniles) within the Study Area were also recorded if observed. Observations were made using 8×42 binoculars and photographic records taken, where possible (<i>Annex 3</i>)	
Mammal	Quantitative (active searching along the survey transect) and qualitative (recorded within Study Area); including day and night surveys As mammals usually occur at low densities, in addition to direct observation, any observation of signs of mammal activity, such as tracks, scats or burrows were actively sought.	
Herpetofauna	Quantitative (active searching along the survey transect) and qualitative (recorded within Study Area); including day and night surveys Active searching in potential hiding places such as among leaf litter, inside holes and under stones and logs were actively searched within the Study Area. Auditory detection of species specific calls was also used to survey frogs and toads.	
Butterfly and Odonates	Qualitative (recorded within Study Area) survey; including only day surveys Particular attention was given to food/ host plants for butterfly larvae and favoured habitats for both groups, such as shrubland for butterflies and streams for odonates (both adults and larvae)	
Aquatic fauna	Active searching at sizable streams and notable water bodies by direct observation for aquatic fauna, including but not limited to fish, and macroinvertebrates; including day and night surveys	

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EXISTING ECOLOGICAL BASELINE 5.

The Project site is located within Mai Po Inner Deep Bay Ramsar Site, Wetland Conservation Area and Conservation Area. Most built-up areas are concentrated on the eastern end of the Study Area. Three major habitat types have been identified in the Study Area, namely watercourse, pond and village area. Habitats present within the Study Area are shown Figure 5.1.

5.1 **Habitat and Vegetation**

Table 5.1 summarises the area of each habitat recorded in the Study Area. The representative habitat photos are in Annex 1. A total of seventy-nine (79) flora species were recorded within the Study Area. No flora species of conservation importance were recorded within the Study Area. The list of flora species recorded in the survey is provided in in Annex 2. The following text elaborates the ecological conditions, flora and fauna recorded at each habitat during the ecological baseline survey.

Area within Project Habitat % of Project Site Area within Study % of Study Site, including Area (ha) Area works area (m2) Watercourse ~0.7 2.2% Pond ~22.8 69.8% Village Area ~191 100% ~9.1 28% TOTAL ~191 100% ~32.6 100.00%

Table 5.1: Area of Each Habitat Identified in the Study Area

Habitats within the Study Area

Watercourse

The watercourse within the Study Area is largely natural, with certain sections channelised (approx. 0.7 ha; 910m; 2.2% of the total area), it is connected to ponds within its vicinity and provide drainage to the area. The embankment of the watercourse is observed to be overgrown with wetland and weedy vegetation, which allows for perching and act as a refuge for birds and odonates. As there is no physical boundary between these watercourses and their neighbouring habitats, the vegetation composition of the riparian zone is similar to adjacent areas.

A total of sixteen (16) plant species were recorded in or along watercourse. Common and weedy species such as Brachiaria mutica and Panicum maximum, wetland herbs including Commelina diffusa, Cyperus malaccensis and Phragmites australis predominate the banks and stream beds of these watercourses. Ruderal shrubs and trees including Lantana camara, Ficus hispida and Macaranga tanarius var. tomentosa were also recorded.

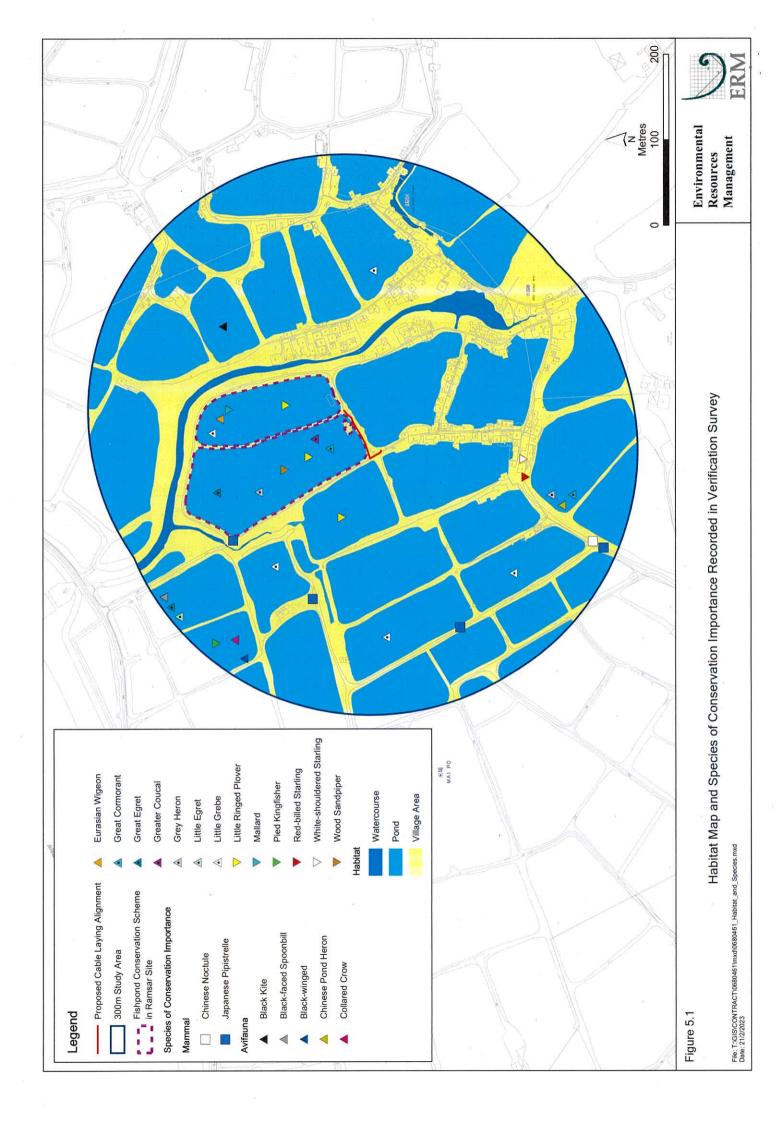
No flora species of conservation importance was recorded in this habitat.

Pond

Ponds refers to active and inactive fishponds that are/were used for aquaculture. This habitat is the largest habitat in the Study Area, occupying most of the total area (approx. 22.8 ha; 69.8% of the total area). Most of the fishponds within the Study Area including those adjacent to the proposed cable alignment were observed to be active (Figure 5.1), two fishponds adjacent to the proposed cable alignment are under active habitat management under the Fishpond Conservation Scheme in Ramsar Site. Active fishponds are maintained with mostly open water and little emergent vegetation. They were occasionally drained to facilitate harvesting of fish or maintenance of ponds. The composition and structure of vegetation is typical of fishponds in the Deep Bay, with simple vegetation structure and low vegetative diversity dominated by grassy vegetation.

A total of thirty-two (32) plant species were recorded in or along fishponds. Plants frequently recorded on the pond bunds are grassy and herbaceous species such as Cynodon dactylon, Hedyotis

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corymbosa, and Panicum maximum, and sometimes fruit trees such as Morus alba and Musa x paradisiaca. As most of these fishponds are active, the level of human disturbance to this habitat as a result of fishpond management is at least low to moderate. No flora species of conservation importance was recorded.

Village Area

Village Area refers to areas occupied by village houses, and the associated agricultural land, small-scale orchards, access paths to fishponds and main roads close to the villages (*Figure 5.1*).

There are forty-nine (49) plant species recorded in this habitat (*Annex 2*). Most of the plant species recorded are commonly grown for ornamental purpose or as orchards such as *Annona squamosa*, *Artocarpus heterophyllus*, *Carica papaya*, *Dimocarpus longan*, *Litchi chinensis*, *Podocarpus macrophyllus and Sansevieria trifasciata*. No flora species of conservation importance was recorded in this habitat.

5.1.2 Habitats within the Project Site

Works associated with the Project include the installation of LV cable near Lin Barn Tsuen. The alignment will be along the existing hard paved road as far as possible. The Project Site, including works area, therefore is located within village area only, which is currently subject to a relatively high level of disturbance due to its being used as pedestrian access between the village area and associated fishponds. Photographic records of the Project Site are as presented in *Annex 1*.

During the ecological baseline survey nineteen (19) plant species recorded in this habitat (*Annex 2*), no flora species of conservation importance were recorded within the Project Site.

5.2 Terrestrial Wildlife

Wildlife recorded during the ecological surveys described in **Section 5.2.1** to **Section 5.2.5** are presented below. The photo of the recorded species of conservation importance are in **Annex 3**. A full list of fauna species recorded during the ecology surveys for the Project is found in **Annexes 4** – **7**. The locations of species of conservation importance in the Study Area are shown in **Figure 5.1**.

5.2.1 Mammals

The survey identified two (2) mammal species within the Study Area. The recorded mammal species are of conservation importance, namely, Japanese Pipistrelle *Pipistrellus abramus* and Chinese Noctule *Nyctalus plancyi*. Their conservation and protection status in Hong Kong are presented in *Table 5.2* below.

Table 5.2: Mammal Species of Conservation Importance Recorded within the Study Area

Sending Street, Sending Street					
Common Name	Scientific Name	Chinese Name	Conservation Status	Recorded Habitat	
Mammal					
Japanese Pipistrelle	Pipistrellus abramus	東亞家蝠	Cap.170	Village Area	
Chinese Noctule	Nyctalus plancyi	中華山蝠	Cap.170, Fellowes: PRC (RC)	Village Area	

Note:

Conservation Status:

a. Cap. 170: Protected under Wild Animals Protection Ordinance

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Common Name	Scientific Name	Chinese Name	Conservation Status	Recorded Habitat
	9	5.1		

b. Fellowes – Fellowes et al. (2002): PRC = Potential Regional Concern, RC = Regional Concern. Letters in parentheses indicate that the assessment is on the basis of restrictedness in breeding and/or roosting sites rather than in general occurrence.

5.2.2 Avifauna

The survey identified forty (40) bird species. Most of the bird species recorded are common and widespread in Hong Kong. A total of eighteen (18) bird species of conservation importance, namely Eurasian Wigeon *Mareca penelope*, Mallard *Anas platyrhynchos*, Little Grebe *Tachybaptus ruficollis*, Black-faced Spoonbill *Platalea minor*, Chinese Pond Heron *Ardeola bacchus*, Grey Heron *Ardea cinerea*, Great Egret *Ardea alba*, Little Egret *Egretta garzetta*, Great Cormorant *Phalacrocorax carbo*, Black Kite *Milvus migrans*, Black-winged Stilt *Himantopus himantopus*, Little Ringed Plover *Charadrius dubius*, Wood Sandpiper *Tringa glareola*, Greater Coucal *Centropus sinensis*, Pied Kingfisher *Ceryle rudis*, Collared Crow *Corvus torquatus* Red-billed Starling *Spodiopsar sericeus* and White-shouldered Starling *Sturnia sinensis* were recorded within the Study Area. Their protection and/or conservation status are presented in *Table 5.3*. The photo of the recorded species of conservation importance are in *Annex 3*.

Table 5.3: Avifauna of Conservation Importance recorded within the Study Area

Common Name	Scientific Name	Chinese Name	Conservation Status	Recorded Habitat
Avifauna				
Eurasian Wigeon	Mareca penelope	赤頸鴨	Fellowes: RC	Fishpond
Mallard	Anas platyrhynchos	綠頭鴨	Fellowes: RC	Fishpond
Little Grebe	Tachybaptus ruficollis	小鵑鶶	Fellowes: LC	Fishpond
Black-faced Spoonbill	Platalea minor	黑臉琵鷺	Fellowes: PGC, RLCV(EN), IUCN(EN), CSMPS(II)	Fishpond
Chinese Pond Heron	Ardeola bacchus	池鷺	Fellowes: PRC (RC)	Fishpond
Grey Heron	Ardea cinerea	蒼鷺	Fellowes: PRC	Fishpond
Great Egret	Ardea alba	大白鷺	Fellowes: PRC (RC)	Fishpond
Little Egret	Egretta garzetta	小白鷺	Fellowes: PRC (RC)	Fishpond
Great Cormorant	Phalacrocorax carbo	普通鸕鷀	Fellowes: PRC	Fishpond
Black Kite	Milvus migrans	黑鳶	Fellowes: (RC), CSMPS (II), CITES (II), Cap. 586	Fishpond
Black-winged Stilt	Himantopus himantopus	黑翅長腳鷸	Fellowes: RC	Fishpond
Little Ringed Plover	Charadrius dubius	金眶鴴	Fellowes: (LC)	Fishpond

Common Name	Scientific Name	Chinese Name	Conservation Status	Recorded Habitat
Wood Sandpiper	Tringa glareola	林鷸	Fellowes: LC	Fishpond
Greater Coucal	Centropus sinensis	褐翅鴉鵑	CSMPS(II)	Fishpond
Pied Kingfisher	Ceryle rudis	斑魚狗	Fellowes: (LC)	Fishpond
Collared Crow	Corvus torquatus	白頸鴉	Fellowes: LC, RLCV(NT), IUCN(VU)	Fishpond
Red-billed Starling	Spodiopsar sericeus	絲光椋鳥	Fellowes: GC	Village Area
White-shouldered Starling	Sturnia sinensis	灰背椋鳥	Fellowes: (LC)	Village Area

Note:

Conservation Status:

- a. All birds in Hong Kong are protected under Cap. 170 Protected under Wild Animals Protection Ordinance
- b. Cap. 586: Protection of Endangered Species of Animals and Plants Ordinance
- c. Fellowes Fellowes et al. (2002): PGC = Potential Global Concern, GC = Global Concern, PRC = Potential Regional Concern, RC = Regional Concern, LC = Local Concern. Letters in parentheses indicate that the assessment is on the basis of restrictedness in breeding and/or roosting sites rather than in general occurrence.
- d. RLCV Red List of China's Vertebrate (2016): NT = Near Threatened, EN: Endangered
- e. IUCN International Union for Conservation of Nature Red List of Threatened Species (2022). VU = Vulnerable,
 EN = Endangered
- f. CSMPS China State Major Protection Status: Appendix (I) or Appendix (II)
- g. CITES Under Appendix (I), Appendix (II) or Appendix (III) of Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Flora and Fauna

5.2.3 Herpetofauna

One (1) herpetofauna species, Common Toad, was recorded during the day and night survey within the Study Area. . No herpetofauna species of conservation importance was recorded within the Study Area.

5.2.4 Butterflies and Odonates

No butterfly or odonate species was recorded during the day and night survey within the Study Area.

5.2.5 Aquatic Fauna

According to AFCD, the main cultivated species for fish ponds in the north-west New Territories include Big-head Carp, Grass Carp, Common Carp and Silver Carp in combination with Tilapia or Grey Mullet ⁽¹⁷⁾. One fish species, Big-head Carp, was observed in the pond habitat. No aquatic fauna species of conservation importance was recorded within the Study Area.

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⁽¹⁷⁾ Information reviewed from AFCD, https://www.afcd.gov.hk/english/fisheries/fish_aqu/fish_aqu_mpo/fish_aqu_mpo.html

6. ECOLOGICAL EVALUATION

In this section the ecological importance of the habitats identified within the Study Area are evaluated in accordance with the *EIAO TM Annex 8* criteria. The evaluation is based upon the information of literature review and verification ecological baseline survey presented in the **Sections 3 – 5**.

6.1 Study Area

A total of three major terrestrial habitats have been identified within the Study Area, including watercourse, pond and village area. The ecological importance evaluation of each habitat type within the Study Area is presented in *Table 6.1* to *Table 6.3*.

Table 6.1: Ecological Evaluation of Watercourse

Criteria	Watercourse
Naturalness	Watercourse present in the Study Area are largely natural, with certain sections channelised. Anthropogenic influences were observed.
Size	Approx. 0.7ha, 910m within the Study Area
Diversity	Low in diversity of plant species and structural complexity. Low diversity of fauna species.
Rarity	No flora or fauna species of conservation importance recorded during the surveys.
Re-creatability	Difficult to be re-created for semi-natural watercourse
Fragmentation	Not fragmented.
Ecological Linkage	Ecologically linked to adjacent fishpond habitats.
Potential Value	Act as foraging grounds for a multitude of water bird species. Could be enhanced by reducing pollution to watercourse.
Nursery/ Breeding Ground	No significant nursery or breeding ground recorded.
Age	Unknown
Abundance/ Richness of Wildlife	Low to moderate abundance and richness for fauna species.
Overall Ecological Importance	Low to Moderate

Table 6.2: Ecological Evaluation of Pond

Criteria	Pond
Naturalness	Anthropogenic habitat with high level of human disturbance
Size	Approx. 22.8ha within the Study Area
Diversity	Low diversity of plant species and moderate structural complexity in the riparian zones. Moderate diversity of terrestrial fauna species, especially birds.
Rarity	No flora species of conservation importance recorded during the surveys. Avifauna – Eurasian Wigeon, Mallard, Little Grebe, Black-faced Spoonbill, Chinese Pond Heron, Grey Heron, Great Egret, Little Egret, Great Cormorant, Black Kite, Black-winged Stilt, Little Ringed Plover, Wood Sandpiper, Greater Coucal, Pied Kingfisher and Collared Crow
Re-creatability	Re-creatable .
Fragmentation	Majority not fragmented, some isolated
Ecological Linkage	Ecologically linked to adjacent ponds.
Potential Value	Ecological value could be enhanced by more ecologically friendly management methods.

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Criteria	Pond
Nursery/ Breeding Ground	No significant nursery or breeding ground recorded. Potential breeding ground for water bird species.
Age	Unknown
Abundance/ Richness of Wildlife	Moderate abundance and richness for terrestrial fauna species, especially birds.
Overall Ecological Importance	Moderate

Table 6.3: Ecological Evaluation of Village Area

Criteria	Village Area
Naturalness	Anthropogenic habitat with high level of human disturbance.
Size	Approx. 9.1ha within the Study Area
Diversity	Low in diversity of plant species, structural complexity, and very low diversity of fauna species.
Rarity	No flora species of conservation importance recorded during the surveys. Fauna Species of conservation importance recorded during the surveys include Mammals – Chinese Noctule, Japanese Pipistrelle
Re-creatability	Readily re-creatable.
Fragmentation	N/A
Ecological Linkage	Weak ecological linkage with adjacent habitats
Potential Value	Low
Nursery/ Breeding Ground	No significant nursery or breeding ground recorded.
Age	Various.
Abundance/ Richness of Wildlife	Very low abundance and richness for fauna species.
Overall Ecological Importance	Low

6.2 Project Site

The Project Site, including works area, comprise of approximately $191m^2$ of village area. The abundance and richness of wildlife are very low due to the small size of the Project Site and its adjacency to an existing, regularly used pedestrian access. No flora or fauna species was recorded within the Project Site during ecological baseline survey. No tree felling/ pruning will be required. The evaluation of village area within the Project Site is presented in *Table 6.1*.

Table 6.1: Ecological Evaluation of Project Site

Criteria	Village Area within Project Site
Naturalness	Anthropogenic habitat with high level of human disturbance.
Size	Approx. 191m ²
Diversity	Low in diversity of plant species, structural complexity, and very low diversity of fauna species.
Rarity	No flora and fauna species of conservation importance recorded during the surveys.
Re-creatability	Readily re-creatable.
Fragmentation	N/A
Ecological Linkage	Weak ecological linkage with adjacent habitats
Potential Value	Low
Nursery/ Breeding Ground	No significant nursery or breeding ground recorded.

ECOLOGICAL EVALUATION

Criteria	Village Area within Project Site	
Age	Various.	
Abundance/ Richness of Wildlife	Very low abundance and richness for fauna species.	
Overall Ecological Importance	Low	

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7. ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT

7.1 Identification of Potential Ecological Impacts

In view of the current habitat conditions of the Project Site and its vicinity and their ecological values, the potential ecological impacts associated with the LV cable laying near Lin Barn Tsuen (including but not limited to trench excavation, cable laying and backfilling works) during construction is predicted as follows. The potential impacts would cease immediately upon completion of the installation works, where there will be no operational impacts.

- Temporary habitat loss and habitat disturbance within the Project Site due to excavation of cable trenches;
- Indirect disturbances to the surrounding habitats and associated wildlife due to the construction works (e.g. increased human activities, generation of dust, waste and noise and inappropriate disposal of construction materials); and
- Indirect impacts (pollution) on adjacent ponds and watercourses due to construction run-off.

7.2 Assessment of Ecological Impacts in the Absence of Mitigation Measures

In the absence of mitigation measures, the identified ecological impacts due to installation of the proposed cable along the hard-paved footpath near Lin Barn Tsuen are evaluated in the following sections.

7.2.1 Temporary Habitat Loss

Direct habitat loss arising from the Project would be limited to the cable trenches directly along the hard-paved footpath near Lin Barn Tsuen within village area, but all can be reinstated after construction works. The construction works include excavation by QPME (Quality Powered Mechanical Equipment) excavators and the hand tools, cable laying and reinstatement. The dimension of the cable trenches, which will be reinstated upon completion of construction, is approximately 80m in length, 0.3m in width and 0.55m in depth. The Project's works area will be restricted to 1m on either side of the proposed cable route, which will generally involve concrete breaking, removal of top soil layer, minimal vegetation clearance and temporary shoring if applicable. Only weedy species and orchards (i.e. *Dimocarpus longan*, *Musa* x *paradisiaca*) are present between the existing road/ paved surface and adjacent village area, which supports low diversity and low abundance of fauna. No tree felling or pruning will be involved.

In the absence of mitigation measures, the direct habitat loss caused by the Project is considered to be of **Very Low** to village area. As all the works areas will be reinstated upon completion of the cable laying, no permanent habitat loss is expected during operation of the Project. The assessment of potential direct impact on habitats within the Project Site in the absence of mitigation measures is detailed in **Table 7.1**.

Table 7.1: Temporary Loss of Existing Habitats within the Project Site

Criteria	Village Area
Habitat Quality	Low
Species	No flora and fauna species of conservation importance recorded during the surveys.
Size/Abundance	Small with a total area of 191m² (including works area). No tree removal and pruning will be involved.
Duration	Temporary, the works will be completed (including reinstatement) around 4 weeks

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Criteria	Village Area
Reversibility	The trenches will be reinstated upon completion of construction
Magnitude	Very small
Overall Impact Severity	Very Low

7.2.2 Indirect Disturbances to Surrounding Habitats and Associated Wildlife

The surrounding fishponds and watercourses adjacent to the Project Site could be indirectly impacted by the Project, due to construction-induced disturbances arising from the Project. Increased human activities (esp. during the construction phase) and construction activities would be the main source of disturbance accrued from the proposed works. Noise, dust, waste generation, lighting and visual disturbance, which may arise from the construction activities, are predicted to occur during construction. As the cable alignment will be located along the existing pavement/ road surface as far as possible, the excavation is not expected to cause direct disturbance or the physical damages to the surrounding habitats. Disturbance during operation phase is not anticipated.

Different terrestrial ecological resources, including avifauna species of conservation importance, have been identified to be located in the vicinity of the proposed cable route. Two fishponds adjacent to the project alignment are observed to be under active habitat management in which duck, ardeid and wader species of conservation concern were recorded (i.e. Eurasian Wigeon, Mallard, Grey Heron, Great Egret, Little Ringed Plover, Wood Sandpiper etc). These species could be indirectly impacted by the proposed construction works.

According to the baseline ecological survey and literature review, fauna (i.e. avifauna, bats and terrestrial mammals such as Japanese Pipistrelle, East Asian Porcupine, Eurasian Otter, Small Indian Civet, Small Asian Mongoose and Leopard Cat) inhabiting the nearby area are highly mobile and able to move to the other similar habitats, which are large in area and with higher habitat quality. Furthermore, the fauna recorded in the Study Area were less susceptible to the anthropogenic disturbances. Therefore, nuisances induced by the small-scale construction work along the Project Site would not have significant impact to surrounding wildlife. As observed during the baseline survey, waterbirds in the Study Area are generally not disturbed by frequent human activity, during active operation/ management of the fishponds by fishpond operators. As there would be no night-time works impacts related to noise, dust, waste generation, lighting and visual disturbance towards nocturnal fauna are not anticipated. However, the excavation could pose risk to smaller fauna species such as small mammals and amphibians, where they could be trapped in open trenches.

In the absence of mitigation measures, the above-mentioned disturbance impact on surrounding habitats and associated wildlife due to noise, dust, waste generation and visual disturbance etc. caused by increased human activities is considered to be **Low**.

7.2.3 Indirect Impact (Pollution) to Adjacent Ponds and Watercourse

Site runoff from the works area may contain suspended solids and contaminants if uncontrolled. Potential sources of water pollution from uncontrolled site runoff may include runoff and erosion of exposed bare soil, earth and stockpiles, sediment released during excavation, fuel, oil, and lubricant from maintenance of construction mechanical equipment. Water pollution could be substantial if construction runoff is allowed to discharge without mitigation, resulting in adverse impacts through physical and biological disruption of the area's ecosystem. Taking into account the small scale of the construction works, in the absence of mitigation measures, the impact of potential water pollution caused by the Project is considered to be of **Low to Moderate** significance.

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ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT

PROPOSED PUBLIC UTILITY INSTALLATION AND ASSOCIATED EXCAVATION AND FILLING OF LAND IN "CONSERVATION AREA" ZONE, GOVERNMENT LAND IN D.D. 101, MAI PO SAN TSUEN, MAI PO, YUEN LONG Ecological Assessment

7.3 Cumulative Impact

No concurrent project, of which the construction programme would have overlapped with this Project, is identified within the Study Area. And hence, cumulative impact is not anticipated for this Project.

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8. MITIGATION AND PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES

Based on the ecological impacts predicted in **Section 7**, mitigation measures to avoid, minimise or compensate (if necessary) for the potential significant impacts are detailed below. In line with the EIAO-TM, ways to avoid impacts were identified and followed wherever possible during the planning and design stage. If, despite taking all appropriate design measures of avoidance and minimisation, potential ecological impacts of greater than "Low" significance are still anticipated, further mitigation measures are considered necessary to reduce these impacts to an acceptable level. Moreover, to achieve a better ecological performance, precautionary measures are proposed under this project for certain potential ecological impacts that are not considered to be significant.

In order to minimise the potential disturbances arising the project, good site/ construction practice and housekeeping measures will be adopted. Mitigation measures and good construction practices are recommended below.

8.1 Avoidance and Minimisation

- During the planning stage, the Project Proponent has conducted site visits with contractors to minimise footprint/ impact on vegetation, tree and habitat loss at any stage of the Project. No tree felling or pruning will be caused by the Project.
- The cable laying work will be constructed section by section. The trench will be backfilled with soil stocking before moving to next section.
- The construction period for about three to four weeks, and is recommended to be scheduled out of the wintering season of migratory birds.
- The relevant statutory requirements for the construction activities will be complied with.

8.2 Mitigation for Indirect Disturbances to Surrounding Habitats and Associated Wildlife

- All construction activities will be carried out in daytime hours (i.e. 8:00 am to 5:00 pm) only, which is at least one hour after sunrise and over one hour before sunset;
- The construction works would be carried out using QPME excavators and hand tools to minimise the potential impacts;
- Tree felling will be avoided during the construction works. Tree protection zone should be established where necessary to minimise damage to trees;
- The boundary of the works area will be clearly marked by temporary fence. The works area boundaries will be regularly checked to ensure that they are not breached and that no adverse impacts occur to surrounding habitat and associated wildlife;
- Contractors will check the excavation trench each day, prior to commencing work, to ensure that no mammals, reptiles or amphibians are trapped in the trench;
- Avoid use of direct lighting on ponds adjacent to alignment and controlling night-time lighting to reduce potential ecological impact. To fulfil the requirement of excavation permit, lanterns will be provided to comply with Code of Practice for the Lighting, Signing and Guarding of Road Works
- Adopt appropriate measures including controlled wastewater discharge to the nearby water bodies, in accordance with the guidelines stipulated in Environmental Protection Department (EPD)'s Practice Note for Professional Persons on Construction Site Drainage (ProPECC PN1/94) during the construction works to properly control site run-off and drainage and to minimise potential water quality impacts;

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- In the event of rain or at any time when rainstorms are likely to happen, excavated materials and exposed surfaces within the works area should be covered by tarpaulin or by other means to avoid being washed into adjacent ponds and watercourse;
- Avoid any damage and disturbance, particularly those caused by filling and illegal dumping to the surrounding natural habitats;
- Prohibit and prevent open fires within the works area boundary during construction and provide temporary firefighting equipment in the work areas;
- Good site practice will be enforced and effective mitigation measures are required. Works site will be kept tidy at all times. Regular watering to minimise dust emissions from exposed site surfaces and construction activities would be provided. The dusty materials and the open stockpiles shall be avoided or covered fully by the tarpaulin. Accumulation of construction waste and general refuse will not be allowed; and
- Upon completion of the construction works, the works areas will be reinstated.

8.3 Residual Ecological Impacts after Implementation of Proposed Mitigation Measure

Table 8.1 summarises the potential ecological impacts of the project, the impacts that require mitigation, the mitigation measures to be carried out and the residual impacts after mitigation. It can be seen that with the implementation of proposed mitigation measures described above, residual impacts of the Project could be reduced to **Low/ Negligible**.

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Table 8.1: Summary of Potential Ecological Impacts, Required Mitigation Measures and Post-mitigation Acceptability of the Project

Potential Impact	Predicted Significance	Proposed Mitigation/ Precautionary Measures	Residual
2.	of Impact in Absence of Mitigation Measures		Impact
Direct Habitat Loss (Developed Area)	Very Low	Not required	Very Low
Indirect Disturbances to Surrounding Habitats and	Гом	 The construction period will be between three to four weeks, which will avoid the wintering season of migratory birds. 	Low/ Negligible
Associated Wildlife		 All construction activities will be carried out in daytime hours (i.e. 8:00 am to 5:00 pm) only, which is at least one hour after sunrise and over one hour before sunset; The construction works would be carried out using OPME excavators and hand tools: 	Ho.
		 The boundary of the works area will be clearly marked by temporary fence. The works area boundaries will be regularly checked to ensure that they are not breached and that no 	
	20	adverse impacts occur to surrounding habitat and associated wildlife; and	
		 Contractors will check the excavation trench each day, prior to commencing work, to ensure that no mammals, reptiles or amphibians are trapped in the trench. 	
		Avoid use of direct lighting on ponds adjacent to alignment and controlling night-time	
		lighting to reduce potential ecological Impact. To fulfil the requirement of excavation narmit lantene will be provided to comply with Code of Describe for the Lighting Siming	
		permit, rangerins will be provided to comply with code of reacted for the Eighting, organized and Guarding of Road Works	
Indirect Impact (Pollution) to Adjacent Ponds and	Low to Moderate	 Adopt appropriate measures including controlled wastewater discharge to the nearby water bodies, in accordance with the quidelines stipulated in Environmental Protection 	Low/ Nealigible
Watercourse		Department (EPD)'s Practice Note for Professional Persons on Construction Site Drainage	-
		(ProPECC PN1/94) during the construction works to properly control site run-off and	
		 In the event of rain or at any time when rainstorms are likely to happen, excavated 	
		materials and exposed surfaces within the works area should be covered by tarpaulin or	
		Avoid any damage and disturbance, particularly those caused by filling and illegal dumping	
		to the surrounding natural habitats; and	
		 Good site practice will be enforced and effective mitigation measures are required. Works cite will be kept tidy at all times. Regular watering to minimize dust emissions from 	

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PROPOSED PUBLIC UTILITY INSTALLATION AND ASSOCIATED EXCAVATION AND FILLING OF LAND IN "CONSERVATION AREA" ZONE, GOVERNMENT LAND IN D.D. 101, MAI PO SAN TSUEN, MAI PO, YUEN LONG ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT	LLATION AND ASSOCIATED ID IN "CONSERVATION AREA" 101, MAI PO SAN TSUEN, MAI	MITIGATION AND PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES	TIONARY MEASURES
Potential Impact	Predicted Significance of Impact in Absence of Mitigation Measures	Proposed Mitigation/ Precautionary Measures	Residual Impact
		exposed site surfaces and construction activities would be provided. The dusty materials and the open stockpiles shall be avoided or covered fully by the tarpaulin. Accumulation of construction waste and general refuse will not be allowed.	
Cumulative Impact	Not anticipated	Not required	Not anticipated

9. SUMMARY OF ECOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT

The main terrestrial ecological resources recorded within the proposed construction works section of the Study Area comprise of watercourse, pond, village area and their associated wildlife, where the Project Sites will be restricted to hard-paved footpath in village area near Lin Barn Tsuen. Majority of the habitat within the Study Area is considered to be anthropogenic with frequent disturbance from commercial fishpond operation. The ecological value of the habitats is considered to be low to moderate for watercourse; moderate for pond and low for village area.

The village area within the Project Site is considered to have a low level of ecological value, given that the habitat nature is anthropogenic with high level of human disturbance. The Project Site support a very low diversity of flora and fauna species, where the proposed cable route has also been designed to avoid any tree felling and tree pruning. In the absence of mitigation measures, the temporary habitat loss within Project Site is considered to be of Very Low significance. The potential indirect disturbances to surrounding habitat and associated wildlife is considered to be of Low significance, and indirect impact (pollution) on adjacent ponds and watercourse is considered to be Low to Moderate.

In order to mitigate for the potential ecological impacts, the proposed works will be conducted in daytime hours only and contractors will be checking the presence of wildlife in open trenches to minimise potential impact on wildlife. Good site practices and the measures in accordance with the Practice Notes for Professional Persons on "Construction Site Drainage" (ProPECC PN 1/94) will be applied to control surface runoff and the potential pollution to watercourse.

With the implementation of the proposed mitigation measures, residual ecological impacts of the Project would be of low/negligible significance and acceptable.

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ANNEXS

Habitat Photos





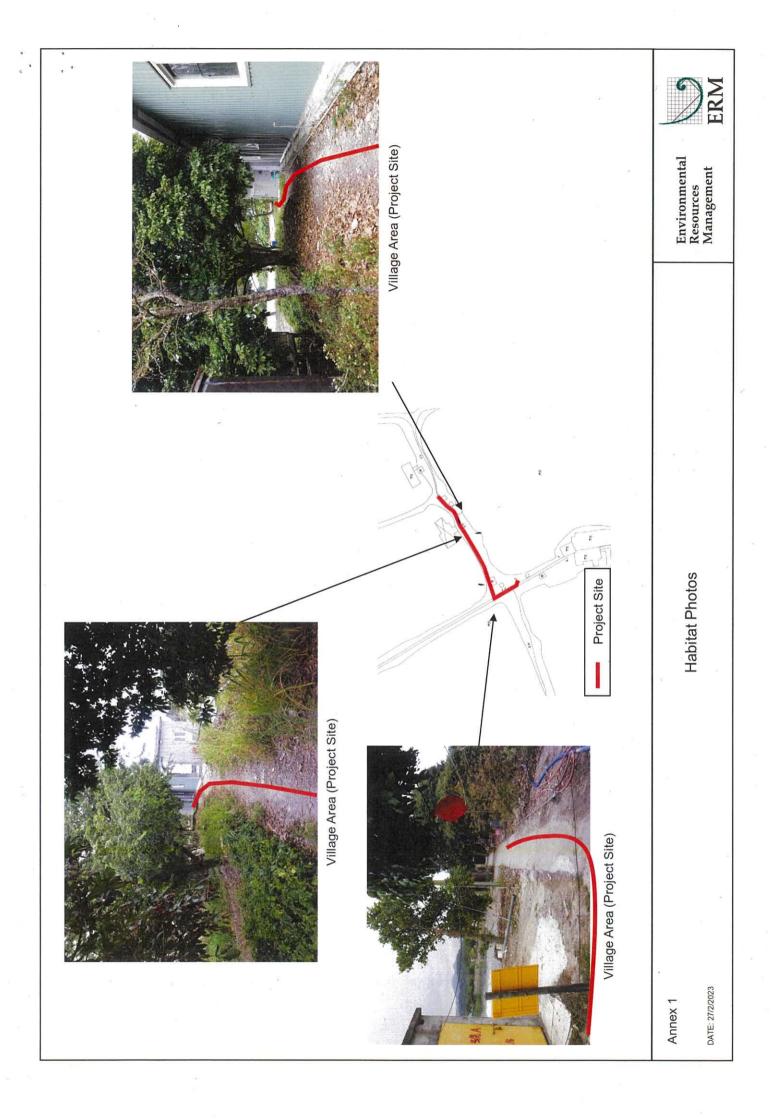
Pond



Watercourse



Village Area



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Presence o	
Annex 2	

			CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN NAMED	THE RESERVE THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER, THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER, THE O				
Acanthus ilicifolius		Shrub	Common			>	+	-
Acrostichum aureum	Z 遊也		Kestricted					
Aeschynomene matea	20 D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	Herb/Sardo	Common			<u>}</u>	+	
A organia houstonianum	(集日点) (集日点)		Common			-		
Albizia lebbeck	大紫合猷 臣	Tree	Common				>	>
locasia macrorrhizos	N	Herb	Common				>	>
Alternanthem philoxeroides	空心道子草,空心莧 臣		Common		à	7	\ \ +	
lysicarpus vaginalis			Very common		•	 	>	
mpetopsis cantomensis	乗来記画画 N 番次井	Cimber	Cultivated			>		,
Antocarms beterndullus	# 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Tree	Cultivated				- - -	>
systasia micrantha	小花十萬譜	Herb	Cultivated or naturalised			ļ 	>	>
Averrhoa carambola	個橋 图	Tree	Common				7	>
асора топпіст	假馬輪克 N	l Herb	Common			`		
idens alba	白花鬼針草 E	Herb	Very common			<i>></i>	>	>
отьах сейва	米船	Tree	Cultivated			>		
Bougainvillar spectabilis	新杜鹃 E	Climber/Shrub	Cultivated			-	>	
rachiaria mutica	田牧草 1	Herb	Very common			\ \ \	+ +	
Calliandra hacmatocephala	朱潔化, 但樂珠	Shrub	Cultivated			1	\ \ +	
Carreet papares	■ 个は 非姓	Herb	Very common				,	-
clits sincisis	N	Tree	Common				>	
filoris barbata	Z Z		Very common				>	
Citrus jayonica	金橋	Shrub	Cultivated				7	>
lausena lansium	被反	Tree	Cultivated				>	
occinia grandis	割爪 N	Climber	Common			+	+	
Commetina diffusa	N A STATE OF THE S	Herb	Common			\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	+	
Cuclocome internative	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Shrub	Common				-	
modon dactulon	10年1日 日本	Herb	Very common			>	-	
Отосария longan	能順, 性調	Tree	Restricted				>	>
dihomia enssipes	原根藍, 大水洋 臣	Herb	Common			<i>></i>		
upliorbia liirta			Very common			-	>	>
Euphorbia thymifolia	千根草, 小飛揚 N		Very Common			\ \ \	>	>
icus luguda	を ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・	Shrub/Iree	Very common				+	
icus microcarpa	2000年	Shrih	Common)	1	
Hoduotis corumbosa	自 作品存用者 N	Herb	Very common			>		
Hibiscus tiliaceus	N		Very common			>		
Aylocereus undatus			Common				>	>
Іротоса нії	₩ 中 ₩	Herb	Common				>	
ротоел объсита	から無額、能心参生 N	i Herb	Common			\ 	,	
Lactuca salitra	生菜,莴苣	Herb	Cultivated	8		<u> </u>	,	
Cantana camana	現滅井, 自意中	Shrub	Common			+	\ \ \	
eucaena teucocephala	銀合真	Shrub/ Iree	Common				,	
marring cristace	1. 4. 4. 4. 4. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	Herb	Very common				- - -	
Itchi dimensis	対け、メニャ	Tree	Restricted	12			,	>
.itsea glutinesa	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tree	Very common				,	>
Ludwigia hyssopifolia	が表		Common			>		
lacaranga hmarius var. lomentosa	工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工工	I Tree	Common			`	>	
langifera indica	芒果		Cultivated				>	>
Manihot esculenta	木箸	Shrub	Cultivated			 - 	,	
Metia azedameh	四条 古	Iree	Very common			>	\ \ \	
Micross nerves	見 口元 現 名 第 名 3 表 3 N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N		Common			-	1	
Mikania micrantha	Ý.		Common				,	>
Amosa pudica	合系章 E		Very common				>	>
Morus alba	松	s Shrub/Tree	Common			\ 	-	
Musa x paradisiaca	大萬	Herb	Cultivated			+	\ \ \ \	,
Paederia semidens		негр	very common				·-	
Charles the charles and the contract of the co			Tami annuman			,	_	

times 2. Presence of Final Species Necolated Within the Stindy Area	ACCURAGE IVERTING OUR STRONG CARE	и		The second secon					
Species Name	Chinese Name	Origin	Origin¹ Growth Form	Status in Hong Kong ²	Status in Hong Kong	Conservation Status ²	Study A	ea F	Study Area Project Site
Phraemites australis	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Z	Herb	Common			WC 10 VA	NA	VA
Podocarpus macrophyllus	- 公長語	Z	Tree	Restricted				>	>
Portulaca oleracca	馬指式	Z	Herb	Common			>		
Psidium guajava	都石蕴	H	Tree	Cultivated				>	
Sanscrieria trifasciata	7.6.7.6.60	В	Herb	Cultivated				>	
Sesbania cannabina		н	Herb	Common			7		
Solanum torzum		ш	Shrub	Common			>	>	
Suacda australis	南方鹼蓬	Z	Herb/Shrub	Common			>		
yzygium jambos	指統	ш	Tree	Common				>	
ridax procumbens	羽芒菊	ш	Herb	Very common				>	
Typha angustifolia	大島	В	Herb	Rare			>		
rena lobata	肖梵天花 地桃花	V/V#	W/A	K/N#				>	
Vernonia amygdalina	南非紫	ш	Shrub	1				>	
Vedelia trilobata	三羟萘酚蝶翁	В	Herb	Common				>	
Wisteria sinensis	紫梅	ш	Climber	Cultivated				>	
					TOTAL TOTAL	TOTAL	16 32	49	19

1. Origin of plant species refers to AFCD (2012), Check List of Hong Kong Plants 2012. Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department, HKSAR, Hong Kong. 2. Commonness follows:

- Vinite FW, Ng, Sc., Chau, L.K.C., 2000. Cymnosperms and angiosperms of Hong Kong. Memoirs of the Hong Kong Natural History Society 23: 21-136.

- KFBC (2003) Flora of Hong Kong - Pheridophyta. Kadoorie Farm and Botanic Carden, Hong Kong

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- AFCD (2003) Rare and Precious Plants of Hong Kong Apriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department & South China Botanical Carden, Chinese Academy of Sciences

- AFCD (2003) Flora of Hong Kong Vol. 2. Edited by Hong Kong Herbarium, Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department & South China Botanical Carden Chinese Academy of Sciences

- AFCD (2003) Flora of Hong Kong Vol. 3. Edited by Hong Kong Herbarium, Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department & South China Botanical Carden Chinese Academy of Sciences

- AFCD (2011) Flora of Hong Kong Vol. 3. Edited by Hong Kong Herbarium, Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department & South China Botanical Carden Chinese Academy of Sciences

- AFCD (2011) Flora of Hong Kong Vol. 3. Edited by Hong Kong Herbarium, Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department & South China Botanical Carden Chinese Academy of Sciences

- AFCD (2014) Flora of Hong Kong Vol. 3. Edited by Hong Kong Herbarium, Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department & South China Botanical Carden Chinese Academy of Sciences



Environmental Resources Management





Mallard



Chinese Pond Heron



Little Grebe

Photographic Records of Species of Conservation Importance



Environmental Resources Management





Great Egret



Great Cormorant



Little Egret

Photographic Records of Species of Conservation Importance



Little Ringed Plover



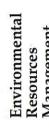
Red-billed Starling



Wood Sandpiper



Photographic Records of Species of Conservation Importance



Environmental Resources Management

Annex 3

Annex 4 Presence of Mammal Species Recorded Within the Study Area

						Habitat	3	
Common Name	Scientific Name	Chinese Name	Conservation Status ¹	Commonness ²	WC	Study Area PO	VA	Project Site VA
Chinese Noctule	Nyctalus plancyi	野口華中	Fellowes: PRC (RC); Cap.170	Fairly widely distributed in countryside areas throughout Hong Kong.			1	
Japanese Pipistrelle	Pipistrellus abramus	東亞家蝠	Cap.170	Widely distributed throughout Hong Kong.			1	
				TOTAL	0	0	1	0

Notes:

1. Conservation and Protection Status:

a. Fellowes - Fellowes et al. (2002): RC = Regional Concern, PRC = Potential Regional Concern.

Letters in parentheses indicate that the assessment is on the basis of restrictedness in breeding and/or roosting sites rather than in general occurrence.

b. Cap. 170 - Protected under Wild Animals Protection Ordinance

2. Commonness as per AFCD database: Available at https://bih.gov.hk/en/home/index.html

3. Habitats: WC = Watercourse, PO = Pond, VA = Village Area

Annex 5 Presence of Avifauna Species Recorded Within the Study Area

					Habitat³	
Common Name	Scientific Name	Chinese Name	Chinese Name Conservation Status ¹	Distribution in Hong	Study Area	Project Site
				MC MC	C PO VA	VA
Eurasian Wigeon	Магеса репеlоре	赤頸鴨	Fellowes: RC	Winter visitor. Found in Deep Bay area, Tai Lam Chung.	e,	
Mallard	Anas platyrliynchos	徐頭鴨	Fellowes: RC	Scarce winter visitor. Found in Deep Bay area, Tai Lam Chung, Hok Tau Reservoirs, Tolo Harbour, Nam Chung, Long Valley, Kam Tin.		
Little Grebe	Tachybaptus ruficollis	小時際	Fellowes: LC	Common resident. Found in Deep Bay area.	4	
Black-faced Spoonbill	Platalea minor	黑臉琵鷺	Fellowes: PGC; RLCV(EN); IUCN(EN); CSMPS(II)	Common winter visitor. Found in Deep Bay area.	9	-
Chinese Pond Heron	Ardeola bacchus	點	Fellowes: PRC (RC)	Common resident. Widely distributed in Hong Kong.	1	
Grey Heron	Ardea cinerea	本 面 器項	Fellowes: PRC	Common winter visitor. Found in Deep Bay area, Starling Inlet, Kowloon Park, Cape D'Aguilar.	1	
Great Egret	Ardea alba	大白鷺	Fellowes: PRC (RC)	Common resident, migrant and winter visitor. Widely distributed in Hong Kong.	40	
Little Egret	Egretta garzetta	小白鷺	Fellowes: PRC (RC)	Common resident, migrant and winter visitor. Widely distributed in coastal area throughout Hong Kong.	Ħ	

Annex 5 Presence of Avifauna Species Recorded Within the Study Area

					Habitat³	
Соттоп Лате	Scientific Name	Chinese Name	Chinese Name Conservation Status ¹	Distribution in Hong Kong ²	Study Area WC PO VA	Project Site VA
Great Cormorant	Phalacrocorax carbo	普通島雄	Fellowes: PRC	Common winter visitor. Widely distributed in coastal areas throughout Hong Kong.	20	
Black Kite	Milvus migrans	罪	Fellowes: (RC); CITES(II); CSMPS(II); Cap.586	Common resident and winter visitor, widely distributed in Hong Kong	. ⊏	
White-breasted Waterhen	Amaurornis phoenicurus	白胸苦惡鳥	1	Common resident. Widely distributed in wetland throughout Hong Kong.	1	
Common Moorhen	Gallinula chloropus	黑水雞	9	Common winter visitor, resident and migrant. Found in Deep Bay area, Shuen Wan, Starling Inlet.	2	
Black-winged Stilt	Himantopus himantopus	黑翅長腳鷸	Fellowes: RC	Common migrant and wintor visitor. Found in Deep Bay area, Long Valley, Kam Tin.	1	
Little Ringed Plover	Charadrius dubius	金眶鴴	Fellowes: (LC)	Resident, common winter visitor and passage migrant. Widely distributed in freshwater areas throughout Hong Kong.	10	
Common Sandpiper	Actitis hypoleucos	楼鷸		Common passage migrant and winter visitor. Widely distributed in wetland area throughout Hong Kong.	E .	2

Annex 5 Presence of Avifauna Species Recorded Within the Study Area

						Habitat ³	at³	New York
Common Name	Scientific Name	Chinese Name	Chinese Name Conservation Status ¹	Distribution in Hong Kong²	WC	Study Area PO	VA	Project Site VA
Wood Sandpiper	Tringa glareola	林鷸	Fellowes: LC	Common migrant and winter visitor. Widely distributed in wetland area throughout Hong Kong.		1.	·	*
Eurasian Collared Dove	Streptopelia decaocto	灰斑鳩	i,	Locally common resident. Found in Mai Po, Tsim Bei Tsui and Fung Lok Wai.			20	,
Spotted Dove	Spilopelia chinensis	珠頸斑鳩		Abundant resident. Widely distributed in Hong Kong.			1	
Greater Coucal	Centropus sinensis	褐翅鴉鵑	CSMPS(II)	Common resident. Widely distributed in Hong Kong.		Н		
House Swift	Apus nipalensis	小白腰雨燕	3	Abundant spring migrant and common resident. Widely distributed in Hong Kong.		6	ιΩ	z z
Pied Kingfisher	Ceryle rudis	斑魚狗	Fellowes: (LC)	Common resident. Widely distributed in lakes and ponds throughout Hong Kong.		1		ı
Long-tailed Shrike	Lanius schach	棕背伯勞		Common resident. Widely distributed in open areas throughout Hong Kong.			\vdash	¥
Collared Crow	Corvus torquatus	白頸鴉	Fellowes: LC; RLCV(NT); IUCN(VU)	Locally common resident. Found in Inner Deep Bay area, Nam Chung, Kei Ling Ha, Tai Mei Tuk, Pok Fu Lam, Chek lap Kok, Shuen		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 		
Red-whiskered Bulbul	Pycnonotus jocosus	和耳鵯		Abundant resident. Widely distributed in Hong Kong.	2	ю		

Annex 5 Presence of Avifauna Species Recorded Within the Study Area

						Habitat³	
Common Name	Scientific Name	Chinese Name	Chinese Name Conservation Status ¹	Distribution in Hong Kong ²	Study WC PO	Study Area PO VA	Project Site VA
Dusky Warbler	Phylloscopus fuscatus	褐柳鶯		Abundant winter visitor and migrant. Widely distributed in shrubland and waterside vegetation throughout Hong Kong.	v v,	17	
Yellow-bellied Prinia	Prinia flaviventris	黃腹鷦鶯	3	Common resident. Widely distributed in Hong Kong.		200	
Common Tailorbird	Orthotomus sutorius	長尾縫葉鶯	· 1	Common resident. Widely distributed in Hong Kong.		Η.	
Crested Myna	Acridotheres cristatellus	一一		Abundant resident. Widely distributed in Hong Kong.		2	
Common Myna	Acridotheres tristis	家八哥	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Locally common resident. Found in Mai Po, Sheung Uk Tsuen, Sheung Shui, Kam Tin, Shek Kong, Ping Shan, Mong Tseng.	15	IQ.	
Red-billed Starling	Spodiopsar sericeus	絲光椋鳥	Fellowes: GC	Abundant winter visitor. Widely distributed in Hong Kong.		4	
Black-collared Starling	Gracupica nigricollis	黑領椋鳥	a.	Common resident. Widely distributed in Hong Kong.		H	5
	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Locally common passage migrant and uncommon winter visitor. Found in			
White-shouldered Starling	Sturnia sinensis	灰背椋鳥	Fellowes: (LC)	Kam Tin, Deep Bay area, Po Toi Island, Long Valley, Victoria Park, Ho Chung, Ma Tso Lung, Mui Wo, Lam		L	2 2 2
13. 140.				Tsuen Valley.			

Annex 5 Presence of Avifauna Species Recorded Within the Study Area

						Habitat ³	
Common Name	Scientific Name	Chinese Name	Chinese Name Conservation Status ¹	Distribution in Hong Kong²	Str	Study Area PO VA	Project Site VA
Oriental Magpie Robin	Copsychus saularis	背鲈	r	Abundant resident. Widely distributed in Hong Kong.		1	
Daurian Redstart	Phoenicurus auroreus	北紅尾鴝	i	Common winter visitor. Widely distributed in Hong Kong.		T	
Stejneger's Stonechat	Saxicola stejnegeri	黑喉石䳭	ı	Common passage migrant and winter visitor. Widely distributed in open fields throughout Hong Kong.	П	1	
Eurasian Tree Sparrow	Passer montanus	樹麻雀	Ť	Abundant resident. Widely distributed in Hong Kong.		7	
Scaly-breasted Munia	Lonchura punctulata	斑文鳥		Abundant resident, widely distributed in Hong Kong.		5	
Eastern Yellow Wagtail	Motacilla tschutschensis	東黃鶺鴒		Common passage migrant and winter visitor. Widely distributed in agricultural fields and marsh edges throughout Hong Kong.	ю	1	
White Wagtail	Motacilla alba	白豬鴿	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Resident, common passage migrant and winter visitor. Widely distributed in Hong Kong.	1	1	

Annex 5 Presence of Avifauna Species Recorded Within the Study Area

						Habitat ³	at³	
Common Name	Scientific Name	Chinese Nam	Distriby Chinese Name Conservation Status ¹ Kong ²	Distribution in Hong Kong²	WC	Study Area PO	VA	Project Site VA
Olive-backed Pipit	Anthus hodgsoni	樹鷚		Common passage migrant and winter visitor. Widely distributed in Hong Kong.		1		
Black-faced Bunting	Emberiza spodocephala	灰頭鵐	i.	Common winter visitor and passage migrant. Widely distributed in Hong Kong.				
			TOTAL		5	27	14	0
Notes:				e e				

1. Conservation and Protection Status:

a. Fellowes - Fellowes et al. (2002): PGC = Potential Global Concern, GC = Global Concern, PRC = Potential Regional Concern, RC = Regional Concern, LC = Local Concern Letters in parentheses indicate that the assessment is on the basis of restrictedness in breeding and/or roosting sites rather than in general occurrence.

b. CITES - Under Appendix (II), Appendix (II) or Appendix (III) of Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Flora and Fauna

c. CSMPS - China State Major Protection Status: Appendix I/II

d. RLCV - Red List of China's Vertebrate (2016): NT = Near Threatened, EN: Endangered

e. Cap. 586 - Protected under Protection of Endangered Species of Animals and Plants Ordinance

f. IUCN - IUCN (2022): VU = Vulnerable, EN = Endangered

g. All birds in Hong Kong are protected under Cap. 170 - Protected under Wild Animals Protection Ordinance

2. Distribution as per AFCD database. Available at https://bih.gov.hk/en/home/index.html

3. Habitats: WC = Watercourse, PO = Pond, VA = Village Area

Annex 6 Presence of Amphibian Species Recorded Within the Study Area

							Habitat	tat 3	
Common Name	Scientífic Name	Chinese Name	Conservation Chinese Name and Protection Status	Rarity in Hong Kong ¹	Distribution in Hong Kong ²	WC	Study Area PO	VA	Project Site VA
Asian Common Toad	Duttaphrynus melanostictus	黑眶蟾蜍	,	Least Concern	Widely distributed in Hong Kong.			4	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		TOTAL	T	0	0	1	0

Rarity as per AFCD. 2009. The Proposed Action Plan for the Conservation of Amphibians in Hong Kong (NCSC 4/09). Annex 1.
 Distribution as per AFCD database. Available at https://bih.gov.hk/en/home/index.html
 Habitats: WC = Watercourse, PO = Pond, VA = Village Area

Annex 7 Presence of Aquatic Fanna Species Recorded Within the Study Area

		•					
					Habita	itat ¹	
sientific Name	Common Name	Chinese Name	Conservation Status		Study Area		Project Site
				WC	PO	VA	VA
eshwater Fish							
ypophthalmichthys nobilis Big-head Carp	Big-head Carp	丰	ı		+ + +		
			TOTAL	0	1	0	0

Notes:

1. Habitats: WC = Watercourse, PO = Pond, VA = Village Area 2. Relative abundance: +: Scarce, ++: Uncommon, +++: Common, ++++: Abundant



RE: Departmental Comments for s.16 Planning Application A/YL-MP/355(YL-200366) 27/09/2023 10:43

From:

To: "dlylam@pland.gov.hk" <dlylam@pland.gov.hk>

Cc:

1 Attachment



The applicant is engaged in the fish farming industry(27-09-2023).pdf

Dear Town planning board,

We send the comment of Application for your perusal.

Best Regards,

Tim Tam
Project Engineer
Pacific Extend Limited

The electricity power supply of applicant is engaged in the fish farming industry and he is a fisherman to apply electricity power is used fish farming and support to ecological conservation for wild bird and fishpond.

We clarify that the standard voltage is 380V 300 4 core AL underground cable.

1 1 July 2 12 4				C		□D C
Juraent	⊔Return	receibi	Liexband	Group	Likestricted	□Prevent Copy
- OIGCIIC	Littetaili	CCCIPC	LICAPUITO	CICUP	LINCOLLICECA	LI ICACIII COD

Edison Kwok Ching KWAN/PLAND

寄件者:

Tam, Kam Tim

寄件日期:

2023年12月14日星期四 16:56

收件者:

tpbpd/PLAND

副本:

Pak Him CHIU/PLAND; YL-TKE; Edison Kwok Ching KWAN/PLAND

主旨:

FW: Departmental Comments on Planning Application No. A/YL-MP/355

附件:

Method Statement-65 A Mei Po New Village NRYL2020-0636-01.pdf; existing acesss

road.pdf; YL-200636-001.pdf; Re: Departmental Comments on Planning Application

No. A/YL-MP/355

類別:

Internet Email

Dear sir,

Referring the comment from TD department of Planning Application No. A/YL-MP/355, we provide to more information for clarify that as below question:-

- 1. Our trench work to carry out 2 weeks and we will 28 trips vehicle to go and out this road
- 2 To confirm no vehicles with length over 7m will be used under the proposed construction works.
- 2. The pubic road via a section of local access which is responsible by District Lands Office not is TD department.

Best Regards,

Tim Tam
Project Engineer
Pacific Extend Limited

Method Statement for Trenching and Cable Laying Work

1. Project Details

Project Ref: YL-200636

• Location: 65A Mei Po New Village San Tin

Plan Ref: NRYL2020-0636-01

Description of Work: Trench Excavation for LV & 11kV Cable Laying

Contractor: Pacific Extend Limited

Responsible Engineering Person In-Charge: Tam Kam Tim (Tel. 91601739)

2. Safety Precaution

- Qualified lookout men will station at site to alert the pedestrians and workmen.
- Use of Personal Protective Equipment and communication equipment
- All excavator and equipment are licensed and inspected by RPE.
- Site will be properly fenced off with guarding / railing with sufficient flash lights.
- Due signs will be placed to divert the pedestrian and workmen.
- Valid Permit Conditions, Traffic Police Advice will be displayed on the Courtesy Boards on site.
- All workers should possess the valid CITA Safety Training Certificates

3. Excavation (Paving Block)

Dimension of trench are approx. at 12m (L) x 0.45 m (W) x 0.55 m (D) in carriageway. Due care will be taken for preventing damage to drainage utilities underneath. Gathering and reference from relevant utilities drawings and use of cable locator will be undertaken.

Excavation will be thereafter commenced, removal of top soil layer and temporary shoring if necessary.

Obstructions such as other utilities crossing the trench will be protected from damage during operation. Removal, alteration, or diversion of those will be normally avoided. Neither trees, shrubs will be cut nor removed from site without prior approval of relevant Authority.

Trench Shoring for all deep trenches with depth at 1.0 m or more will be boarded on trench walls. 100×100 timber and mechanical struts shall be used for wailing purposes.

Trial Hole will be excavated until the existing duct entry exposed. Ducts and conduits for passage of cable will be then cleaned with a mandrel at duct ends for preventing blockage. A 10 mm dia. nylon draw-wire shall be checked inside. An extension of duct with short length of 2 m will be made at existing duct ends via the fabricated

Method Statement for Trenching and Cable Laying Work

duct connector. Duct will be normally filled with Bentonite after cable laid inside.

4. Cable Laying

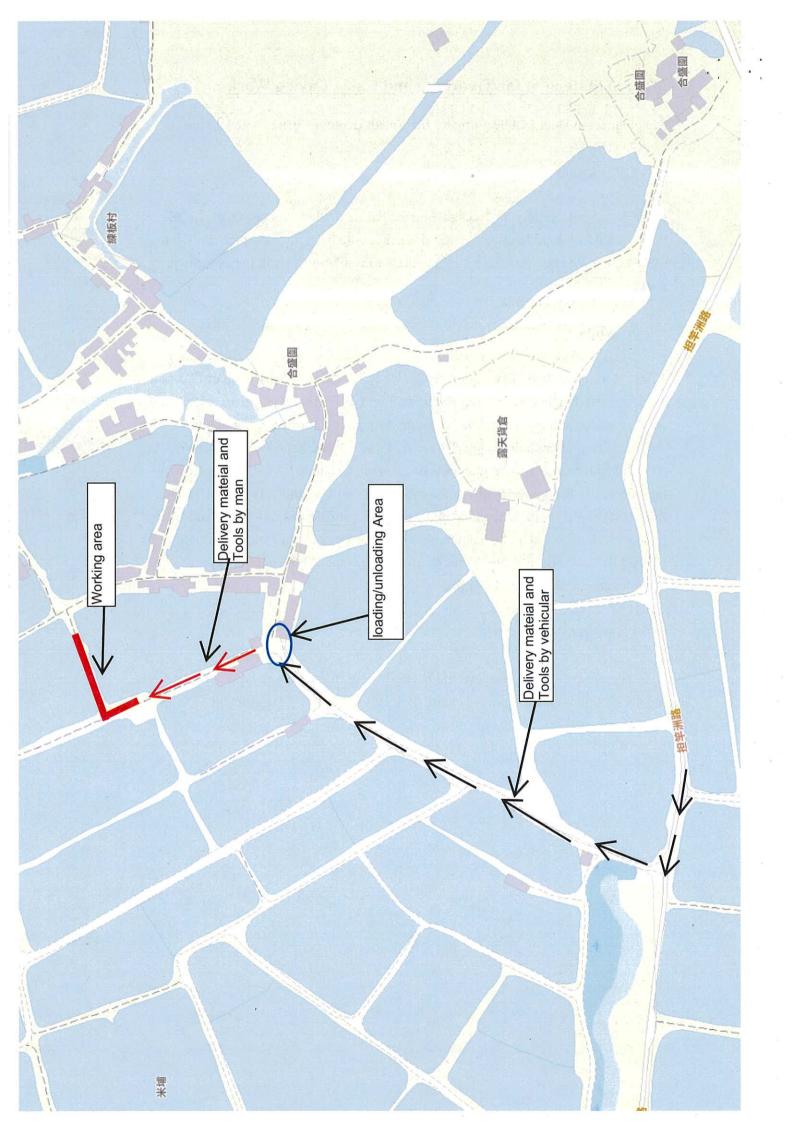
Cable Laying essentially involves pulling the cables guided by a pre-erected cable ramp / frictionless cable rollers set up along the route from the top of the drum into cable trench with due provision being made for installation around bends through ducts.

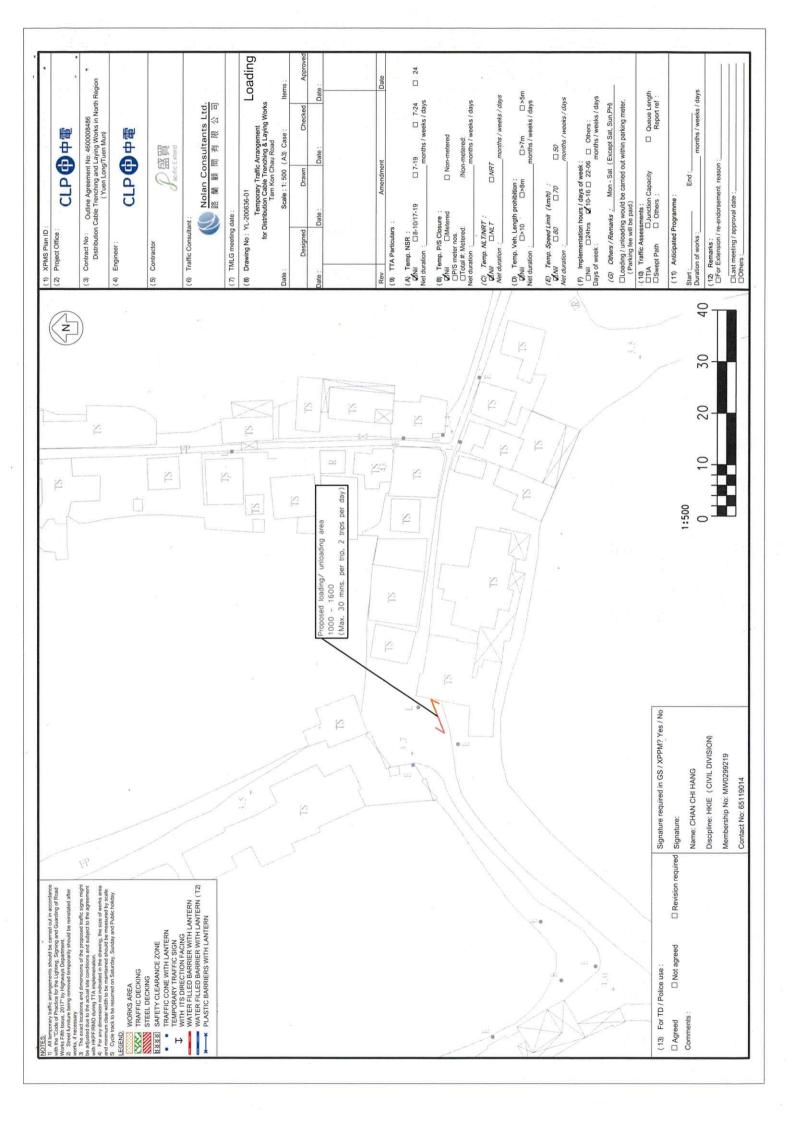
5. Backfilling

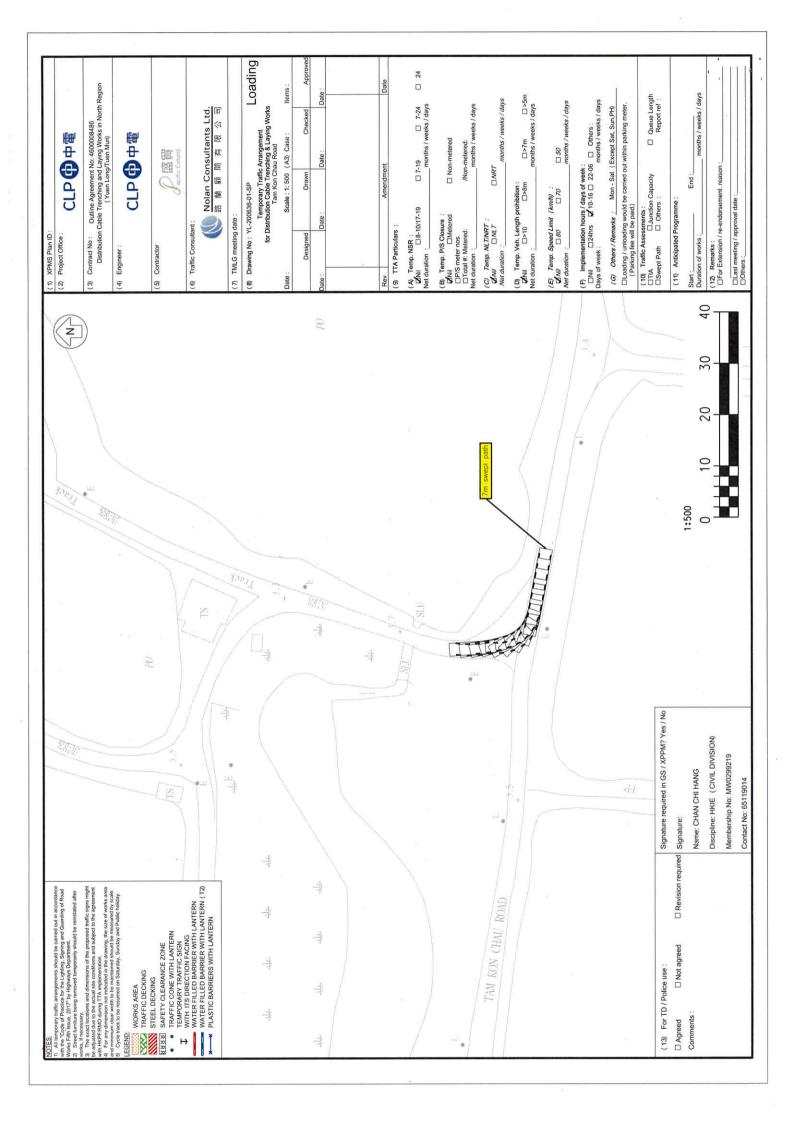
After cables being laid, they shall be embedded in sifted soil (Smaller than 12.5 mm mesh screen). For 11kV or above, the first 50 mm of 1: 10 cement mixes shifted soil shall be placed and compacted before cable laying and a further laying of sifted soil shall be placed after cable laying. This latter layer shall be hand rammed, watered and consolidated thoroughly to a thickness of 250 mm. Concrete tiles shall be placed on top of the sifted soil directly above the cables. Soft soil without any rock and free from any hard or sharp materials shall be used for the first 150 mm of backfill on top of concrete tiles and shall be hand rammed, watered and consolidated thoroughly. Every 150 mm of backfill thereafter shall be compacted. Cable marker tapes shall be placed on top of the second backfill.

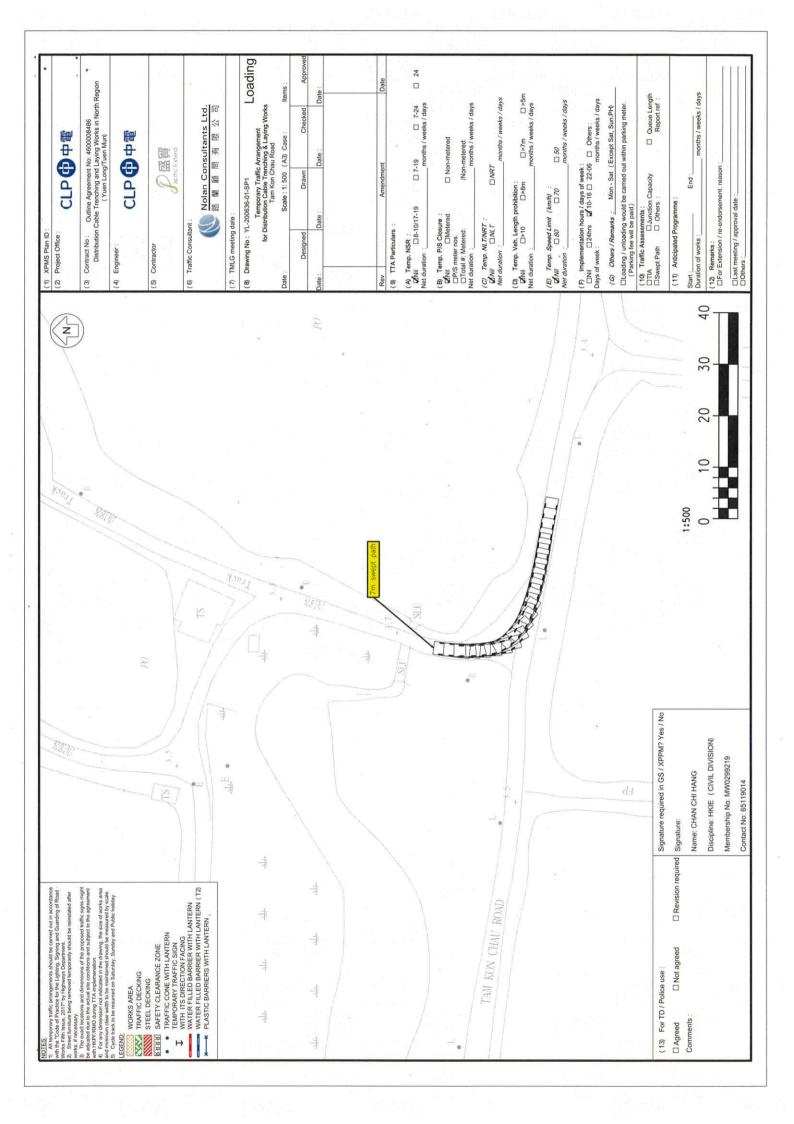
6. Permanent Reinstatement

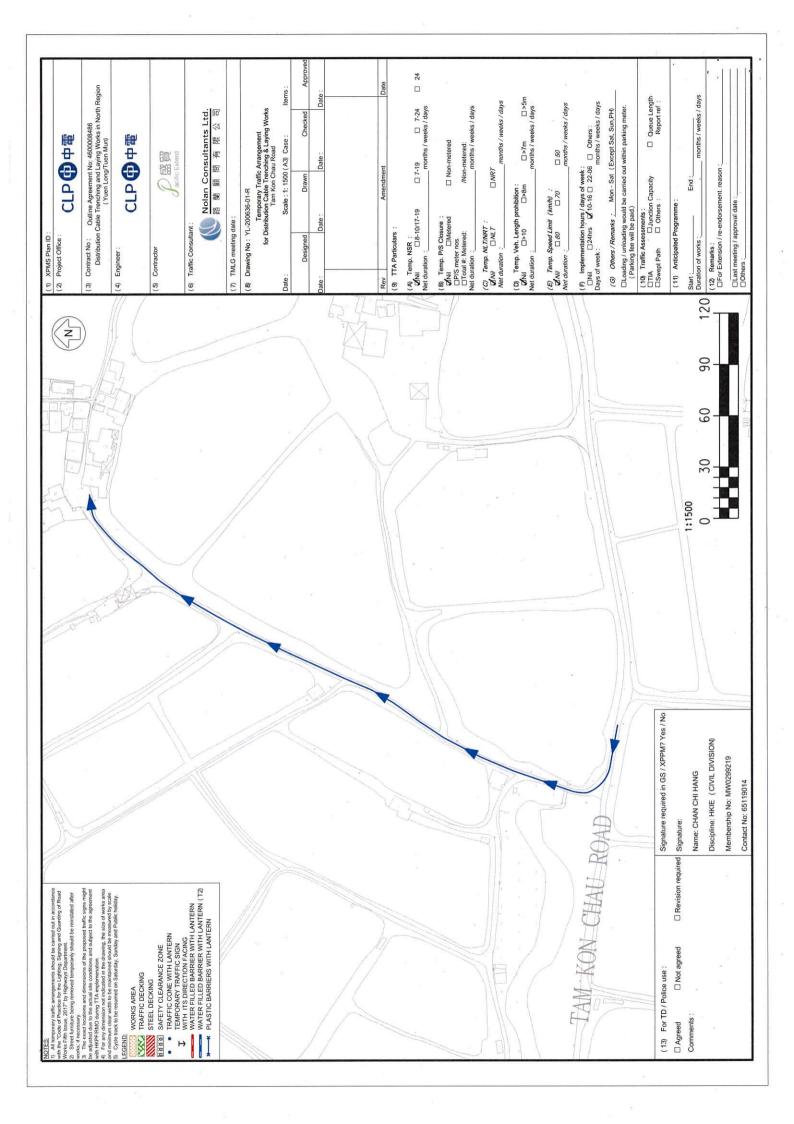
Reinstatement of Paving block would be carried out in accordance with details specified on the relevant latest standard drawings of Highway Department (see attached HyD documents H1131B)











To: Town Planning Board,

We are referring to S16 application form (A/YL-MP/355), we revise the form of page 9 item 7 the target completion date: Before Aug 2024, we attached the revised form for your reference.

•				
	7. Anticipated Completi 擬議發展計劃的預			ne Development Proposal
	擬議發展計劃預期完成的年份及 (Separate anticipated completion Government, institution or comm	及月份(分 times (in unity facili	期(f mont ties (i	h and year) should be provided for the proposed public open space and
	Target Complete Date:	Before A	\ug:	2024
	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	
	8. Vehicular Access Arr 擬議發展計劃的行	~		the Development Proposal
	Any vehicular access to the	Yes 是		There is an existing access. (please indicate the street name, where appropriate) 有一條現有車路。(請註明車路名稱(如適用))
	site/subject building?			
	是否有車路通往地盤/有關 建築物?			There is a proposed access. (please illustrate on plan and specify the width) 有一條擬議車路。(請在圖則顯示,並註明車路的闊度)
	× 1000		I	14 Mayers Laboration Control of the
		No 否		
	Any provision of parking space for the proposed use(s)? 是否有為擬議用途提供停車位?	Yes 是		(Please specify type(s) and number(s) and illustrate on plan) 請註明種類及數目並於圖則上顯示) Private Car Parking Spaces 私家車車位 Motorcycle Parking Spaces 電單車車位 Light Goods Vehicle Parking Spaces 輕型貨車泊車位 Medium Goods Vehicle Parking Spaces 中型貨車泊車位 Heavy Goods Vehicle Parking Spaces 重型貨車泊車位 Others (Please Specify) 其他 (請列明)
		No 否		
	Any provision of loading/unloading space for the proposed use(s)? 是否有為擬議用途提供上落客貨車位?	Yes 是		(Please specify type(s) and number(s) and illustrate on plan) 請註明種類及數目並於圖則上顯示) Taxi Spaces 的士車位 Coach Spaces 旅遊巴車位 Light Goods Vehicle Spaces 輕型貨車車位 Medium Goods Vehicle Spaces 中型貨車車位 Heavy Goods Vehicle Spaces 重型貨車車位 Others (Please Specify) 其他 (請列明)
		N. K		

Relevant Extracts of Town Planning Board Guidelines for Application for Development within Deep Bay Area under Section 16 of the Town Planning Ordinance (TPB PG-No. 12C)

According to TPB PG-No. 12C, the Site falls within the Wetland Conservation Area (WCA). The land use concept, development guidelines and key assessment criteria are summarised as follows:

- (a) the WCA comprises the existing and contiguous, active or abandoned fish ponds in the Deep Bay Area, which should all be conserved. The intention of the WCA is to conserve the ecological value of the fish ponds which form an integral part of the wetland ecosystem in the Deep Bay Area. The Board may consider development with conservation objectives within the WCA under the "private-public partnership approach";
- (b) new development within the WCA would not be allowed unless it is required to support the conservation of the ecological value of the area or the development is an essential infrastructural project with overriding public interest. Any such development should be supported by an EcoIA to demonstrate that the development would not result in a net loss in wetland function and negative disturbance impact;
- (c) for any redevelopment which requires planning permission from the Board, an EcoIA would also be required. Wetland compensation is required for any development involving pond filling and mitigation measures against disturbance would be necessary. They would be imposed as part of the planning approval conditions; and
- (d) subject to submission of EcoIAs, the types of activities which may be considered within the WCA must be related to uses concerning (i) conservation of the wetland in Deep Bay Area, (ii) environmental education, or (iii) essential infrastructure projects needed for public purpose for which no suitable alternative locations outside the WCA could be identified; and should not add to the pollution loading of the Deep Bay Area.

Similar s.16 Applications in the vicinity of the Site within "CA" Zone on the Approved Mai Po & Fairview Park Outline Zoning Plan No. S/YL-MP/6 in the Past Five Years

Approved Applications

No.	Application No.	Use(s)/Development(s)	Date of Consideration (RNTPC/TPB)
1.	A/YL-MP/309	Proposed Public Utility Installation (Public Utility Pipe) and associated Filling and Excavation of Land	15.10.2021 <i>(RNTPC)</i>
2.	A/YL-MP/326	Proposed Public Utility Installation and associated Filling and Excavation of Land	6.5.2022 (RNTPC)

Government Departments' General Comments

1. Land Administration

Comments of the District Lands Officer/Yuen Long, Lands Department (DLO/YL, LandsD):

- no adverse comment to the application;
- no permission is given for occupation of Government Land (GL) (about 23.9m² subject to verification) included in the Site. Any occupation of GL without Government's prior approval is not allowed; and
- advisory comments as detailed in Appendix V.

2. Traffic

Comments of the Commissioner for Transport (C for T):

- the Site is connected to public road network via a section of local access which is not managed by Transport Department;
- no vehicle is allowed to queue back to or reverse onto/from the subject site at any time during the construction period; and
- advisory comments as detailed in **Appendix V**.

Comments of the Chief Highway Engineer/New Territories West, Highways Department (CHE/NTW, HyD);

- HyD shall not be responsible for the maintenance of any access connecting the Site and Castle Peak Road – San Tin; and
- advisory comments as detailed in Appendix V.

3. Landscape

Comments of the Chief Town Planner/Urban Design and Landscape, Planning Department (CTP/UD&L, PlanD):

• Based on the aerial photos of Jan 2022, the Site is located in a rural coastal plains landscape character comprising of ponds, temporary structures, village houses and vacant lands. According to the site photos provided by the applicant, the site is a partly hard-paved path with existing trees on both sides. According to the Layout Plan and Cable Trench Drawing, the proposed single cable installation work will be carried out along the existing footpath and no tree is in direct conflict with the proposed works. Significant adverse landscape impact on landscape character and landscape resources arising from the proposed works is not anticipated. She has no objection on the application from landscape planning perspective;

- should the Board approve this application, it is considered not necessary to impose a landscape condition as significant adverse landscape impact arising from the proposed development is not envisaged and the Site has limited space for meaningful landscaping; and
- advisory comments as detailed in **Appendix V**.

4. Drainage

Comments of the Chief Engineer/Mainland North, Drainage Services Department (CE/MN, DSD):

- no objection in principle to the planning application from drainage operation and maintenance point of view given that the application only involves laying of power cable; and
- advisory comments as detailed in Appendix V.

5. Electricity and Mechanics

Comments of the Director of Electrical and Mechanical Services (DEMS):

- no particular comment on the application from electricity supply safety aspect; and
- advisory comments as detailed in Appendix V.

6. Other Departments

The following government departments have no objection to/no adverse comment on the application and their advisory comments, if any, are in **Appendix V**:

- Chief Engineer/Railway Development 2-1, Highways Department (CE/RD2-1, HyD);
- Project Manager (West), Civil Engineering and Development Department (PM(W), CEDD);
- Head of Geotechnical Engineering Office, Civil Engineering and Development Department (H(GEO), CEDD);
- Chief Engineer/Construction, Water Supplies Department (CE/C, WSD);
- Director of Fire Services (D of FS);
- Chief Building Surveyor/New Territories West, Buildings Department (CBS/NTW, BD);
- Commissioner of Police (C of P); and
- District Officer (Yuen Long) (DO/YL).

Recommended Advisory Clauses

- (a) To note the comments of the Director of Environmental Protection (DEP) that
 - during construction phase, mitigation measures will be implemented to handle non-point source and point source pollution and the applicant shall ensure compliance with relevant regulations, best practices and guidelines, such as Water Pollution Control Ordinance (WPCO), ProPECC PN 1/94 "Construction Site Drainage", etc.; and the works area would be reinstated and there would to be any discharge during operation phase;
- (b) to note the comments of the District Lands Officer/Yuen Long, Lands Department (DLO/YL, LandsD) that
 - should the planning application be approved, the applicant has to apply for excavation permit(s) before commencement of works. However, there is no guarantee at this stage that the excavation permit(s) would be approved. Such application(s) will be dealt with by LandsD acting in the capacity of the landlord at our sole discretion, and if they are approved, the approval would be subject to such terms and conditions including amongst others, the payment of fees and charges as may be imposed by LandsD;
- (c) to note the comments of the Commissioner for Transport (C for T) that
 - the land status of the local access should be clarified with LandsD by the applicant;
 - the management and maintenance responsibilities of the local access should be clarified with relevant lands and maintenance authorities accordingly; and
 - no vehicle is allowed to queue back to or reverse onto/from public road at any time during the construction period;
- (d) to note the comments of the Chief Highway Engineer/New Territories West, Highways Department (CHE/NTW, HyD) that
 - adequate drainage measures should be provided to prevent surface water running from the Site to the nearby public roads and drains;
- (e) to note the comments of the Chief Town Planner/Urban Design and Landscape, Planning Department (CTP/UD&L, PlanD) that
 - excavation should be carried out away from the Tree Protection Zone and trenching
 of roots should be avoided. Proper tree preservation measure should be carried out to
 avoid damage to existing tree during the excavation. It is advised to refer to guideline
 promulgated by the Development Bureau on Tree Preservation during the
 Construction; and
 - the applicant is advised that approval of the application does not imply approval of tree works such as pruning, transplanting and felling. The applicant is reminded to seek and approval for any proposed tree works from the maintenance parties and relevant department prior to the commencement of the works;

- (f) to note the comments of the Chief Engineer/Mainland North, Drainage Services Department (CE/MN, DSD) that
 - the applicant shall ensure that there will be no adverse drainage impact to the adjoining areas and drainage facilities in the vicinity since the applicant proposes filling and excavation of land on the Site; and
- (g) to note the comments of the Director of Electrical and Mechanical Services (DEMS) that
 - in the interests of public safety and ensuring the continuity of electricity supply, the parties concerned with planning, designing, organizing and supervising any activity near the underground cable or overhead line under the mentioned application should approach the electricity supplier (i.e. CLP Power) for the requisition of cable plans (and overhead line alignment drawings, where applicable) to find out whether there is any underground cable and/or overhead line within and/or in the vicinity of the concerned site. They should also be reminded to observe the Electricity Supply Lines (Protection) Regulation and the "Code of Practice on Working near Electricity Supply Lines" established under the Regulation when carrying out works in the vicinity of the electricity supply lines.

Urgent	☐ Return Receipt Requested ☐ Sign ☐ Encrypt ☐ Mark Subject Restricted ☐ Expand personal&publ
	A/YL-MP/355 DD 101 Mai Po San Tsuen Conservation CLP 11/09/2023 03:20
From: To: File Ref:	tpbpd <tpbpd@pland.gov.hk></tpbpd@pland.gov.hk>
Door TDR N	Mombare

Dear TPB Members.

332 withdrawn and back with pages of copy and paste from environmental research that do nothing to convince why application should be approved.

On the contrary they support the need for strongest justification for such applications.

Previous objections relevant and upheld.

Mary Mulvihill

From:

To: tpbpa <tpbpa@pland.gov.nk>

Date: Wednesday, 12 October 2022 2:09 AM CST

Subject: A/YL-MP/332 DD 101 Mai Po San Tsuen Conservation CLP

A/YL-MP/332 CLP

Government Land in D.D. 101, Mai Po San Tsuen

Site area: About 23.9sq.m

Zoning: "Conservation Area"

Applied development: Public Utility Installation / Filling of Land

Dear TPB Members,

Strong objections. There is no indication as to why power supply is required. This is along the periphery of ponds. No development is allowed on such a sensitive conservation area.

CLP SHOULD BE OBLIGED TO STATE IN ITS APPLICATION WHAT IS THE END PURPOSE OF PROVIDING POWER SUPPLY.

It is shocking that the power company in order to flog a few hundred more

units of power and despite it pledges to protect the environment / climate change / blah blah conspires in assisting with the degradation of our conservation zones.

Mary Mulvihill